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# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## ATTORNEY-GENERAL

109536

OF THE

## UNITED STATES

FOR

## THE YEAR 1901.



WASHINGTON:  
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.  
1901.



# REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
*Washington, D. C., November 30, 1901.*

*To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:*

I have the honor to submit the following report of business transacted by the Department of Justice for the last preceding fiscal year and of other matters appertaining thereto, as required by law:

## SUPREME COURT.

The accompanying table shows the result of last year's work of the Supreme Court of the United States, so far as the number of cases can show it. There was an increase of 31 in the number of cases docketed on the appellate docket, and a decrease of 3 in the number disposed of, the number remaining having been increased thereby from 303 to 336.

	Appellate docket—October term.										
	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.
Cases at close of previous term not disposed of.....	1,177	1,190	1,073	934	714	640	533	383	313	304	303
Cases docketed at the term	623	379	275	280	332	382	284	302	520	370	401
Total .....	1,800	1,569	1,348	1,214	1,046	1,022	817	685	833	674	704
Cases disposed of at the term.....	610	496	414	500	406	499	434	372	529	371	368
Cases remaining undisposed of .....	1,190	1,073	934	714	640	533	383	313	304	303	336

The appellate docket at the close of the last term shows an increase of 33 cases since the close of the preceding term. At the close of the October term, 1899, there remained undisposed of on the appellate docket 303 cases, and upon the original docket 14 cases, making a total of 317. The number of cases docketed at the October term, 1900, was 406, 401 of which were on the appellate docket and 5 on the original docket, which, with the 14 cases pending on the original

docket, make the total number of cases pending at that term 723, of which 704 were on the appellate and 19 on the original docket. Of this number 377 were disposed of during the October term, 1900, of which 368 were on the appellate and 9 on the original docket, leaving undisposed of at the close of the October term, 1900, 346 cases, of which 336 were on the appellate and 10 on the original docket.

The number of cases actually considered by the court was 368, of which 179 were argued orally and 152 submitted on printed arguments. Of the 368 appellate cases disposed of, 132 were affirmed, 57 reversed, 57 dismissed, 24 settled by the parties and dismissed; in 9, questions certified were answered, and 89 were denials of petitions for writs of certiorari under the act of March 3, 1891.

The total number of cases on the appellate docket in which the United States was a party or had a substantial interest disposed of at the October term, 1900, was 75. The United States was appellant, etc., in 21 of these cases and appellee, etc., in 54.

Of the 21 cases appealed, etc., by the Government, 7 were decided in its favor and 4 adversely, in 3 the decrees were modified, 2 cases were dismissed by it, and 5 were denials of petitions for writs of certiorari.

Of the 54 cases in which the Government was appellee, etc., 23 were determined in its favor and 7 adversely, 2 were dismissed by the appellant, 3 were dismissed by the court for failure of the appellant, etc., to comply with the rules, 1 was docketed and dismissed, and 3 were dismissed by the court, 2 were dismissed per stipulation, and 13 were denials of petitions for writs of certiorari.

Of the above 75 cases, 16 were appeals from the Court of Claims, of which 4 were taken by the Government. Of the 4 cases so appealed, 2 were decided in favor of the Government and 2 adversely, while of the 12 cases in which it was appellee, 9 were decided in its favor, 2 adversely, and 1 docketed and dismissed.

Of the 75 cases disposed of, 15 were criminal, 4 of which were capital. Of these, 13 were decided in favor of the United States and 2 adversely, 1 of the latter being a capital case.

Six cases were appeals, etc., from the circuit court of appeals, of which 1 was decided in favor of and 1 against the United States, 1 was dismissed by the court for want of jurisdiction, and in 3 cases the decrees were modified.

Four cases were from the Court of Private Land Claims, all of which were appealed by the other side. Of these, 2 were decided in its favor, 1 dismissed per stipulation, and 1 dismissed by the court for noncompliance with the rules.

The United States was petitioner in 4 petitions for writs of certiorari under the act of March 3, 1891, and respondent in 13, all of which were denied, and in 3 petitions for certiorari to the court of appeals of

the District of Columbia, 2 of which were in capital cases, all of which were denied.

Of the whole number of cases in which the Government had a substantial interest heard and decided by the court, 30 were decided in its favor, 3 in part for the United States, and 11 against the United States.

In addition to the above, in 4 original cases the United States instituted proceedings against four States in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of the act of March 3, 1899 (30 Stats., 1356), to recover the principal and interest of certain bonds, which suits were, in accordance with the provisions of the act of June 6, 1900 (31 Stats., 612), dismissed by the Government.

In 2 cases petitions on behalf of the District of Columbia for writs of mandamus were denied. In addition 1 case was a denial of leave to file a petition for a writ of habeas corpus; 1 case an application for leave to file a petition for writs of mandamus and certiorari; 1 a petition for a common-law writ of certiorari; and 1 case an application for leave to file a petition for a writ of mandamus. The United States was respondent in each of these 4 cases, in all of which the petitions were denied.

Among the many cases heard and decided by the Supreme Court of the United States during the October term, 1900, the following are the more important:

**Hubbell v. United States. (179 U. S., 77.)**

[No. 19. Argued January 9, 10, 1899. Decided October 22, 1900.]

This was a case originally brought in the Court of Claims against the United States for compensation for the use of cartridges alleged to be covered by Hubbell's patent. The finding of the court is sufficiently set forth in the syllabus:

An examination of the history of the appellant's claim shows that in order to get his patent he was compelled to accept one with a narrower claim than that contained in his original application; and it is well settled that the claim as allowed must be read and interpreted with reference to the rejected claim and to the prior state of the art, and can not be so construed as to cover either what was rejected by the Patent Office, or disclosed by prior devices.

This court concurs with the court below in holding that the cartridges made and used by the United States were not within the description contained in the appellant's claim.

**Good Shot v. United States. (179 U. S., 87.)**

[No. 447. Submitted October 22, 1900. Decided October 29, 1900.]

In this case the court held, following the decision in *Fitzpatrick v. The United States* (178 U. S., 304), that a conviction for murder, punishable with death, was none the less a conviction for a capital



crime, although the jury qualified their verdict so as to make the punishment imprisonment for life; and therefore, since the Supreme Court had jurisdiction, the circuit court of appeals did not. The syllabus is as follows:

A circuit court of appeals has no jurisdiction to review upon writ of error the trial, judgment, and sentence of an Indian to imprisonment for life founded upon a verdict rendered on a trial of an indictment of the Indian for murder, by which verdict the jury find the defendant "guilty as charged in the indictment, without capital punishment."

**In re Vidal.**

[No number. Submitted April 23, 1900. Decided November 12, 1900.]

This was an application for leave to file a petition for certiorari to review the proceedings of the provisional court, established by the military government of Porto Rico, in a quo warranto proceeding to oust Vidal and others from the municipal offices of the town of Guayama. The court denied the application for the reason stated in the syllabus:

Section 719, Revised Statutes, does not empower this court to review the proceedings of military tribunals by certiorari.

The act of April 12, 1900, chapter 191, having discontinued the tribunal established under that act and created a successor authorized to take possession of its records and to take jurisdiction of all cases and proceedings pending therein, this court has no jurisdiction to review its proceedings.

Such tribunals are not courts with jurisdiction in law or equity within the meaning of those terms as used in Article III of the Constitution.

**United States v. Andrews. (179 U. S., 96.)**

[No. 423. Submitted October 15, 1900. Decided November 5, 1900.]

The case and its result are sufficiently set forth in the syllabus:

By the treaty with the Kiowa and Comanche Indians of August, 1868, the Indians agreed not to attack any persons at home or traveling, and not to molest any persons at home or traveling, or molest any wagon trains, coaches, mules, or cattle belonging to the people of the United States, or persons friendly therewith; and the United States agreed that no persons except those authorized by the treaty to do so, and officers, etc., of the Government, should be permitted to pass over the Indian territory described in the treaty. In 1877 Andrews passed over the territory with a large number of cattle, traveling over the Chishom trail, the same being an established trail en route from Texas to a market in Kansas. He being convicted on trial for a violation of the treaty, appeal was taken to this court. *Held*: (1) That the finding of the court below was equivalent to a finding that the trail was a lawfully established trail permitted by the laws of the United States; (2) that as the plaintiff was lawfully within the territory he was not a trespasser at the time his property was taken.

**Fritz Contzen v. United States. (179 U. S., 191.)**

[No. 84. Submitted November 7, 1900. Decided December 3, 1900.]

This was a suit brought against the Government under the Indian depredations act. The petitioner was born in Germany in 1831, emigrated to Texas in 1845, and was there when it was admitted into the Union December 29, 1845. Since its admission he had resided continuously in the United States. The interesting question related to his citizenship. The court held he was not a citizen.

Texas was an independent State when admitted into the Union, and the effect of the admission was to make its citizens citizens of the United States. But those who at that time could only become citizens by naturalization were thereupon relegated to the laws of the United States in that behalf.

Minor aliens in Texas, separated from their parents, were not made citizens of the United States by the admission, and in order to become such were obliged to comply with the requirements of the laws of the United States.

As appellant was a German subject and not a citizen of Texas when Texas became one of the United States, and had not been naturalized when the injury complained of was inflicted, the Court of Claims was right in dismissing his petition for want of jurisdiction.

**Scranton v. Wheeler. (179 U. S., 141.)**

[No. 9. Argued October 16, 1899. Decided November 12, 1900.]

The Government, in the improvement of navigation, erected a pier on submerged ground in front of the premises of Scranton in the St. Marys River, Michigan. This cut off Scranton's access to the water, and he brought a suit against Wheeler, who, as superintendent, was in control of the pier and the canal as an agent of the Government. The court held that Scranton had no cause of action against the Government or its agent by reason of the improvement, the reasons being as follows:

The prohibition in the Constitution of the United States of the taking of private property for public use without just compensation has no application to the case of an owner of land bordering on a public navigable river, whose access from his land to navigability is permanently lost by reason of the construction, under authority of Congress, of a pier resting on submerged lands away from but in front of his upland, and which pier was erected by the United States, not with any intent to impair the right of riparian owners, but for the purpose only of improving the navigation of such river.

It was not intended by that provision of the Constitution that the paramount authority of Congress to improve the navigation of the public waters of the United States should be crippled by compelling the Government to make compensation for an injury

to a riparian owner's right of access to navigability that might incidentally result from an improvement ordered by Congress.

The State courts of Michigan having recognized this action as a proper one under the laws of that State for the relief sought by the plaintiff, this court has jurisdiction to consider the question of a Federal nature decided herein.

**United States v. Choctaw Nation and Chickasaw Nation. (179 U. S., 494.)**

**Wichita and Affiliated Bands of Indians v. Choctaw Nation, Chickasaw Nation, and United States.**

**Choctaw Nation and Chickasaw Nation v. United States and Wichita and Affiliated Bands of Indians.**

[Nos. 88, 89, 90. Argued March 7, 8, 9, 1900. Decided December 10, 1900.]

The nature of these suits, with the decisions of the court, are stated in the syllabus as follows:

On the 4th day of June, 1891, the United States and the Wichita and Affiliated Bands of Indians entered into an agreement whereby the Indians ceded to the United States a tract of land which is described in the opinion of the court in this case, and the United States agreed in consideration thereof that out of the territory so ceded there should be allotted to each member of the Wichita and Affiliated Bands of Indians in the Indian Territory, native and adopted, 160 acres of land in the manner and form described in the agreement. This agreement was ratified by the Indian appropriations act of March 2, 1895, which further conferred jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear and determine the claim of the Choctaws and the Chickasaws to a right, title, and interest in the lands so ceded, and to render judgment thereon, with a right of appeal to this court. Pursuant to that act this suit was brought. The Court of Claims, after reciting that the lands in dispute were acquired by the United States "in trust for the settlement of Indians thereon, and in trust and for the benefit of said claimant Indians when the aforesaid trust shall cease;" that "the Wichita and Affiliated Bands of Indians were by the United States located within the boundaries of the lands hereinbefore described;" that they "now number not more than 1,060 persons," and that the location of the Wichitas and Affiliated Bands within said boundaries was "for the purpose of affording them permanent settlement therein," adjudged that the lands in dispute had been acquired and were held by the United States in trust for the purpose of settling Indians thereon, and that whenever that purpose was abandoned as to the whole or any part thereof then all the lands not so devoted to Indian settlement should be held in trust by the United States for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians exclusively. It was also adjudged that the members of the Wichita and affiliated bands, not exceeding 1,060, were equitably entitled to 160 acres of land each out of the lands in dispute and that the same should be set apart to them by the United States, due regard being had to any improvements made thereon by them, respectively, for their permanent settlement. It was further adjudged

that the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations were in law and equity entitled to and were the owners of such of the lands ceded to the United States by the Wichita and affiliated bands as remained, after satisfying the provisions for the Wichita and affiliated bands, and that in the event of the sale thereof by the United States, the Indian plaintiffs should be entitled to and receive the proceeds of such sale. This judgment being brought here on appeal, this court, in its opinion, carefully reviewed all the legislation, and all the Indian treaties on the subject, and, as a result, held that for the reasons given the decree must be reversed with directions to dismiss the petition of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, and to make a decree in behalf of the Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians, fixing the amount of compensation to be made to them on account of such lands in the Wichita Reservation as are not needed in order to meet the requirements of the act of Congress of March 2, 1895, c. 188, and for such further proceedings as may be consistent with law and with this opinion.

**Rothschild v. United States. (179 U. S., 463.)**

[No. 59. Argued October 31, November 1, 1900. Decided December 17, 1900.]

In this case the court construed certain provisions of the Dingley law fixing duties on imported tobacco.

It is the meaning of the tariff act of July 24, 1897, to subject to different rates of duty the leaves of tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers and those not suitable when mixed in the same commercial bale or package.

It is the meaning of said act to subject to the duty of \$1.85 per pound the leaves of tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers intermingled in the bales or packages of tobacco (unstemmed) of the description which in their entirety, at the date of the enactment, were commercially known in this country as "filler tobacco," and bought and sold by that name, notwithstanding such leaves constitute less than 15 per cent of the contents.

**United States v. Morrison. (179 U. S., 456.)**

**United States v. Wolff.**

[Nos. 15, 16. Argued December 12, 1899. Decided December 17, 1900.]

These cases and the result are described in the syllabus:

These cases are concerned with the classification of certain articles imported by the respondents under the tariff act of 1890. Those imported by E. A. Morrison & Son were variously colored in imitation of "cat's eyes" or "tiger's eyes," and were strung. Others were colored in resemblance to the garnet, aquamarine, moonstone, and topaz. Those imported by Wolff & Co. were in imitation of pearls, it is claimed, and were also strung. The contention is as to how they shall be classified or made dutiable—whether under paragraph 108 or under paragraph 454 of the act of 1890.

Held, that if the act of 1890 did not as specifically provide for beads as prior acts, glass beads as such were in the legislative mind and their various conditions contemplated. It was impossible to have in contemplation glass beads, loose, unthreaded, and unstrung (445), and not have the exact opposite in contemplation—beads not loose, beads threaded and strung, and made provision for them. What provision? Were they to be dutiable at the same or at a higher rate than beads unthreaded or unstrung? If at the same rate—if all beads were to be dutiable at the same rate—why have qualified any of them? Were some to be dutiable at one rate and some at another rate? If made of plain glass, were they to be dutiable at 60 per centum under paragraph 108? If tinted or made to the color of some precious stone, were they to be dutiable at 10 per centum under paragraph 454? No reason is assigned for such discrimination, and we are not disposed to infer it. It is a more reasonable inference that beads threaded of all kinds were intended to be dutiable at a higher rate than beads unthreaded, and if there can be a choice of provisions that intention must determine. Indeed, admitting that either provision (paragraph 108 or paragraph 454) equally applied, the statute prescribed the rule to be that “if two or more rates of duty shall be applicable to any imported article, it shall pay duty at the highest of such rates.”

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**In re De Bara, petitioner. (179 U. S., 316.)**

[No. 15. Original. Submitted November 5, 1900. Decided December 3, 1900.]

The petitioner was convicted of violating section 5480, which prohibits the use of the mails for fraudulent purposes, and was given a sentence of three years, although the maximum punishment provided by the section was eighteen months. Having served eighteen months he sued out a writ of habeas corpus to secure his release, but the court held:

Under section 5480 of the Revised Statutes of the United States the court below had the power to give a single sentence for several offenses in excess of that which is prescribed for one officer.

*In re Henry* (123 U. S., 372), affirmed and followed to this point.

**Arkansas v. Schlierholz (179 U. S., 598).**

[No. 122. Argued and submitted December 6, 1900. Decided December 24, 1900.]

Schlierholz, an agent of the General Land Office, seized certain timber which he claimed to be the property of the Government. For this he was indicted in Arkansas and arrested. To secure his release a writ of habeas corpus was sued out in the United States district court. The court finding that Schlierholz was in the discharge of his duty as a Government officer, discharged him. An appeal was taken to the United States circuit court of appeals and certain questions cer-

tified to the Supreme Court, which dismissed the case for want of jurisdiction on the following grounds:

The authority of this court to review the action of the court below in this case must be found in one of three classes of cases, in which, by section 5 of the judiciary act of March 3, 1891, an appeal or writ of error may be taken from a district or circuit court direct to this court. The classes of cases alluded to are as follows: (1) Cases in which the jurisdiction of the court is in issue, in which class of cases the question of jurisdiction alone is to be certified from the court below for decision; (2) cases involving the construction or application of the Constitution of the United States; and (3) cases in which the constitutionality of any law of the United States, or the validity or construction of any treaty made under its authority, is drawn in question. The court is of opinion that the case at bar is not embraced within either of those classes of cases.

**Neely v. Henkel [No. 1]. (180 U. S., 109.)**

[No. 387. Argued December 10, 11, 1900. Decided January 14, 1901.]

These cases primarily involved the right of the Government to extradite a citizen upon probable cause being shown that he had fled from the island of Cuba to avoid trial for an alleged embezzlement by him of the funds of the Cuban department of posts. Incidentally, however, the constitutional powers of the United States for the temporary government of Cuba were called into question and passed upon by the court, which authoritatively defined the status of the island and its present relations to the United States.

Neely was the finance agent of the department of posts of the island of Cuba, under appointment of this Government during its temporary control of the island. It was alleged that on or about May 6, 1900, he embezzled \$57,000 in violation of its penal code. Congress on June 6, 1900, passed a law to authorize the extradition of fugitives from justice from a foreign country or territory which was "occupied by or under the control of the United States." Under authority of this act a warrant was issued for Neely's arrest by Judge Lacombe, of the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of New York, and Neely was arrested. After a hearing, Judge Lacombe committed Neely pending an order of extradition, and thereupon Neely sued out a writ of habeas corpus, the denial of which was the subject of appeal to the Supreme Court.

Counsel for Neely claimed his discharge on the following grounds:

(1) That as the United States was exercising legislative, judicial, and executive powers in Cuba it had ceased to be foreign territory, and the act of June 6, 1900, which referred to "foreign territory" did not apply.

(2) That as a principle of international law there could be no extra-

dition in the absence of a treaty between the extraditing and the demanding countries.

(3) That the act of June 6, 1900, if applicable, was unconstitutional, inasmuch as it did not secure to the accused all of the rights, privileges, and immunities that are guaranteed by the Constitution to persons charged with the commission of crime.

(4) That inasmuch as Congress, by the joint resolution of April 28, 1898, declared that "the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent," such resolution was a legal and binding recognition of the existence of a Cuban republic, and as a treaty of peace had been definitively executed, the subsequent occupancy and control of the island under the authority of the United States was without warrant of the Constitution and an unauthorized interference with the internal affairs of a friendly power.

The validity of our temporary occupancy of the island of Cuba, and all acts done thereunder, was directly challenged.

The Supreme Court negatived each of these contentions, and in the amplest manner sustained the authority of the United States.

The court, in defining the status of Cuba as that of "foreign territory," said that it "can not be regarded in any constitutional, legal, or international sense a part of the territory of the United States." It fully sustained the authority of the United States to temporarily govern it, pending the establishment of a stable government by the Cuban people. The court say (p. 120):

The occupancy of the island by troops of the United States was the necessary result of the war. That result could not have been avoided by the United States consistently with the principles of international law or with its obligations to the people of Cuba.

It is true that as between Spain and the United States—indeed, as between the United States and all foreign nations—Cuba, upon the cessation of hostilities with Spain and after the treaty of Paris was to be treated as if it were conquered territory. But as between the United States and Cuba that island is territory held in trust for the inhabitants of Cuba, to whom it rightfully belongs and to whose exclusive control it will be surrendered when a stable government shall have been established by their voluntary action.

As to the power of the United States to govern the island temporarily, the court say (page 121):

It can not be doubted that when the United States enforced the relinquishment by Spain of her sovereignty in Cuba and determined to occupy and control that island until there was complete tranquillity in all its borders and until the people of Cuba had created for themselves a stable government, it succeeded to the authority of the displaced government, so far at least that it became its duty under international law and pending the pacification of the island, to protect in all appropriate legal modes the lives, the liberty, and the property of all those who submitted to the authority of the representatives of this country.

The court further held that the United States had never recognized the existence of an established government known as the Republic of Cuba.

For these and other reasons suggested in the opinion, the court held the act of June 6, 1900, to be constitutional, and affirmed the judgment of the court below, dismissing the writ of habeas corpus. In consequence, Neely was extradited to Cuba, and has since been in the custody of that island awaiting his trial before its tribunals.

This case was among the first to discuss and pass upon the constitutional questions growing out of our recent war with Spain. As a precedent, it is important because it establishes not only the right of the United States Government, when its interests require it, to extradite a citizen to another country, even though there be no extradition treaty between the two countries, but because it further vindicates the right of the United States Government subsequent to a treaty of peace to govern conquered territory under the war power, even though such territory be not ceded to the United States but remains foreign in status. It further decides that the fact that the Government is exercising full governmental powers in such conquered territory does not of itself make the constitutional guaranties in the bill of rights applicable to the inhabitants of such conquered territory. The syllabus is as follows:

There is no merit in the contention that article 401 of the penal code of Cuba, which provides that the public employee who, by reason of his office, has in his charge public funds or property, and takes, or consents that others should take, any part therefrom, shall be punished, applies only to persons in the public employ of Spain. Spain having withdrawn from the island, its successor has become "the public," to which the code remaining unrepealed now refers.

Within the meaning of the act of June 6, 1900, (c. 793, 31 Stat., 656), providing for the surrender of persons committing defined crimes within a foreign country occupied by or under the control of the United States, and fleeing to the United States, or any Territory thereof, or the District of Columbia, Cuba is foreign territory, which can not be regarded in any constitutional, legal, or international sense as a part of the Territory of the United States; and this is not affected by the fact that it is under a military governor, appointed by and representing the President in the work of assisting the inhabitants of the island in establishing a government of their own.

As between the United States and Cuba that island is territory held in trust for its inhabitants, to whom it rightfully belongs, and to whose exclusive control it will be surrendered when a stable government shall have been established by their voluntary action.

The act of June 6, 1900, is not unconstitutional in that it does not secure to the accused, when surrendered to a foreign country for trial, all the rights, privileges, and immunities that are guaranteed by the Constitution to persons charged with the commission in this country of crime against the United States.

The provision in the Constitution relating to writs of habeas



corpus, bills of attainder, ex post facto laws, trial by jury for crimes, and generally to the fundamental guaranties of life, liberty, and property embodied in that instrument have no relation to crimes committed without the jurisdiction of the United States against the laws of a foreign country.

When an American citizen commits a crime in a foreign country he can not complain if required to submit to such modes of trial and to such punishment as the laws of that country may prescribe for its own people, unless a different mode be provided for by treaty stipulations between that country and the United States.

The contention that the United States recognized the existence of an established government, known as the Republic of Cuba, but is now using its military or executive power to overthrow it, is without merit.

The act of June 6, 1900, is not in violation of the Constitution of the United States, and this case comes within its provisions; and the court below having found that there was probable cause to believe the appellant guilty of the offenses charged, the order for his extradition was proper, and no ground existed for his discharge on habeas corpus.

**Neely v. Henkel (No. 2).**

[No. 406. Argued December 10, 11, 1900. Decided January 14, 1901.]

The decision in this case follows that in No. 387 (ante, 109).

**Montoya v. United States. (180 U. S., 261.)**

[No. 43. Argued December 14, 17, 1900. Decided February 11, 1901.]

This case and its result is described in the syllabus:

The object of the Indian depredation act is to enable citizens whose property has been taken or destroyed by Indians belonging to any band, tribe, or nation in amity with the United States to recover a judgment for their value both against the United States and the tribe to which the Indians belong, and which by the act is made responsible for the acts of marauders whom it has failed to hold in check. If the depredations have been committed by the tribe or band itself, acting in hostility to the United States, it is an act of war, for which there can be no recovery under the act.

Where a company of Apache Indians, who were dissatisfied with their surroundings, left their reservation under the leadership of Victoria, to the number of two or three hundred, became hostile, and roamed about in Old and New Mexico for about two years, committing depredations and killing citizens, it was held that they constituted a "band" within the meaning of the act; that they were not in amity with the United States, and that neither the Government nor the tribe to which they originally belonged were responsible for their depredations.

**Connors v. United States. (180 U. S., 271.)**

[No. 44. Argued December 17, 1900. Decided February 11, 1901.]

This case is like the last:

Where a band belonging to the Cheyenne Indians became dissatisfied with their reservation, separated themselves from the main body of the tribe, started northward to regain their former reservation, were pursued by the troops, were defeated in battle, became hostile, and committed depredations upon citizens, it was *held* that neither the Government nor the tribe to which they had originally belonged were responsible for the value of property taken or destroyed by them.

**Mitchell, Governor, etc., v. Furman. (180 U. S., 402.)**

[No. 23. Argued October 17, 18, 1900. Decided March 11, 1901.]

This case and the conclusion of the court are sufficiently set forth in the syllabus:

The record considered, it is held that the jurisdiction of this court on a direct appeal from the circuit court may be maintained on the ground that the construction of a treaty made under authority of the United States was drawn in question.

This was a bill to remove clouds on title, and rested on appellees' alleged legal title under a Spanish grant, and can not be sustained, because the title set up was not absolutely complete and perfect prior to the treaty between the United States and Spain. As the grant needed confirmation, and had never received it, it could not be treated as constituting absolute legal title.

Even grants of land in Florida, which were, in fact, complete and perfect prior to the ratification of the treaty, might be required by Congress to have their genuineness and their extent established by proceedings in a particular manner before they could be held valid.

Under the various acts of Congress cited the cause of action proceeded on in this suit was barred by failure to comply with their provisions.

**Li Sing v. United States. (180 U. S., 486.)**

[No. 27. Argued April 18, 19, 1900. Decided March 18, 1901.]

This case arose out of an order for the deportation of a Chinaman and is sufficiently described in the syllabus:

Li Sing was a Chinaman who, after residing for years in the United States, returned temporarily to China, taking with him a certificate purporting to have been issued by the Imperial Government of China, at its consulate in New York, and signed by its consul, stating that he was permitted to return to the United States, that he was entitled to do so, and that he was a wholesale grocer. On his return to the United States by way of Canada, he presented

this certificate to the United States collector of customs at Malone, N. Y., who canceled it and permitted him to enter the country. Subsequently he was brought before the commissioner of the United States for the southern district of New York, charged with having unlawfully entered the United States, being a laborer. At the examination he set up that he had a right to remain here, and that he was a merchant. The commissioner found that on his departure from the United States he was and had long been a laborer, and ordered his deportation. *Held*, that the decision of the collector at Malone was not final, and that by the act of October 1, 1888, c. 1064, the certificate issued to him by the Chinese consul on his departure from the United States was annulled.

*Fong Yue Ting v. United States* (149 U. S., 698) affirmed and followed, especially to the points: (1) That the provision of the statute which puts the burden of proof upon the alien of rebutting the presumption arising from his having no certificate, as well as the requirement of proof "by at least one credible witness that he was a resident of the United States at the time of the passage of the act," is within the acknowledged power of every legislature to prescribe the evidence which shall be received, and the effect of that evidence in the courts of its own government; (2) that the requirement not allowing the fact of residence here at the time of the passage of the act to be proved solely by the testimony of aliens in a like situation was a constitutional provision; and (3) that the question whether and upon what conditions these aliens shall be permitted to remain within the United States being one to be determined by the political departments of the Government, the judicial department can not properly express an opinion upon the wisdom, the policy, or the justice of the measures enacted by Congress in the exercise of the powers confided to it by the Constitution over this subject.

**Treat v. White (181 U. S., 264).**

[No. 227. Argued April 10, 1901. Decided April 29, 1901.]

This case involved the construction of section 25, Schedule A, of the war-revenue act of June 13, 1898, which provides for a stamp duty upon "all sales, or agreements to sell, or memoranda of sales or deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock in any association, company, or corporation."

The question arose whether the form of sale known on the Stock Exchange as a "call" was an "agreement to sell" within the meaning of the section cited. The defendant, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, had paid under protest the sum of \$604, being the stamp duties on "calls" upon 30,200 shares of corporate stock. The call was in substance an option on the part of the holder, for which he paid a valuable consideration, to demand of the broker the shares of stock named in the memorandum, and it was contended that the mere conditional agreement to sell on the exercise of an option was not an agreement to sell within the meaning of Congress. The court, however, held otherwise, and sustained the collection of the taxes.

**Fairbank v. The United States. (181 U. S., 283.)**

[No. 226. Argued December 13, 1900. Decided April 15, 1901.]

The plaintiff in error was convicted of issuing, as agent for the Northern Pacific Railroad, an export bill of lading for wheat exported from Minnesota to Liverpool, without affixing the internal-revenue stamp required by the war-revenue act of June 13, 1898. The question involved was whether the stamp tax of 10 cents on foreign bills of lading, imposed by that act, violated the provision of the Constitution which reads "No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State." Notwithstanding the fact that by the act of July 6, 1797, and the act of July 1, 1862, a similar stamp tax on foreign bills of lading was imposed, the court held as follows:

A stamp tax on a foreign bill of lading is, in substance and effect, equivalent to a tax on the articles included in that bill of lading, and therefore is a tax or duty on exports, and therefore in conflict with Article I, section 9, of the Constitution of the United States, that "No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State."

An act of Congress is to be accepted as constitutional, unless on examination it clearly appears to be in conflict with provisions of the Federal Constitution.

If the Constitution in its grant of powers is to be able to carry into full effect the powers granted, it is equally imperative that where prohibition or limitation is placed upon the power of Congress, that prohibition or limitation should be enforced in its spirit and to its entirety.

**Barker v. Harvey, Quevas v. Harvey. (181 U. S., 481.)**

[Nos. 209, 210. Argued March 20, 1901. Decided May 13, 1901.]

In these cases the title of certain Mission Indians to portions of the Warner ranch property in southern California was involved. The Indians claimed a right of permanent occupancy because of immemorial and continuous possession in their ancestors and themselves, under the early Spanish authorities and long before certain Mexican grants to other parties. It was urged in the Indians' behalf that these grants recognized and protected their interest. The title based on the grants was perfected under an act of 1851, passed to settle private land claims in California, which required claims to land derived from Spanish or Mexican authorities to be presented to a commission with a right of appeal to the courts. The act also provided that a final decree and patent should "not affect the interests of third persons;" and thereupon directed the commissioners to report to the Government the tenure by which the Mission lands are held by such Indians. It was argued that this provision included these Indians as "third persons."

No claim was presented to the commission on behalf of the Indians; and it seems that the commission made no report on the Indian tenure.

It was alleged that the Indians had abandoned the lands; but in rebuttal it was claimed that the Mission authorities themselves had merely ceased to cultivate that portion of the land on their own account, and that the Indians had not withdrawn.

The title under the patent was sustained by the California courts upon a majority opinion of the supreme court of that State, and the Supreme Court of the United States affirmed the judgment. Before quoting the syllabus of their decision it will be proper to state that these Indians are now subject to immediate ejectment from their holdings and are remaining thereon for a short time only by sufferance of the plaintiffs. It is hard to exaggerate the severity of their fate, since they not only are thrust out from homes which they and their ancestors have occupied for generations and are thus entirely deprived of subsistence, but it will be difficult to find for them suitable provision on any reservations which that country offers. This subject will no doubt be presented to Congress through the proper authorities, but as this Department has conducted the litigation and is familiar with all the circumstances it seems proper for me to say that the subject merits the careful and early attention of Congress.

The significant portion of the syllabus follows:

*Held:* (1) That the United States were bound to respect the rights of private property in the ceded territory, but that it had the right to require reasonable means for determining the validity of all titles within the ceded territory, to require all persons having claims to lands to present them for recognition, and to decree that all claims which are not thus presented shall be considered abandoned;

(2) That so far as the Indians are concerned, the land was rightfully to be regarded as part of the public domain, and subject to sale and disposition by the Government;

(3) That if the Indians had any claims founded on the action of the Mexican Government they abandoned them by not presenting them to the commission for consideration;

(4) That lands which were burdened with a right of permanent occupancy were not a part of the public domain, subject to the full disposal by the United States.

**Schlitz Brewing Co. v. The United States. (181 U. S., 584.)**

[No. 232. Argued April 11, 1901. Decided May 20, 1901.]

In this case the court held as set out in the syllabus:

Bottles and corks in which beer is bottled and exported for sale are not "imported materials used in the manufacture" of such beer within the meaning of the drawback provisions of the customs-revenue laws, although the beer be bottled and corked and subsequently heated for its better preservation.

**American Sugar Refining Co. v. The United States. (181 U. S., 610.)**

[Nos. 225, 236. Argued April 12, 1901. Decided May 20, 1901.]

The cases and the holding of the court are set out in the following syllabus:

These cases, argued and submitted together, involve the appraisement of sugars imported from Brazil. The sugars were shipped "green"—that is, contained moisture, a certain portion of which drained on the voyage, whereby they became more valuable. Duties were levied and collected by the collector upon the increased valuation against the protest of the importers. Held that the appraisement so made was legal.

**THE INSULAR TARIFF CASES.****MATERIAL DATES.**

April 24, 1898, war declared between Spain and the United States.

July, 1898, Porto Rico occupied by the United States forces.

August 12, 1898, protocol signed. )

April 11, 1899, ratifications of the Treaty of Paris exchanged.

May 1, 1900, the taking effect of the Foraker Act for the government of Porto Rico.

**THE CASES AND HOW THEY AROSE.**

No. 340. *Goetze v. The United States*. Importation of goods (tobacco) from Porto Rico into the United States (New York) on June 6, 1899, after the ratification of the treaty and before the taking effect of the Foraker Act.

No. 419. *Fourteen Diamond Rings, Pepke, claimant, v. The United States*. Seizure and forfeiture (at Chicago) of diamond rings brought into the United States from the Philippines, without the payment of duty, by a soldier, during the summer of 1899, after the ratification of the treaty.

No. 456. *De Lima et al. v. Bidwell, Collector* (New York). Importation of goods (sugars) from Porto Rico into the United States (New York) in the summer of 1899, after the ratification of the treaty and before the taking effect of the Foraker Act.

No. 501. *Dooley et al. v. The United States*. Importation of goods from the United States (New York) into Porto Rico between April 11, 1899, and May 1, 1900, during the military occupation and after the ratification of the treaty, but before the Foraker Act took effect.

No. 502. *Dooley et al. v. The United States*. Importation of goods from the United States (New York) into Porto Rico from May 1, 1900, to October 23, 1900, under the Foraker Act.

No. 507. *Downes et al. v. Bidwell, collector*. Importation of oranges

from Porto Rico into the United States (New York) in November, 1900, under the Foraker Act.

No. 509. *Armstrong v. The United States*. Importation of goods into Porto Rico from the United States (New York) between August 12, 1898, and December 5, 1899, during the military occupation, and partly before and partly after the ratification of the treaty.

No. 515. *Crossman et al. v. The United States*. Importation of goods (liquors) from Hawaii into the United States (New York) in April, 1900, after the passage of the resolution of annexation (July 7, 1898) and before the taking effect of the act of April 30, 1900, providing a government for that Territory.

THE PARTICULAR DUTIES DRAWN IN QUESTION AND THE HOLDING OF  
THE COURT.

All these cases were virtually customs cases. They raised the validity under the Constitution of the following exactions:

(1) Duties on goods imported into the United States from the Philippines after the ratification of the treaty: *The Fourteen Diamond Rings, Pepke, Claimant*. This case has not yet been decided.

(2) Duties on goods imported into Porto Rico from the United States during the military occupation of the island, after the signing of the protocol and before the ratification of the treaty of Paris. Such were some of the duties collected in the *Armstrong* case. *Held*: These duties were properly collected under the military power.

(3) Duties collected on goods imported into Porto Rico from the United States during the military occupation but after the cession of Porto Rico by the ratification of the treaty and before the taking effect of the Foraker Act. Such duties were collected in the *Armstrong* case and in the *First Dooley* case. *Held*, These duties were improperly exacted, following the decision in the *De Lima* case.

(4) Duties collected on goods imported into the United States from Porto Rico after the ratification of the treaty and before the taking effect of the Porto Rican act. Such were the duties exacted in the *Goetze* case and in the *De Lima* case. *Held*, In the *De Lima* case, that these duties were improperly exacted, Porto Rico by the cession having ceased to be "a foreign country" within the meaning of the Dingley Act.

The *Goetze* case went off on a question of jurisdiction, as will be described later.

(5) Duties collected on goods coming into the United States from Porto Rico after the Foraker act took effect. The validity of these exactions was brought in question in the *Downes* case and sustained, the court holding that by the cession Porto Rico did not become a part of the United States within that provision of the Constitution which declares that "all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States."

(6) Duties collected on goods coming into Porto Rico from the United States after the taking effect of the Porto Rican act. Such were the duties exacted in the *Second Dooley* case. This case has not been decided by the court.

(7) Duties on goods imported into the United States from Hawaii after the resolution of annexation and before the Hawaiian act went into effect. Such were the duties in the *Crossman* case. This case went off on a jurisdictional question.

#### QUESTIONS OF JURISDICTION.

Counsel in testing the constitutionality of the customs exactions referred to, adopted different courses of procedure, with the following result:

In the *Goetze* and *Crossman* cases the duties were paid under protest and the procedure laid down in the customs administrative act was followed. The court held this to be an improper method, taking the position that the Board of General Appraisers had no jurisdiction of the cases. There was, therefore, no decision of these cases upon the merits.

In the *De Lima* and the *Downes* cases the duties were paid under protest and suit brought against the collector to recover them. This method of procedure was sustained.

In the *Dooley* cases and the *Armstrong* cases the duties were paid under protest and suit brought against the United States to recover back, the *Armstrong* case being brought in the Court of Claims and the *Dooley* cases in the United States Circuit Court. This the court held to be a proper method of procedure.

#### GENERAL RESULT OF THE CASES.

The first case decided was that of *De Lima v. Bidwell, Collector*, to recover back duties collected on sugars imported from Porto Rico into the United States after the ratification of the treaty and before the taking effect of the Foraker Act. The court held that the duties were wrongfully exacted. Mr. Justice Brown delivered the opinion, and the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Brewer, and Mr. Justice Peckham concurred. The opinion of the court was placed upon the ground, not that Porto Rico became a part of the United States under the Constitution by the ratification of the treaty, but that as a result of the cession of the island and its possession by the United States it ceased to be "a foreign country," within the meaning of the Dingley law, and therefore duties could not be collected under that law on goods imported from Porto Rico.

Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Justice White, Mr. Justice Shiras, and Mr. Justice Gray dissented on the ground that, in the absence of legislation by Congress showing an intention to incorporate Porto Rico within what might be termed the customs union of the United States,



the island remained foreign country within the meaning of our customs law.

The fundamental question involved in the cases, namely, whether by the ratification of the treaty Porto Rico became an integral part of the United States within the meaning of the provision of the Constitution which declares that "All duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States," was decided in the case of *Downes v. Bidwell, collector*, a suit to recover back duties collected in New York on goods brought from Porto Rico after the Foraker Act went into effect. The court, Mr. Justice Brown delivering the opinion, and Justices Gray, White, Shiras, and McKenna concurring, held that these duties were lawfully exacted. Mr. Justice Brown delivered the opinion of the court. Mr. Justice White delivered a concurring opinion for himself; Mr. Justice Shiras, and Mr. Justice McKenna, and Mr. Justice Gray delivered a concurring opinion.

The Chief Justice, with whom concurred Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Brewer, and Mr. Justice Peckham, dissented, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Harlan delivering dissenting opinions.

The court held that Porto Rico did not by the cession become an integral part of the United States within the meaning of that provision of the Constitution which requires all taxes to be uniform "throughout the United States," and that therefore Congress, under the power conferred to govern territory belonging to the United States, had a right to provide for Porto Rico a system of customs and internal taxation appropriate to its needs and distinct from that in force in the United States.

The syllabi of the various cases follow:

**De Lima v. Bidwell. (182 U. S., 1.)**

[No. 456. Argued January 8, 9, 10, 11, 1901. Decided May 27, 1901.]

By the customs administrative act of 1890, an appeal is given from the decision of the collector "as to the rate and amount of the duties chargeable upon imported merchandise," to the Board of General Appraisers, who are authorized to decide "as to the construction of the law and the facts respecting the classification of such merchandise, and the rate of duties imposed thereon under such classification;" but where the merchandise is alleged not to have been imported at all, but to have been brought from one domestic port to another, the Board of General Appraisers has no jurisdiction of the case, and an action for money had and received will lie against the collector to recover back duties assessed by him upon such property, and paid under protest.

With the ratification of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain, April 11, 1899, the island of Porto Rico ceased to be a "foreign country" within the meaning of the tariff laws.

Whatever effect be given to the act of March 24, 1900, applying for the benefit of Porto Rico the duties received on importa-

tions from that island after the evacuation by the Spanish forces, it has no application to an action brought before the act was passed.

**Downes v. Bidwell. (182 U. S., 244.)**

[No. 507. Argued January 8, 9, 10, 11, 1901. Decided May 27, 1901.]

By Mr. Justice Brown, in announcing the conclusion and judgment of the court.

The circuit courts have jurisdiction, regardless of amount of actions, against a collector of customs for duties exacted and paid under protest upon merchandise alleged not to have been imported.

The island of Porto Rico is not a part of the United States within that provision of the Constitution which declares that "all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States."

There is a clear distinction between such prohibitions of the Constitution as go to the very root of the power of Congress to act at all, irrespective of time or place, and such as are operative only throughout the United States or among the several States.

A long-continued and uniform interpretation, put by the executive and legislative departments of the Government upon a clause in the Constitution, should be followed by the judicial department, unless such interpretation be manifestly contrary to its letter or spirit.

By Mr. Justice White, with whom Mr. Justice Shiras and Mr. Justice McKenna concurred.

The Government of the United States was born of the Constitution, and all powers which it enjoys or may exercise must be either derived expressly or by implication from that instrument. Ever then, when an act of any department is challenged, because not warranted by the Constitution, the existence of the authority is to be ascertained by determining whether the power has been conferred by the Constitution, either in express terms or by lawful implication, to be drawn from the express authority conferred or deduced as an attribute which legitimately inheres in the nature of the powers given, and which flows from the character of the government established by the Constitution. In other words, whilst confined to its constitutional orbit, the Government of the United States is supreme within its lawful sphere.

Every function of the Government being thus derived from the Constitution, it follows that that instrument is everywhere and at all times potential in so far as its provisions are applicable.

Hence it is that wherever a power is given by the Constitution and there is a limitation imposed on the authority, such restriction operates upon and confines every action on the subject within its constitutional limits.

Consequently it is impossible to conceive that where conditions are brought about to which any particular provision of the Constitution applies its controlling influence may be frustrated by the action of any or all of the departments of the Government. Those departments, when discharging, within the limits of their consti-

tutional power, the duties which rest on them, may of course deal with the subjects committed to them in such a way as to cause the matter dealt with to come under the control of provisions of the Constitution which may not have been previously applicable. But this does not conflict with the doctrine just stated, or presuppose that the Constitution may or may not be applicable at the election of any agency of the Government.

The Constitution has undoubtedly conferred on Congress the right to create such municipal organizations as it may deem best for all the Territories of the United States whether they have been incorporated or not, to give to the inhabitants as respects the local governments such degree of representation as may be conducive to the public well being, to deprive such Territory of representative government if it is considered just to do so, and to change such local governments at discretion.

As Congress in governing the Territories is subject to the Constitution, it results that all the limitations of the Constitution which are applicable to Congress in exercising this authority necessarily limit its power on this subject. It follows also that every provision of the Constitution which is applicable to the Territories is also controlling therein. To justify a departure from the elementary principle by a criticism of the opinion of Mr. Chief Justice Taney in *Scott v. Sandford*, 19 How., 393, is unwarranted. Whatever may be the view entertained of the correctness of the opinion of the court in that case, in so far as it interpreted a particular provision of the Constitution concerning slavery and decided that as so construed it was in force in the Territories, this in no way affects the principle which that decision announced, that the applicable provisions of the Constitution were operative.

In the case of the Territories, as in every other instance when a provision of the Constitution is invoked, the question which arises is, not whether the Constitution is operative, for that is self-evident, but whether the provision relied on is applicable.

As Congress derives its authority to levy local taxes for local purposes within the Territories not from the general grant of power to tax as expressed in the Constitution, it follows that its right to locally tax is not to be measured by the provision empowering Congress "to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises," and is not restrained by the requirement of uniformity throughout the United States. But the power just referred to, as well as the qualification of uniformity, restrains Congress from imposing an impost duty on goods coming into the United States from a Territory which has been incorporated into and forms a part of the United States. This results because the clause of the Constitution in question does not confer upon Congress power to impose such an impost duty on goods coming from one part of the United States to another part thereof, and such duty besides being in repugnant to the requirement of uniformity throughout the United States.

By Mr. Justice Gray.

The civil Government of the United States can not extend immediately and of its own authority over territory acquired by war. Such territory must necessarily, at the first instance, be governed by

the military power under the control of the President, as Commander in Chief. Civil government can not take effect at once, as soon as possession is acquired under military authority or even as soon as that possession is confirmed by treaty. It can only be put in operation by action of the appropriate political department of the Government, at such time and in such degree as that department may determine.

In a conquered territory civil government must take effect either by the action of the treaty-making power or by that of the Congress of the United States. The office of a treaty of cession ordinarily is to put an end to all authority of the foreign government over the territory and to subject the territory to the disposition of the Government of the United States.

The government and disposition of territory so acquired belong to the Government of the United States, consisting of the President, the Senate—elected by the States—and the House of Representatives—chosen by and immediately representing the people of the United States.

So long as Congress has not incorporated the territory into the United States, neither military occupation nor cession by treaty makes the conquered territory domestic territory in the sense of the revenue laws. But those laws concerning “foreign countries” remain applicable to the conquered territory until changed by Congress.

If Congress is not ready to construct a complete government for the conquered territory, it may establish a temporary government, which is not subject to all the restrictions of the Constitution.

**Goetze v. United States. (182 U. S., 221.)**

**Crossman v. United States. (182 U. S., 221.)**

No. 340 was argued December 17, 18, 19, 20, 1900; No. 515 was argued January 14, 15, 1901. The two were decided together May 27, 1901.

*De Lima v. Bidwell*, ante, 1, followed by reversing the action of the general appraisers.

**Dooley v. United States. (182 U. S., 222.)**

No. 501. Argued January 8, 9, 10, 11, 1901. Decided May 27, 1901.

The Court of Claims and the circuit courts, acting as such, have jurisdiction of actions for the recovery of duties illegally exacted upon merchandise alleged not to have been imported from a foreign country.

Duties upon imports from the United States to Porto Rico collected by the military commander and by the President, as Commander in Chief, from the time possession was taken of the island until the ratification of the treaty of peace, were legally exacted under the war power.

As the right to exact duties upon importations from Porto Rico to New York ceased with the ratification of the treaty of peace, the correlative right to exact duties upon imports from New York to Porto Rico also ceased at the same time.

**Armstrong v. United States. (182 U. S., 243.)**

[No. 509. Argued January 8, 9, 10, and 11, 1901. Decided May 27, 1901.]

*Dooley v. United States*, ante, 222, followed.

**Huns v. New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company. (182 U. S., 392.)**

[No. 514. Argued January 11, 14, 1901. Decided May 27, 1901.]

Vessels engaged in trade between Porto Rican ports and ports of the United States are engaged in the coasting trade in the sense in which those words are used in the New York pilotage statutes; and steam vessels engaged in such trade are coastwise steam vessels under Revised Statutes, section 4444.

**The Fourteen Diamond Rings Case.**

**The Second Dooley Case.**

Since the above was put in type the court (on December 2, 1901) decided the *Fourteen Diamond Rings* case and the *Second Dooley* case. Following the decision in the *De Lima* case, the court held that by the cession of the treaty the Philippines ceased to be "foreign country" within the meaning of the Dingley law and became territory appurtenant to the United States. For this reason the court held that, pending action by Congress, duties could not be collected under the Dingley law on goods imported into the United States from the Philippines. Chief Justice Fuller delivered the opinion, in which Justices Harlan, Brown, Brewer, and Peckham concurred.

It was pointed out in the opinion that neither the McEnery resolution nor the insurrection in the Philippines availed to distinguish the status of the Philippines under the cession from that of Porto Rico. The resolution, passed as it was by a mere majority of the Senate subsequent to the ratification of the treaty, and not passed by the House and approved by the President, had validity neither as an act of the treaty-making nor the legislative power.

As to the insurrection, it could not serve to affect the title and sovereignty of the United States over the islands. Spain had held sovereignty over them for centuries and had legally transferred her title to the United States. The action of the President in suppressing the insurrection could be regarded only as an exercise of lawful authority over territory under the rightful sovereignty of the United States, and not as the conduct of a war of conquest for the subjugation of people not lawfully under our sovereignty.

Mr. Justice Gray delivered a dissenting opinion, in which Justices White, Shiras, and McKenna concurred.

*The Second Dooley* case was a suit brought to recover back duties collected under the Foraker Act on goods brought into Porto Rico from the United States. In addition to the objection urged against the duties levied under the Foraker Act on goods brought into the United States from Porto Rico and overruled in the *Downes* case, the validity of these duties was assailed on the ground that they violated that prohibition of the Constitution forbidding Congress to impose any duty upon articles exported from any State. The court held that within the meaning of the Constitution only those articles which are destined for a foreign country constitute "articles exported from any State"; that Porto Rico was not "a foreign country", but, under the decision in the *De Lima* case, territory appurtenant to the United States, and that therefore goods shipped from the United States to Porto Rico were not exports from a State within the meaning of the Constitution.

Mr. Justice Brown delivered the opinion, in which Justices Gray, Shiras, White, and McKenna concurred, while the Chief Justice and Justices Harlan, Brewer, and Peckham dissented.

**Glavey v. United States (182 U. S., 595).**

[No. 235. Argued April 11, 12, 1901. Decided May 27, 1901.]

When an office with a fixed salary has been created by statute and a person duly appointed to it has qualified and entered upon the discharge of his duties, he is entitled, during his incumbency, to be paid the salary prescribed by statute.

Such an appointment is complete when duly made by the President and confirmed by the Senate, and the giving of a bond required by law is a mere ministerial act for the security of the Government, and not a condition precedent to his authority to act in performance of the duties of the office.

As the act of 1882 created a distinct, separate office, with a fixed annual salary for the incumbent, to be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury, as the plaintiff was legally appointed thereto by the Secretary under and by virtue alone of that act, and as he entered upon the discharge of the duties appertaining to that position, he was entitled to demand the salary attached by Congress to the office.

**BUSINESS IN OTHER COURTS.**

The reports of Assistant Attorney-General Pradt, Assistant Attorney-General Thompson, Assistant Attorney-General Fuller, and United States Attorney Reynolds show what has been the volume of business in general cases before the Court of Claims, in the Indian depredation cases, in claims before the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, and before the Court of Private Land Claims, respectively, and the prompt and efficient manner in which that business has been conducted on the part of the Government.

I refer to these reports for detailed information.

## NEW DEPARTMENT BUILDING.

I invite your consideration to the proposed new building for this Department.

In the last annual report my predecessor informed Congress that "on account of the extraordinary increase in the cost of building materials and labor it would be impossible to complete a building of the design selected with the money authorized by the original appropriation, and that an additional appropriation would be necessary." He further explained that to construct a building within the present appropriation "would require the use of materials so cheap and common as to render the building a blemish rather than an ornament to the national capital."

He therefore renewed the recommendation of the previous year for an additional appropriation so that it would be possible "to erect and furnish a building of the material and in the style provided for by the architect's plans and specifications."

No additional appropriation has yet been made and the construction of the proposed Department building awaits your further action.

No building should be constructed except such as will meet the just expectations not only of the present but of future generations. The building should be worthy of the purpose to which it is to be devoted and of the Government whose dignity it in part represents. In this connection due regard should be had to the general plan for the adornment of Washington, which is now under consideration by a competent commission. Washington has become a city not only of cosmopolitan dignity but of exceptional beauty, and no building should be so constructed or located as to mar the symmetry of its development.

If it be deemed inexpedient to make such additional appropriation for the purposes of this Department only, then I suggest that a building might be constructed which would not merely accommodate the executive offices of the Department of Justice, but would also make suitable provision for the Court of Claims and other bodies whose work is affiliated with that of this Department.

## UNITED STATES PRISONERS.

Exhibit J, with this report, shows where United States prisoners have been confined during the year, the districts in which they have been convicted, the number from each district, and the total number in each institution.

On July 1, 1900, there were 2,932 United States convicts in the various prisons and reformatories of the country. At the close of the last fiscal year, June 30, 1901, there were 3,030.

Of the total number in confinement June 30, 1901, 806 were in the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., and 97 in the prison at McNeil Island, Washington. The remainder, 2,127, were *in the various State institutions used for the purpose.*

## STATISTICS.

*Number of prisoners received during the year in penitentiary.*

Total number in custody .....	4, 641
Discharged during the year .....	1, 611
In confinement on June 30, 1901 .....	3, 030
Discharged by expiration of sentence .....	1, 469
Died .....	41
Pardoned .....	63
Release by writ of habeas corpus .....	27
Transferred to insane asylum .....	11
Received during year ending June 30, 1901 .....	1, 650
Of those in prison on June 30, 1901, there were employed on piece price, 692; on State account, 422; on prison duties, 1,682.	
Convicted of violations of revenue laws .....	140
Counterfeiting .....	222
Violation of postal laws .....	313
Introducing liquor into Indian country or selling liquor to Indians .....	166
Violation of laws relating to pensions .....	28
Larceny .....	217
Murder and manslaughter .....	88
Embezzlement .....	11
Perjury .....	23
Forgery .....	12
Robbery and burglary .....	150
Offenses other than those named .....	280
Born in United States .....	1, 469
Foreign born .....	181
Males .....	1, 620
Females .....	30
Whites .....	1, 050
Colored .....	416
Indians and Chinese .....	184
Could read and write .....	1, 171
Could read only .....	32
Could neither read nor write .....	457
Married .....	745
Single .....	905
In prison for first time .....	1, 500
Heretofore served sentence .....	150
Received under 20 years of age .....	250
Between 20 and 30 .....	687
Between 30 and 40 .....	368
Between 40 and 50 .....	201
Over 50 years of age .....	136
In .....	154
Disabled or sick .....	60

## UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY AT FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANS.

On June 30, 1900, 902 prisoners were confined in this institution, the number, on the corresponding date in the present year, being 806. The convicts have been occupied mostly in the erection of the buildings at the new penitentiary site, in quarrying and cutting stone,



making brick, and in the general work of construction where unskilled labor could be utilized.

The total expense of maintaining the institution during the year ended June 30, 1901, has been \$160,316.88, and the daily average cost per capita about 54 cents. The average daily per capita cost of subsistence alone was about 11 cents. The health of the inmates has been good, as shown by the report of the penitentiary physician, the outdoor labor in which the men have been engaged having contributed largely to this result.

The report of the warden accompanies this report as Exhibit K.

#### NEW PENITENTIARY, FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANS.

During the past year the work of construction has progressed favorably, and earnest efforts have been made to complete the interior cell houses, boiler house, and laundry building. The report of the superintendent of construction shows in detail the large amount of work accomplished, which, in view of the fact that the prisoners are usually ignorant and wholly unskilled before reaching the prison, is decidedly creditable. The construction of large buildings by labor of this kind is necessarily a work of time, but the result is most satisfactory, and compares well with any structures of the kind. It is the intention to push the work on the cell house to early completion in order that the men employed may be housed on the grounds, and thus avoid the necessity for the long daily march to and from the old prison.

#### UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY, ATLANTA, GA.

The plans for the construction of the penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., have been carried out, and the buildings will be ready for occupancy about the first of January, 1902. As stated in the last annual report, the plans, as approved, provide for a complete prison with accommodations for about 500 prisoners, administration building, dining room, offices, steam and electric plant, etc. While this is all that could be accomplished within the limits of the appropriation, the plans are prepared with a view to the addition, at any time the Government may deem requisite, of a main building large enough to accommodate altogether 1,200 convicts at least. This additional building may possibly be erected by the labor of the prisoners should Congress deem it inexpedient to appropriate for its erection by contract.

The new penitentiary is modern in every respect, and follows in its construction the best and most enlightened ideas relative to such structures. It is expected that, when completed, the Government may congratulate itself on possessing a model prison.

#### PENITENTIARY AT M'NEIL ISLAND, WASHINGTON.

This institution has been carried on for a number of years as a Government prison, the expenses of maintenance being defrayed from the

general appropriation "Support of United States prisoners." It is understood to be but poorly suited to the purpose, however, and some action, apparently, should be taken looking either to its discontinuance entirely or its conversion into a suitable prison for Federal convicts from the Western districts. If the latter is impracticable, because of its location or otherwise, the propriety of securing a new site for the erection of a third United States prison might possibly be considered.

The history of the present institution shows that, after the approval of the act of February 22, 1889 (25 Stat., 680), providing for the admission of Washington Territory into the Union as a State, the attention of Federal officials therein was called in 1890 to section 15 of said act, which the Department seemed to hold provided for the transfer of the United States penitentiary on McNeil Island to the State of Washington. Instructions to this effect were given the then United States marshal, district of Washington, but the governor of the State declined to accept the institution with the prisoners therein until specific authority for its acceptance had been conferred on him by the legislature of Washington. This apparently has never been done, and the United States marshal accordingly was directed to continue to conduct the penitentiary as before.

Since 1890, therefore, the prison has been conducted, under the direct supervision of the United States marshal for the district of Washington, as a place of confinement for Federal prisoners from Washington and adjacent districts.

At the present time there are 100 prisoners confined there, 70 from Washington, 8 from Idaho, 3 from Oregon, and 19 from Alaska.

In the fiscal year 1899 Congress appropriated \$5,000 for repair of the buildings, which amount was judiciously expended.

The actual cost of maintenance for the last fiscal year has been \$16,142.13, an average per capita of about 52 cents per diem.

#### UNITED STATES JAIL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The report of the warden accompanies this report as Exhibit N. The average daily number of prisoners during the year was 315. The average cost of maintenance was  $34\frac{1}{2}$  cents per capita per diem, with  $9\frac{3}{4}$  cents the average cost per capita per day for subsistence alone.

The jail is well conducted, and ranks among the best in the country.

#### UNIFORM SYSTEM OF COMMUTATION FOR FEDERAL PRISONERS.

I respectfully suggest that Congress consider the advisability of adopting a new and uniform system of commutation with respect to Federal prisoners.

Under the present system, such prisoners, when confined in State penal institutions, are given the benefit of the same rules of credit for good behavior as are applicable to other prisoners under State laws. (R. S., 5544.) If confined in a Federal prison, however, or in one to

which no State commutation law is applicable, the prisoner then receives "a deduction \* \* \* of five days in each and every calendar month." (Act of March 3, 1875.)

I have appended to this report a statement (Exhibit W) of the commutation laws which exist in the various States. It will be seen that both in the amounts of the commutation and the methods of administration they vary widely. In some the commutation is fixed. In others it is graduated and progressive. In some the prisoner is entitled to his commutation upon the certificate of the prison officials. In others the commutation rests wholly in the discretion of the pardoning power of the State, which determines not merely whether there shall be a commutation, but also the exact amount thereof.

The systems of commutation in this country, therefore, vary as widely as the theories of penologists. Twenty States have adopted the parole system, seven the undeterminate sentence, and four a system of conditional pardons. The laws further vary as to the classes of prisoners, the offenses, and as to the institutions to which their provisions are applicable.

Under the present system, moreover, the sentences of Federal prisoners are liable to sudden and radical changes in any State, as the State legislation may be modified from time to time.

The attempt of the United States, therefore, to assimilate its system of commutation to the various local systems prevailing in the different States, has led both to inequality and uncertainty. If, for example, two Federal prisoners are convicted of the same offense, and each receives a sentence of imprisonment for the term of three years, and one is confined in New Hampshire and the other in Ohio, their respective sentences may by good behavior be diminished as follows: The prisoner in New Hampshire can not earn a greater diminution of his sentence than seventy-two days, while the prisoner in Ohio can earn a maximum of two hundred and eighty-eight days.

I therefore respectfully suggest that Congress consider the advisability of repealing sections 5543 and 5544 of the Revised Statutes and the act of March 3, 1875, and in their stead providing a uniform and stable system of commutation so that Federal prisoners of the same class may receive equal treatment.

#### SOLICITOR OF THE TREASURY.

The report of the Solicitor of the Treasury (Exhibit H) shows the amount, character, and results of litigation conducted under his direction for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901. The whole number of suits decided or otherwise disposed of during the year was 4,999, and the amount of judgments obtained \$661,537.38. The tabular statements accompanying his report show the details of the large amount of business conducted by his office. I approve his recommendation as to the amendment of section 773, Revised Statutes, so as to require

United States attorneys to forward the annual reports sent to his office on the 1st day of September in each year instead of October.

**COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY THE CRIMINAL AND PENAL LAWS.**

The commission to revise and codify the criminal and penal laws of the United States has reported a project for a penal code. This embraces the penal provisions of existing law which could be separated from their context without impairing their significance or efficacy, and also a complete code for the punishment of crimes committed upon places within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States. The considerations in behalf of the latter, instead of the present expedient of giving effect to the laws of the several States for the definition and punishment of offenses not covered by any statute of the United States, are set forth in the report of the commissioners accompanying the proposed code, which also recites and explains the changes in existing laws that are embodied in the revision. A draft of the work reported by the commission has been submitted to the heads of departments and the judges and attorneys of the United States for examination and correction, and diligent efforts have been expended to make it supply the need of a comprehensive and efficient system of provisions for the definition and punishment of offenses against, or cognizable by, the United States. It is manifestly true that the present statutes for this purpose, which are for the most part survivals of the crimes acts of 1790 and 1825, are inadequate and defective in many serious respects, and it is hoped that Congress will proceed with the consideration of the code reported by the commission as promptly as its other duties will permit.

In pursuance of a provision in the sundry civil act of March 3, 1899, the commission also submits a revision and codification of the statutes relating to the organization, jurisdiction, and practice of the courts of the United States. Certain changes in the present judicial establishment are proposed in this work. The most notable of these is the transfer to the district courts of the original jurisdiction now vested in the circuit courts. It is further proposed that the circuit courts, to consist of the justice of the supreme court assigned to the circuit when in attendance and three circuit judges, shall succeed the present circuit courts of appeal as intermediate courts of review. The abbreviation of transcripts on appeal, the simplification of the forms of indictments, the granting to the United States of the right to secure a review of adverse decisions on demurrers to indictments and other rulings of a like character, provision for the service of venire by registered letter, and a more uniform system of appeals from the supreme courts of the Territories are among the other changes embodied in the revision. Attention is invited to the report of the commission accompanying the code for a recital and explanation of the amendments which it embraces and of the considerations which prompted them.

## JUDICIAL SALARIES.

The propriety of increasing the salaries paid by the United States to its judicial officers is a matter which has been mentioned heretofore by the Attorney-General and has occupied the attention of Congress. I wish to direct particular attention to that part of the report of the commission which deals with this subject. The report states the reasons for the increased salaries provided for, as follows:

The present salaries are less than those paid for like services in the more populous States; they are intrinsically inadequate in contemplation of the professional standing and attainments of the incumbents, and they operate to the detriment of the public in that in some instances they exclude lawyers of the highest degree of fitness from the judicial service of the United States. It is a fact of frequent occurrence that a practitioner receives a single fee exceeding the annual salary of the judge before whom he appears in the cause. The justices of the court of last resort in New York receive \$17,500 per year and the judges of general sessions \$12,000. Compared with England the contrast is even more striking and significant. The lord chief justice has a salary of \$40,000, and each of the judges at nisi prius a salary of \$25,000. These considerations have exercised a growing influence upon public sentiment, and the views of the legal profession in behalf of the more adequate compensation of Federal judges have been voiced by the American Bar Association and like organizations in several of the States and larger cities of the Union.

To this I may add that the present salaries of the Chief Justice and associate justices of the Supreme Court were fixed by the act of March 3, 1873, since which date the earning capacity of the legal profession has increased greatly, as has that of other professions and businesses.

I concur with the commission in saying that the salaries of the United States judges should be increased, but I make no recommendation as to the amount of the increase. At the first session of the Fifty-sixth Congress a bill was introduced in the Senate (S. 3450) "to fix the salaries of certain judges of the United States," which was reported to the Senate March 26, 1900, with amendments and an accompanying table showing the salaries paid United States judges, to State judges in certain of the States, to judges of the English courts, and to certain executive officers under the United States Government. I consider it essential to the preservation of the high standard of the judiciary of the United States that this question of the salaries of the judges should receive particular and careful attention on the part of Congress.

## SPANISH TREATY CLAIMS.

The commission provided for by the act of March 2, 1901, to carry into effect the stipulations of Article VII of the treaty between the United States and Spain, concluded December 10, 1898, and authorized — to receive, examine, and adjudicate all claims of citizens of the United

States against Spain in accordance with this treaty, organized at the Department of Justice April 8, 1901, on which date the first claim was filed. Between April 8 and October 8, 1901 (the limit of time for filing claims), 494 claims were filed, aggregating \$60,158,878. The act authorizes the commission to receive claims within six months after the termination of the first period, if the claimants shall establish to their satisfaction good reasons for not presenting the same earlier; and it seems probable that additional claims will be presented during the current six months.

The appropriation carried by the act covers both the expenses of the commission and of the defense of claims before it, and is manifestly too small for the first of these were the latter taken away. I recommend that Congress make such appropriation in the deficiency and regular acts as will be adequate for the expenses of the commission itself for the remainder of this fiscal year and for the fiscal year 1903, and that a separate appropriation be made to cover the expense of the defense of these claims before the commission, and the salary of the Assistant Attorney-General, assistant attorneys, and other necessary force, and at the proper time will present a deficiency estimate for the present fiscal year and an estimate for the regular appropriation for 1903.

As, in order to insure an effective defense of these claims, it may be necessary to make preliminary investigations and to take testimony, not only in widely separated localities in the United States, but also in Spain and Cuba, I call attention to the desirability of legislation defining the methods by which additional testimony concerning claims before the commission may be taken, in view of the requirement of the act that the commissioners to take testimony shall be citizens of the United States, and the provision that every witness swearing falsely shall be punishable under the laws of the United States. I think Congress should act in this matter without delay, so that there shall be no ambiguity as to the evidence which may be taken, received, and considered, and by whom and how it may be taken.

#### REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF PORTO RICO.

Under the provisions of section 21 of the act approved April 12, 1900, "An act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," I have transmitted to Congress the report of the attorney-general of Porto Rico, and have also included it in this report as Exhibit V.

#### REPORT OF THE COMMISSION TO COMPILE AND REVISE THE LAWS OF PORTO RICO.

Section 40 of the act cited above provided for the appointment by the President of a commission to compile and revise the laws of Porto

Rico, also the various codes of procedure and systems of municipal government now in force, and to frame and report such legislation as may be necessary to make a simple, harmonious, and economical government, and to provide for other matters, the commission being directed to make full and final report, in both the English and Spanish languages, to the Congress on or before one year after the passage of the act. Section 41 provided that the act should take effect and be in force from and after the first day of May, 1900. It was approved April 12, 1900. Congress adjourned March 3, 1901, before the expiration of the year within which the commission was directed to report. The report of the commission was completed April 12, 1901, during the recess of Congress. After consultation with the commission it seemed advisable, in view of the length of time which would necessarily be consumed in a careful revision of the English and Spanish texts of the report (the commission having been directed to report in both languages), that it should be put in printed form before presentation to Congress. This has been done and the report forwarded in that shape.

#### INSULAR AND TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS.

I desire to call attention to the estimate sent to the Treasury for a bureau or division of the Department to have charge of insular and other territorial affairs. The sum asked for is small, in view of the extent and importance of the business relating to our new possessions, which is divided principally between the War Department and this Department, and will continue to be so for an indefinite time. As the share of this Department in such business has been chiefly advisory, its work has largely escaped public attention; but from the beginning of the controversy with Spain, and even from the beginning of the insurrection in Cuba, there has been a great addition to the labors and responsibilities of the Department in connection with the possessions recently belonging to Spain and with the Hawaiian Islands. No less than sixty formal opinions have been furnished by the Attorney-General to the President and heads of Departments concerning questions arising in connection with these countries, in addition to opinions concerning such matters as the organization of the Army and Navy, prizes, etc. The letters, informal opinions, and other items of business attended to have been many times sixty. This business does not decrease, but rather the contrary. Of the sixty opinions, nineteen have been furnished, and several others will be furnished during the current year 1901.

It has been necessary to deal with the doings of people speaking foreign tongues, to interpret foreign laws, and to adjust to our system a multitude of affairs in strange and distant islands. That the work has been accomplished thus far by the present force of the Depart-

ment does not argue that it can wisely and thoroughly be carried on in that way. It was thrust upon the Department as a matter of urgent necessity, and was done because it had to be done and done at once.

It should be done now in a more orderly and deliberate manner, and by persons having little else to attend to, and able to listen to representations and become acquainted with the situation of our insular people, whose happiness and well-being during an indefinite future are affected by it.

The creation of many new judicial districts in the States has been brought about by and has in turn occasioned an increase of legal business in which this Department is concerned. In the old districts everywhere the growth of population and of trade has given rise to a like expansion of legal business. Judging from the past, a constant succession of unforeseen occasions for increased work by the Department will arise and require to be dealt with. And it should not be overlooked that our Territories upon the continent, and particularly the Indian Territory, Oklahoma, and Alaska since the development of gold mines in the Klondike region, have demanded and received in the last few years a vast amount of attention at the hands of this Department. Questions of exceeding difficulty have arisen from the peculiar situation into which the Indian Territory has of late been placed by legislation and agreements, and the wide extent and distance from our coast States of Alaska and its nearness to British possessions have necessitated the dealing with problems of equal difficulty.

The present force of the Department is little larger than it was fifteen years ago, and is fully occupied with work other than that concerning the islands and Territories. While the general correspondence has increased 150 per cent during these years, there has also been an increase in that of the different parts of the Department having separate files, as an example of which the disbursing clerk's office may be cited. For the fiscal year 1894 his disbursements were \$258,007.19; in 1895, in consequence of the act of July 31, 1894, they had risen to \$1,135,578.05; in 1900 they were \$2,501,317.67; in 1901, \$2,638,093.76, and for the present year they will amount to nearly \$3,000,000. The checks issued in 1894 were 664; in 1895, 4,375; in 1901, 10,734. The registers of the Department show that there has been no increase in the force sufficient to make any of it available for the new demands of insular business.

I earnestly urge that the estimate for an insular and territorial bureau be favorably considered.

#### REFORM SCHOOL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The report of the board of trustees of the Reform School of the District of Columbia (Exhibit L) shows that at the beginning of the last fiscal year there were in the school 192 boys; there were received dur-



ing the year 148, a total of 340, as against 309 for the previous year. There were discharged during the year 103, leaving in the school June 30, 1900, 237. In the last report it was shown that the average number of boys in the school, which in the years from 1887 to 1898 had increased from 157 to 236, decreased in 1899 and 1900 to 192, but the trustees thought it probable that the number would increase during 1901, owing to the passage of the act authorizing parole discharges and extending the limit of age for admission to the school to under 17 years instead of under 16 years. The figures given above show that this supposition was well-founded; the act works beneficially. The new assembly hall was completed, and its use is of great benefit to the school. I think that the school should be utilized as far as possible to the limit of its capacity by sending boys to it whenever circumstances seem to warrant such a course rather than the turning over of them to agencies intended more strictly for charitable work, and I agree with what the trustees say as to an additional family building.

#### REFORM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

The work of this institution has been much enlarged by the occupancy of the new building. White girls as well as colored girls of the classes defined by the law are now being received. The number of inmates is accordingly rising, and I have no doubt that the advantages of larger numbers in the way of reduction of per capita cost, and in other particulars of successful management, will soon be apparent. The health of the school continues to be good, and its general condition is progressing satisfactorily.

The trustees find that the buildings, with their completed equipment, are well adapted for their purposes, and report that modern appliances for the proper control and safety of the inmates have been installed.

Recent legislation, among other good results, has now been given to this school, as previously to the Boys' Reform School, the power to apply the modern principle of parole releases, which has been thoroughly tested and justified, especially in juvenile institutions.

I point out to Congress again, with my positive recommendation, the desirability of placing the Girls' Reform School on the same footing with the Boys' Reform School, by amending the organic act of this institution so that the approval required for appointments of officers and employees by the board of trustees shall be that of the Attorney-General rather than that of the Commissioners of this District. The Attorney-General is in immediate contact with the board of trustees and its officers, and he, rather than the District Commissioners, is charged with a certain supervision over and responsibility for this institution.

For further details respecting the school, I call attention to the

annual report of the board of trustees and its subsidiary reports, which will be found in the appendix to this report as Exhibit M.

#### LIBRARY.

The librarian calls attention (Exhibit I) to the fact that the library is deficient in legal periodicals, which form a very important part of a law library, and that he is unable to purchase them to any extent out of the current appropriation.

Each year the Attorney-General is obliged to ask for a deficiency appropriation for the purchase of law books. The amounts requested have always been granted, but I suggest that it would be better to appropriate the amount needed at one time. For the last two years the annual deficiency for this purpose has been \$500, making a total of \$2,250 for law books and \$500 for session laws and statutes. I recommend that these amounts as given be appropriated, and that an annual appropriation of \$250 be made for legal periodicals for the library.

#### EXHIBITS ACCOMPANYING THIS REPORT.

Exhibit 1 is a tabular statement showing the number of cases, civil and criminal, before the United States circuit courts of appeals during the fiscal year 1901, with the number disposed of.

Exhibit 2 is a report of the Assistant Attorney-General in charge of the business of the Government in the Court of Claims.

Exhibit 3 is a report of the Assistant Attorney-General in charge of Indian depredation claims.

Exhibit 4 is a report of the Assistant Attorney-General in charge of the business of the Government before the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission.

Exhibit 5 is a report of the United States attorney for the Court of Private Land Claims.

Exhibit A is a statement of the civil suits to which the United States is a party, terminated in the circuit and district courts of the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, and of such suits pending in said courts July 1, 1901, as reported by the district attorneys.

In 1,050 of the 1,873 civil suits terminated during the last fiscal year judgments were for the United States; in 343 against the United States, and 480 were either dismissed or discontinued; 73 were appealed to the circuit court or to the circuit court of appeals, and 20 to the Supreme Court.

Many of the civil suits reported dismissed or discontinued were settled by authority of the Treasury Department and discontinued under its direction. There were pending July 1, 1901, 4,828 civil suits to which the United States was a party.

Exhibit B is a statement of the criminal prosecutions terminated in the circuit and district courts of the United States during the last fiscal year and of such prosecutions pending July 1, 1901.

Of the 16,837 criminal prosecutions terminated during the last year 201 were prosecutions under the customs laws, in which there were 138 convictions, 10 acquittals, and 53 were entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 5,265 under the internal-revenue laws, in which there were 3,099 convictions, 631 acquittals, and 1,535 were entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 1,269 under post-office laws, in which there were 841 convictions, 85 acquittals, and 343 entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 67 under naturalization acts, in which there were 51 convictions, 5 acquittals, and 11 entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 1,119 under the intercourse laws, in which there were 774 convictions, 47 acquittals, and 298 entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 288 under the pension laws, in which there were 153 convictions, 25 acquittals, and 110 entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 58 for embezzlement, in which there were 31 convictions, 9 acquittals, and 18 entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed; 8,570 miscellaneous prosecutions, in which there were 5,282 convictions, 883 acquittals, and 2,405 entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed.

In many of the prosecutions under the internal-revenue laws entered nolle prosequi, discontinued, or quashed a compromise and settlement were made in the Internal-Revenue Bureau of the Treasury Department.

Of the 9,944 criminal prosecutions pending July 1, 1901, 119 were for violations of customs laws, 3,673 for violation of internal-revenue laws, 629 for violation of post-office laws, 22 under the election laws, 65 under naturalization laws, 1,106 under the intercourse laws, 182 under pension laws, 143 for embezzlement, and 4,005 miscellaneous prosecutions.

Exhibit C shows the amount arising and realized from civil suits to which the United States was a party, and from criminal prosecutions in the circuit and district courts of the United States during the last fiscal year.

The aggregate amount of the judgments rendered in favor of the United States in civil suits during the last year was \$530,469.08, and the amount actually collected on these judgments was \$110,845.92, while \$19,243.73 was obtained during the year on judgments rendered in former years for the United States, and \$17,118.42 was otherwise realized in civil suits.

The aggregate amount of fines, forfeitures, and penalties imposed during the year in criminal prosecutions was \$1,466,555.72, and the amount of these fines, forfeitures, and penalties collected during the year was \$141,167.55, while \$7,512.41 was realized on fines, forfeitures, and penalties imposed in former years.

Exhibit D is a statement of civil suits to which the United States was not a party, commenced and terminated in the circuit and district courts of the United States during the last fiscal year; and of such suits pending July 1, 1901, 11,400 were commenced during the year, and of which 2,051 were cases in admiralty and 9,349 were other miscellaneous suits.

Judgment for plaintiffs in these cases were as follows: Six hundred and sixty-nine in admiralty, amounting to \$800,794.43, and 4,059 in other suits, amounting to \$59,712,264.28.

Judgments for defendants were 89 in admiralty, amounting to \$7,450.48, and 893 in other suits, amounting to \$1,859,999.58; 766 in admiralty were either dismissed or discontinued, as were also 4,915 other suits; 39,693 civil suits, to which the United States was not a party, were pending in the district and circuit courts of the United States July 1, 1901, viz, 4,874 in admiralty and 34,819 other miscellaneous suits.

Exhibit E is a general statement of all appropriations placed under the Department of Justice which were available, and those from which payments were made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Exhibit F 1 is a statement of the court expenses incurred in the fiscal year 1899 and paid in the fiscal year 1901.

Exhibit F 2 is a statement of the court expenses incurred in the fiscal year 1900 and paid in the fiscal year 1901.

Exhibit F 3 is a statement of the court expenses incurred and paid in the fiscal year 1901, viz:

To United States marshal .....	\$1, 175, 551. 89
To attorneys and assistants .....	559, 533. 42
To special assistant attorneys .....	38, 703. 88
To clerks .....	152, 670. 21
To jurors .....	677, 127. 80
To witnesses .....	885, 932. 50
To commissioners .....	90, 149. 50
To prisoners .....	655, 402. 35
To rent .....	76, 671. 19
To bailiffs .....	165, 860. 75
To miscellaneous expenses .....	262, 929. 28
Total .....	4, 740, 532. 77

Exhibit F 4 is a statement showing items, amounts, cause of expenditure, and persons paid from the appropriation for contingent expenses, Department of Justice, including the appropriations for furniture and repairs, books for Department library, books for office of the Solicitor, stationery, official transportation, and miscellaneous items.

Exhibit G shows the number of special assistant attorneys and the compensation paid each, as required by sections 195 and 385, Revised Statutes.

Exhibit H is the report of the Solicitor of the Treasury, showing

the amount, character, and results of the litigation under his direction for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Exhibit I is the report of the librarian of the Department.

Exhibit J is a detailed statement giving names of the institutions where United States prisoners are confined, their location, and the number of convicts in each.

Exhibit K is the report of the warden of the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.

Exhibit L is the annual report of the president of the board of trustees of the Reform School of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Exhibit M is the report of the president of the board of trustees of the Girls' Reform School of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Exhibit N is the annual report of the warden of the United States jail in the District of Columbia.

Exhibit O is a report of the Architect of the Capitol upon the improvements and repairs to the court-house, District of Columbia, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Exhibit P is a report of the attorney in charge of pardons, Department of Justice, showing the names of the prisoners convicted in the United States courts who were pardoned during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, the districts in which they were tried, the term of court at which they were convicted, their offenses, sentences, dates of pardon, and the principal reasons for recommending Executive clemency.

Exhibit Q is a report of the special attorney in charge of matters relating to the Mission Indians.

Exhibit R is a statement showing by districts the annual salaries of United States district attorneys, their assistants and clerks, and the expenses claimed and approved by this Department for the fiscal year 1901.

Exhibit S is a statement showing, by districts, the salaries paid to United States marshals, their deputies and clerks, their expenses of travel and subsistence, as claimed and approved, and the fees earned and compensation payable out of said fees, as claimed and as approved, together with amounts paid to clerks of United States courts for deposit for the fiscal year 1901.

Exhibit T is a statement showing emoluments and office expenses of clerks of the United States courts, as indicated by their emolument returns, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Exhibit U is a report on bankruptcy matters.

Exhibit V is the report of the attorney-general of Porto Rico.

Exhibit W is a summary of the laws of the States as to commutation of sentence.

The exhibits are a part of this report.

P. C. KNOX,  
*Attorney-General.*

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## EXHIBITS.

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**EXHIBIT 1.**—*Statement of cases docketed, disposed of, and pending in the United States circuit courts of appeals and court of appeals of the District of Columbia.*

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

Circuit.	Pending July 1, 1900.			Docketed July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.			Disposed of, fiscal year 1901.			Pending July 1, 1901.			Cases marked pending, argued, and awaiting decision.	Cases marked disposed of appealed to the United States Supreme Court.
	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.		
First .....	35	4	39	45	1	46	41	5	46	39	...	39	19	1
Second .....	102	1	103	156	6	162	160	3	163	98	4	102	11	12
Third .....	16	...	16	61	4	65	55	3	58	22	1	23	2	6
Fourth .....	25	2	27	40	2	42	39	4	43	26	...	26	18	1
Fifth .....	84	4	88	111	3	114	120	5	125	75	2	77	20	2
Sixth .....	99	4	103	103	5	108	132	3	135	70	6	76	23	2
Seventh .....	83	...	83	93	2	95	114	1	115	62	1	63	21	1
Eighth .....	104	6	110	163	5	168	158	7	165	109	4	113	64	21
Ninth .....	36	2	38	95	6	101	80	7	87	51	1	52	19	...
Total .....	584	23	607	867	34	901	899	38	937	552	19	571	197	46

COURT OF APPEALS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

	Pending July 1, 1900.			Docketed July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.			Disposed of, fiscal year 1901.			Pending July 1, 1900.			Cases marked pending, argued, and awaiting decisions.	Cases marked disposed of appealed to the United States Supreme Court.
	Patent appeals.	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.	Patent appeals.	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.	Patent appeals.	Civil.	Criminal.	Total.		
Total .....	9	24	2	35	24	93	12	129	28	92	8	128	5	16

**EXHIBIT 2.**—*Report of the Assistant Attorney-General in charge of the business of the Department of Justice in the Court of Claims.*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
Washington, D. C., November 1, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the year ending October 31, 1901, of business pertaining to matters within my official charge:

BUSINESS OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

GENERAL JURISDICTION CASES.

Since my last report there have been filed 253 cases, claiming, as far as can be ascertained from the petitions, about \$5,071,023.80.



The total number of cases now pending, exclusive of those known as "letter-carrier cases," to which reference is hereinafter made, is 3,124. The amount involved is very large, but can not be stated even approximately on account of the indefiniteness of many of the petitions filed.

During the year 158 cases (exclusive of letter-carrier cases) were disposed of, the amount claimed being \$2,570,623.29. In 33 cases, claiming \$1,745,265, judgments of dismissal were secured. In 125 cases, claiming \$825,358.28, judgments were for claimants for \$263,899.85.

In the above statement the number of cases disposed of is given merely by the docket numbers. In the cases for overtime service as substitute letter carriers, however, a number of individual claims were embraced under two docket numbers, and therefore appeared as but two cases while in fact they represented 122.

Number of cases disposed of (exclusive of "letter-carrier cases")	158
Amount claimed in them	\$2, 570, 623. 29
For defendants, 33 cases, claiming	\$1, 745, 265. 00
For claimants, 125 cases, claiming	\$825, 358. 29
Amount recovered by claimants therein	\$263, 899. 85

In addition to the above, the court has rendered decisions in the following "Indian claim" cases, viz: In the case of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations *v.* The United States and the Wichita and Affiliated Bands of Indians, No. 18932, for the value of the Wichita Reservation, judgment was rendered in favor of the defendant, the former judgment in favor of the claimants having been reversed on appeal. This decision was followed in the case of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations of Indians *v.* The United States, No. 21987, for the value of the Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache Reservation, where judgment was rendered in favor of the defendant. The former case also established the title of the United States to the tract of land commonly known as "Greer County."

In the case of Phineas Pam to pee (and 362 other Indians) *v.* The United States, No. 21300, claiming certain annuities, judgment was rendered in favor of the United States.

In the case of the Potawatomie Indians *v.* The United States, No. 17402, judgment was rendered in favor of the United States.

Judgment was also rendered in one case in favor of the defendant on its counterclaim for \$2,470.32.

#### CONGRESSIONAL CASES.

Under the acts of March 3, 1883 (chap. 116, 1 Supp. Rev. Stats., 403), and March 3, 1887 (chap. 359, 1 Supp. Rev. Stats., 559), authorizing the reference to the Court of Claims of certain cases pending before Congress, or any of its committees, for an advisory finding of facts, there have been transmitted to the court since my last report 141 cases, claiming upward of \$5,616,598.19.

The total number of cases so transmitted to date is 10,444, of which there are now pending 4,681 cases.

*Number disposed of.*—During the year 2,220 cases were acted on by the court, and have been or will be reported to Congress. The amount claimed in 1,710 cases is \$8,196,035.10, and in the remaining 510 cases, no petitions having been filed, the amount claimed can not be stated. Of the total number so acted on by the court, 69 cases, claiming \$413,447.50, were dismissed because claimants, or those they represented, were disloyal or for other causes; 1,535 cases, claiming

\$5,452,772.59, and 510 cases without amounts were dismissed for non-prosecution. In 6 cases, claiming \$17,836.50, findings on the merits favorable to the United States were filed by the court, and in 100 cases, claiming \$2,311,978.51, findings favorable to the claimants were filed for \$499,058.69.

Whole number of cases disposed of.....	2, 220
Amount claimed in 1,710 of them (no amounts being stated in 510 cases) .....	\$8, 196, 035. 10
Number of cases dismissed .....	2, 114
Amount claimed in 1,604 of them (no amounts being stated in 510 cases) .....	\$5, 866, 220. 09
Number of cases favorable to defendants on merits .....	6
Amount claimed in them .....	\$17, 836. 50
Number of cases favorable to claimants .....	100
Amount claimed in them .....	\$2, 311, 978. 51
Amount awarded in them .....	\$499, 058. 69

## DEPARTMENTAL CASES.

Under the act of March 3, 1883 (chap. 116, 1 Supp. Rev. Stats., 403), there have been referred by the Executive Departments to date 68 cases in which the court is asked to pass upon certain disputed questions of law or of fact.

During the year two cases referred by the Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, respectively, have been disposed of, in one a finding and opinion being filed by the court and certified to the Secretary of the Treasury and the other being remanded back to the State Department.

There are now 20 of these cases pending.

Of the 6 State claims for reimbursement of interest paid on money borrowed and expended in raising and equipping troops for the national defense during the civil war, three—those of Maine, New Hampshire, and Pennsylvania—have recently been determined by the Court of Claims. The court finds, for the guidance of the Treasury Department, from which the claims were referred for an advisory report, that these claims are not barred by laches and that that Department has jurisdiction to audit them upon the authority of the decision in *New York v. The United States* (31 C. Cls. R., 276), as affirmed in 160 U. S., 598. The method of computation contended for on behalf of the United States was adopted by the court, with the result that the aggregate of the three claims passed upon was reduced from \$2,860,000 to \$950,000 in round numbers. The determination of these cases is of especial importance, as upon it will undoubtedly depend the disposition of similar claims of from 15 to 20 States which have been or are about to be filed with the Auditor for the War Department, aggregating many millions of dollars.

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CASES.

The status of these cases remains practically unchanged from that set forth in my report of last year. One case, which was argued and submitted to the Supreme Court, was decided against the contention of the Government, but in this case a motion for a rehearing has been filed. Upon the final decision in that case will more or less depend the disposal of the cases now pending in the Court of Claims.

## FRENCH SPOILIATIONS.

The following statement shows the present status of the cases filed in the Court of Claims under the French spoliation act of January 20, 1885:

Total number of vessels on which claims have been filed .....	2,399	
Total number of principal cases (intervening or subordinate claims not being treated as separate cases in this report) .....	5,569	
Cases dismissed by claimants .....	244	
Cases passed upon by the court prior to November 1, 1900 .....	781	
Cases passed upon by the court since November 1, 1900 .....	212	
		993
Cases dismissed by the court prior to November 1, 1900 .....	99	
Cases dismissed by the court since November 1, 1900 .....	91	
		190
Cases remanded or pending on motion prior to November 1, 1900 .....	62	
Cases remanded or pending on motion November 1, 1900, and since decided by the court .....	38	
		24
Cases remanded or in which motions for new trial have been made since November 1, 1900 .....	13	
		37
Cases in which the court had filed findings for claimants prior to November 1, 1900 .....	620	
Cases in which the court has filed findings for claimants since November 1, 1900 .....	146	
		766
		993
Amount of findings for claimants prior to November 1, 1900 .....	\$3,899,245.75	
Amount of findings for claimants since November 1, 1900 .....	461,856.34	
Total amount of findings for claimants .....		\$4,361,102.09
Cases found for claimants certified to Congress prior to November 1, 1900 .....	575	
Cases found for claimants certified to Congress since November 1, 1900 .....	68	
Total number of cases certified to Congress .....		643
Cases found for claimant not certified to Congress prior to November 1, 1900 .....	45	
Of these there have been since certified .....	11	
		34
Cases found for claimant since November 1, 1900, but not certified to Congress .....	89	
		123
		766
Amount in cases not certified to Congress November 1, 1900 .....	\$338,067.42	
Of this amount there has been certified since November 1, 1900 .....	122,848.76	
		215,218.66
Amount in cases passed upon by the court since November 1, 1900, and not certified to Congress .....	331,375.75	
Amount in cases not certified to Congress November 1, 1901 .....		\$546,594.41

Motions for new trial pending November 1, 1900, affected .....	\$323, 849. 94	
Cases in which motions then pending are now decided .....	96, 826. 41	
	<hr/>	227, 023. 53
Amount in cases wherein motions for new trials have been made since November 1, 1900.....	100, 774. 14	
Motions for new trials pending November 1, 1901, affected .....		\$327, 797. 67
Cases appropriated for by Congress .....		364
Amount appropriated:		
Act of 1891 .....	\$1, 304, 095. 37	
Act of 1899 .....	1, 091, 902. 27	
	<hr/>	\$2, 395, 997. 64
Cases found for claimants pending in Congress, not appropriated prior to November 1, 1900.....		201
Cases certified since November 1, 1900 .....		68
		<hr/>
Cases pending in Congress, not appropriated, November 1, 1900.....		269
Amount of cases pending in Congress not appropriated prior to November 1, 1900.....	\$1, 170, 507. 69	
Amount of cases certified since November 1, 1900.....	253, 329. 35	
	<hr/>	
Amount of cases pending in Congress not appropriated November 1, 1901.....		\$1, 423, 837. 04
Number of vessels the cases on which are in the hands of the court ..		47
Number of vessels as to which both parties are ready for trial .....		112

The proviso of the act of March 2, 1891, appropriating for the payment of some of these claims, requiring the Court of Claims, as a condition precedent to the payment of any of those in the act, to certify that the present claimant represents the next of kin of an original sufferer by the spoliations, was repeated in the appropriation act of March 3, 1899, which provided for the payment of another list of the claims, and the following proviso was added:

That any French spoliation claim appropriated for in this act shall not be paid if held by assignment or owned by any insurance company.

This proviso, if intended to prevent the payment of all insurance claims, fails of its object, because insurance at that time was oftener done by individuals underwriting in a broker's office than by insurance companies, the business being otherwise identical in character.

The 51 cases now in the hands of the court, most of them submitted since November 1 last, involve many important questions, which were fully argued. Since that time a number of opinions have been delivered affecting classes of cases.

While new questions will necessarily arise before the final disposition of these ancient claims, the principal questions, having relation to a greater or less extent to the claims in general, have already been raised and largely decided. So that upon a determination of the questions now before the court, the future preparation of the defense of these cases will be much more largely than heretofore a matter of detail and investigation of the facts involved.

#### SUITS PENDING AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT IN THE CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Suits under this jurisdiction are brought pursuant to the provisions of the act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States" (1 Supp. Rev. Stats., 559).

During the year ending October 31, 1901, 12 suits were brought in the circuit and district courts throughout the United States, the amount involved therein being \$51,237.89. The amount of this litigation is considerably less than in previous years, by virtue of the acts of June 27, 1898, and July 1, 1898, which took away the jurisdiction of the circuit and district courts over suits for fees or salaries of Government officers.

The matters involved in the various suits brought during the year may be tabulated as follows:

Labor and material on public works .....	3
Suits arising under customs' laws, etc .....	3
Refund of duties on exports and imports to Porto Rico, etc.....	2
Diversion of water supply .....	2
Miscellaneous .....	2

During the year, 18 suits brought under this jurisdiction were decided in the circuit and district courts, judgments of dismissal being obtained in 8 cases, and the remainder resulting in favor of the claimants. In the circuit courts of appeals 2 appeals taken on behalf of the Government were decided in favor of the plaintiff. In the Supreme Court the judgment in 1 case was docketed and by stipulation dismissed.

Since this jurisdiction was created 1,409 suits have been brought against the United States, of which 133 are pending in the circuit and district courts. Appeals have been directed to be taken to the circuit court of appeals in 2 cases and in 2 to the Supreme Court of the United States.

In addition to the foregoing, by a special act of Congress, jurisdiction was given to the district court of the eastern district of New York to consider the claim of the Brooklyn Ferryboat Company for damages resulting from a collision with the U. S. S. Dolphin.

#### SPECIAL CASES UNDER THE ACT OF AUGUST 15, 1894, AS AMENDED FEBRUARY 6, 1901.

The act of August 15, 1894 (chap. 290, par. 5, 2 Supp. Rev. Stats., 246), gave the circuit courts of the United States jurisdiction to try and determine any action, suit, or proceeding arising within their respective territories, involving the right of any person, in whole or in part of Indian blood or descent, to any allotment of land under any law or treaty. This act was extended by the act of February 6, 1901 (31 Stat. L., 760). Under this jurisdiction 3 suits were brought during the past year and 24 suits in the several years previous, making in all 27 suits now pending.

#### SUITS ARISING OUT OF RIVER AND HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

The test case involving the right to recover compensation for alleged damages to riparian rights by reason of river and harbor improvements has recently been decided adversely to the contention of the Government by the United States court in South Carolina, and an appeal has been taken therefrom to the Supreme Court of the United States. The question involving as it does injuries more or less consequential to property rights of individuals bordering on waters affected by public improvements, an adverse decision by the Supreme Court would be far-reaching and likely to involve the Government in extensive litigation, which is already foreshadowed by a number of suits of this character instituted in the circuit and district courts of the United States, as well as in the Court of Claims.

## APPEALS IN THE SUPREME COURT.

During the last term of the Supreme Court 12 appeals from judgments of the Court of Claims were determined. Of these 8 were decided in favor of the United States, 3 against it, and 1 case was docketed and dismissed.

Of the cases decided 3 were appeals taken by the United States, in 2 of which the decision was in its favor and in 1 in favor of the claimant. There are now pending in the Supreme Court 10 cases appealed from decisions of the Court of Claims.

## CLASS CASES.

## PORTO RICAN CASES.

There are now pending in the Court of Claims 52 cases based upon the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of *Dooley v. The United States* and *Armstrong v. The United States* (182 U. S., 222, 243), the latter being an appeal from the decision of the Court of Claims rendered under its general jurisdiction and the former from the circuit court of the United States under the act giving the Federal courts jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Court of Claims in certain cases. It was held in these cases that as the right to exact duties upon importations from Porto Rico to the United States ceased with the ratification of the treaty of peace, the correlative right to exact duties upon imports from the United States to Porto Rico also ceased at the same time. As a consequence suits are now being instituted to recover the amount of duties exacted and paid under protest upon goods, wares, and merchandise of the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States shipped to Porto Rico between August 12, 1898, and December 5, 1899.

## LETTER-CARRIER CASES.

These suits are brought by letter carriers to recover compensation for time claimed to have been worked in excess of eight hours a day, pursuant to the act of May 24, 1898 (1 Supp. Rev. Stats., 587). The examination of these cases by the commissioner of the court has been practically completed, there having been only about a dozen isolated cases filed during the year which have not been finally disposed of. Since my last report a decision has been rendered in the case of the San Francisco letter carriers, which has been the subject of litigation for several years, judgments being entered in the same for the total sum of \$84,495.69.

The judgments entered during the year in this class of cases amount to \$103,958.71, there being 444 individual cases from 31 cities.

Up to the present time 8,820 cases, embracing 19,367 individual claimants, have been filed and disposed of. The amount claimed in the petitions is \$8,177,409.92, while the judgments rendered in favor of the claimants amount to \$3,401,464.81, or about 41½ per cent.

## POST-OFFICE CLERKS' CASES.

These cases are brought to recover the difference of salary between that actually paid and the minimum sum allowed by virtue of the act of March 3, 1889 (1 Supp. Rev. Stats., 680). The total number of individual cases still pending is 205, from 18 cities. In most of these cases points of law are involved, upon the decision of which depends the right to recover. It is not expected that many more cases will be

filed, even if the decision on these points of law is adverse to the Government. No judgments have been entered in these cases since my last report. Some of the pending cases require a reexamination by the auditor of the court at the post-offices where they originated.

#### ALCOHOL CASES.

No new suits based on claims of rebate of tax on alcohol have been filed during the past year, so that the total number of these cases now pending remains at 1,483, the amount claimed being \$7,734,000 in round numbers. Nothing stands in the way of the dismissal of this large number of very important cases on the authority of the decision of the Supreme Court in *Dunlap v. The United States* (173 U. S., 65), except the pendency in the Supreme Court of the case of the *American Aristotype Company v. The United States*, in which the questions involved are to all intents and purposes the same as those in the *Dunlap* case, so that the argument of the same will practically amount to a rehearing in the *Dunlap* case.

#### NAVAL-BOUNTY CASES.

Various minor questions relating to these claims, which arose after the determination of the main question, determined in the case of *Dewey v. The United States* (177 U. S., 510), on May 28, 1900, were decided by the court during the early part of the past year, so that prior to the adjournment of the court in June last all of these claims were ready for computation and payment. And as Congress at its last session adopted a suggestion which I had the honor to make in my last report, which was indorsed by this Department and the Treasury Department, by making a lump appropriation for payment of the full amount of these claims, the matter of the computation and distribution of the individual claims has been left to the Auditor for the Navy Department, thus, so far as the Court of Claims and this Department are concerned, disposing of about 4,000 claims of this character.

#### READJUSTMENT OF SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS.

During the past year the Court of Claims rendered judgment for claimant in the case of *William Ewing v. The United States* upon his claim for readjustment of his salary as postmaster during the period from July 1, 1866, to July 1, 1874. This case involved the construction of chapter 119, Laws of 1883, relating to the readjustment of salaries of postmasters, and is a test case, upon the final determination of which depends the decision of a very large number of similar claims, aggregating several million dollars. This case is now pending on appeal in the Supreme Court, and the hearing of the same having been advanced by that court it is expected that it will be argued early in November of this year.

#### CLAIMS OF OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY FOR PAY, MILEAGE, ETC.

There are now pending in the Court of Claims a large number of suits upon claims for increased pay under the "remuster" act of February 24, 1897, and the naval personnel act of March 3, 1899; also for increase of pay and for mileage and other allowances arising out of service in the war with Spain. A number of test cases are in various stages of preparation, which, when decided, will determine all of the

various claims. One of these, the case of Admiral Frederick Rodgers *v. The United States*, was decided by the court adversely to the claimant, and is now pending on appeal in the Supreme Court.

## LAND-ENTRY CASES.

An important class of cases now before the Court of Claims arises out of claims for repayment of the purchase money of land entries which have subsequently been canceled. The question involved in one branch of these cases was determined by the Supreme Court in favor of the defense on appeal by the Government from the decision of the Court of Claims in the case of Edmonston (181 U. S., 500). Since this decision a motion has been made in the Court of Claims to dismiss a considerable number of these cases upon the authority of the Edmonston case, which motion is still pending. Another important question in this line of cases was raised in the test case of Hoffeld *v. The United States*, which was decided in favor of the Government. This case is now pending on appeal of the claimant in the Supreme Court. Its final determination will dispose of a number of similar cases pending in the Court of Claims, and also govern the future action of the Interior Department upon a very large number of similar claims which are either already before that Department or are likely to be hereafter presented.

## NIGHT INSPECTOR CASES.

In addition to the general class of these cases, all of which were dismissed under the decision of the Supreme Court in *United States v. Garlinger* (169 U. S., 316), there have been brought during the past year 94 suits of night inspectors from the port of Philadelphia, involving new questions of law based upon new conditions of fact. These cases have been briefed upon both sides, and are ready for presentation to the court.

## GENERAL REMARKS.

I desire to again call attention to the very large number of Congressional cases that have been dismissed for nonprosecution by the Court of Claims during the past year. This gratifying action of the court has resulted in clearing its dockets of much deadwood, and is to the distinct advantage of all concerned. There are still a large number of these cases pending, and as to those in which the claimants manifest a genuine intention to prosecute their claims, it is the policy of the defense to bring the same to a hearing with all possible dispatch, the claims being in the main of long standing, having originated during the civil war. They are treated also with like consideration by the court, and there seems to be now a good prospect of the final disposition of this flood of war claims which has so long overwhelmed the court and this branch of the Department. But in this connection, it seems fitting to point out that the burden of these Congressional cases has been from year to year increased by what seems to be the ill-considered action of Congress in re-referring to the Court of Claims under the Tucker Act cases which have heretofore been determined or dismissed by the court for want of loyalty on the part of claimant or on other grounds.

Very respectfully,

LOUIS A. PRADT,  
*Assistant Attorney-General.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL.



EXHIBIT 3.—*Report of the Assistant Attorney-General in charge of Indian depredation cases.*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
Washington, D. C., November 1, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith my annual report of the business of the Department relating to the defense of Indian depredation claims.

The following statement shows the progress made in the disposition of such cases during the year ending October 31, 1901, as well as the total number of cases disposed of since the passage of the act conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims.

Total number of cases filed .....	10,841
Amount claimed .....	\$43,515,867.06
Cases reduced to judgment .....	3,932
Amount claimed .....	\$16,342,063.75
Judgments in favor of claimants .....	1,857
Amount claimed .....	\$7,663,503.06
Amount of judgments in favor of claimants .....	\$3,349,607.61
Judgments in favor of defendants .....	2,075
Amount claimed .....	\$8,678,560.69
Judgments for claimants from November 1, 1900, to November 1, 1901 .....	255
Amount claimed .....	\$1,429,771.80
Amount of judgments for claimants .....	\$426,020.50
Judgments for defendants from November 1, 1900, to November 1, 1901 .....	903
Amount claimed .....	\$3,138,150.46

The figures given above show a diminution in the number of cases in which judgment has been rendered in favor of the claimants during the year, as well as in the amount of such judgments, as compared with the preceding year, although showing, at the same time, a considerable increase over the average of the preceding nine years of litigation. It is believed that the total of such judgments will not hereafter exceed in any one year the amounts here given, as the successful efforts made during recent years to bring the work up to date have accomplished the adjudication of a large number of claims, which, because of their greater intrinsic merit, their size or susceptibility of proof, were being urged to trial by their counsel.

From the large increase in the number of cases dismissed, it is apparent that, as stated in some of my former reports, the actual progress hitherto made toward a settlement and final disposition of the claims is not correctly represented by the figures showing the total number of cases acted upon. The table shows a total of 10,841 cases filed, of which only 3,932 have been finally decided. The work of establishing precedents in questions of general application, of fixing the interpretation of the jurisdictional statute and of the preceding statutes and treaties which have never had judicial construction, and of determining the legal status of the various Indian tribes during the periods covered by the claims, as well as the policy of giving primary consideration to meritorious claims which were pressing for trial, has necessarily postponed action upon doubtful or abandoned cases and those subject to dismissal under the general principles established by earlier decisions. This work has now been completed to a degree which will make it possible, while still keeping abreast of current work and giving the claimants immediate hearing when they are ready for trial, to press to judgment those cases wherein the defense is practically assured. While it is yet too early to say that the end of the work

is in sight, and while the number and aggregate amount of good cases is still large, it may be expected that progress in future, as measured by the number of cases acted upon, will be considerably more rapid and more favorable to the defendants than in the past.

During the past year a beginning has been made in the work of securing the final disposition of claims which have not heretofore been acted upon but which were adversely affected by decisions of the court in similar cases; and also in securing the dismissal of some of the numerous suits which were filed shortly after the passage of the act of March 3, 1891, but which have never been prosecuted to a final hearing. This effort accounts in part for the largely increased number and amount of judgments for the defendants—more than 900 cases having been finally decided against the claimants since my last report, as compared with 144 for the preceding year, 306 for 1899, and an average of 103 for the seven years preceding that, beginning with 1892.

It may not be amiss to refer here to the arduous labor which the consideration of these cases imposes on the Court of Claims, the extent of which can be appreciated only by those who have participated in the work. The belief has been entertained in some quarters that the adjudication of these Indian depredation claims is largely a matter of investigating the facts of the cases and computing the damages suffered by the claimants. This is a very erroneous opinion. On the contrary, the various laws, beginning in 1796, and treaties with Indian tribes, some of them dating even earlier, have given rise in their interpretation and in their application to the changing conditions throughout the period of time covered by the numerous statutes and treaties ending with the act of March 3, 1891, to many difficult and interesting questions of law. To quote from the language of the opinion in *Duran's* case (31 C. Cls. R., 353):

The statutory provisions relating to these Indian depredation cases are complex, and unite as many different and diverse and conflicting interests and questions in one suit as were probably ever brought together in an action at law.

The work of the court has been made more difficult by reason of the fact that such questions have in great part been new questions, in the solution of which little help was to be derived from precedent, necessitating recourse to the principles of municipal and international law and the application of them in original cases. In this manner a considerable body of decisions has grown out of the litigation over these claims; and it is worthy of note that, although in many cases the arguments were so nicely balanced that appeals were taken from the judgment of the Court of Claims to the Supreme Court, that tribunal has not yet in a single instance found it necessary to reverse the well-considered decision of the Court of Claims, a significant testimonial to the fairness as well as the judicial learning and acumen which governed the original decisions.

In addition to the labor involved in such research, the examination of the evidence in so many cases, complicated in the majority of cases by the destruction and conflict of testimony resulting from the great lapse of time since the occurrence of the depredations, is by no means inconsiderable. And it is further to be considered that this work has been undertaken and accomplished by the Court of Claims in addition to that growing out of other classes of cases within their jurisdiction.

During the year three cases have been heard on appeal in the Supreme Court, the decision in each instance being in favor of the Government. The first of these, the case of *Contzen* against the United States and the

Apache Indians, turned on the question of the citizenship of the claimant at the time of the depredation, which is necessary to jurisdiction. The claimant, who was born a subject of Prussia, had come to the Republic of Texas in the summer of 1845, and upon the admission of Texas as a State had assumed that he was thereby naturalized, and had since that time exercised the rights of a citizen. The court held, however, that the collective naturalization effected by the annexation of Texas applied only to those who had become citizens of that Republic previous to the date of annexation; and that the appellant, who had not taken any steps to acquire citizenship in Texas, did not fall within that description. The decision affects a limited number of cases in this jurisdiction.

The next case decided by the Supreme Court was that of Montoya against the United States and the Apache Indians. This involved the question of the status of a band of Indians, the members of which had originally belonged to various tribes, but at the time of the depredation had been for some time united in a hostile band under the leadership of the noted Apache chief Victoria. The court held that the followers of Victoria had severed their allegiance to their respective tribes, and that, as associated, they constituted a "band" within the meaning of the act of March 3, 1891; and that the existence of a state of hostility between such band and the United States precluded the claimant from recovering under the provisions of the statute for a depredation committed by members of the band.

The case of Conners against the United States and the Northern Cheyenne Indians was similar to the Montoya case, the main difference being that in this case the band whose amity was in question was homogeneous in respect to original tribal membership, and the question was whether the separation of the band from the tribe was sufficient to constitute it an independent band within the intent of the law. In this case, as in the others named, the decision was in favor of the contention of the Government. In all three cases the judgment of the Supreme Court was in affirmance of that of the Court of Claims.

The taking of testimony has been prosecuted throughout the year by the field force under my direction. This force is now fully adequate to the demands made upon it, and no unreasonable delay is caused by the inability of the defendants to meet the pressure of requests for taking testimony, as was formerly the case. In many instances difficulty has been experienced by the claimants in procuring the attendance of witnesses, and many cases now on the docket will ultimately be dismissed for want of evidence.

Respectfully,

JOHN G. THOMPSON,  
*Assistant Attorney-General.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

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EXHIBIT 4.—*Report of the Assistant Attorney-General in charge of the defense of claims before the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission.*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
November 24, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of business before the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission during the first seven months of its existence:

The commissioners appointed under the provisions of the act of Con-

gress of March 2, 1901 (31 Stat. L., 877), met at the Department of Justice and organized on the 8th day of April, 1901. All the members were present.

Thereafter the premises No. 1411 H street NW. were leased and furnished for the permanent occupancy of the commission. Since its organization the commission has been continuously open for business; and public hearings have been had from time to time as business required, at the convenience of the commission and counsel.

The first claim was filed on the 8th day of April, 1901.

Between the 8th day of April and the 8th day of October, 1901, the limit of time for filing claims, 494 claims were filed, aggregating \$60,158,878.

The act, however, contains a provision which authorizes the commission to receive claims "within six months after the termination of the first period if the claimants shall establish to their satisfaction good reasons for not presenting the same earlier;" and it is probable that many additional claims involving large amounts will be presented to the commission during the current six months.

The claims may be conveniently divided into two general classes: The first class embraces claims founded on the alleged appropriation, damage, or destruction to property, (1) by Cuban insurgents, (2) by Spanish troops, or (3) by both; the second class embraces claims founded upon personal injuries, alleged assault, imprisonment, expulsion, or death by Spanish authorities.

The claims on account of property losses aggregate \$55,658,967.42.

The claims on account of personal damages aggregate \$4,732,700.

The personal damages claimed include claims originating in the destruction of the U. S. battle ship *Maine* in the harbor of Habana, February 15, 1898. These claims number 119, and aggregate \$2,290,200.

All these claims are alleged to have originated in Cuba or in Cuban territorial waters, except two claims alleged to have originated in the Philippines. In the latter cases demurrers have been interposed by the defense, which await hearing by the commission.

One hundred and ninety-one claims have been filed by alleged naturalized American citizens.

Fifty-four claims have been filed by petitioners alleging American citizenship by naturalization of father or husband.

One hundred and twenty-four claims have been filed alleging American citizenship without other allegation or statement.

Seventy-nine claims have been filed alleging American citizenship by birth or by minors entering the United States under the statutory provision.

Twenty-two claims have been filed by alleged American citizens since a certain period, without allegation of naturalization.

Seventeen claims have been filed by corporations.

In the *Maine* cases the defense has filed motions to dismiss for want of jurisdiction, stating the grounds upon which the motions rest. These motions have been set down for hearing on the 11th day of December, 1901; but a preliminary objection to these motions interposed by the attorneys for the claimants was heard on the 20th inst.

## II.

Motions to dismiss have been made by the defense in 118 cases. Nearly all these motions raise the question of jurisdiction.

Demurrers have been interposed by the defense in 110 cases, all of which await a hearing.

Answers have been filed by the defense in 30 cases.

The demurrers filed involve matters of far-reaching import. They raise questions (1) as to the pecuniary responsibility of Spain for the acts of Cuban insurgents; (2) as to the pecuniary responsibility of Spain on account of damage or destruction to property by Spanish authorities at the seat of war; (3) as to the pecuniary responsibility of Spain on account of depredation and damage to property and business (trade) as the result of military orders and proclamations issued and enforced by the authorities of the Kingdom of Spain in the island of Cuba; (4) as to the bona fides of the citizenship of claimants; (5) as to the observance of neutrality of the claimants; (6) as to the pecuniary responsibility of Spain on account of arrest, imprisonment, expulsion, and death of citizens of the United States by authorities of Spain.

The act makes it the duty of the Assistant Attorney-General and assistant attorneys—

to appear as attorneys and counsel for the United States under the direction of the Attorney-General, and defend the United States in all proceedings to adjudicate claims which may be had before said commission. (Sec. 8.)

It further provides that all claims—

shall be filed within six months from the date of the first meeting of the commission, and every claim not filed within such time shall be forever barred: *Provided*, That the commission may receive claims presented within six months after the termination of said period if the claimants shall establish to their satisfaction good reasons for not presenting the same earlier. (Sec. 9.)

The act further provides that it shall be the duty of the Attorney-General—

to defend the interests of the United States, and he shall, within sixty days after the service of the petition upon him, unless the time shall be extended by order of the commission, file a demurrer or answer to said petition, which answer shall set up all matters of counterclaim, set-off, claim of damages, demand, or defense whatsoever of the Government against such claim. (Sec. 10.)

There is no provision in the act for an appeal on behalf of the petitioners or the defendants as such, but the act contains the following provision:

When the commission is in doubt as to any question of law arising upon the facts in any case before them, they may state the facts and the question of law so arising and certify the same to the Supreme Court of the United States for its decision, and said court shall have jurisdiction to consider and decide the same. (Sec. 13.)

The act further provides:

That the powers and jurisdiction hereby granted to said commission shall be in force and continue for the period of two years from the date of the approval of this act and for no longer time: *Provided*, That the President may from time to time extend the said period beyond the said two years, not exceeding six months in each instance, when in his judgment such extension is necessary to enable the commission to complete its work: *And provided further*, That in case the commission shall have completed its work before the expiration of the said two years the President may dissolve said commission. (Sec. 16.)

That the powers of the commission may not be uncertain it is suggested that section 4 of the act of March 2, 1901 (U. S. Stats. at L., vol. 31, p. 877), be amended by adding the following provisions:

Such rules and mode of procedure shall conform, so far as practicable, to the mode of procedure and practice of the circuit courts of the United States; and the said

commission is hereby vested with the same powers now possessed by the circuit and district courts of the United States to compel the attendance and testimony of parties, claimants and witnesses, to preserve order, and to punish for contempt; and said commission shall have power to compel the production of any books or papers deemed material to the consideration of any claim or matter pending therein.

That the marshal of the United States for the District of Columbia or his deputies shall serve all process issued by said commission, preserve order in the place of sitting, and execute the order of said commission.

It will appear from the number of claims filed and the amounts involved that the defense is charged with very serious labor in fulfilling the obligations imposed by the act of Congress. A proper defense of these claims will necessitate preliminary investigations throughout the island of Cuba, in Spain, and in many widely separated localities in the United States before the taking of testimony on behalf of the defense may be effectively undertaken. The conduct of the defense requires a corps of capable and trustworthy attorneys. A knowledge of Spanish and of international law would seem to be a necessary qualification on the part of some of the counsel and attorneys for the Government. The present legal force consists of the Assistant Attorney-General and three assistant attorneys appointed by your predecessor, the late Attorney-General. This force is inadequate to perform the services required under the act; and the compensation provided in the act creating the commission is much less than that usually allowed for corresponding professional service in the Executive Departments.

It is submitted that Congress should appropriate a special fund sufficient to meet the expenses necessary to a thorough examination and proper defense of these claims within the period fixed by Congress for their adjudication; and that provision should be made for the employment of additional counsel and attorneys for the Government at a compensation commensurate with the service required.

Respectfully,

WM. E. FULLER,  
*Assistant Attorney-General.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

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EXHIBIT 5.—*Report of the United States attorney for the Court of Private Land Claims.*

SANTA FE, N. MEX., October 5, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following annual report as to the business transacted by the Court of Private Land Claims from October 5, 1900, the date of my last annual report, up to and including October 5, 1901:

During the period just mentioned two terms of court have been held at Santa Fe, N. Mex., at which sessions considerable progress has been made toward concluding the business remaining undisposed of on the dockets of the court. No term of court has been held in the Arizona district since the date of my last annual report, owing to the fact that practically all of the undisposed cases that have not been certified for survey in that district are pending on appeal in the Supreme Court of the United States. Such interlocutory and other orders as have been necessary in connection with cases in that district have been made by the court at Santa Fe. I have embodied in the schedules attached to

this report, numbered respectively 1 to 3, both inclusive, a statement of the matters disposed of in the New Mexico district, and also a full statement of the status of each of the cases still remaining for determination in one form or another.

Schedule 4 sets forth in detail the status of the cases remaining undisposed of in the Arizona docket.

From schedule 1 it will be noted that the court has, in the New Mexico district, during the past year decided seven cases, involving as many grants, with a claimed area of 843,507 acres. Of the area claimed in these cases confirmations have been entered to the extent of 21,775 acres, leaving a total of 821,732 acres rejected. There remain on the dockets of the court no other cases for primary trial, and the remaining business of the court in the New Mexico district will be, as shown by schedule 3, principally the determination of the correctness of the surveys of grants made under decrees of confirmation heretofore entered by the court. In addition to this there may be sent back from the Supreme Court, for retrial, one or two cases there pending on appeal as shown by schedule 3.

In view of the number of surveys coming back to the court for approval during the past year, much of the time of this office and its very careful attention has been given to the matter of the execution of the decrees of the court by surveyors employed under the Interior Department. It has been found that in each survey coming back to the court for examination during the past year, with one exception, the survey has been made in substantial accordance with the decree of confirmation, and in each instance, as well as in that of the exception noted, the court has approved the survey. The total number of surveys approved has been nine, with an area of 130,564.41 acres. In case No. 75, the San Mateo Spring tract, the Government urged objections to the survey, but these objections were overruled by the court, and the survey approved as above stated. As shown by schedule 3 there are pending on survey 24 grants, with a total area of 519,631.36 acres. The survey of these grants are in different stages of completion, and as they are returned to the court they will be carefully examined under the direction of this office, and as promptly disposed of as is consistent with their thorough consideration. In addition to cases pending on survey as just stated, there is pending on motion for rehearing, filed by the Government, one case, with an area of 2,500 acres, and there are pending on appeal four cases, with an area of 39,888 acres. One of these cases so on appeal is for a money judgment entered against the United States for \$2,320.91 for lands sold by the United States within the boundaries of a confirmed grant, the proceeding being under section 14 of the act establishing the Court of Private Land Claims. This appeal is taken for the purpose of securing a construction by the Supreme Court of the terms under which a claim of this character may be prosecuted. The importance to the Government of securing an authoritative interpretation of the land court act on this point is shown by the fact that two other claims for money compensation, arising under the same provisions of law, have been filed in the court, as shown by Subschedule D of schedule 3. Both of these cases last named have been tried and are under advisement by the court, presumably awaiting the decision on the appeal taken in case No. 140.

Recapitulating, it will be noted from the schedules hereto attached

that there are now pending in the New Mexico district, including cases on appeal, 31 claims, involving an area of 562,019.36 acres, and money claims against the United States aggregating \$3,710.79 for 2,938.64 acres sold or disposed of by the United States within confirmed land grants.

Schedule 4 sets forth the condition of the Arizona business of the court. In this district no cases remain for primary determination; all of the grants not finally disposed of being either on appeal or in process of survey, with the exception of the Sonoita grant, which is still pending on motion for rehearing filed by the United States. Three grants, involving an estimated area of 26,848.35 acres, are being surveyed. The remaining cases on the Arizona docket, 6 in number, are all pending on appeal in the Supreme Court of the United States upon appeals sued out in three instances by the claimants, in one by the United States, and in the remaining two by both parties. The total area involved in said cases on appeal is 423,545.82 acres. Summarizing, it will be seen that there are still pending in the Arizona district 10 cases, with an estimated area of 462,541.86. It is anticipated that these cases will be heard during the present term of the Supreme Court, and this will pave the way for as speedy a termination of the Arizona branch of the litigation as the procedure required by the land-court act will permit. It was hoped that these cases would be reached during the October term, 1900, but that hope was not realized, consequently their final disposition under the law was necessarily postponed.

It is now perfectly apparent that, owing to the time required to elapse under the act after decrees of confirmation have become final and until the approval of their execution by the court can take place, the labors of the Court of Private Land Claims will not be concluded within the time limited for the life of the court, to wit, June 30, 1902, and an extension of the life of the court should be had for another year in order to enable it to complete and close up the entire litigation in conformity with the provisions of this law.

It is proper to state that the work of this office is up to date, and no delay has been or will be permitted in any instance, and it has always promptly disposed of surveys and motions as soon as they have been returned to the court or filed with the clerk. The force of this office has been reduced by the retirement of Special Agents Will. M. Tipton, who is now with the Philippine Commission, and Henry O. Flipper. These gentlemen have been connected with this office for a number of years, and occasion is now taken to commend their ability, zeal, and integrity in this most trying and complicated litigation. The other employees have been retained, as their services are absolutely essential to the efficient closing of the business of the office that the litigation may be terminated as intended by the act of Congress.

I desire to commend Mr. William H. Pope for his ability and efficiency as assistant in this office, as well as the other employees connected with it.

Respectfully,

MATT. G. REYNOLDS,

*United States Attorney, Court of Private Land Claims.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL,

*Washington, D. C.*



SCHEDULE No. 1.—*List of cases in New Mexico district decided by the Court of Private Land Claims from October 5, 1900, to October 1, 1901.*

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Claimed.	Confirmed.	Rejected.
		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Acres.</i>
18	Town of Albuquerque .....	17,361		17,361
25	San Miguel del Bado .....	315,000	8,539	311,461
107	Canon de Chama .....	472,736	2,736	470,000
150-193	Refugio Colony .....	26,130	15,000	11,130
211	Santo Domingo de Cundiyo .....	500	500	
262	Francisco Xavier Romero .....	300		300
270	Sitio de Navajo .....	11,480		11,480
	Total .....	843,507	21,775	821,732

<sup>1</sup> Dismissed.SCHEDULE No. 2.—*Grant surveys approved in New Mexico district during same period.*

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Area in survey.
		<i>Acres.</i>
5	Arroyo Hondo .....	20,629.38
15	Antonio Sedillo .....	86,249.09
17	Canada de Santa Clara .....	490.62
75	San Meteo Spring .....	4,340.18
122-148	Penasco Largo .....	272.17
157	El Ranchito .....	4,945.24
205	Canada de Cochiti .....	19,112.78
229	Angostura .....	1,579.45
267	Santa Rosa de Cubero .....	1,945.50
	Total .....	139,564.41

SCHEDULE No. 3.—*Cases on docket of New Mexico district not finally disposed of; also status of each case.*

## A.—PENDING ON MOTION FOR REHEARING.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Acreage claimed.	Movant.
279	Joaquin Mestas .....	2,500	United States.

## B.—PENDING ON SURVEY.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Estimated acreage confirmed.
16	Gijosa .....	15,540.97
24	Dofia Ana Bend .....	29,323
25	San Miguel del Bando .....	3,539
55	Cevilleta .....	285,431.36
70	Las Lagunitas .....	43,653.08
74	Cañon de Carnue .....	1,000
90-269	Las Huertas .....	5,000
99-153	Juan Salas or Alamitos .....	500
233	Petaca .....	1,392
107	Cañon de Chama .....	2,736
112	Cuyamungue .....	226
130-182	Ojo de San Jose .....	4,340
134-184	Santo Domingo and San Felipe .....	1,200
185	Santo Tomas de Iturbide .....	6,680
138	Jose Manuel Sanchez Baca .....	4,340
149	Fernandez de Taos .....	1,000
150-193	Refugio Colony .....	15,000
151	Mesilla Colony .....	17,361
194	Santa Cruz .....	2,000
211	Santo Domingo de Cundiyo .....	500
264	Bartolome Sanchez .....	5,000
273	Lo de Padilla .....	53,869
274	Antonio Gutierrez .....	12,000
275	Joaquin Sedillo .....	8,000
	Total .....	519,631.36

SCHEDULE No. 3.—*Cases on docket of New Mexico district not finally disposed of, etc.*—C't'd.

## C.—PENDING ON APPEAL.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Acreage claimed.	By whom appealed.
114	San Jose del Encinal .....	12, 207	United States.
140	Juan Jose Lobato .....	( <sup>1</sup> )	Do.
168	Santa Teresa .....	9, 681	Do.
278	Jose de Leyba .....	18, 000	Claimant.
	Total .....	39, 888	

<sup>1</sup>This appeal is being prosecuted from a judgment for \$2,320.91, entered in favor of claimants as against the United States, under section 14 of the land-court act, for 1,856.78 acres sold by the United States.

## D.—UNDER ADVISEMENT BY THE COURT.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Remarks.
6	Sebastian de Vargas .....	This is a claim for \$876.26 for money damage against the United States, under section 14 of the land-court act, for 701.01 acres of land sold by the United States within the grant as confirmed.
57	Nicolas Duran de Chaves .....	Same as last; amount claimed, \$513.62, for 410.90 acres sold.

## RECAPITULATION.

	Number.	Acreage involved.
Cases pending on motion for rehearing .....	1	2, 500
Cases pending on survey .....	24	519, 631. 36
Cases pending on appeal .....	4	39, 888
Cases under advisement .....	2	( <sup>1</sup> )
Total pending in New Mexico district .....	31	562, 019. 36

<sup>1</sup>Money judgment claimed.

SCHEDULE No. 4.—*Cases on Arizona docket not finally disposed of; also status of each of said cases.*

## A.—PENDING ON MOTION FOR REHEARING.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Acreage claimed.	Movant.
40	San Jose de Sonoita .....	12, 147. 69	United States.

## B.—PENDING ON SURVEY.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Estimated acreage confirmed.
1	San Bernardino grant .....	2, 366. 50
6	San Ignacio del Babacomori .....	17, 353. 85
64	Buena Vista .....	7, 128
	Total .....	26, 848. 35

## C.—PENDING ON APPEAL.

P. L. C. No.	Name of grant.	Acreage claimed.	By whom appealed.
2	San Rafael de la Zanja .....	152, 889. 62	Both parties.
34	San Ignacio del Babacomori .....	123, 068. 87	Do.
3	San Rafael del Valle .....	20, 034. 62	United States.
5	Agua Prieta .....	68, 530. 05	Claimants.
7	Aribac .....	20, 400. 60	Do.
10	San Pedro .....	38, 622. 06	Do.
	Total .....	423, 545. 82	

## RECAPITULATION.

	Number.	Estimated acreage.
Cases pending on motion for rehearing .....	1	12, 147. 69
Cases pending on survey .....	3	26, 848. 35
Cases pending on appeal .....	6	423, 545. 82
Total pending in Arizona district .....	10	462, 541. 86







[illegible]

\*One post-office case appealed to Supreme Court.

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

[illegible]

Louisiana, eastern	2	4	22	9	22	59	1	1	2	6	2	15	23	2	8	1	9	18
Louisiana, western		16	6	5	10	37	11	2	13	12	2	3	15	2	8	1	9	18
Maine		9	4	1	7	22	2	2	2	15	2	10	25	4	2	4	14	94
Maryland			7	1	8	16	2	2	2	5	2	8	8	27	2	10	39	10
Massachusetts			4	1	9	14			8	1	1	3	1	11	1	3	14	14
Michigan, eastern		12	24	4	3	36	8			5		5	10	12	10	22	22	9
Michigan, western																		
Minnesota		3	10		28	57				142	101	132	1	1	8	1	9	9
Mississippi, northern		403	7	1	10	421				139	11	382	375	9	1	11	27	27
Mississippi, southern		590	6	30	180	806				56		182	382	9	1	4	14	14
Missouri, eastern		8	15	1	2	4	30	56		52	1	9	62	22	2	4	28	28
Missouri, western		8	14	5	9	36				52	1	9	62	45	10	55	55	55
Montana		2		1	129	132				1	2	26	29	4	1	5	10	1
Nebraska		24	17	1	98	141				23								2
Nevada										4								10
New Hampshire		8			5	15				2								2
New Jersey		2	14	2	19	50	2			2								25
New Mexico		4	4		25	39	1	4	5	2								10
New York, northern		2	6	7	14	46	1			1								10
New York, eastern		2	6	7	3	14				5								15
New York, western		5	4	5	21	91	1			11	1							8
New York, southern		13	38	50	2	3	16	35	1	3	4							8
North Carolina, eastern		65	2	2	7	54	175	1		3	4							8
North Carolina, western		210	8		16	244				178	33	12	223	21	3	4	28	28
North Dakota		2	35	17	6	118	1			224	116	162	502	15	2	3	20	20
Ohio, northern		4	13	1	15	24				9			13	3				4
Ohio, southern		1	1	22	132	140				8			7					16
Oklahoma		7	1		13	44	3			1			4					31
Oregon		4								3	2		4					5
Pennsylvania, eastern										2	2		8					11
Pennsylvania, middle										2	2		8					46
Pennsylvania, western										5			9					62
Porto Rico		2	10		21	35							14	29	5	28	4	4
Rhode Island		3	3		7	13												5
South Carolina		28			1	8				63	28	19	110	4	2	2	6	6
South Dakota					1	48				3			6	5	1	3	9	9
Tennessee, eastern		40	1		9	51				182	18	5	205	14	2	1	17	17
Tennessee, middle		28	1		5	34				91	1	13	105	4	1	1	5	5
Tennessee, western		28	5		6	40				38	27	21	86	6	5	2	11	11
Texas, northern		15	24		3	60				13	1	2	16	23	3	2	28	28
Texas, eastern		6	8		17	119				5	1	2	8	5	4	1	10	10
Texas, western		31	2		4	46	88	2	30	32	13	19	64	8	11	19	19	19
Utah					2	3				1			2	1				3
Vermont					14	7				2			1	1				3
Virginia, eastern		3			7	72	2			6			5	5				14
Virginia, western		10			4	20				3			2	2				9
Washington		130	5		11	136				145	25	51	221	8	1	4	3	5
West Virginia		5	2		51	66	3			8			1	1				19
Wisconsin, eastern		161			21	184				123	17	138	278	10	1	13	24	24
Wisconsin, western		1			30	46				3			6					5
Wyoming					16	118				3			6					11
Total	119	8,673	629	22	4,005	9,944	188	10	53	3,099	681	1,835	5,265	841	35	343	1,269	



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Mississippi, southern .....	300.00	.....	300.00	.....	11,596.00	226.00	.....	1,500.00	.....	22,325.00	35,647.00
Missouri, eastern .....	.....	142.54	.....	.....	1,331.00	2,690.00	.....	75.00	1,588.80	780.00	6,069.80
Missouri, western .....	.....	514.71	1,380.97	.....	1,936.00	6,280.00	.....	8,600.00	.....	4,583.20	15,739.20
Montana .....	.....	1,269.81	1,269.81	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000.00	.....	1,950.00	1,950.00
Nebraska .....	.....	2,015.00	2,015.00	.....	233.73	316.45	.....	.....	.....	6,909.62	6,909.62
Nevada .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,600.00	1,600.00
New Hampshire .....	6,934.66	.....	.....	.....	1,200.00	1,200.00	.....	100.00	610.93	2,000.00	5,210.93
New Jersey .....	.....	22.90	7,842.47	.....	1,200.00	2,010.73	.....	.....	.....	1,034.45	8,182.18
New Mexico .....	.....	.....	556.18	.....	50.00	205.00	.....	.....	.....	202.00	7,728.00
New York, northern .....	.....	.....	2,109.42	.....	500.00	500.00	.....	1,000.00	.....	2,125.00	7,253.00
New York, eastern .....	40.44	.....	2,272.82	.....	.....	102.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,814.50
New York, southern .....	38,510.47	.....	87,793.29	.....	2,600.00	1,150.00	.....	500.00	.....	2,125.00	4,738.00
North Carolina, eastern .....	16,009.67	.....	2,213.87	.....	2,600.00	1,503.81	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,258.13
North Carolina, western .....	.....	2,675.75	3,696.03	.....	14,757.82	682.88	.....	.....	.....	.....	83,208.63
North Dakota .....	.....	7,808.06	23,102.19	.....	32,415.63	900.00	.....	100.00	.....	1,596.00	2,455.00
Ohio, northern .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	436.00	4,071.50	.....	.....	.....	1,078.08	5,814.12
Ohio, southern .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	656.54	4,071.50	.....	158.86	.....	1,078.08	8,608.31
Oklahoma .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,874.00	6,874.00
Oregon .....	.....	2,199.20	2,199.20	.....	100.00	785.00	.....	400.00	.....	822.76	1,897.76
Pennsylvania, eastern .....	481.00	119,651.36	1,028.45	.....	5,639.71	970.00	.....	62.50	.....	6,072.21	6,072.21
Pennsylvania, western .....	.....	4,523.38	125,689.19	.....	129.36	213.47	.....	44.50	751.26	1,065.43	2,206.64
Porto Rico .....	.....	.....	6,725.29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rhode Island .....	.....	411.12	688.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina .....	.....	.....	879.89	.....	1,800.00	100.00	.....	.....	600.00	2,110.00	4,110.00
South Dakota .....	.....	.....	273.35	.....	800.00	100.00	.....	.....	.....	1,800.00	1,700.00
Tennessee, eastern .....	3,653.54	.....	8,653.54	.....	27,850.00	1,650.00	.....	500.00	.....	1,750.00	31,250.00
Tennessee, middle .....	3,478.99	.....	3,478.99	.....	18,600.00	250.00	.....	700.00	.....	.....	19,550.00
Tennessee, western .....	.....	1,265.38	1,265.38	.....	1,720.00	3,000.00	.....	2,025.00	.....	6,166.36	11,911.36
Texas, eastern .....	.....	300.00	2,373.00	.....	1,274.00	2,300.00	.....	.....	.....	2,814.50	4,234.50
Texas, western .....	.....	.....	1,691.75	.....	1,300.00	120.00	.....	.....	.....	26.00	3,469.98
Texas, southern .....	.....	.....	2,057.40	.....	2,223.50	1,230.48	.....	.....	.....	400.00	650.00
Utah .....	.....	.....	8,277.16	.....	385.00	95.00	.....	1,850.00	.....	377.00	4,262.00
Vermont .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175.00	2,235.00	.....	810.00	.....	.....	19,560.00
Virginia, eastern .....	.....	1,271.71	112.41	.....	18,750.00	500.00	.....	.....	.....	10,237.80	11,262.65
Virginia, western .....	.....	.....	22,849.00	.....	11,100.00	1,025.35	.....	.....	.....	80.00	11,456.09
Washington .....	91.11	.....	.....	.....	.....	275.00	.....	770.00	.....	1,001.00	8,071.09
West Virginia .....	.....	.....	1,004.50	.....	400.00	1,300.00	.....	.....	.....	2.00	3,578.00
Wisconsin, eastern .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,102.00	.....	3,074.00	.....	1,900.00	2,100.00
Wisconsin, western .....	.....	17.20	.....	.....	.....	200.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total .....	66,874.27	144,586.73	287,674.87	580,469.08	6,900.90	817,831.08	81,874.23	47,262.62	30,491.20	979,801.20	1,466,556.72



## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

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EXHIBIT D (SUPPLEMENT).—Statement of the amounts of judgments in civil suits to which the United States was not a party in the district and circuit courts of the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Districts.	Amount of judgments for plaintiff.			Amount of judgments for defendant.		
	Admiralty.	Other suits.	Total.	Admiralty.	Other suits.	Total.
Alabama, northern		\$1,474,664.74	\$1,474,664.74			
Alabama, middle		5,250.00	5,250.00			
Alabama, southern	\$14,065.40	820.00	14,885.40			
Alaska, first division	1,314.89	55,790.91	57,105.80		\$234.00	\$234.00
Alaska, second division	5,664.15	71,369.08	77,033.23		1,727.85	1,727.85
Alaska, third division						
Arizona						
Arkansas, eastern		968,048.20	968,048.20		1,621.35	1,621.35
Arkansas, western		38,439.69	38,439.69			
California, northern	84,599.23	47,829.27	82,428.50		1,625.08	1,625.08
California, southern	68.58	2,212,021.59	2,212,085.17		1,085.43	1,085.43
Colorado		571,124.88	571,124.88			
Connecticut	21,287.74	100,050.00	121,337.74		5.00	5.00
Delaware	4,574.03	66,426.83	71,000.86			
District of Columbia						
Florida, northern	2,104.03	84,384.89	86,488.92	\$27.35		27.35
Florida, southern	125,668.79	192,458.61	318,122.40		8,650.00	8,650.00
Georgia, northern		76,581.50	76,581.50		188.50	188.50
Georgia, southern	2,949.59	28,393.74	31,343.33			
Hawaii	21,752.46		21,752.46			
Idaho		406,994.00	406,994.00		6,332.00	6,332.00
Illinois, northern	21,395.87	6,061,934.98	6,083,330.85			
Illinois, southern		94,876.40	94,876.40			
Indiana	150.00	6,250,303.29	6,250,453.29		2,332.00	2,332.00
Indian Territory, northern		78,974.69	78,974.69		3,521.67	3,521.67
Indian Territory, central		31,966.00	31,966.00		1,345.00	1,345.00
Indian Territory, southern		49,695.45	49,695.45		6,088.61	6,088.61
Iowa, northern	75.00	50,137.05	50,212.05		640.00	640.00
Iowa, southern		15,252.15	15,252.15		866.54	866.54
Kansas		4,831,652.68	4,831,652.68		2,400.00	2,400.00
Kentucky	5,716.83	330,616.63	336,333.46	36.50	180.60	217.10
Louisiana, eastern	8,867.97	370,713.45	379,581.42			
Louisiana, western						
Maine	1,360.32	70.63	1,430.95		594.98	594.98
Maryland	10,598.20	24,569.64	35,167.84	45.45	357.10	402.55
Massachusetts	55,196.64	124,037.64	179,236.28		2,179.00	2,179.00
Michigan, eastern	22,291.57	10,908,322.67	10,925,614.24			
Michigan, western	1,644.05	63,603.37	65,247.42			
Minnesota	8,865.53	348,482.49	357,348.02		784.13	784.13
Mississippi, northern		2,987.08	2,987.08			
Mississippi, southern	8,588.19	108,918.91	112,507.10			
Missouri, eastern		503,207.15	503,207.15			
Missouri, western		636,685.45	636,685.45			
Montana		2,426,127.34	2,426,127.34			
Nebraska		694,899.14	694,899.14		11,299.04	11,299.04
Nevada		1,351,011.89	1,351,011.89			
New Hampshire		7,500.00	7,500.00			
New Jersey	28,797.25	58,661.13	82,458.38	66.89	577.85	644.74
New Mexico						
New York, northern						
New York, eastern	145,178.87	98,735.18	243,913.55	2,732.27	883.39	3,615.66
New York, western	264.43	4,231.14	4,495.57		133.80	133.80
New York, southern	124,106.09	5,976,499.22	6,100,605.31	1,381.71	9,747.94	11,129.65
North Carolina, eastern	2,660.88	25,286.07	27,946.95	297.27	32,437.56	32,734.83
North Carolina, western		12,500.00	12,500.00			
North Dakota		36,047.21	36,047.21		256.00	256.00
Ohio, northern	1,827.73	3,740,033.62	3,741,861.35		3,930.42	3,930.42
Ohio, southern		124,180.07	124,180.07	1,100.00	3,664.12	4,764.12
Oklahoma		454.25	454.25			
Oregon	8,130.60	574,255.20	577,385.80		37.70	37.70
Pennsylvania, eastern	38,847.67	86,588.93	120,436.60			
Pennsylvania, western		7,406.98	7,406.98		79.50	79.50
Porto Rico						
Rhode Island	1,020.00	246.00	1,266.00		4,650.00	4,650.00
South Carolina	13,716.53	2,676,908.78	2,690,625.31			
South Dakota		83,962.20	83,962.20			
Tennessee, eastern		23,094.89	23,094.89		190.00	190.00
Tennessee, middle	6,682.47		6,682.47			
Tennessee, western		17,175.00	17,175.00	1,627.09		1,627.09
Texas, northern		357,510.02	357,510.02		141,884.66	141,884.66
Texas, eastern	9,935.20	806,760.87	816,696.07		70.00	70.00
Texas, western		177,608.26	177,608.26			
Utah		2,360,450.86	2,360,450.86			
Vermont		47,852.36	47,852.36			
Virginia, eastern	14,021.42	71,807.96	85,829.38			
Virginia, western					23.45	23.45
Washington	37,315.23	516,665.50	553,980.73	135.95	124,988.70	125,124.65

EXHIBIT D (SUPPLEMENT).—*Statement of the amounts of judgments in civil suits to which the United States was not a party in the district and circuit courts, etc.*—Continued.

Districts.	Amount of judgments for plaintiff.			Amount of judgments for defendants.		
	Admi- rality.	Other suits.	Total.	Admi- rality.	Other suits.	Total.
West Virginia.....		\$61,741.83	\$61,741.83		\$252,759.11	\$252,759.11
Wisconsin, eastern.....						
Wisconsin, western.....					1,229,638.00	1,229,638.00
Wyoming.....		13,906.65	13,906.65			
Total.....	\$800,794.43	59,712,264.28	60,513,058.71	\$7,450.48	1,859,999.58	1,867,450.06

EXHIBIT E.—*A general statement of all appropriations placed under the control of the Department of Justice which were available and those from which payments were made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

Fees and expenses of marshals, certified claims:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$240.00	
Appropriation warrant .....	972.93	
		\$1,212.93
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,202.73	
Carried to surplus fund .....	10.20	
		1,212.93

Fees and expenses of marshals, 1891 and prior years:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	410.64	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$410.64

Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, 1898 and prior years:

Repayments .....	6,312.86	
Carried to surplus fund .....	6,312.86	

Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, 1899:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$54,967.38	
Repayments .....	5,840.06	
		60,807.44
Payments during fiscal year.....	945.07	
Carried to surplus fund .....	59,862.37	
		60,807.44

Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, 1900:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$18,880.73	
Repayments .....	39,172.95	
		58,053.68
Payments during fiscal year.....		6,563.15

Balance July 1, 1901.....	51,490.53
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Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, 1901:

Appropriation warrants.....	\$1,220,000.00	
Repayments .....	21,645.96	
		1,241,645.96
Payments during fiscal year.....		1,180,141.76

Balance July 1, 1901.....	61,504.20
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Fees of jurors, certified claims:

Appropriation warrant.....	451.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$241.32	
Carried to surplus fund .....	209.68	
		451.00

Fees of jurors, 1895:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	232.00	
Carried to surplus fund .....	232.00	

Fees of jurors, 1898 and prior years:		
Repayments .....		\$281. 23
Carried to surplus fund .....		281. 23
Fees of jurors, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$104, 595. 72	
Repayments .....	150. 10	
		104, 745. 82
Payments during fiscal year .....	102. 65	
Carried to surplus fund .....	104, 643. 17	
		104, 745. 82
Fees of jurors, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$34, 445. 15	
Repayments .....	43, 403. 63	
		77, 848. 78
Payments during fiscal year .....		1, 016. 62
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		\$76, 832. 16
Fees of jurors, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants .....	\$675, 000. 00	
Repayments .....	24, 624. 32	
		699, 624. 32
Payments during fiscal year .....		677, 127. 80
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		22, 496. 52
Fees of witnesses, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant .....		73. 90
Payments during fiscal year .....		73. 90
Fees of witnesses, 1879:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		9. 50
Carried to surplus fund .....		9. 50
Fees of witnesses, 1880:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		10. 90
Carried to surplus fund .....		10. 90
Fees of witnesses, 1889:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		37. 50
Carried to surplus fund .....		37. 50
Fees of witnesses, 1891:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		166. 40
Carried to surplus fund .....		166. 40
Fees of witnesses, 1892:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		84. 70
Carried to surplus fund .....		84. 70
Fees of witnesses, 1893:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		161. 30
Payments during fiscal year .....	\$1. 50	
Carried to surplus fund .....	159. 80	
		161. 30
Fees of witnesses, 1894:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		49. 30
Carried to surplus fund .....		49. 30
Fees of witnesses, 1895:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....		274. 20
Carried to surplus fund .....		274. 20

Fees of witnesses, 1896:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		\$310.05
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$104.40	
Carried to surplus fund.....	205.65	
		<u>310.05</u>
Fees of witnesses, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$174,744.97	
Repayments.....	642.15	
		<u>175,387.12</u>
Payments during fiscal year.....	709.06	
Carried to surplus fund.....	174,678.06	
		<u>175,387.12</u>
Fees of witnesses, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$43,870.68	
Repayments.....	78,062.54	
		<u>121,933.22</u>
Payments during fiscal year.....		5,500.60
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$116,432.62
Fees of witnesses, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	\$950,000.00	
Repayments.....	38,792.46	
		<u>988,792.46</u>
Payments during fiscal year.....		885,932.50
Balance July 1, 1901.....		<u>102,859.96</u>
Support of prisoners, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant.....		64.60
Payments during fiscal year.....		64.60
Support of prisoners, 1894:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		16.10
Carried to surplus fund.....		16.10
Support of prisoners, 1896:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		1,648.74
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$119.95	
Carried to surplus fund.....	1,528.79	
		<u>1,648.74</u>
Support of prisoners, 1898 and prior years:		
Repayments.....		872.86
Carried to surplus fund.....		872.86
Support of prisoners, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$2,230.62	
Repayments.....	224.95	
		<u>2,455.57</u>
Payments during fiscal year.....	375.90	
Carried to surplus fund.....	2,079.67	
		<u>2,455.57</u>
Support of prisoners, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$75,286.08	
Repayments.....	28,269.77	
		<u>103,555.85</u>
Payments during fiscal year.....		89,213.53
Balance July 1, 1901.....		<u>14,342.32</u>
Support of prisoners, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	\$750,000.00	
Repayments.....	29,705.32	
		<u>779,705.32</u>
Payments during fiscal year.....		657,332.50
Balance July 1, 1901.....		<u>122,372.82</u>

Pay of bailiffs, etc., certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant.....		\$8. 00
Payments during fiscal year.....		8. 00
<hr/>		
Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1893:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		4. 00
Carried to surplus fund.....		4. 00
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Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1894:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		178. 75
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$8. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	170. 75	
		<hr/> 178. 75
<hr/>		
Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1895:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		33. 00
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$10. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	23. 00	
		<hr/> 33. 00
<hr/>		
Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1896:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		25. 00
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$10. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	15. 00	
		<hr/> 25. 00
<hr/>		
Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1898 and prior years:		
Repayments.....		347. 00
Carried to surplus fund.....		347. 00
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Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		23, 225. 84
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$18. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	23, 207. 84	
		<hr/> 23, 225. 84
<hr/>		
Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$35, 947. 01	
Repayments.....	465. 53	
		<hr/> 36, 412. 54
Payments during fiscal year.....	12. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	36, 400. 54	
		<hr/> 36, 412. 54
<hr/>		
Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$5, 075. 21	
Repayments.....	10, 982. 22	
		<hr/> 16, 057. 43
Payments during fiscal year.....		286. 38
		<hr/> 16, 343. 81
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$15, 771. 05
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Pay of bailiffs, etc., 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	\$162, 000. 00	
Repayments.....	3, 776. 58	
		<hr/> 165, 776. 58
Payments during fiscal year.....		161, 810. 75
		<hr/> 3, 965. 83
<hr/>		
Balance July 1, 1901.....		
<hr/>		
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant.....		253. 50
Payments during fiscal year.....		253. 50
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Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1893:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		8. 74
Carried to surplus fund.....		8. 74
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Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1894:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$28. 57	
Carried to surplus fund.....	28. 57	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1895:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	224. 30	
Carried to surplus fund.....	224. 30	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1896:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	27. 67	
Payments during fiscal year.....	27. 67	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1897:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	134. 31	
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$88. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	46. 31	
	134. 31	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1898 and prior years:		
Repayments.....	23. 38	
Carried to surplus fund.....	23. 38	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	756. 88	
Payments during fiscal year.....	756. 88	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$10, 681. 35	
Repayments.....	206. 04	
	10, 887. 39	
Payments during fiscal year.....	728. 08	
Carried to surplus fund.....	10, 159. 31	
	10, 887. 39	
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$788. 57	
Repayments.....	13, 016. 60	
	13, 805. 17	
Payments during fiscal year.....	12, 097. 71	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$1, 707. 46
Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	\$275, 000. 00	
Repayments.....	5, 991. 35	
	280, 991. 35	
Payments during fiscal year.....	262, 929. 28	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		18, 062. 07
Supplies for United States courts, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	8, 772. 32	
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$10. 37	
Carried to surplus fund.....	8, 761. 95	
	8, 772. 32	
Supplies for United States courts, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	16, 230. 91	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3, 887. 30	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		12, 343. 61
Supplies for United States courts, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	30, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	22, 116. 75	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		7, 883. 25
Rent of court rooms, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant.....	750. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	750. 00	

Rent of court rooms 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$3,230.85	
Carried to surplus fund.....	3,230.85	
Rent of court rooms, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$12.67	
Appropriation warrant.....	15.00	
		27.67
Payments during fiscal year.....	15.00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	12.67	
		27.67
Rent of court rooms, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$22,640.17	
Repayments.....	150.00	
Appropriation warrant.....	5,655.07	
		28,445.24
Payments during fiscal year.....		28,443.57
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$1.67
Rent of court rooms, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	105,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	76,671.19	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		28,328.81
Fees of commissioners, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant.....	1,379.45	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,379.45	
Fees of commissioners, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1901.....		57,542.40
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$394.95	
Carried to surplus fund.....	57,147.45	
		57,542.40
Fees of commissioners, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$51,330.40	
Repayments.....	8.25	
		51,338.65
Payments during fiscal year.....		34,031.25
Balance July 1, 1901.....		17,307.40
Fees of commissioners, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	\$150,000.00	
Repayments.....	88.00	
		150,088.00
Payments during fiscal year.....		90,166.15
Balance July 1, 1901.....		59,921.85
Fees of clerks, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant.....	54.50	
Payments during fiscal year.....	54.50	
Fees of clerks, 1898 and prior years:		
Repayments.....	41.10	
Carried to surplus fund.....	41.10	
Fees of clerks, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$35,852.93	
Repayments.....	258.19	
		36,111.12
Payments during fiscal year.....	2,732.31	
Carried to surplus fund.....	33,378.81	
		36,111.12

Fees of clerks, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$95,169.00	
Repayments .....	482.25	
	<hr/>	\$95,651.25
Payments during fiscal year .....		74,082.11
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		\$21,569.14
Fees of clerks, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	240,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	152,670.31	
	<hr/>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		87,329.69
Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant .....	118.87	
Payments during fiscal year .....	118.87	
	<hr/>	
Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, 1897:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		3,501.96
Payments during fiscal year .....	\$8.67	
Carried to surplus fund.....	3,493.29	
	<hr/>	3,501.96
Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		24.15
Payments during fiscal year .....	\$12.75	
Carried to surplus fund.....	11.40	
	<hr/>	24.15
Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		7,658.44
Payments during fiscal year .....	\$130.75	
Carried to surplus.....	7,527.69	
	<hr/>	7,658.44
Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$15,766.57	
Repayments .....	255.38	
	<hr/>	16,021.95
Payments during fiscal year .....		9,679.30
Balance July 1, 1901.....		6,342.65
Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	410,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	396,551.13	
	<hr/>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		13,448.87
Fees of district attorney for District of Columbia, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		472.98
Carried to surplus fund.....		472.98
	<hr/>	
Fees of district attorney for District of Columbia, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	2,784.81	
Payments during fiscal year .....	2,574.30	
	<hr/>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		210.51
Fees of district attorney for District of Columbia, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	23,800.00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	21,537.48	
	<hr/>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		2,262.52
Fees of district attorney for southern district of New York, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....		77.60
Carried to surplus fund.....		77.60
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## Fees of district attorney for southern district of New

York, 1900:

Appropriation warrant .....	\$100.00
Balance July 1, 1901.....	100.00

## Fees of district attorney for southern district of New

York, 1901:

Appropriation warrant .....	100.00
Balance July 1, 1901.....	100.00

## Special assistants to the Attorney-General in the Supreme Court:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$708.60
Appropriation warrant .....	8,000.00
	8,708.60
Payments during fiscal year.....	2,950.00

Balance July 1, 1901.....

\$5,758.60

## Pay of special assistant attorneys, 1895:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	3,000.00
Carried to surplus fund.....	3,000.00

## Pay of special assistant attorneys, 1897:

Appropriation warrant.....	1,000.00
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,000.00

## Pay of special assistant attorneys, 1898:

Appropriation warrants.....	2,500.00
Payments during fiscal year.....	2,500.00

## Pay of special assistant attorneys, 1899:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$8.70
Appropriation warrants.....	3,970.65
	3,979.35
Payments during fiscal year.....	3,979.35

## Pay of special assistant attorneys, 1900:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	39,244.61
Payments during fiscal year.....	15,181.26

Balance July 1, 1901.....

24,063.35

## Pay of special assistant attorneys, 1901:

Appropriation warrant.....	60,000.00
Payments during fiscal year.....	38,703.88

Balance July 1, 1901.....

21,296.12

## Rent and incidental expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1893:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	5.50
Carried to surplus fund.....	5.50

## Rent and incidental expenses, Territory of Alaska, certified claims

Appropriation warrant.....	810.00
Payments during fiscal year.....	810.00

## Rent and incidental expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1898:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	301.82
Carried to surplus fund.....	301.82

## Rent and incidental expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1899:

Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$4.65
Appropriation warrant.....	1,185.00
	1,189.65
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,185.00
Carried to surplus fund.....	4.65
	1,189.65

Rent and incidental expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$810. 00	
Repayments .....	2, 533. 25	
	<u>\$3, 343. 25</u>	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1, 029. 60	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$2, 313. 65
Rent and incidental expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	\$14, 500. 00	
Repayments .....	65. 26	
	<u>14, 565. 26</u>	
Payments during fiscal year.....	7, 057. 72	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		7, 507. 54
Traveling expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	345. 50	
Carried to surplus fund .....	345. 50	
Traveling expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	22. 50	
Carried to surplus fund .....	22. 50	
Traveling expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	1, 032. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	616. 75	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		415. 25
Traveling expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	3, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	2, 949. 71	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		50. 29
Salaries and expenses, Court of Private Land Claims, 1898 and 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	30. 65	
Carried to surplus fund .....	30. 65	
Salaries and expenses, Court of Private Land Claims, 1899 and 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	2, 317. 94	
Payments during fiscal year.....	697. 54	
Carried to surplus fund .....		1, 620. 44
Salaries and expenses, Court of Private Land Claims, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	8, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	6, 573. 68	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		1, 426. 32
The United States in suits affecting		
July 1, 1901.....	69, 186. 56	
Payments during fiscal year.....	7, 230. 42	
	<u>61, 956. 14</u>	
District courts:		
.....	773. 40	
.....	773. 40	
.....	<u>100. 35</u>	
.....	100. 35	
District courts,		
.....	14, 872. 26	
.....	14, 872. 26	

Counsel for Mission Indians of southern California, 1896:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$8. 40	
Payments during fiscal year.....	8. 40	
Counsel for Mission Indians of southern California, 1897:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	159. 45	
Payments during fiscal year.....	159. 45	
Counsel for Mission Indians of southern California, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	450. 00	
Carried to surplus fund .....	450. 00	
Counsel for Mission Indians of southern California, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	50. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	50. 00	
Counsel for Mission Indians of southern California, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	1, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	750. 00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$250. 00
Oil portrait of Chief Justice Marshall:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	1, 000. 00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		1, 000. 00
Compromise of suit, T. F. Townsley against the United States:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	1, 718. 88	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1, 718. 88	
Prosecution and collection of claims, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	500. 00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	500. 00	
Prosecution and collection of claims, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	500. 00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....	500. 00	
Prosecution and collection of claims, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	500. 00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....	500. 00	
Fees and expenses in suit against Benjamin Weil and La Abra Mining Company:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	8, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	8, 000. 00	
Payment for legal services in circuit court of appeals:		
Appropriation warrant.....	6, 525. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	6, 525. 00	
Purchase of opinions of Attorneys-General:		
Appropriation warrant.....	225. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	225. 00	
Payment for legal services rendered the United States:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$3, 016. 37	
Appropriation warrant.....	750. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3, 766. 37	
	3, 288. 12	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		478. 25
United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kans., 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	13, 055. 08	
Carried to surplus fund .....	13, 055. 08	

United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kans., 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$624. 15	
Repayments .....	165. 11	
	<u>          </u>	\$789. 26
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		\$789. 26
United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kans., 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	163, 400. 00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	161, 700. 00	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		1, 700. 00
United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kans., site:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$11, 199. 36	
Appropriation warrants .....	200, 000. 00	
	<u>          </u>	211, 199. 36
Payments during fiscal year .....	38, 428. 25	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		172, 771. 11
Buildings for United States courts, Territory of Alaska:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	5, 920. 65	
Payments during fiscal year .....	246. 00	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		5, 674. 65
United States penitentiary, Atlanta, Ga.:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	601, 342. 35	
Payments during fiscal year .....	368, 872. 56	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		232, 469. 79
Court-house and jail, Juneau, Alaska:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	40, 000. 00	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		40, 000. 00
United States jails, Indian Territory:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	60, 000. 00	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		60, 000. 00
United States jail, Fort Smith, Ark.:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	5, 000. 00	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		5, 000. 00
United States penitentiary, McNeils Island, Washington:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	5. 85	
Carried to surplus fund .....	5. 85	
	<u>          </u>	
Temporary quarters for Court of Claims:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$13, 348. 45	
Repayments .....	100. 00	
	<u>          </u>	13, 448. 45
Payments during fiscal year .....	10, 000. 00	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		3, 448. 45
Building, Department of Justice:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	963, 750. 43	
Payments during fiscal year .....	13, 099. 96	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		950, 650. 47
Removal of circuit court records, New Hampshire, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	143. 34	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		143. 34
Expenses of commissioners to revise the statutes relating to patents, etc.:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	124. 65	
Payments during fiscal year .....	115. 10	
	<u>          </u>	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		9. 55

Opinions of the Attorney-General:		
Appropriation warrant .....	\$1,500.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,000.00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$500.00
Reimbursement to John F. Horr, United States marshal Florida:		
Appropriation warrant.....	30.50	
Payments during fiscal year.....	30.50	
Relief of William H. Wanamaker:		
Appropriation warrant.....	20,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	20,000.00	
Revising criminal and penal laws of the United States; <sup>1</sup>		
Appropriation warrant.....	20,984.35	
Payments during fiscal year.....	20,984.35	
Care of rented buildings, Department of Justice, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$2,764.11	
Repayments .....	3.00	
	2,767.11	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		2,767.11
Care of rented buildings, Department of Justice, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	8,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	5,000.00	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		3,000.00
Traveling and miscellaneous expenses, Department of Jus- tice, 1901:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$7,951.00	
Repayments .....	97.92	
	8,048.92	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		8,048.92
Traveling and miscellaneous expenses, Department of Jus- tice, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	\$5,000.00	
Repayments .....	150.00	
	5,150.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	5,112.20	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		37.80
Docketing reports of United States attorneys, Depart- ment of Justice, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	100.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	100.00	
Salaries, Department of Justice, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	1,879.83	
Carried to surplus fund .....	1,879.83	
Salaries, Department of Justice, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	1,777.53	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....	1,777.53	
Salaries, Department of Justice, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	206,700.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	205,833.36	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		866.64

<sup>1</sup>Only such amount as was necessary to pay the commissioners and their expenses during the fiscal year was appropriated (sundry civil act of June 4, 1897).

Prosecution of crimes, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$238. 07	
Carried to surplus fund .....	238. 07	
Prosecution of crimes, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$98. 30	
Appropriation warrant .....	467. 50	
	565. 80	
Payments during fiscal year .....	563. 68	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		\$2. 12
Prosecution of crimes, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	40, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	39, 979. 41	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		20. 59
Defending suits in claims against the United States, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	1. 17	
Carried to surplus fund .....	1. 17	
Defending suits in claims against the United States, 1900 :		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$223. 99	
Repayments .....	2. 21	
Appropriation warrant .....	510. 50	
	736. 70	
Payments during fiscal year .....	658. 89	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		77. 81
Defending suits in claims against the United States, 1901 :		
Appropriation warrants .....	48, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	47, 791. 30	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		208. 70
Defense in Indian depredation claims, 1899 :		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$0. 64	
Repayments .....	4. 85	
	5. 49	
Carried to surplus fund .....	5. 49	
Defense in Indian depredation claims, 1900 :		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$278. 76	
Repayments .....	591. 21	
Appropriation warrant .....	147. 93	
	1, 017. 90	
Payments during fiscal year .....	990. 66	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		27. 24
Defense in Indian depredation claims, 1901 :		
Appropriation warrant .....	52, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	51, 627. 37	
Balance July 1, 1901 .....		372. 63
Repairs to court-house, Washington, D. C., 1900-1901 :		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	\$1, 848. 50	
Appropriation warrant .....	650. 00	
	2, 498. 50	
Payments during fiscal year .....	2, 498. 50	
Repairs to court-house, Washington, D. C., 1901:		
Appropriation warrant .....	1, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	1, 000. 00	
Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds, 1896:		
Balance July 1, 1900 .....	50. 00	
Payments during fiscal year .....	50. 00	

Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$7,283.82	
Carried to surplus fund .....	7,283.82	
Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$836.68	
Repayments .....	193.41	
	1,030.09	
Payments during fiscal year.....	61.05	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$969.04
Punishing violations of intercourse acts and frauds, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	4,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3,391.08	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		608.92
Pay of regular assistant attorneys, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	1,665.01	
Carried to surplus fund .....	1,665.01	
Pay of regular assistant attorneys, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	5,582.08	
Carried to surplus fund .....	5,582.08	
Pay of regular assistant attorneys, 1900:		
Repayments .....	634.07	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		634.07
Pay of regular assistant attorneys, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	170,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	170,000.00	
Salaries and expenses, United States courts, Indian Territory, certified claims:		
Appropriation warrant .....	130.65	
Payments during fiscal year.....	130.65	
Salaries and expenses, United States courts, Indian Territory, 1898 and prior years:		
Repayments .....	259.58	
Carried to surplus fund .....	259.58	
Salaries and expenses, United States courts, Indian Territory, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$18,186.72	
Repayments .....	13.00	
	18,199.72	
Carried to surplus fund .....	18,199.72	
Salaries and expenses, United States courts, Indian Territory, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$9,688.57	
Repayments .....	862.37	
	10,550.94	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,557.92	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		8,993.02
Salaries and expenses, United States courts, Indian Territory, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	\$75,000.00	
Repayments .....	502.43	
	75,502.43	
Payments during fiscal year.....	75,241.60	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		260.83

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Furniture and repairs, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$7. 30	
Carried to surplus fund .....	7. 30	
Furniture and repairs, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	112. 10	
Carried to surplus fund .....	112. 10	
Furniture and repairs, 1900:		
Repayments .....	\$0. 54	
Appropriation warrant.....	61. 05	
	61. 59	
Payments during fiscal year.....	61. 05	
Balance July 1, 1900.....		\$0. 54
Furniture and repairs, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	1, 000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1, 000. 00	
Books for department library, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	2, 750. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	2, 750. 00	
Books for office of solicitor, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	300. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	300. 00	
Stationery, 1899:		
Appropriation warrant.....	30. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	30. 00	
Stationery, 1900:		
Repayments .....	235. 16	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3. 00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		232. 16
Transportation, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	215. 75	
Carried to surplus fund .....	215. 75	
Transportation, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	56. 57	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		56. 57
Transportation, 1900:		
Repayments .....	577. 98	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3. 50	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		574. 48
Transportation, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	2, 800. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	2, 800. 00	
Miscellaneous items, 1897 and prior years:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	46. 86	
Carried to surplus fund .....	46. 86	
Miscellaneous items, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	10. 63	
Carried to surplus fund .....	10. 63	



Miscellaneous items, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$1,338. 13	
Payments during fiscal year.....	\$16. 99	
Carried to surplus fund.....	1,321. 14	
	<u>1,338. 13</u>	
Miscellaneous items, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$1,075. 00	
Repayments.....	49. 55	
	<u>1,124. 55</u>	
Payments during fiscal year.....	172. 73	
	<u>951. 82</u>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		
Miscellaneous items, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	7,545. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	7,545. 00	
	<u>7,545. 00</u>	
Salaries, governor, etc., district of Alaska, 1901:		
Amount paid the district judge, United States marshal, deputy marshals, clerk, commissioners, and United States attorney <sup>1</sup> .....	41,207. 90	
Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Arizona, 1901:		
Amount paid the justices of the supreme court <sup>1</sup> .....	12,000. 00	
Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of New Mexico, 1901:		
Amount paid the justices of the supreme court <sup>1</sup> .....	14,910. 35	
Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Oklahoma, 1901:		
Amount paid the justices of the supreme court <sup>1</sup> .....	15,000. 00	
Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Hawaii, 1900 and 1901:		
Amount paid the justices of the supreme court and judges of circuit courts <sup>1</sup> .....	33,759. 60	
Salaries, district court, Territory of Hawaii, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	196. 15	
	<u>196. 15</u>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		
Salaries, district court, Territory of Hawaii, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	4,200. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	4,080. 97	
	<u>119. 03</u>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		
Salaries, Supreme Court, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	107,900. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	107,900. 00	
	<u>107,900. 00</u>	
Salaries, circuit courts, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	916. 10	
Carried to surplus fund.....	916. 10	
	<u>916. 10</u>	
Salaries, circuit courts, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	179,000. 00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	179,000. 00	
	<u>179,000. 00</u>	
Salaries, district judges, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	2,227. 40	
Carried to surplus fund.....	2,227. 40	
	<u>2,227. 40</u>	
Salaries, district judges, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$3,457. 45	
Repayments.....	. 10	
	<u>3,457. 55</u>	
Payments during fiscal year.....	151. 10	
	<u>3,306. 45</u>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		

<sup>1</sup>Only such amounts as were necessary to pay the salaries of the justices of the supreme court, United States marshals, etc., were amenable to disbursement by the Department of Justice.

Salaries, district judges, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	\$338,347.18	
Payments during fiscal year.....	335,914.20	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$2,432.98
Salaries, retired judges, 1900:		
Repayments .....	27.47	
Payments during fiscal year.....	27.47	
Salaries, retired judges, 1901:		
Payments during fiscal year <sup>1</sup> .....	43,638.28	
Salaries, Court of Claims, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	52.19	
Carried to surplus fund .....	52.19	
Salaries, Court of Claims, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	41.57	
Balance July 1, 1901.....	41.57	
Salaries, Court of Claims, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	44,540.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	44,138.90	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		401.10
Salaries, Court of Private Land Claims, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	35,100.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	35,100.00	
Salaries and expenses, court of appeals, District of Columbia, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	12.79	
Carried to surplus fund .....	12.79	
Salaries and expenses, court of appeals, District of Columbia, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$500.00	
Repayments .....	83.60	
Payments during fiscal year .....	583.60	
Payments during fiscal year .....	507.00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		76.60
Salaries and expenses, court of appeals, District of Columbia, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	25,720.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	25,720.00	
Salaries, supreme court, District of Columbia, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	27.82	
Carried to surplus fund .....	27.82	
Salaries, supreme court, District of Columbia, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	1,222.83	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		1,222.83
Salaries, supreme court, District of Columbia, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	30,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	29,876.36	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		123.64

<sup>1</sup> To pay the salaries of the United States judges, retired, under section 714, Revised Statutes, only so much as was necessary to pay them during the current fiscal year was appropriated.

Salary, clerk district court, northern district of Illinois,		
1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	\$3,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3,000.00	
Salary, commissioner of Yellowstone National Park, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	1,500.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	1,500.00	
Salary, warden of jail, District of Columbia, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	2,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	2,000.00	
Support of convicts, District of Columbia, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	3,006.00	
Carried to surplus fund.....	3,006.00	
Support of convicts, District of Columbia, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$13,516.67	
Repayments.....	462.51	
	13,979.18	
Payments during fiscal year.....	9,929.94	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$4,049.24
Support of convicts, District of Columbia, 1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	48,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	31,726.80	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		16,273.20
Salaries of employees, court-house, Washington, D. C.,		
1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	70.15	
Carried to surplus fund.....	70.15	
Salaries of employees, court-house, Washington, D. C.,		
1901:		
Appropriation warrant.....	12,960.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	12,960.00	
Support of prisoners, District of Columbia, 1898:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	1,507.79	
Carried to surplus fund.....	1,507.79	
Support of prisoners, District of Columbia, 1899:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	2,388.72	
Carried to surplus fund.....	2,388.72	
Support of prisoners, District of Columbia, 1900:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	\$4,000.54	
Repayments.....	1,239.58	
	5,240.12	
Payments during fiscal year.....	4,000.00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		1,240.12
Support of prisoners, District of Columbia, 1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	45,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	43,000.00	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		2,000.00
Cells and repairs to jail, District of Columbia:		
Balance July 1, 1900.....	2,763.45	
Carried to surplus fund.....	2,763.45	
Defending suits in Court of Claims, District of Columbia,		
1901:		
Appropriation warrants.....	3,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	3,000.00	

## Salaries and expenses, Spanish Claims Commission:

Appropriation warrant.....	\$50,000.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	20,033.55	
	<hr/>	
Balance July 1, 1901.....		\$29,966.45
Agreements with Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians:		
Appropriation warrant.....	8,770.00	
Payments during fiscal year.....	8,770.00	

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## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

EXHIBIT F.—Statement showing the expenses of the United States courts incurred in the fiscal year 1898 and prior years and paid in the fiscal year 1901.

Judicial districts	Salaries, fees, and expenses of mar- shals.	Fees of jurors.	Fees of witnesses.	Support of prisoners.	Pay of bailiffs, etc.	Miscel- laneous expenses.	Salaries and ex- penses of district at- torneys.	Pay of regular assistant at- torneys.	Pay of special assistant at- torneys.	Fees of clerks.	Fees of commis- sioners.	Rent of court rooms.	Total.
Alabama, northern.....	\$173.18						\$1.42						\$174.60
Alabama, middle.....													
Alabama, southern.....													
Alaska, first division.....													
Alaska, second division.....													
Alaska, third division.....													
Arizona.....													
Arkansas, eastern.....													
Arkansas, western.....	9.00												9.00
California, northern.....					\$44.00								44.00
California, southern.....													
Colorado.....													
Connecticut.....													
Delaware.....													
District of Columbia.....	1.03					\$99.16							100.19
Florida, northern.....													
Florida, southern.....										\$54.50			54.50
Georgia, northern.....													
Georgia, southern.....													
Hawaii.....													
Idaho.....													
Illinois, northern.....					10.00								10.00
Illinois, southern.....											\$7.75		7.75
Indiana.....													
Indian Territory, northern.....													
Indian Territory, central.....	23.34								\$500.00				500.00
Indian Territory, southern.....						282.15							23.34
Iowa, northern.....													
Iowa, southern.....						240.00							282.15
Kansas.....			\$24.30										284.30
Kentucky.....	142.07			\$127.60									269.67
Louisiana, eastern.....													
Louisiana, western.....													
Maine.....													
Maryland.....													
Massachusetts.....						282.40							5.00
Michigan, eastern.....		\$239.32											282.40
Michigan, western.....													239.32
Minnesota.....													
Mississippi, northern.....	229.80												229.80
Mississippi, southern.....													
Missouri, eastern.....											10.40		10.40









## EXHIBIT F 2.—Statement showing the expenses of the United States

Judicial districts.	Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals.	Fees of jurors.	Fees of witnesses.	Support of prisoners.
Alabama, northern.....	\$27.70		\$35.50	\$73.70
Alabama, middle.....				5.00
Alabama, southern.....				9.90
Alaska, first division.....	850.00	\$144.00	38.00	5,648.50
Alaska, second division.....				
Alaska, third division.....	21.98			
Arizona.....				2,791.15
Arkansas, eastern.....				
Arkansas, western.....				
California, northern.....			10.00	3,412.65
California, southern.....				
Colorado.....				486.35
Connecticut.....				878.56
Delaware.....				
District of Columbia.....	867.22	2.00	140.00	
Florida, northern.....				13.50
Florida, southern.....				
Georgia, northern.....			300.00	187.33
Georgia, southern.....				292.65
Hawaii.....	18.74			
Idaho.....	273.90			536.25
Illinois, northern.....				1,850.04
Illinois, southern.....				1,109.40
Indiana.....				535.40
Indian Territory, northern.....	1,081.18		71.75	801.40
Indian Territory, central.....	500.00		1,196.65	5,001.50
Indian Territory, southern.....			248.00	100.00
Iowa, northern.....	58.25			507.55
Iowa, southern.....			16.54	637.87
Kansas.....	2.25			410.35
Kentucky.....	56.85		46.50	116.25
Louisiana, eastern.....		4.00	18.50	
Louisiana, western.....				
Maine.....				100.25
Maryland.....				1,294.92
Massachusetts.....			17.60	891.27
Michigan, eastern.....				4,002.15
Michigan, western.....				64.35
Minnesota.....	900.00	488.90	688.00	1,325.91
Mississippi, northern.....			545.70	142.30
Mississippi, southern.....		27.20	98.80	20.75
Missouri, eastern.....				
Missouri, western.....			8.65	6,832.44
Montana.....				512.90
Nebraska.....		.62	4.50	489.02
Nevada.....				1,086.50
New Hampshire.....	4.10			80.55
New Jersey.....			238.30	1,041.90
New Mexico.....			5.90	1,596.15
New York, northern.....	500.00		533.18	6,528.84
New York, eastern.....			19.20	1,161.46
New York, southern.....			27.00	1,485.20
New York, western.....	104.83		160.20	733.03
North Carolina, eastern.....	1,314.07		94.35	3,441.90
North Carolina, western.....				
North Dakota.....	42.97	18.00	25.05	21.65
Ohio, northern.....			18.00	123.90
Ohio, southern.....				13,389.11
Oklahoma.....		2.30	16.90	1,229.38
Oregon.....		312.10	300.00	575.43
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	816.66			1,723.10
Pennsylvania, western.....			142.50	727.67
Porto Rico.....				156.00
Rhode Island.....				72.30
South Carolina.....			36.20	1,559.60
South Dakota.....				25.00
Tennessee, eastern.....		4.00	4.50	3,751.48
Tennessee, middle.....	50.00			8.80
Tennessee, western.....		19.20		
Texas, northern.....				
Texas, eastern.....	35.68		161.85	40.05
Texas, western.....	69.42		71.08	3,500.00
Utah.....				295.00
Vermont.....	9.18			474.22
Virginia, eastern.....				144.70
Virginia, western.....	15.97		5.10	30.95
Washington.....			7.00	64.50
West Virginia.....		2.90	146.00	2,736.97
Wisconsin, eastern.....	19.20		3.60	657.63
Wisconsin, western.....	191.50	.40		
Wyoming.....				876.60
Total.....	6,726.60	1,025.62	5,500.60	88,450.63

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*courts incurred in the fiscal year 1900 and paid in the fiscal year 1901.*

Pay of bailiffs, etc.	Miscella- neous ex- penses.	Salaries and ex- penses of district attorneys.	Pay of regular assistant attor- neys.	Pay of special assistant attorneys.	Fees of clerks.	Fees of commis- sioners.	Rent of court rooms.	Total.
	\$144.80	\$108.05			\$1,002.61	\$1,395.85		\$2,788.21
\$30.00	152.25	2.25			804.30	776.20		1,770.00
	20.70	20.70			240.65	91.80		363.05
			\$42.86			2,063.80	\$618.00	9,405.16
		156.59						156.59
								21.98
	5.00	235.02			2,922.42	97.00	904.84	6,965.43
		158.27		\$250.00	1,469.59	795.15		2,673.01
		93.97			1,490.70	673.80		2,568.47
	764.80	74.87			1,608.25	175.95		6,041.52
		25.86		1,500.00	973.43	112.15		2,611.44
		34.85			423.40	172.70	190.00	1,307.30
62.00		8.45	500.00		745.80	15.25		1,710.06
					457.20	16.75		473.95
	1,535.56			3,501.84		85.20		5,631.82
		75.25			1,051.83	287.05	175.00	1,602.63
	25.00	17.20			884.89	371.30		1,248.39
	47.50	47.48			3,753.35	2,747.70		7,083.36
		1,023.08			1,087.65	797.15		3,200.53
								13.74
		112.30			565.30	79.60	853.75	2,421.10
		203.75				645.70	7,412.00	9,611.49
	27.24	320.74			970.53	318.85		2,746.76
	1,155.00	73.13			790.87	257.40		2,311.80
		196.59		1,000.00			2,205.50	4,856.42
20.00		85.60			271.25	399.80		1,484.20
4.00	400.00	109.30			868.55	425.85		2,088.37
		247.35			742.05	148.95		4,590.02
	2,387.10	140.06		755.80	3,233.01	1,204.40		4,833.05
10.00	2.00	143.52			245.65	189.55		984.30
	4.50	164.04		500.00		72.60		72.60
		22.10			232.83	191.40		645.06
	2.00	120.58			496.35	121.95		1,962.67
	755.63	99.45				298.10		2,062.05
		45.75			871.59	154.65		5,074.14
	12.50	198.43			559.65	75.80		888.23
60.48		169.53	164.80	905.00		712.60	40.00	4,867.72
		96.33			2,141.26	777.95		3,702.54
	15.00	151.05			551.45	301.80		1,166.05
		45.11			613.74	433.20		1,092.05
11.90	8.00	106.18			967.37	720.25		8,653.79
		322.45			673.12	59.50	962.50	2,530.47
	91.05	118.14			632.53	358.90		1,694.76
					641.25	83.35		1,811.10
	106.95	7.95			533.55	27.75	212.50	973.35
	245.96	54.64			8.03	410.15		1,998.98
	870.03	241.40		411.58	1,251.83	200.75	700.00	5,277.64
	150.00	161.69			239.87	974.20		9,087.78
	101.00	129.82			1,171.56	206.25		2,778.79
15.00	1,701.50			3,238.71		278.65		6,731.06
	6.50	86.92				339.35		1,445.83
	50.00	147.36			2,088.42	2,162.80		9,298.90
5.00	167.20	375.74		500.00	3,989.02	2,545.95	30.00	7,440.71
	15.00				1,787.14	235.75	1,450.00	3,752.76
		54.87				135.75		347.52
	111.74	251.82		750.00	541.01	182.95		15,114.89
		369.05			3,924.30	608.10	2,270.98	8,532.75
		42.90	123.60		2,086.71	44.80		3,485.54
	152.86	123.98	206.00			407.20		3,429.75
	177.90	74.57			810.60	366.70		2,299.94
		141.38			461.25	9.00		626.25
	85.00	225.71			1,402.65	728.75	6.00	2,387.23
	24.78	102.94			553.92	190.85	1,725.00	4,340.08
		29.00			714.93	813.15	60.00	1,749.30
		127.57			1,239.35	540.90		5,610.73
	236.35	52.27			1,288.10	824.55		1,768.22
	20.10	315.32			1,042.77	221.55	250.00	1,802.94
	4.91	204.82			2,338.17	123.10		2,998.22
		31.36			1,011.09	778.50	300.00	5,939.82
		295.25			877.27	21.40	1,252.50	1,977.53
50.00		97.68				130.80		909.45
		123.25			2,838.55	140.30		3,271.23
	35.00	306.52			2,232.65	944.30		3,352.22
		84.33			330.47	367.60	2,350.00	3,461.09
18.00		80.89		250.00	1,829.13	494.70		5,344.03
	800.00	95.93		1,118.33	533.41	218.70		1,781.43
		82.16			1,635.74	99.00		3,440.90
					862.20	50.05	400.00	1,771.01
286.38	12,097.71	9,988.31	1,037.26	14,681.26	74,052.11	34,031.60	28,234.31	216,722.45

EXHIBIT F 3.—Statement showing the expenses of the United States

Judicial districts.	Salaries, fees, and ex- penses of marshals.	Fees of jurors.	Fees of witnesses.	Support of prisoners.
Alabama, northern.....	\$22,000.00	\$10,500.00	\$32,500.00	\$6,400.00
Alabama, middle.....	17,720.57	5,825.20	27,500.00	2,250.00
Alabama, southern.....	6,500.00	3,050.00	3,900.00	750.00
Alaska, first division.....	15,292.34	15,750.00	22,000.00	34,000.00
Alaska, second division.....	23,261.70	14,000.00	10,000.00	35,250.00
Alaska, third division.....	8,720.41	4,000.00	4,000.00	8,000.00
Arizona.....	14,625.80	14,400.00	7,150.00	12,579.33
Arkansas, eastern.....	21,100.00	15,500.00	15,000.00	6,000.00
Arkansas, western.....	19,400.00	10,500.00	15,000.00	17,000.00
California, northern.....	16,508.84	8,000.00	4,700.00	17,198.40
California, southern.....	9,113.90	5,500.00	5,200.00	800.00
Colorado.....	11,299.62	6,500.00	6,000.00	2,883.90
Connecticut.....	3,450.00	1,800.00	425.00	2,139.84
Delaware.....	4,500.00	1,000.00	500.00	100.00
District of Columbia.....	29,392.92	38,500.00	7,525.50	
Florida, northern.....	8,250.00	4,150.00	8,750.00	850.00
Florida, southern.....	9,850.00	4,000.00	6,250.00	2,250.00
Georgia, northern.....	28,600.00	8,100.00	30,500.00	15,500.00
Georgia, southern.....	13,782.00	4,500.00	7,900.00	8,000.00
Hawaii.....	6,092.29	2,750.00	3,000.00	1,500.00
Idaho.....	8,500.00	3,300.00	2,150.00	2,285.00
Illinois, northern.....	22,297.68	15,000.00	10,500.00	9,804.70
Illinois, southern.....	20,000.00	8,500.00	14,700.00	7,422.55
Indiana.....	15,800.08	8,500.00	12,350.00	4,244.25
Indian Territory, northern.....	45,775.54	23,500.00	57,000.00	34,587.50
Indian Territory, central.....	89,177.68	17,000.00	33,500.00	29,000.00
Indian Territory, southern.....	37,819.99	19,900.00	62,500.00	22,000.00
Iowa, northern.....	12,675.00	8,100.00	5,700.00	1,970.59
Iowa, southern.....	11,900.00	8,550.00	9,500.00	3,785.61
Kansas.....	11,899.80	11,600.00	11,500.00	2,736.00
Kentucky.....	26,500.00	11,500.00	44,500.00	19,287.20
Louisiana, eastern.....	7,705.00	9,332.00	1,588.00	255.00
Louisiana, western.....	4,850.00	1,450.00	1,300.00	300.00
Maine.....	9,200.00	3,400.00	3,400.00	1,695.50
Maryland.....	9,120.00	3,075.00	7,750.00	6,254.22
Massachusetts.....	18,792.97	10,000.00	4,750.00	3,921.40
Michigan, eastern.....	9,650.00	7,250.00	2,600.00	10,367.53
Michigan, western.....	7,620.00	4,200.00	3,000.00	1,200.00
Minnesota.....	17,000.00	22,600.00	12,800.00	11,165.78
Mississippi, northern.....	10,800.00	6,750.00	11,500.00	4,100.00
Mississippi, southern.....	13,400.00	7,785.60	15,200.00	1,450.00
Missouri, eastern.....	14,000.00	7,500.00	6,000.00	3,500.00
Missouri, western.....	14,000.00	8,500.00	9,100.00	26,846.08
Montana.....	13,688.05	4,100.00	11,800.00	3,827.70
Nebraska.....	13,100.00	10,500.00	9,400.00	4,500.00
Nevada.....	5,350.00	1,650.00	2,550.00	5,692.50
New Hampshire.....	3,300.00	1,800.00	450.00	733.67
New Jersey.....	7,799.98	5,500.00	3,800.00	4,661.10
New Mexico.....	15,216.00	15,500.00	8,000.00	11,123.35
New York, northern.....	14,027.43	4,000.00	18,000.00	19,943.53
New York, eastern.....	9,550.00	4,250.00	1,400.00	2,705.39
New York, southern.....	31,753.04	14,500.00	7,800.00	11,224.78
New York, western.....	17,406.79	6,000.00	13,000.00	7,465.95
North Carolina, eastern.....	19,200.00	5,600.00	16,500.00	6,434.55
North Carolina, western.....	28,100.00	11,000.00	27,500.00	9,500.00
North Dakota.....	11,700.00	6,500.00	8,641.00	4,075.00
Ohio, northern.....	12,220.00	10,000.00	2,500.00	1,710.40
Ohio, southern.....	17,370.00	6,500.00	6,300.00	43,161.50
Oklahoma.....	24,500.00	12,150.00	19,200.00	17,600.00
Oregon.....	12,400.00	4,800.00	4,100.00	2,102.71
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	10,632.10	9,700.00	6,200.00	6,938.75
Pennsylvania, middle.....	815.41	1,500.00	1,000.00	200.00
Pennsylvania, western.....	10,311.60	14,500.00	7,000.00	5,188.25
Porto Rico.....		1,590.00	750.00	273.20
Rhode Island.....	3,132.20	1,700.00	200.00	673.68
South Carolina.....	14,900.00	8,000.00	11,500.00	4,368.90
South Dakota.....	14,903.83	6,000.00	15,000.00	9,428.51
Tennessee, eastern.....	13,864.40	5,050.00	6,200.00	3,700.00
Tennessee, middle.....	11,050.00	3,800.00	3,650.00	25,149.02
Tennessee, western.....	9,374.40	5,800.00	4,550.00	2,500.00
Texas, northern.....	13,300.00	12,500.00	5,250.00	2,000.00
Texas, eastern.....	19,300.00	15,000.00	13,000.00	5,000.00
Texas, western.....	15,473.48	14,600.00	14,100.00	12,500.00
Utah.....	7,900.00	8,500.00	2,300.00	1,324.80
Vermont.....	5,200.00	2,000.00	3,400.00	2,652.38
Virginia, eastern.....	9,740.00	6,500.00	4,500.00	2,031.40
Virginia, western.....	18,700.00	6,500.00	17,500.00	4,800.00
Washington.....	19,508.80	12,500.00	12,300.00	21,000.00
West Virginia.....	18,944.73	6,500.00	20,000.00	10,109.78
Wisconsin, eastern.....	9,300.00	3,600.00	7,800.00	4,084.12
Wisconsin, western.....	11,899.47	4,520.00	16,602.00	2,270.00
Wyoming.....	7,575.00	3,550.00	2,000.00	1,702.00
Total.....	1,175,551.89	677,127.80	885,932.50	655,402.35

incurred and paid in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

of fts.	Miscella- neous expenses.	Salaries and expenses of district attorneys.	Pay of regular assistant attorneys.	Pay of special assistant attor- neys.	Fees of clerks.	Fees of com- missioners.	Rent of court rooms.	Total.
50.00	\$681.00	\$4,973.10	\$2,794.72		\$3,092.86	\$5,089.35		\$90,181.03
83.00	1,123.00	4,281.28	2,700.00		1,739.35	3,727.55		67,749.95
100.00	425.00	4,060.50			1,301.88	414.95		21,501.83
50.00			799.00			3,207.30	\$1,090.10	83,188.74
750.00			2,249.75			45.75		88,557.20
1000.00			633.40			66.95		26,420.76
250.00	1,000.00	5,518.10	1,800.00		4,924.14	678.10	2,670.00	67,595.47
800.00	2,000.00	5,015.52	1,500.00		3,132.65	2,779.85	300.00	74,128.02
750.00	2,350.00	5,754.09	2,000.00		3,676.20	1,847.05		79,277.34
914.00	9,185.20	7,619.29	4,268.29		6,670.62	657.30		80,721.94
650.00	2,700.00	4,548.00	1,491.78	5,849.65	3,144.78	313.55		40,311.66
050.00	2,231.75	4,865.51	1,500.00		1,200.94	358.55	370.00	38,260.27
450.00	3,600.00	2,570.97			1,301.48	171.40		16,908.69
600.00	1,700.00	2,000.00			1,336.85	78.45		11,815.30
1,000.00	45,655.77	200.00		510.31		182.15		128,967.65
450.00	400.00	4,220.71	625.40		1,445.97	1,243.65		30,386.73
011.75	1,983.25	4,423.73	1,000.00	122.70	1,813.46	1,109.45		33,814.35
2,450.00	2,850.00	8,115.38	4,250.00		9,781.87	6,952.85		117,050.10
1,750.00	2,739.28	4,316.30	2,157.18		1,253.60	2,099.50		43,497.86
250.00	2,500.00	3,654.95				88.25		19,835.49
425.00	900.00	4,105.95			941.75	72.30	2,180.00	24,860.00
4,800.00	11,000.00	6,560.03	7,900.00			1,981.40	22,236.00	111,579.81
700.00	900.00	6,670.11	2,700.00		2,937.57	1,252.55		65,782.78
4,100.00	2,800.00	6,144.75	2,000.00		3,737.15	608.65		60,284.83
3,500.00	4,400.00	5,908.99	3,188.69				7,491.50	185,297.22
2,200.00	2,150.00	5,521.00	1,200.00				4,881.66	134,630.34
3,700.00	2,723.00	5,709.25	1,616.76				7,486.85	163,455.85
4,600.00	1,261.07	5,929.28	1,200.00		969.01	1,572.70		43,877.65
800.00	2,000.00	5,924.89	1,200.00		293.18	647.60	37.50	44,588.78
1,200.00	2,350.00	5,564.74	2,000.00	628.33	1,287.15	362.65		50,628.67
700.00	3,000.00	6,077.65	2,393.40	500.00	3,902.98	3,442.45		121,803.68
10,902.00	5,539.67	4,853.91	2,500.00	500.00	1,958.20	260.40		45,394.18
250.00	900.00	2,500.00				24.85		11,574.85
1,800.00	1,200.00	3,330.37			160.20	119.70		24,305.77
750.00	1,675.00	5,137.05	1,200.00	1,000.00	1,257.82	636.40		37,855.49
9,250.00	4,600.00	6,530.16	4,265.44			953.45		58,063.42
2,500.00	1,100.00	5,046.43	2,000.00		2,297.78	485.10		43,296.84
600.00	3,719.59	4,921.65	1,600.00	2,960.71	2,196.42	242.85		32,261.22
3,000.00	4,621.55	4,888.70	3,800.00	7,453.68	2,693.20	1,493.15	40.00	91,056.06
375.00	275.00	4,486.69	1,200.00		2,806.92	1,657.55		43,951.16
500.00	150.00	4,832.10	1,200.00		4,672.12	769.55		49,959.37
6,425.00	4,524.63	5,308.58	3,500.00		1,919.78	1,354.70		54,032.64
1,525.00	1,375.00	5,549.86	2,000.00	1,127.50	2,128.96	1,386.50		73,538.90
1,900.00	2,250.00	6,055.03	1,446.38		1,438.23	170.90	3,067.50	49,743.79
1,300.00	2,000.00	5,269.83	1,500.00		2,096.24	1,507.25		51,173.32
350.00	1,280.00	3,720.00			1,393.80	144.65		22,130.95
250.00	700.00	2,500.00			1,087.79	17.70	337.50	11,181.66
2,900.00	700.00	3,884.22	800.00		191.14	639.00		30,875.44
1,550.00	6,846.18	5,631.35	1,790.00		3,485.98	237.30	1,860.00	71,240.16
800.00	4,000.00	5,031.88	2,657.60		741.35	1,106.15		70,306.54
180.00	1,605.00	5,327.96	5,200.00		1,363.51	425.85		30,607.71
7,400.00	30,671.34	6,000.00	19,194.54	14,099.41		824.65		143,467.76
600.00	2,500.00	6,099.80	5,000.00		638.96	1,507.85	454.13	60,673.43
450.00	1,400.00	5,048.62	1,250.00		2,231.24	4,034.55		62,148.96
600.00	2,200.00	7,184.38	1,973.51	1,191.30	6,952.62	7,683.50	140.00	104,030.11
500.00	1,476.00	4,760.25	1,200.00		2,497.60	115.45	4,100.00	45,865.30
2,700.00	3,575.00	5,637.61	1,798.35		373.26	330.00		40,844.62
5,300.00	3,000.00	5,734.70	3,200.00		1,855.70	515.40		92,987.30
1,750.00	3,100.00	7,288.26	3,500.00		4,293.37	2,249.15	2,564.95	98,195.73
2,700.00	2,100.00	5,681.91	1,500.00		5,462.31	84.50		40,931.43
3,800.00	6,910.72	5,990.62	4,464.38	1,262.95		908.80		56,803.32
150.00	250.00							4,015.41
1,250.00	1,100.00	5,647.56	4,749.97			392.70		50,140.08
250.00	1,410.27				274.65			4,553.12
1,900.00	550.00	3,000.00			2,009.68	9.35		12,175.91
2,100.00	2,350.00	6,081.20	2,700.00		3,020.27	2,101.05	6.00	57,127.42
700.00	1,450.00	5,537.43	1,500.00		2,164.83	559.60	2,400.00	59,644.20
450.00	1,350.00	5,658.45	1,500.00		2,732.65	2,060.95	180.00	42,746.45
800.00	4,000.00	5,706.55	1,600.00		1,333.51	1,664.75		55,553.83
800.00	1,600.00	5,224.33	1,500.00		2,294.00	842.70		33,985.43
1,500.00	3,350.00	4,865.56			2,389.47	868.90	750.00	46,773.93
2,500.00	3,700.00	6,993.72	3,500.00		3,381.18	339.80		71,214.70
2,300.00	3,100.00	5,177.01	2,700.00		2,004.66	1,862.10	900.00	74,717.25
750.00	1,850.00	4,770.40	1,500.00		579.76	76.25	3,577.50	28,128.71
375.00	1,000.00	4,187.60		250.00				19,064.98
3,900.00	1,300.00	5,125.82	1,500.00	500.00	1,268.45	632.05		36,997.72
700.00	875.00	5,879.00	1,500.00		2,823.59	2,727.60		62,005.19
2,800.00	3,800.00	6,150.48	1,770.68		1,950.00	1,412.40	6,350.00	89,042.36
1,600.00	2,400.00	5,591.96	3,085.80		3,052.09	1,016.30		72,300.71
950.00	2,000.00	4,854.24	1,500.00		1,269.07	473.20		35,280.63
1,190.00	2,131.00	4,661.02	1,200.00	747.34	2,092.91	88.65		47,402.39
255.00	760.00	4,963.46	156.37			93.05	1,200.00	22,254.88
165,860.75	262,929.28	394,661.23	164,872.19	38,703.88	152,670.21	90,149.50	76,671.19	4,740,382.77

## EXHIBIT F 4.—Contingent expenses, Department of Justice.

## FURNITURE AND REPAIRS.

1900.		Fannie Jackson:		
July	31.	For washing furniture covers in Attorney-General's room .....	\$2.50	
		Notley Anderson:		
July	10.	For making 2 double bookcases, 12 feet long and 8 feet high, for library, Department of Justice, as per estimate .....	44.00	
		Notley Anderson:		
July	13.	1 foot rest covered with carpet.....	\$1.75	
	19.	1 quartered oak cabinet.....	8.50	
	25.	Hanging doors and putting back on bookcase.....	8.50	
	30.	Making 1 file case.....	14.00	
			<hr/>	32.75
		R. H. Chase & Bros.:		
Aug.	19.	For 799 yards carpet cleaned, at 2½ cents.....	17.98	
		For 25 yards carpet cleaned for Attorney-General (extra), 2½ cents per yard.....	2.81	
			<hr/>	20.79
		Youman & Erbe Manufacturing Co.:		
July	13.	12 long document files, oak, size 4½ by 10½ by 12, with No. 3 ring pull, varnished, finished .....		9.75
		B. C. Kuehling:		
Sept.	18.	Repairing and fitting duplicate keys to desk lock .....	\$0.75	
Oct.	1.	Repairing lock and fitting key for desk at No. 8 Jackson place .....	.50	
	2.	Repairing lock and key.....	.50	
			<hr/>	1.75
		Youman & Erbe Manufacturing Co.:		
Sept.	7.	2 60-drawer document filing cabinets, 10 by 6, black walnut .....		162.00
		A. E. Kennedy:		
Oct.	23.	For repairs to frame, cleaning, refinishing woodwork, reupholstering, and re-covering in goods as selected 1 old sofa.....		40.97
		Jas. S. Lapham:		
Nov.	3.	1 dozen leather seats .....		12.00
		Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict:		
Oct.	23.	1 8-drawer desk .....	\$14.25	
		1 8-drawer cabinet, flat top .....	28.50	
			<hr/>	42.75
		Julius Lansburgh:		
July	20.	1 oak office chair.....	15.00	
Sept.	21.	¾ gallon polish .....	3.00	
	29.	1 bookcase.....	10.00	
		1 rattan couch .....	12.50	
		6 oak chairs, at \$5.75 .....	34.50	
Nov.	20.	1 screen .....	5.00	
		5 yards linoleum .....	3.75	
			<hr/>	83.75
		Notley Anderson:		
Sept.	8.	Altering bookcase .....	2.50	
	15.	Repairing chairs, caning, covering with leather, springs, etc .....	23.00	
	28.	Repairing 2 sofas .....	7.00	
		Repairing 2 chairs .....	1.25	
Oct.	12.	Repairing drawers to desk .....	1.50	
	29.	Covering 1 desk and book rest .....	4.50	
Nov.	10.	Repairing bookcase, changing shelves, partition, putting on locks, varnishing same, No. 8 .....	10.00	
	19.	Making 1 oak cabinet (disbursing clerk) .....	16.50	
		Making 1 oak cabinet (Major Strong) .....	15.50	
		Making 1 large case (library) .....	56.00	
		Making cabinet, No. 8 (Mr. Ashford) .....	7.50	
		Putting on two casters .....	.50	
			<hr/>	145.75

1900.		Paine Furniture Co.:		
Nov.	23.	1 No. 1689 Flemish oak rocker, in leather.....	\$17.00	
		1 mat .....	.30	
				\$17.30
		W. B. Moses & Sons:		
Nov.	23.	2 Anatolian rugs, at \$3.75 .....	7.50	
		3 Shorain rugs, at \$5 .....	15.00	
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1901.				
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1901.				
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Feb.	28.	1 dozen leather chair seats .....		12.00
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		History of Colonization, Morris, 2 vols.....	4. 00
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			\$258. 75
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		Southwestern Reporter, vol. 59.....	3. 75
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			40. 25
		Statute Law Book Co.:	
June	27.	New Hampshire Statutes, 1792.....	12. 50
		Tennessee Acts, 1823.....	15. 00
		Vermont Acts, 1804 (October).....	12. 50
		Vermont Acts, 1806.....	10. 96
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			50. 96
		West Publishing Co.:	
June	22.	American Digest, Cut. Ed., vols. 22-25.....	24. 00
		Northwestern Reporter, vols. 84, 85.....	7. 50
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		Southeastern Reporter, vols. 1-17, inclusive, second edition.....	36. 38
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			316. 09

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				4.40
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				17.50
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		Edward Thompson & Co.:		
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		W. H. Lowdermilk:		
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		Vol. 102, Federal Reporter .....	3.50	
				28.50
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Dec.	13.	Texas State Supreme Court Reports, vols. 82 to 91, inclusive, 10 vols .....	18.25	
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Jan.	19.	American and English Encyclopedia of Law, second edition, vol. 17 .....	6.00	
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Feb.	6.	Vols. 9, 10, Notes on U. S. Supreme Court Reports, \$6.50 each .....	13.00	
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Apl.	11.	Jones, Forms of Conveyancing .....	6.00	
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				8.00
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		Vol. 108, Iowa Reports .....	3.00
		Vol. 101, Kentucky Reports .....	4.00
		Vol. 125, North Carolina Reports .....	2.75
		Vol. 65, Vermont Reports .....	4.00
		Vol. 46, West Virginia Reports .....	3.50
			<hr/>
			\$30.25
		Edward Thompson Co.:	
June	19.	For American and English Encyclopedia of Law, vol. 18.....	6.00
		West Publishing Co.:	
June	21.	For Federal Reporter, vols. 103-106, at \$3.50.....	14.00
		John Byrne & Co.:	
June	21.	For North Carolina Reports, 109-113, 6 vols .....	15.50

## STATIONERY.

1900.		Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Co.:	
July	5.	1 dozen No. 6 compression covers .....	1.10
		William J. Crane:	
July	2.	4 gross Dixon's Cartaret pencils, at \$3.15.....	12.60
		J. P. Nawrath:	
July	10.	3 bundles, 4 reams, 24 by 36, 50; 4 reams at \$1.88 .....	7.52
		3 bundles, 3 reams, 40 by 48, 120; 3 reams at \$4.50 .....	13.50
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			21.02
		United States Envelope Co.:	
July	21.	2,000 No. 100 manila, printed, at \$8.25 .....	16.50
		3,000 No. 60 rope, printed, at \$4.18 .....	12.54
		2,000 No. 60 rope, printed, at \$4.18 .....	8.36
			<hr/>
			37.40
		Library Bureau:	
July	21.	2,000 No. 34 p. tab cards, printed to order (A. 38146), at \$7.50..	15.00
		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
July	6.	100 note books, No. 258.....	4.40
		6 quarts Stevens' ink, at 45 cents .....	2.70
		4,000 Turner's clips, at \$1.75 .....	7.04
	7.	2 dozen mucilage reservoirs, at \$2.15 .....	4.30
		6,000 cards, 3 by 5½, at \$1.45 .....	8.70
		2,000 cards, 2 by 3¾, at 75 cents .....	1.50
		50 boxes McGill fasteners, No. 1 R, at 8½ cents .....	4.25
		20 boxes McGill fasteners, No. 3 R, at 12½ cents .....	2.50
		2 gross pencils, E. F., No. 4323, at \$3.80 .....	7.60
		4 gross pencils, stenographic, at \$3.04 .....	12.16
		3 gross pencils, colored, at \$2.90 .....	8.70
		3 dozen erasers, rubber, at 71 cents .....	2.13
		30 great gross bands, No. 16, at \$1.89.....	56.70
		180 great gross bands, No. 31, at 43½ cents .....	77.76
		60 great gross bands, No. 000½, at 81 cents .....	48.60
		12 great gross bands, No. 00½, at \$1.35 .....	16.20
		2 dozen paper folders, at \$5.30 .....	10.60
	10.	4,000 McGill fasteners, B. H., at \$1.55.....	6.20
	12.	4 dozen copy books, memorandum letter, at \$7.50.....	30.00
		4 reams letter paper, at \$1.80 .....	7.20
		12 reams note paper, at 90 cents .....	10.80
		2 dozen boxwood rulers, 12-inch, at \$2.58 .....	5.16
		2 dozen boxwood rulers, 24-inch, at \$5.15 .....	10.30
		4 reams blotter, at \$8.50 .....	34.00
	13.	5 dozen library paste, at \$1.95 .....	9.75
		1 dozen baskets, round .....	3.95
	21.	100 reams letter paper, at \$3 .....	300.00
		50 reams cap paper, at \$3 .....	150.00
		5 reams note paper, at \$1.80 .....	9.00
		100 scratch books, No. 4070 .....	19.25
		100 scratch books, No. 4060 .....	5.15
		300 scratch books, No. 4068, at \$12.70 per 100.....	38.25
	24.	2 gross tape, No. 21-72, at \$22.20 .....	44.40
	27.	5 dozen knife erasers, bone, at \$3.55.....	17.75

1900.		R. Carter Ballantyne—Continued.	
July	27.	5 dozen knife erasers, cocoa, at \$3.20.....	\$16.00
	28.	4 reams P. V. note paper, at \$2.43 .....	9.72
			<hr/> \$1,002.72
		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
July	7.	500 cards, 4½ by 5½ .....	1.75
	18.	1,000 seals, No. 27, red .....	2.25
			<hr/> 4.00
		The Manhattan Supply Co.:	
Aug.	23.	6 dozen ink, black, Underwood's Egyptian, quarts, at \$4.50 .....	27.00
		100 typewriting ribbons, copying, at 40 cents.....	40.00
			<hr/> 67.00
		Wykoff, Semans & Benedict:	
July	5.	1 set cushion keys .....	2.50
Aug.	17.	1 set cushion keys .....	2.50
			<hr/> 5.00
		Easton & Rupp:	
July	20.	1 quart Underwood's Egyptian black ink.....	.60
Aug.	2.	1 bill book for disbursing clerk .....	1.50
			<hr/> 2.10
		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
Aug.	4.	4 dozen fountain sponge cups, at \$3.50 .....	14.00
		4 dozen desk baskets, 10 by 14, at \$1.78 .....	7.12
		1½ dozen handy weights, No. 4, at \$3.70 .....	5.55
		¾ dozen handy weights, No. 2, at \$2.80 .....	2.10
	7.	2 reams cap paper, Oriental, at \$2.80 .....	5.70
		40 reams letter paper, Oriental, at \$2.80 .....	114.00
	17.	5 dozen paper weights, bank note, at \$4.45 .....	22.25
		¾ dozen paper weights, small, at \$2.80 .....	2.10
	20.	6 gross Dreka pens, at 51 cents .....	3.24
		20 gross Falcon pens, at 43 cents .....	8.60
		10 gross Spencerian pens, at 65 cents .....	6.50
		15 gross Esterbrook pens, 43 cents .....	6.45
		8 gross Esterbrook pens, at 43 cents .....	3.44
		5 gross Miller No. 4 pens, at 45 cents .....	2.25
		2 gross Gillott pens, No. 170, at 56 cents .....	1.12
	24.	4 gross Tadella pens, at 62 cents .....	2.48
	25.	4 gross De H. pens, at 75 cents .....	3.00
	28.	4 gross Eagle pens, at 31 cents .....	1.24
	31.	12 gross Hoosier pens, at \$1.20 .....	14.40
		5 gross Esterbrook pens, at 43 cents .....	2.15
		15 gross Lyon & Patterson pens, at \$1.10 .....	16.50
		5 gross Esterbrook pens, at 43 cents .....	2.15
Sept.	5.	2 gross Hoosier pens, at \$1.20 .....	2.40
	10.	2,000 envelopes, item 154, at \$7.12 .....	14.24
	14.	1½ carbon paper, at \$27.50 .....	41.25
			<hr/> 304.23
		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
Aug.	23.	2 reams Mann copying paper, at \$1.50 .....	3.00
	25.	2 boxes seal wafers, at 10 cents .....	.20
Sept.	6.	3,000 Star staples, at 60 cents .....	1.80
	13.	5,000 sheets reporter's paper, at \$1.80 .....	9.00
			<hr/> 14.00
		Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Co.:	
Sept.	27.	25 long document files, walnut front with label frame and ring, 10½ by 12 by 5½ inches.....	22.87
		S. P. Johnson:	
Sept.	27.	1 set rubber-cushion keys for Densmore typewriter ....	2.50
	29.	1 set rubber keys .....	2.50
			<hr/> 5.00
		United States Envelope Co.:	
Sept.	11.	125 Ld, item 7, printed 5,000 envelopes, at \$1.10.....	5.50
		125 Ld, item 7, printed 2,500 envelopes, at \$1.10.....	2.75
		125 Ld, item 3, printed 10,000 envelopes, at \$1.50.....	15.00
		125 Ld, item 2, printed 2,000 envelopes, at \$1.64.....	4.92
		125 Ld, item 7, plain 10,000 envelopes, at 98 cents .....	.98
		125 Ld, item 2, printed 7,000 envelopes, at \$1.64.....	11.48



1900.		United States Envelope Co.—Continued.	
Sept.	11.	126 cream laid, plain, item 14, 5,000, at \$1.59 .....	\$7.95
Oct.	8.	1,800 printed, Department of Justice, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ x 10, at \$5.44.....	5.58
			<hr/> \$54.16
		R. P. Andrews & Co.:	
Oct.	3.	2,000 cards, 4 by 9 inches, 6 ply, R. R., at \$2.68 .....	5.36
		Yawman & Erbe Co.:	
Oct.	13.	18 No. 5 E. Shannon files, at \$2.90 a dozen.....	4.35
		R. P. Andrews & Co.:	
Oct.	19.	66 cardboards, 13 by 11 inches.....	4.60
		United States Envelope Co.:	
Oct.	1.	1,800, item 104, printed, Department of Justice, at \$5.52.....	5.52
	2.	White cloth, item 30, printed, Department of Justice, at \$17.32 .....	34.64
	6.	125 Ld., item 3, printed, office Solicitor of Treasury, at \$1.50 .....	9.00
	1.	125 Ld., item 2, to Auditor Post-Office Department, at \$1.64 .....	1.64
	1.	1,400, item 115, plain, at 87 cents.....	.87
			<hr/> 51.67
		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
Oct.	9.	5 $\frac{1}{4}$ reams letter paper, at \$3.....	15.63
	18.	1 gross Spencerian pens, No. 2.....	.65
	19.	2 gross Lyon & Patterson pens, at \$1.10 .....	2.20
	20.	1 gross Esterbrook pens, No. 122.....	.43
			<hr/> 18.19
		The Manhattan Supply Co.:	
Nov.	19.	2 dozen typewriter ribbons for Underwood machines, blue copying, at 40 cents.....	9.60
		William H. Rupp:	
Dec.	3.	200 sheets parchment, 19 by 22, at 40 cents.....	80.00
		200 sheets parchment, 16 by 20, at 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents.....	63.00
		100 sheets parchment, 17 by 22, at 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents.....	35.50
			<hr/> 178.50
		Wm. H. Rupp:	
Sept.	4.	2 dozen fountain ink wells, at \$7.95 .....	15.90
	26.	2 dozen fountain for auto. inkstands, at \$1.80.....	3.60
		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen diaphragms for auto. inkstands, at \$2 .....	3.00
Oct.	26.	Cutting 10 reams paper to size, at 10 cents .....	1.00
Nov.	6.	2 No. 9A improved Keystone binders, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ , at \$1.60.....	3.20
			<hr/> 26.70
		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
Nov.	2.	1 gross Esterbrook pens.....	.43
Dec.	5.	1,500 sheets carbon paper, at \$27.50 .....	41.25
			<hr/> 41.68
		United States Envelope Co.:	
Nov.	19.	125 Ld., items 3-9, printed, at \$1.50 .....	45.00
		William H. Rupp:	
Dec.	21.	2 dozen mucilage bottles, at \$2 .....	4.00
		E. Morrison Paper Co.:	
July	19.	3 sheets moth paper.....	.25
		C. S. Braisted:	
July	2.	2 gross 817-818 pencils, at \$2.20 $\frac{1}{2}$ .....	4.41
		6 gross 1928-1929-1926 penholders, at \$3.50.....	21.18
			<hr/> 25.59
1900.		Woodruff Manufacturing Co.:	
Jan.	21.	For 25 oak front fileholders, varnished, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches, light antique, 2 pulls and C. R. round corners, at 50 cents each.....	12.50
		J. Baumgarten & Sons:	
Jan.	12.	12 labels for marking record books, at 40 cents .....	4.80
		Fred. B. Nichols & Co.:	
Jan.	2.	1 dozen daily memorandum pads, colored.....	.75
		2 Excelsior diaries, No. 340, at \$1.80.....	3.60
			<hr/> 4.35
		United States Envelope Co.:	
Feb.	5.	125 (5,000) item 9, plain envelopes, at 78 cents .....	3.90
		125 (5,000) item 7, plain envelopes, at 98 cents .....	4.90
	7.	5,000 envelopes, item 99, printed, at \$1.96.....	9.80
			<hr/> 18.60

1900.		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
Dec.	22.	1,000 envelopes, item 173 .....	\$3.62
1901.			
Jan.	3.	2,000 Farmer's clips, at \$1.76 .....	3.52
Feb.	4.	2,000 envelopes, item 175, Crane O. S., at \$5 .....	10.00
		2,000 envelopes, item 154, at \$7.12 .....	14.24
	5.	100 note books, item 18 .....	4.40
	11.	3,000 envelopes, item 173, at \$3.62 .....	10.86
			<hr/>
			\$46.64
1900.		R. Carter Ballantyne:	
Dec.	4.	12 pieces wax, at 10 cents .....	1.20
	26.	19 blank books (4 at 35 cents, 6 at 40 cents, 7 at 45 cents, 2 at 36 cents) .....	7.67
		5½ calendar pads, at 72 cents .....	3.96
	29.	3 Perfection calendar pads, at 25 cents .....	.75
1901.			
Jan.	14.	1 Perfection calendar pad .....	.25
	24.	5,000 Star staples, at 60 cents .....	3.00
	31.	2 loose sheet holders, at 90 cents .....	1.80
Feb.	2.	6 Star fastener machines, at \$1.65 .....	9.90
			<hr/>
			28.53
		William H. Rupp:	
Jan.	7.	1 book, 100 pages, journal paper, rated as sample .....	.65
	12.	1 ream legal-cap paper .....	2.25
	16.	½ pint Arnold's Japan ink .....	.25
	18.	1 bottle Worthington's ink .....	.25
	23.	1 ream Whiting's woven linen paper .....	2.50
		500 envelopes to match, at \$4.70 .....	2.35
	28.	250 envelopes, Crane's bond, Baronial, No. 2 .....	1.50
Feb.	6.	3 scrap books, No. 1064, at 90 cents .....	2.70
	8.	1,000 cards as per sample .....	3.75
	13.	1 set (2 bottles) H. H. Collins's ink eradicator .....	.25
			<hr/>
			16.95
		Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Co.:	
Feb.	16.	24 No. 5 E. files, bolted, at \$2.90 per dozen .....	5.80
Mar.	9.	24 No. 6 C. Covers, at \$1.10 per dozen .....	2.20
			<hr/>
			8.00
		C. W. MacIntosh:	
Mar.	16.	3 dozen stick files, 7-inch, at 37 cents .....	1.11

## TRANSPORTATION.

		The Andrew J. Joyce Carriage Co.:	
July	7.	New no-top platform-spring beach wagon, with rubber tires, pole, and shafts .....	677.50
1900.		C. Becker:	
June	11.	4 horse sheets, at \$1.50 .....	6.00
		John H. Gheen:	
		For 4 horses, at livery, viz:	
July	15.	½ month livery on 1 horse .....	10.00
	31.	1 month livery on 3 horses, at \$20 .....	60.00
			<hr/>
			70.00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
July	3.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	13.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
		2 shoes put on .....	.75
	14.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	20.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	30.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
			<hr/>
			5.25
		C. Becker:	
July	23.	Single harness: Repairing collar, 50 cents; traces, 25 cents .....	.75
		Silver hame tip in hame tug .....	1.00
		New hame strap, 25 cents; repairing saddle, 25 cents .....	.50
		Repairing Tilbury tugs, 65 cents; bridle, 50 cents .....	1.15
		New covered buckle in hand part of reins .....	.25
		Repairing 2 bridles, \$2; 3 traces, \$1.25 .....	3.25

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL

C. Schuler - RECEIVED[illegible]

1900.		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Oct.	8.	6 shoes .....	\$2. 25
	14.	4 shoes, 2 pads .....	3. 50
	24.	2 shoes .....	.75
	25.	2 shoes .....	.75
			<hr/>
			\$7. 25
		William Lewis:	
June	30.	Pasturage of 1 horse from June 9 to June 30, 1900, inclusive, at \$5 per month .....	3. 50
		John Shea:	
Oct.	31.	For hauling 4 loads of ashes, at 35 cents .....	1. 40
		William Lewis:	
Oct.	31.	Pasturage of 1 horse for 1 month ending October 31, 1900, at \$5 per month .....	5. 00
		John H. Gheen:	
Oct.	31.	1 month livery of 4 horses, at \$20 each .....	80. 00
		The Andrew J. Joyce Carriage Co:	
Oct.	5.	4 new silk festoon curtains .....	10. 00
		2 new loops fastened to glass frame holder .....	.50
		Overhaul, clean, and dress inside laces and repair front curtain, "C. Raway" .....	3. 00
			<hr/>
			13. 50
		Greenfell & Showalter:	
Nov.	10.	Professional services to horses—	
		To floating 1 horse's teeth .....	3. 00
		To 4 packages of powders .....	2. 00
			<hr/>
			5. 00
		William H. Dyer:	
Nov.	17.	2 maple brake blocks .....	.40
		John H. Gheen:	
Nov.	10.	Hire of coupe for Solicitor-General .....	1. 50
	11.	Hire of coupe for Solicitor-General .....	1. 50
	30.	1 month livery on 5 horses .....	100. 00
			<hr/>
			103. 00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Nov.	5.	2 shoes .....	.75
	10.	4 shoes .....	1. 50
	17.	2 shoes .....	.75
	20.	2 shoes, 2 pads .....	2. 75
	21.	6 shoes, 4 pads .....	6. 25
	24.	2 shoes .....	.75
	28.	2 shoes .....	.75
	29.	2 shoes, 2 pads .....	2. 75
			<hr/>
			16. 25
		Capital Traction Co.:	
Dec.	21.	600 street-car tickets, at 4½ cents .....	25. 00
		John H. Gheen:	
Dec.	31.	1 month livery on 5 horses .....	100. 00
		John Shea:	
Dec.	31.	Hauling 42 loads of ashes and rubbish from Department of Justice during month of December, 1900, at 35 cents .....	14. 70
		John Shea:	
Nov.	30.	Hauling 29 loads of ashes and rubbish from Department of Justice and annex during the month of November, 1900, at 35 cents .....	10. 15
		G. G. C. Simms:	
Dec.	6.	1 quart of witch-hazel (stable) .....	.40
		C. Becker:	
Oct.	29.	1 hood .....	4. 00
	31.	Repairing saddle, 50 cents; shaft tugs, 25 cents .....	.75
		Repairing turnback and crupper .....	.35
		Piecing and repairing trace .....	.75
		Repairing bellyband .....	.15
Nov.	14.	1 fine holly coach whip .....	7. 25
	17.	Repairing 2 collars, at 75 cents .....	1. 50
	26.	1 plush robe .....	9. 50

1900.		C. Becker—Continued.	
Nov.	26.	1 pair best unlined gloves .....	\$2. 25
		1 pair lined gloves .....	1. 75
	27.	1 pair best unlined gloves .....	2. 25
Dec.	1.	1 can hoof dressing .....	. 75
			<hr/>
			\$31. 25
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Dec.	5.	2 shoes .....	. 75
	6.	2 shoes .....	. 75
	7.	2 shoes .....	. 75
	11.	2 shoes .....	. 75
	15.	2 shoes .....	. 75
	20.	2 shoes .....	. 75
	26.	4 shoes .....	1. 50
	28.	2 shoes, 6 pads .....	6. 75
	31.	2 shoes .....	. 75
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			13. 50
1901.		The Andrew J. Joyce Carriage Co.:	
Nov.	10.	Repairing seat panel; repairing and oiling door locks and tightening door handles; reset door hinge; take up and repair trimming on side and reset seat rail; repaint and varnish front quarter panel .....	14. 00
		John H. Gheen:	
Jan.	31.	1 month livery on 5 horses .....	100. 00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Jan.	1.	2 shoes, at 37½ cents each .....	. 75
	7.	2 shoes, at 37½ cents each, 2 pads, at \$1 each .....	2. 75
	8.	2 shoes, at 37½ cents each, 2 pads, at \$1 each .....	2. 75
	11.	2 shoes, at 37½ cents each .....	. 75
	12.	4 shoes, at 37½ cents each, 2 pads, at \$1 each .....	3. 50
	16.	2 shoes, at 37½ cents each .....	. 75
	23.	4 shoes, at 37½ cents each, 2 pads, at \$1 each .....	3. 50
	25.	16 removes, at 25 cents each c .....	4. 00
	26.	6 removes, at 25 cents each, 4 pads, at \$1 each .....	5. 50
	30.	2 removes, at 25 cents each .....	. 50
			<hr/>
			24. 75
		John Shea:	
Feb.	28.	Hauling 42 loads of ashes and rubbish from Department of Justice during month of February, at 35 cents per load .....	14. 70
		John H. Gheen:	
Feb.	28.	1 month's livery on 5 horses, at \$20 .....	100. 00
		D. H. Mudd & Co.:	
Feb.	1.	4 horseshoes put on .....	1. 50
	4.	2 horseshoes put on .....	. 75
	9.	6 horseshoes put on .....	2. 25
	20.	4 horseshoes put on .....	1. 50
	26.	8 horseshoes put on .....	3. 00
			<hr/>
			9. 00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Feb.	1.	2 rubber pads .....	2. 00
	4.	2 rubber pads .....	2. 00
	6.	8 rubber pads .....	10. 00
	23.	4 rubber pads .....	6. 00
	26.	2 rubber pads .....	2. 00
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			22. 00
		C. Becker:	
Jan.	2.	1 can neat's-foot oil .....	. 75
		1 whip .....	2. 25
		1 blanket muzzle .....	2. 50
		2 curb straps, at 35 cents each .....	. 70
	17.	1 pair wet-weather gloves .....	. 35
		2 halter straps, at 75 cents each .....	1. 50
		1 terret in pad .....	1. 00
	26.	3 pairs rubber hoof pads, at \$1.50 each .....	4. 50
		1 terret in pad .....	1. 00
Feb.	20.	1 mane card .....	. 15
		Crackers on 2 whips, at 25 cents each .....	. 50
		Repairing silver chains on sweat pads, taking same off, and sewing back .....	2. 15

1901.		C. Becker—Continued.	
Feb.	23.	Loop in hame tug .....	\$0.50
		Repairing hame tug .....	.25
		Repairing 2 traces .....	.75
Mar.	2.	1 pair gloves .....	2.25
			<hr/>
			\$21.50
		John Shea:	
Mar.	30.	Hauling 45 loads of ashes and rubbish from Department of Justice during month of March, 1901, at 35 cents per load .....	15.75
		John H. Gheen:	
Mar.	31.	1 month's livery on 5 horses .....	100.00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Mar.	5.	6 shoes put on .....	2.25
	6.	8 removes .....	2.00
	7.	4 removes .....	1.00
	8.	2 removes .....	.50
	9.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	15.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	16.	6 shoes put on .....	2.25
	20.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	22.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
			<hr/>
			11.75
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Mar.	6.	3 pads .....	3.00
	9.	2 pads .....	2.00
	16.	2 pads .....	2.00
			<hr/>
			7.00
		Merchants' Parcel Delivery Co.:	
Mar.	20.	Moving case from Department library to 1435 K street .....	1.25
		Capital Traction Co.:	
Mar.	16.	600 street-car tickets, at 4½ cents .....	25.00
		John Shea:	
Apr.	30.	Hauling 30 loads of ashes from Department of Justice building during the month of April, 1901, at 35 cents per load .....	10.50
		John H. Gheen:	
Apr.	30.	1 month's livery on 5 horses, at \$20 each .....	100.00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Apr.	3.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	5.	8 shoes put on .....	3.00
	11.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	16.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	18.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	24.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	26.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	30.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
			<hr/>
			10.50
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
Apr.	5.	4 pads .....	4.00
	16.	2 pads .....	2.00
			<hr/>
			6.00
		The Andrew Joyce Carriage Co.:	
Jan.	8.	3 new sticks in glass frame and re-cover frame with cloth; new beveled-edge plate glass in frame of coupe rockaway .....	10.00
	17.	New silver nut and washer fitted to door handle of 6-passenger rockaway .....	.75
	31.	New bottom piece in glass frame and re-cover same with cloth, and 2 new ventilating knobs for Solicitor-General's coupe rockaway .....	2.25
Mar.	14.	New front bottom and new plate on bottom to prevent plates from wearing through, overhaul and screw up gear washing job, level fifth wheel, new forged safety hooks, threading and nutting kingbolt, 2 new forged pins for tail gate and new chain for same, mail wagon .....	6.00
Apr.	1.	Piecing and welding singletree iron and rethread and nut same, repair and fasten 1 door check coupe rockaway .....	3.25
			<hr/>
			22.25

1901.		Saks & Co.:	
May	3.	1 suit stable clothes for driver .....	\$23.00
		John Shea:	
May	31.	Hauling 35 loads of ashes and rubbish from the Department of Justice building during the month of May, 1901, at 35 cents per load .....	8.75
		John H. Gheen:	
May	31.	1 month's livery on 5 horses .....	100.00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
May	1.	2 shoes put on .....	\$0.75
	3.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	6.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	13.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	14.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	16.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	18.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	22.	4 shoes put on .....	1.50
	25.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
			9.00
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
May	31.	2 pads .....	2.00
		John H. Gheen:	
June	29.	1 month's livery on 5 horses .....	100.00
		John Shea:	
June	29.	Hauling 15 cart loads of rubbish from Department of Justice, at 35 cents .....	5.25
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
June	1.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	4.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	5.	6 shoes put on .....	2.25
	11.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	15.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	17.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	20.	6 shoes put on .....	2.25
	21.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	24.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
	26.	2 shoes put on .....	.75
			10.50
		D. H. Mudd & Bros.:	
June	17.	2 pads put on .....	2.00
		The Andrew J. Joyce Carriage Co.:	
June	7.	Overhaul 2 wheels, 1 new spoke, and reset 2 tires; Dayton, 18 new patches on curtains, 17 new knob patches, new pair lock plates, overhaul and tighten 3 new bolts .....	12.00
		Rewire 1 rubber tire and piece rubber, 8 inch .....	4.00
			16.00
		C. Becker:	
Mar.	21.	Repairing 2 turnbacks .....	.35
	27.	1 can hoof dressing .....	.75
Apr.	4.	Repairing reins .....	.50
		1 calking boot .....	3.00
	18.	Repairing breeching .....	.25
	24.	1 rubber coat .....	6.00
May	6.	1 carri whip .....	2.25
	9.	1 on whip .....	.25
	24.	8 sh at \$1.50 .....	4.50
	9	15 .....	7.50
			.25
			1.50
			.15
			27.25

## ANNUAL ITEMS.

July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901... 8.40

1900.		C. A. Hartman:	
July	2.	Two copies Telephone Directory from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, at \$3 .....	\$6.00
		The Sun Printing and Publishing Co.:	
July	1.	Daily and Sunday Sun, 1 year, from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901 .....	8.00
		The Brooklyn Daily Eagle:	
July	6.	1 copy of the Eagle, daily, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1900 .....	8.00
		Theodore B. Lyman:	
July	31.	Services in assisting the librarian in arranging, classifying, and cataloguing books in the library of the Department of Justice, from July 1 to July 31, 1901 .....	75.00
		Rudolph, West & Co.:	
July	18.	4 dozen 6-inch scissors, at \$2.80 .....	\$11.20
		4 dozen 10-inch shears, at \$5.65 .....	22.60
		3 dozen letter openers, at \$1.65 .....	4.95
		6 dozen thumb sacks, at 5½ cents .....	.33
		1 dozen dust brushes .....	4.75
		2 dozen scrub brushes, at \$1.40 .....	2.80
		½ dozen J. I. C. buckets, at \$4.20 .....	2.10
		2 dozen dustpans, at \$1.25 .....	2.50
		1 dozen feather dusters .....	3.25
		4 dozen 16-inch feather dusters, at \$10.90 .....	43.60
		4 dozen twine mops, at \$1.50 .....	6.00
		3 dozen mop handles, at 79 cents .....	2.37
			106.45
		Shoemaker & Busch:	
July	5.	3 pounds sponge for cups, at \$1.65 .....	4.95
		5 dozen typewriter oil, ½-ounce bottles, at 37 cents .....	1.85
		3 dozen broom whisks, at \$1.54 .....	4.62
		4 dozen brushes, hair, at \$7.75 .....	31.00
		2 dozen brushes, hair, 95 6-9, at \$4.50 .....	9.00
		6 dozen brushes, nail, at \$2 .....	12.00
		4 dozen chamois skins, at \$3.45 .....	13.80
		6 dozen combs, metal back, at \$1 .....	6.00
		15 dozen soap, Cashmere Bouquet, at \$2.52 .....	37.80
			121.02
		William Stiebeling:	
Aug.	1.	2 dozen Comet oil cans, at \$1 .....	2.00
		Fannie Jackson:	
July	31.	For washing 79½ dozen towels during month of July, 1900, at 12 cents .....	9.53
		R. P. Clarke & Co.:	
July	12.	3 dozen silk ribbon, ½-inch, at \$1.45 .....	4.35
		10 dozen Pears soap, at \$1.35 .....	13.50
			17.85
		Fred. A. Schmidt:	
July	1.	6 dozen thumb tacks, silvered head, at 4 cents per dozen (large) ..	.24
		Notley Anderson:	
July	6.	44 feet lumber and 1 gross screws .....	1.40
	9.	Building fence in front and rear and closing vault doors at old Department of Justice .....	24.41
Aug.	2.	Moving cases, Judge Thompson .....	4.50
		Moving cases to Library from 1435 K street .....	2.50
			32.81
		American Ice Co.:	
July	31.	Ice for July, 9,875 pounds, at 25 cents per 100 pounds .....	24.69
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
July	31.	3,300 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of July, 1900, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet:	
		2,600 cubic feet, 1435 K street .....	2.60
		700 cubic feet, 8 Jackson place .....	.70
			3.30



1900.		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
July	31.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW. from July 1 to 31, 1900, as follows:	
		Light meter 1,390,800 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	\$88. 44
		Motor meter 343,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	20. 57
		<hr/>	
		\$11	
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
July	31.	Use of electric current at Lafayette square from July 1 to 31, 1900, inclusive, 706,000 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	
		Dulin & Martin Co.:	
July	19.	1 water cooler .....	
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
July	10.	Repairing fan, No. 8 Jackson place .....	1. 20
	18.	1 12-inch Lindell desk fan with 10-foot reenforce cord and plug .....	12. 50
		<hr/>	
		United States Express Co.:	
July	23.	P. 12 Lib. Department of Justice, from New York .....	
		Postal Telegraph Co.:	
July	3.	Perry, Seattle, from Richards, 62 .....	1. 24
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Richards, 54 .....	1. 08
		United States attorney, Buffalo, from Richards, 34 .....	. 34
		United States Marshal, St. Paul, from Richards, 42 .....	. 53
	6.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Richards, 30 .....	. 38
		United States attorney (via Seattle) Sitka, from Richards, 22 .....	. 44
		Clerk court, Kansas City, Mo., from Richards, 29 .....	. 36
		United States attorney, Binghamton, N. Y., from Richards, 34 .....	. 34
	9.	Compton, Jamestown, N. Y., from Griggs, 26 .....	. 26
		Perry, Seattle, from Griggs, 37 .....	. 74
	10.	Compton, Jamestown, N. Y., from Griggs, 22 .....	. 22
		Baldwin, New York, from Griggs, 29 .....	. 29
	11.	Frost, Seattle, from Griggs, 22 .....	. 44
		United States marshal, Austin, Tex., from Griggs, 32 ..	. 48
		Vawter, Seattle, from Griggs, 53 .....	1. 06
	12.	Vawter, Seattle, from Griggs, 30 .....	. 60
		United States marshal, St. Paul, from Griggs, 19 .....	. 25
	13.	Beck, Philadelphia, from Griggs, 26 .....	. 26
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Richards, 34 ..	. 68
		United States attorney, Boston, from Griggs, 22 .....	. 22
		McKay, San Antonio, from Griggs, 33 .....	. 50
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 31 .....	. 37
	14.	Perry, Seattle, from Boyd, 37 .....	. 74
		United States marshal, San Antonio, from Thompson, 19 ..	. 30
		United States marshal (via San Antonio), Honolulu, from Thompson, 20 .....	. 40
		Baldwin, New York, from Thompson, 39 .....	. 39
	19.	Secor, New York, from Brannigan, 34 .....	. 34
		United States attorney, New York, from Thompson, 28 ..	. 28
	24.	Cortelyou, Canton, from Cooper, 37 .....	. 37
	27.	United States marshal, Syracuse, from Thompson, 18 ..	. 20
		Little, Fredericksburg, Va., from Pradt, 32 .....	. 32
	28.	Avery, New York, from Pradt, 16 .....	. 20
	31.	United States marshal (mail per Seattle), Juneau, Alaska, from Thompson, 31 .....	. 62
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		Herman Baumgarten:	
Aug.	18.	13 air-cushion rubber stamps, at 50 cents .....	6. 50
		3 rubber hand stamps, at 15 cents .....	. 45
		1 black pad .....	. 50
		3 sets figures, No. 8 .....	. 60
		6 sets figures, No. 9 .....	1. 20
		1 font No. 8 5A-18a M. B. type .....	4. 75
		1/2 pound spaces .....	. 60
		58 logotypes, 333 letters, at 2 cents .....	6. 60
		<hr/>	

1900.		M. P. Bush:	
Aug.	20.	10 dozen Saron extra fine Hygienique toilet soap .....	\$8.00
		D. Rickenbacher:	
Aug.	13.	Repairing Seth Thomas clock .....	2.50
		Theodore B. Lyman:	
Aug.	31.	Services in assisting the librarian in arranging, classifying, and cataloguing books in the library of the Department of Justice from August 1 to 31, inclusive .....	75.00
		Fannie Jackson:	
Aug.	31.	Washing 80½ dozen towels during month of August, at 12 cents. Postal Telegraph Cable Co.: .....	9.68
Aug.	1.	Cotton, Massachusetts, from Brandenburg, 21 .....	\$0.21
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Thompson, 27 .....	.54
		Burch, Grand Rapids, from Thompson, 23 .....	.23
		Fulton, Atlanta, from Thompson, 24 .....	.24
		Burnett, New York, from Hoyt, 51 .....	.51
		Murphy, Phoenix, from Easbysmith, 51 .....	.89
		Watson, Newport, R. I., from Clay, 16 .....	.20
		Cortelyou, Canton, Ohio, from Easbysmith, 36 .....	.36
		United States marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, 27 .....	.54
		Sayers, Waco, Tex., from Easbysmith, 56 .....	.84
		United States marshal, San Francisco, from Hoyt, 36 .....	.72
		United States marshal, Paris, Tex., from Hoyt, 34 .....	.51
		United States attorney, Macon, Ga., from Clay, 22 .....	.22
		Warden penitentiary, Menard, Ill., from Hoyt, 25 .....	.25
		United States attorney, Chicago, from Hoyt, 41 .....	.41
		United States attorney, New York, from Hoyt, 40 .....	.40
		Clerk United States circuit court, San Francisco, from Hoyt, 33 .....	.66
Sept.	22.	United States attorney, Chicago, from Hoyt, 31 .....	.31
		United States attorney, New York, from Hoyt, 55 .....	.55
		United States attorney, Oshkosh, Wis., from Pradt, 17 .....	.20
		District judge, Nome (via Seattle), from Pradt, 22 .....	.44
		Pradt, Washington, from Keyser, 29 .....	.29
		United States marshal, Nome, Alaska, from Beck, 33 .....	.66
		Frost, Nome, Alaska, from Beck, 79 .....	1.58
		United States marshal, Nome, Alaska, from Beck, 82 .....	1.64
		United States marshal, Nome, Alaska, from Beck, 36 .....	.72
		United States marshal, Detroit, from Beck, 34 .....	.34
			14.26
		Rufus B. Merchant:	
Aug.	24.	2 copies map Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory (Ref. No. 24), \$2.50 .....	5.00
		1 copy map of Alabama .....	1.60
		1 copy map of Mississippi .....	1.60
		1 copy map of Mississippi .....	1.60
		1 copy map of Utah .....	1.60
		1 copy map of New Mexico .....	1.60
			13.00
		Herman Baumgarten:	
Aug.	31.	1 facsimile rubber stamp .....	2.00
		American Ice Co.:	
Aug.	31.	Ice for August, 1900, 10,800 pounds, credit 590 .....	27.00
		S. P. Johnson:	
Sept.	13.	1 No. 1 Densmore typewriter .....	55.00
		Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict:	
July	21.	Adjusting No. 7-13617 .....	11.80
Aug.	20.	Adjusting No. 7-3097 .....	.60
		Adjusting No. 6-38854 .....	1.70
		1 card cylinder for No. 6-54258 .....	1.85
			15.95
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
Aug.	8.	2 Crescent fan brushes, at 10 cents .....	.20
		11. Installing 3 bells and 2 lights, old Corcoran Art Gallery, 22½ hours, at 60 cents per hour .....	13.50
		½ pound D. P. tacks .....	.05
		6½ annunciating wire, at 40 cents .....	2.50

1900.		National Electric Supply Co.—Continued.	
Aug.	8.	3 3-inch bells, at 60 cents .....	\$1.80
		2 No. 1 Eastern batteries, at 50 cents .....	1.00
		40 feet No. 14 sterling .....	.40
		2 Gilmore kilo watts, at 15 cents .....	.30
		16 No. 5 knobs, nails, and L. heads .....	.24
		6 feet small W. M. and C .....	.12
		20 feet C. cord .....	.40
		2 G. E. key sockets and bushings .....	.50
		6 baby knobs .....	.06
		24 1-inch No. 5 F. H. brt. screws .....	.12
		$\frac{1}{2}$ pound No. 14 W. P. wire .....	.20
		1 3-button push .....	.50
		2 cord adjusters .....	.06
	14.	Repairing fans .....	1.80
		Repairing bells and annunciators .....	1.50
			<hr/>
			\$25.25
		G. G. C. Simms:	
Aug.	9.	1 gallon benzine and jug .....	.60
		1 dozen bottles ammonia .....	1.00
		1 package disinfectant powder .....	.35
			<hr/>
			1.95
		F. A. Tschiffely, jr.:	
Sept.	6.	10 pounds chloride lime .....	1.00
		Richard L. Lamb:	
Sept.	30.	1 logotype 3 inches long for use in cancellation (sup. type No. 17) ..	.35
		J. E. Battenfield:	
Sept.	10.	Painting brick wall in rear of chief clerk's room with 3 coats of white asbestine paint, Department of Justice .....	8.00
		Theodore B. Lyman:	
Sept.	29.	Services in assisting the librarian in arranging, classifying, and cataloguing books in the library of the Department of Justice, from September 1 to 30, 1900, inclusive .....	75.00
		D. Rickenbacher:	
Sept.	1.	1 spasmodic alarm .....	1.50
	4.	Repairing French clock .....	5.00
		Repairing Seth Thomas clock .....	2.50
Oct.	1.	Repairing calendar clock .....	3.50
		Repairing elevator .....	.75
			<hr/>
			13.25
		Fannie Jackson:	
Sept.	29.	Washing 84 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen towels during month .....	10.18
		James Ragan:	
July	3.	Removing bath tub, K street building, cutting off waste and supply pipes:	
		2 $\frac{1}{2}$ plugs, 20 cents, and 1 pound of solder, 25 cents ..	.45
		$\frac{1}{4}$ days' time, plumber and assistant .....	3.00
			<hr/>
			3.45
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
July	1.	Clay to Pavey, New York, 18 .....	.20
		Richards to Marshal, Raleigh, 25 .....	.25
		Richards to Williams, Buffalo, 25 .....	.25
		Richards to Dockery, Raleigh, \$1.23 .....	1.23
		Richards to Arendell, Raleigh, \$1.27 .....	1.27
		Richards to Heilig, Tacoma, 23 .....	.48
		Roberts to treasurer, St. Louis, 23 .....	.29
		Roberts to treasurer, New Orleans, 25 .....	.31
	3.	Clay to Soper, Vinita, Ind. T., 36 .....	.45
		Richards to Curtis, Binghamton, 44 .....	.44
	5.	Richards to Borchsenius, Seattle, 26 .....	.52
		Richards to Vawter, Seattle, 31 .....	.62
		Richards to Mountjoy, Seattle, 51 .....	1.02
		Richards to United States marshal, Muscogee, Ind. T., 37 ..	.46
		Richards to United States marshal, Ardmore, Ind. T., 37 ..	.46
		Richards to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 30 ..	.30
		Richards to United States attorney, San Francisco, 74 ..	1.48
	8.	Roberts to First National Bank, St. Paul, 36 .....	.45

1900.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
July	8.	Clay to McBride, Portland, Oreg., 17 .....	\$0.40
		Richards to Marshal, Muscogee, 23 .....	.29
		Richards to Vawter, Seattle, 21 .....	.42
		Richards to Borchsenius, Seattle, 22 .....	.44
		Richards to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 51 .....	.51
		Richards to United States attorney, Chicago, 32 .....	.32
		Richards to United States marshal, Tucson, 30 .....	.53
		Richards to United States attorney, Concord, N. H., 23 .....	.23
		Clay from Griggs, Paterson, 26 .....	.26
		Cooper to Griggs, Paterson, 53 .....	.33
	9.	Griggs to Soper, Vinita, 31 .....	.37
		Griggs to Carter, Helena, 27 .....	.47
		Griggs to Stahlman, Nashville, 23 .....	.23
		Griggs to Vawter, Seattle, 49 .....	.98
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tucson, 24 .....	.42
		Griggs to postmaster Seattle, 35 .....	.70
	10.	Richards to Wilson, Ironton, Ohio, 29 .....	.29
		Richards to United States attorney, Marquette, Mich., 28 .....	.28
		Richards to Beck, Philadelphia, 23 .....	.23
		Griggs to McKinley, Canton, 38 .....	.38
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tucson, 17 .....	.35
	11.	Roberts to assistant treasurer United States, St. Louis, 23 .....	.29
		Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 67 .....	.84
		Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, 20 .....	.25
		Griggs to United States marshal, Concord, N. H., 23 .....	.23
		Griggs from Cortelyou, Canton, Ohio, 33 .....	.33
	12.	Griggs to Cortelyou, Canton, Ohio, 33 .....	.33
		Griggs to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 29 .....	.44
		Griggs to Cortelyou, Canton, 32 .....	.32
	13.	Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, 20 .....	.25
		Griggs to Perry, Seattle, 53 .....	1.06
		Roberts to First National Bank, Concord, N. H., 37 .....	.37
		Meline to Seattle National Bank, Seattle, 30 .....	.78
	14.	Thompson to Baldwin, New York, 26 .....	.26
		Brandenburg to Gorman, Sapphire, N. C., 16 .....	.20
		Thompson to United States marshal, St. Paul, 23 .....	.29
		Thompson to warden, Fort Leavenworth, 27 .....	.34
		Thompson to United States attorney, San Francisco, 30 .....	.60
		Roberts to assistant treasurer, St. Louis, 23 .....	.29
		Roberts to Seattle National Bank, Seattle, 35 .....	.70
		Griggs from Ray, San Francisco, 82 .....	1.64
		Lott from Richards, Duxbury, 40 .....	.40
	17.	Thompson to United States marshal, Greensboro, N. C., 27 .....	.27
		Smith to Jones, Boston, 21 .....	.21
	18.	Thompson to United States attorney, Boston, 25 .....	.25
		Thompson to warden penitentiary, Charlestown, Mass., 25 .....	.25
	19.	Thompson to United States marshal, Tucson, 27 .....	.47
		Thompson to Griggs, Norfolk, Conn., 40 .....	.40
	20.	Thompson to United States attorney, Boston, 54 .....	.54
		Thompson to United States attorney, New York, 65 .....	.65
		Thompson to United States attorney, San Antonio, 36 .....	.54
	21.	Thompson to United States attorney, New York, 97 .....	.97
		Thompson to United States attorney, Albuquerque, 42 .....	.74
		Thompson to United States marshal, Raleigh, 19 .....	.20
	23.	Thompson to jailer, Atlanta, 24 .....	.24
		Thompson to Cortelyou, Canton, Ohio, 36 .....	.36
		Thompson to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 17 .....	.30
		Pradt to Gorman, Asheville, 17 .....	.20
	24.	Cooper to Griggs, Norfolk, Conn., 35 .....	.35
		Thompson to United States attorney, Indianapolis, 33 .....	.33
		Thompson to United States marshal, Guthrie, 21 .....	.26
	25.	Thompson to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 15 .....	.30
		Pradt to Fowler, New York, 27 .....	.27

1900.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
July	27.	Thompson to Coombs, San Francisco, 45.....	\$0. 90
		Thompson to United States attorney, San Francisco, 34.....	.68
	28.	Clay to Watson, Newport, R. I., 26.....	.26
		Thompson to United States marshal, Juneau (via Seattle), 25.....	.50
		Thompson to Miles, Corydon, 28.....	.35
	30.	Clay to Jones, Boston, 17.....	.20
		Clay from Watson, Newport, 44.....	.44
	23.	Pradt to Gorman, Sapphire, N. C., 16.....	.20
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			\$44. 39
		Western Union Telegraph Company:	
July	17.	O'Connell to Wickersham, Mobile, 40.....	.40
	23.	O'Connell to Wickersham, Mobile, 43.....	.43
			<hr/>
			. 83
		Western Union Telegraph Company:	
Aug.	1.	Roberts to First National Bank, Portland, Oreg., 38.....	.76
		Roberts to First National Bank, Juneau (via Seattle), 35.....	.70
		Brandenburg to Pradt, Pigeon Cove, 16.....	.20
		Brandenburg to Button, New York, 16.....	.20
	6.	Hoyt to Burnett, Stoneboro, Pa., 36.....	.36
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Helena, 16.....	.35
		Hoyt from Burnett, Stoneboro, Pa., 32.....	.22
	7.	Griggs to United States marshal, Madison, Wis., 18.....	.20
		Griggs to United States marshal, Macon, Ga., 18.....	.20
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tucson, 18.....	.35
		Griggs to United States marshal, Elmira, N. Y., 18.....	.20
		Griggs to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 18.....	.30
		Cooper to Cortelyou, Canton, 29.....	.29
		Attorney-General from Cortelyou, Canton, 98.....	.98
		Hoyt from Burnett, Stoneboro, 26.....	.26
	8.	Griggs to United States attorney, Helena, 37.....	.65
		Pradt to Lee, Paris, Tex., 21.....	.32
		Easby Smith from Cortelyou, Canton, 77.....	.77
	9.	Easby Smith to Green, Terrell, 37.....	.56
	13.	Hoyt to superintendent Missouri Reform School, Boonville, 24.....	.30
		Hoyt to United States attorney, New York, 21.....	.21
		Pradt from Chisolm, Jackson, 18.....	.25
		Hoyt from Davis, Boonville, 21.....	.26
	14.	Peyton to Ingalls, Hot Springs, S. Dak., 27.....	.41
		Peyton to Ingalls, Deadwood, S. Dak., 39.....	.59
		Peyton to Finn, Ticonderoga, 16.....	.40
		Pradt to Chisolm, Huntsville, Ala., 24.....	.24
	15.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Helena, 19.....	.35
		Hoyt to United States attorney, San Francisco, 50.....	1. 00
		Peyton to Ingalls, Hot Springs, S. Dak., 39.....	.59
	16.	Pradt to Chisolm, Huntsville, 20.....	.20
		Hoyt to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 33.....	.50
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Little Rock, 32.....	.40
	17.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Prescott, 56.....	.98
	18.	Cooper to Griggs, Dawson, Ga., 26.....	.26
	20.	Hoyt to United States attorney, San Francisco, 113.....	2. 26
		Hoyt to United States attorney, New York, 19.....	.20
		Pradt from Dougherty, New Orleans, 35.....	.44
	21.	Hoyt to Bentley, Haven, Me., 68.....	.68
	22.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Fargo, 50.....	.75
		Hoyt to United States attorney, New York, 24.....	.24
	24.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Fargo, 38.....	.57
		Hoyt to United States marshal, Ardmore, Ind. T., 26.....	.33
	25.	Pradt from Dougherty, New Orleans (N. M.), 34.....	.29
		Pradt from Collins, Chattanooga, 27.....	.29
		Attorney-General from Frost, Nome, Alaska, via Seattle, 29.....	.58
		Attorney-General from Noyes, Nome, Alaska, via Seattle, 51.....	1. 02
	27.	Pradt to Dougherty, Bay St. Louis, Miss., 16.....	.25
		Pradt to United States district judge, Nome, Alaska, via Seattle, 27.....	.54

1900.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Aug.	27.	Attorney-General from Noyes, Nome, Alaska, via Seattle, 30 .....	\$0. 60
		Attorney-General from Frost, Nome, Alaska, 28 .....	.56
		Beck to United States marshal, Nome, Alaska, 33 .....	.66
	30.	Pradt to Lee, Paris, Tex., 20 .....	.30
	31.	Beck to United States marshal, Cheyenne, 29 .....	.44
		Beck to United States attorney, Vinita, Ind. T., 27 .....	.34
Aug.	1.	Thompson to United States marshal, San Francisco, 54 .....	1. 04
	2.	Thompson to Childers, Albuquerque, 22 .....	.30
		Thompson to Irwin, Minneapolis, 25 .....	.31
		Thompson to Trainor, Aurora, Ind., 23 .....	.23
	3.	Thompson to United States attorney, New York, 34 .....	.34
		Thompson to United States marshal, Oxford, Miss., 19 .....	.25
	4.	Thompson to Nash County jail, Nashville, N. C., 25 .....	.25
		Thompson to Ingalls, Helena, 45 .....	.79
		Thompson to McClaughry, Fort Leavenworth, 31 .....	.39
		Thompson to Lacey, Oskaloosa, Iowa, 21 .....	.26
		Thompson to United States attorney, New York, 20 .....	.20
	16.	Hoyt from Tanner, Chester, Ill., 25 .....	.25
			<hr/>
			\$30. 29
		American Ice Co.:	
Sept.	29.	Ice for September, 1900, 10,500 pounds, at 25 cents .....	26. 25
		The J. C. Ergood Co.:	
July	9.	4 dozen 4-string brooms, at \$3.75 .....	15. 00
		3 dozen whisk brooms, at \$1.50 .....	4. 50
		5 dozen French carnation soap, at 75 cents .....	8. 75
		100 pounds B. B. soap, at 5½ cents .....	5. 75
			<hr/>
			29. 00
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
Sept.	4.	Repairing fan, No. 8 Jackson place .....	1. 20
	5.	Changing bells, installing clusters, and repairing lights, 8 Jackson place, electricity 24 hours .....	14. 40
		2 3¼-pipe shadeholders, at 20 cents .....	.40
		½ pound anna. wire .....	.10
		2 cleat K. W., at 15 cents .....	.30
		27 feet No. 16 spec. fix wire .....	.27
		2 feet ¾-brass pipe, at 30 cents .....	.60
		2 canopies, at 25 cents .....	.50
		2 ¾ crowfeet, at 5 cents .....	.10
		2 3-lt. box clusters, at 45 cents .....	.90
		6 G. E. keyless sockets, at 20 cents .....	1. 20
		9 No. 5 knobs and screws .....	.14
		8 baby knobs and screws .....	.12
		2 18 porc. shades, at \$1 .....	2. 00
		1 pound No. 14 W. P. wire .....	.30
		2 wood rosettes, at 10 cents .....	.20
		22½ feet No. 18 silk cord .....	.90
		1 10 amf. D. P. dial, Perkins .....	.55
		16 feet No. 16 silk cord, at 5 cents .....	.80
		10 feet No. 20 silk bal. cord, at 5 cents .....	.50
		1 1-foot pear push .....	.35
	6.	18 feet C cord with plug .....	.50
	11.	Repairing and rewinding Crescent fan .....	6. 50
	13.	Repairing fan and lights, No. 8 Jackson place .....	3. 11
	17.	Repairing electric bell .....	1. 40
			<hr/>
			37. 34
		Postal Telegraph Co:	
Sept.	1.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Pradt, 25 .....	.31
	4.	United States attorney, Prescott, Ariz., from Griggs, 25 .....	.44
	5.	United States marshal, Macon, Ga., from Griggs, 27 .....	.27
		United States marshal, Seattle (Nome, Alaska), from Griggs, 39 .....	.78
	6.	Vaughan, Birmingham, from Griggs, 52 .....	.52
	7.	McBride, Spokane, from Easby Smith, 17 .....	.40
		Cowin, New York, from Cooper, 22 .....	.22
	8.	United States attorney, Birmingham, from Griggs, 30 .....	.30
	10.	Brown, Buffalo, N. Y., from Griggs, 32 .....	.32
		United States attorney, Portland, Oreg., from Griggs, 24 .....	.38

1900.		Postal Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Sept.	13.	Dice, Columbus, Ohio, from Cooper, 34.....	\$0.34
	14.	United States attorney, Galveston, Texas, from Griggs, 16.....	.30
		United States marshal, Macon, from Griggs, 13.....	.20
		Pradt, Washington, D. C., from Keyser, Chicago, 27....	.27
		Pradt, Washington, D. C., from Darby, Columbus, O., 37	.37
		Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Pradt, 41.....	.41
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Pradt, 27.....	.34
		Garrison, Columbus, Ohio, from Easby Smith, 29.....	.29
		Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Easby Smith, 22.....	.22
		United States marshal, Pittsburg, Pa., from Pradt, 23..	.23
		Warden, Nashville, Tenn., from Pradt, 38.....	.38
	17.	United States marshal, San Antonio, Texas, from Griggs, 25.....	.38
	18.	United States attorney, San Antonio, Tex., from Griggs, Attorney-General, Washington, D. C., from Hartford, Nashville, Tenn., 22.....	.38
	19.	Griggs, Washington, D. C., from Borchsenius, Seattle, 49.....	.22
	20.	United States marshal, Galveston, Texas, from Griggs, 21.....	.98
	21.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs 27.....	.32
		Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Griggs, 26.....	.34
		Griggs, Washington, D. C., from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 38.....	.26
	22.	Chisholm, Birmingham, from Pradt, 26.....	.38
		United States marshal, Knoxville, Tenn., from Griggs, 18.....	.26
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 23.....	.20
	24.	Jones, New York, from Cooper, 23.....	.29
		Holland, Philadelphia, from Griggs, 23.....	.23
	26.	United States attorney, Buffalo, from Griggs, 28.....	.23
		Clerk United States court, Birmingham, from Griggs, 22	.28
	28.	United States marshal, Helena, from Griggs, 19.....	.22
		United States marshal, Helena, from Griggs, 25.....	.35
	29.	United States marshal, San Francisco, from Hoyt, 22..	.44
		United States attorney, Chicago, from Hoyt, 31.....	.44
			.31
			<hr/> \$13.84
		Chesapeake and Potomac Telegraph Co.:	
Sept.	30.	For exchange rental from July 1, 1900, to September 30, 1900, as follows:	
		Switchboard instruments.....	6.25
		Attorney-General.....	6.25
		Chief clerk.....	6.25
		Pardon attorney.....	6.25
		File room.....	6.25
		Stationery room.....	6.25
		Solicitor-General.....	6.25
		Assistant Attorney-General Hoyt.....	6.25
		Appointment division.....	6.25
		Second-floor hall.....	6.25
		Assistant Attorney-General Boyd.....	6.25
		Disbursing clerk.....	6.25
		Fourth-floor hall.....	6.25
		Chief of finance division.....	6.25
		Assistant Attorney-General Pradt.....	6.25
		Assistant Attorney-General Thompson.....	6.25
		Second-floor hall, No. 8 Lafayette square.....	6.25
		Library, old Corcoran Art Gallery.....	6.25
		General agent.....	6.25
		Private secretary to Attorney-General.....	6.25
		First-floor hall.....	6.00
		Third-floor hall.....	6.00
		Mr. Sheibley.....	6.00
		Captain Glover.....	1.00
			<hr/> 149.00

1900.	Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Sept.	30. Exchange rental for Solicitor of Treasury, July 1, 1900 to September 30, 1900 .....	\$6. 25
	Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Sept.	29. 2,400 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of September, 1900, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet.....	2. 40
	James S. Barron:	
Sept.	24. 2 5-gallon cans Barron's floor oil, at 65 cents.....	\$6. 50
	2 1-gallon floor oilers at \$1.....	2. 00
	1 dozen No. 1 extra felts, each 10 cents.....	1. 20
		9. 70
	George A. Schuakópp:	
Sept.	17. For repairing ice pitcher.....	1. 00
	Adams Express:	
Sept.	29. 1 box 8, from Washington, D. C., addressed to C. Carpenter, New York, N. Y., \$1.25.....	. 46
	G. G. C. Simms:	
Sept.	5. 1 gallon benzine.....	. 60
	J. B. Morrey:	
Sept.	6. Framing photograph of United States attorney.....	3. 50
	M. G. Copeland:	
Oct.	9. 1 storm flag.....	8. 00
	National Electric Supply Co.:	
Sept.	29. Maintenance of Observatory department clock for quarter ending September 30 1900, at \$50 per annum.....	12. 50
	The Strowger Automatic Telephone Exchange:	
Oct.	1. Rental of 1 automatic telephone switch, from July 1 to September 30, 1900, at \$6 per annum .....	1. 50
	Adams Express Co.:	
Sept.	24. 1 Pa., 4, from Chicago, Ill., addressed to A. L. Pradt, \$2.25 ...	. 65
	Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Sept.	1. Beck to United States marshal, Cheyenne, 29.....	\$0. 44
	Cooper to Vaughan, Birmingham, 23 .....	. 23
	5. Roberts to Seattle National Bank, Seattle, 35.....	. 70
	Griggs to United States marshal, Los Angeles, 20.....	. 40
	Griggs to United States attorney, Portland, Oreg., 18.....	. 40
	6. Griggs to United States marshal, Ardmore, 18.....	. 25
	Griggs to Saker, Vinita, Ind. T., 15.....	. 25
	Griggs to Watkins, Woodbury, N. J., 22.....	. 22
	7. Griggs to warden penitentiary, Salt Lake, 24 .....	. 42
	Griggs to Wood, Nome, Alaska (via Seattle), 25.....	. 50
	Attorney-General from Cowin, New York, 37 .....	. 37
	8. Griggs to Cowin, New York, 17 .....	. 20
	Attorney-General from Cowin, New York, 27 .....	. 27
	10. Griggs to United States marshal, Oxford, 23.....	. 29
	Griggs to United States marshal, S. McAlester, 26.....	. 33
	11. Griggs to United States marshal, Pensacola, 13.....	. 40
	12. Griggs to Gay, Seattle, 29.....	. 58
	13. Griggs to Wilkins, Atoka, Ind. T., 23.....	. 29
	Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 16.....	. 25
	Attorney-General from McLemore, Galveston, 17.....	. 30
	14. Griggs to United States marshal, Houston, 36 .....	. 54
	Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, 15.....	. 25
	15. Griggs to United States marshal, Parkersburg, 19.....	. 20
	Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 21 .....	. 26
	Pradt from Dougherty, Memphis (N. M.), 24 .....	. 19
	18. Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 23.....	. 29
	19. Griggs to United States marshal, Portland, Oreg., 20.....	. 40
	21. Griggs to United States attorney, Portland, Oreg., 31.....	. 62
	Cooper to Wolcott, Fort Monroe, 22 .....	. 22
	22. Griggs to United States attorney, Helena, 29 .....	. 51
	23. Griggs to jailer, Atlanta, 23 .....	. 23
	Pradt to Laurence, Laurence (via Montgomery), 26.....	. 26
	24. Griggs to Sayers, Austin, 51.....	. 77
	25. Griggs to United States attorney, Louisville, 36.....	. 36
	Griggs to Scott, New York, 38.....	. 38
	Griggs to United States attorney, Denver, 30 .....	. 45



1900.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Sept.	25.	Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, 23..	\$0. 29
		Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, 72.....	. 90
		Griggs to United States attorney, Portland, Oreg., 30....	. 60
		Griggs to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 24.....	. 36
	26.	Richards to Burnett, Gadsden, Ala., 46.....	. 46
		Griggs to Hill, Louisville, 30.....	. 30
		Griggs to United States marshal, Boise, Idaho, 20.....	. 40
		Pradt from Collins, Chattanooga, 25.....	. 25
	27.	Griggs to United States attorney, Chicago, 30.....	. 30
		Griggs to Brown, Buffalo, 27.....	. 27
	28.	Griggs to Wilson, Phoenix, 58.....	1. 02
		Griggs to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 53.....	. 53
		Griggs to United States marshal, Jacksonville, 20.....	. 20
		Griggs to Hill, Louisville, 33.....	. 33
	29.	Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 18.....	. 25
			<hr/>
			\$19. 28
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Sept.	28.	Griggs to Allen, San Juan, 21.....	1. 26
		The Evening Star Newspaper Co.:	
July	1.	Subscription to Evening Star July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	5. 28
		W. S. Brown:	
Aug.	10.	1 set portraits of United States officials.....	10. 00
		J. E. Hurley:	
July	18.	Making 2 cast-iron disks for elevator motor brake; ma- chinist, 6 hours, at 50 cents.....	3. 00
Oct.	22.	Making fire hose and repairing slice bar; blacksmith and helper, 6 hours, at 70 cents.....	4. 20
		15 pounds steel, at 5 cents.....	. 75
		Taking apart and tapping $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch holes in letterpress, making 2 lathe-made bolts and fitting same in press and putting together press; machinist, 8 hours, at 50 cents.....	4. 00
			<hr/>
			11. 95
		Theodore B. Lyman:	
Oct.	31.	Services in assisting the librarian in arranging and cataloguing books in the library of the Department of Justice, October 1-31, inclusive.....	75. 00
		Fannie Jackson:	
	31.	For washing 84 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen towels during month of October, 1900, at 12 cents.....	10. 14
		American Ice Co.:	
Oct.	31.	Ice for October, 1900, 1,085 pounds, at 25 cents.....	27. 12
		John B. Daish:	
Oct.	8.	2 cords kindling wood, at \$7.....	14. 00
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Oct.	31.	3,100 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of August, 1900, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet, 1435 K street.....	3. 10
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Oct.	31.	4,400 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of October, 1900, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet— 2,400 cubic feet, 1435 K street NW.....	2. 40
		2,000 cubic feet, 8 Jackson place.....	2. 00
			<hr/>
			4. 40
		J. Maury Dove:	
Oct.	10.	1 ton cannell.....	10. 00
		1 cord 3-piece hickory.....	8. 25
		8 tons white ash egg.....	41. 20
			<hr/>
			59. 45
		The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
July	13.	1 call to Philadelphia, Pa.....	1. 25
	23.	1 call to Baltimore.....	1. 00
			<hr/>
			2. 25
		A. Harmon:	
Nov.	13.	Replacing rope on flagstaff.....	5. 00

1900.)		M. P. Bush:	
ig.	3.	$\frac{1}{2}$ gross (sapolio) equal crystal polisher, electric, 2 boxes sapolio, 72 cakes .....	\$3. 60
		5 dozen castile, fine milled, at 35 cents per dozen.....	1. 75
		5 dozen "Sovon extra fine" hygienic toilet, 3 varieties, Violet, Oriental, and Cream, at 80 cents per dozen....	4. 00
		100 pounds or 160 cakes Snow Floater, at 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents per 10-ounce cake .....	8. 80
			<hr/> \$18. 15
		Robacher's disinfectant:	
iv.	13.	3 dozen bottles fluid B disinfectant, at \$6 per dozen.....	18. 00
		Less discount, 25 per cent.....	4. 50
			<hr/> 13. 50
		J. Maury Dove:	
iv.	16.	1 ton cannel coal, put in .....	10. 00
	17.	2 tons white ash egg, at \$5.15 .....	10. 30
	17.	6 tons white ash egg, at \$5.15 .....	30. 90
			<hr/> 51. 20
		The Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
iv.	24.	Griggs to United States marshal, San Juan, 15.....	. 20
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
it.	1.	Reeve to Vaughan, Birmingham, 24 .....	. 24
		Reeve to Smith, Tacoma, 26 .....	. 52
		Reeve to Rodgers, Helena, 22 .....	. 39
	5.	Reeve to Summerfield, Carson City, 21 .....	. 42
		Reeve to McLemore, Paris, 22 .....	. 33
		Reeve to Gay, Seattle, 22 .....	. 44
	9.	Reeve to Gaines, Charleston, W. Va., 21 .....	. 21
		Reeve to Holland, Philadelphia, 21.....	. 21
		Reeve to Erwin, Macon, Ga., 20.....	. 20
		Reeve to Cozier, Moscow, Idaho, 28 .....	. 56
		Reeve to Elstner, Monroe, La., 21 .....	. 26
		Reeve to Elstner, Shreveport, La., 21.....	. 26
	13.	Reeve to Bethea, Chicago, 38 .....	. 38
	30.	Reeve to Coombs, San Francisco, 37 .....	. 78
			<hr/> 5. 20
		The Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
it.	1.	Richards to United States attorney, Las Cruces, N. Mex., 22.....	. 29
		Burch to Mathers, Waynesville, N. C., 36 .....	. 36
	2.	Griggs to Mathers, Waynesville, N. C., 26 .....	. 26
	3.	Richards to United States marshal, Oxford, Miss., 22 .....	. 28
		Richards to United States marshal, Albuquerque, 21....	. 37
		Richards to United States marshal, Raleigh, N. C., 21....	. 21
	4.	Griggs to United States attorney, Greensboro, N. C., 13.....	. 20
		Griggs to Holton, Greensboro, N. C., 25 .....	. 25
		Griggs to Griffith, Socorro, N. Mex., 15 .....	. 35
		Beck to Burnett, New York, 28 .....	. 28
		Richards to United States attorney, Birmingham, 19....	. 20
		Richards to Burnett, Collinsville, Ala., 30 .....	. 30
		Griggs to United States marshal, St. Paul, 11.....	. 25
		Richards to United States marshal, Aberdeen, Miss., 22.....	. 28
		Attorney-General from Buchanan, Aberdeen, Miss., 32.....	. 40
	5.	Griggs to United States attorney, Pittsburg, 20 .....	. 20
		Griggs to McKinley, Canton, 63 .....	. 63
		Richards to Burnett, Gadsden, Ala., 30 .....	. 30
		Attorney-General from Darling, Boston, 19.....	. 20
	6.	Griggs to United States marshal, Boston, 34.....	. 34
		Griggs to Thompson, Guthrie, 21 .....	. 26
		Griggs to United States attorney, Tucson, 19 .....	. 35
		Griggs to Harrison, Atlanta, 26 .....	. 26
		Attorney-General from Harrison, Atlanta, 27.....	. 29
	8.	Griggs to United States marshal, Montgomery, 17 .....	. 20
		Griggs to United States marshal, St. Paul, 31.....	. 39
	9.	Roberts to San Antonio National Bank, San Antonio, 36.....	. 54
		Richards to Lindsay, New York, 49 .....	. 49
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tucson, 14.....	. 35

1900.		The Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Oct.	9.	Griggs to Elliott, Sioux Falls, 36 .....	\$0. 54
	10.	Griggs to United States marshal, Fort Smith, 20 .....	.25
		Griggs to United States marshal, Lockport, N. Y., 21 .....	.21
		Griggs to United States marshal, El Paso, Tex., 15 .....	.30
		Beck to Remley, Iowa City, 41 .....	.51
	11.	Richards to United States marshal, Charleston, S. C., 20 .....	.20
		Beck to Remley, Des Moines, 27 .....	.34
	12.	Richards to United States marshal, South McAlester, 17 .....	.25
		Hoyt to United States marshal, South McAlester, 23 .....	.29
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Fargo, N. Dak., 28 .....	.42
	13.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Fargo, N. Dak., 29 .....	.44
	15.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Elizabeth City, N. C. ....	.45
		Via Norfolk .....	.45
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Raleigh, N. C., 45 .....	.45
		Hoyt to United States marshal, South McAlester, 29 .....	.36
		Russel to Butterfield, East Vassalboro, Me., 29 .....	.29
		Via Vassalboro, Me .....	1. 00
	16.	Roberts to assistant treasurer, St. Louis, 29 .....	.36
		Hoyt to United States commissioner, Fresno, Cal., 22 .....	.44
		Hoyt to Shoup, Boise, Idaho, 31 .....	.62
		Griggs to Grady, Poteau, Ind. T., 21 .....	.26
	17.	Griggs to United States attorney, Tucson, 38 .....	.68
		Griggs to United States attorney, Chickasha, Ind. T., 15 .....	.25
	18.	Griggs to Tillman, Nashville, 29 .....	.29
		Griggs to Lambert, Leavenworth, 81 .....	1. 01
		Griggs to Lambert, Topeka, 81 .....	1. 01
		Pradt to Brownlow, Jonesboro, Tenn, 17 .....	.20
		Attorney-General from Wood, Seattle, 35 .....	.70
	19.	Griggs to United States marshal, Huntsville, 23 .....	.23
		Griggs to United States commissioner, Fresno, Cal., 24 .....	.48
		Griggs to Lambert, Leavenworth, 45 .....	.56
		Pradt from Dougherty, Nashville, N. Mex., 35 .....	.30
	20.	Griggs to Marshall, Huntsville, 21 .....	.21
		Griggs to Marshall, Los Angeles, 39 .....	.78
		Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, 19 .....	.25
		Richards to United States attorney, Sioux Falls, 38 .....	.57
		Pradt to Dougherty, Nashville, 17 .....	.20
		Richards to United States attorney, Leavenworth, 37 .....	.46
	22.	Griggs to Warden penitentiary, Leavenworth, 48 .....	.60
		Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 16 .....	.25
		Griggs to United States marshal, Boston, 24 .....	.24
		Griggs to Moxey, New York, 30 .....	.30
		Richards to United States attorney, Leavenworth, 45 .....	.56
	23.	Griggs to Moxey, New York, 23 .....	.23
	25.	Hoyt to Griggs, Stockholm, N. J., 36 .....	.36
		Hoyt to United States marshal, Oxford, Miss., 24 .....	.30
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 46 .....	.46
		Hoyt from Griggs, Stockholm, N. J., 23 .....	.23
	27.	Hoyt to United States attorney, San Antonio, 34 .....	.51
	29.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Moscow, 30 .....	.60
		Hoyt to Burguyn, Henderson, N. C., 31 .....	.31
		Hoyt from Burguyn, Henderson, N. C., 28 .....	.28
	30.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Lisbon, N. Dak., 31 .....	.47
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Lisbon, N. Dak., 27 .....	.41
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Winston, N. C., 36 .....	.36
		Hoyt to Meiklejohn, Chadron, Nebr., 40 .....	.50
	31.	Hoyt to United States attorney, Norfolk, Va., 44 .....	.44
			<hr/> \$33. 20
		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:	
Sept.	22.	Attorney-General, Washington, from Lemon, Fort Leavenworth, 17 .....	.25
Oct.	2.	Reynolds, St. Louis, from Richards, Washington, 20 .....	.25
	3.	Griggs, Washington, from Cowin, Omaha, 42 .....	.53
		Cowin, Omaha, from Richards, Washington, 41 .....	.51
	4.	Eames & Young, St. Louis, from Griggs, Washington, 22 .....	.28
	5.	Griggs, Washington, from Cortelyou, Canton, 53 .....	.53

1900. Postal Telegraph Cable Co.—Continued.	
Oct. 6. United States attorney, Boston, from Griggs, Washington, 21.....	\$0. 21
United States attorney, Denver, from Griggs, Washington, 28.....	. 42
8. First National Bank, St. Paul, from Roberts, Washington, 35.....	. 44
Nott, New Orleans, from Pradt, Washington, 16.....	. 25
Marshal, Louisville, from Griggs, Washington, 27.....	. 27
9. Reynolds, Boston, from Richards, Washington, 44.....	. 44
Marshal, Charleston, S. C., from Griggs, Washington, 25.....	. 25
11. Richards, Washington, from Keely, Indianapolis, 25.....	. 25
Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Richards, Washington, 25.....	. 31
Superintendent, Indianapolis, from Richards, Washington, 27.....	. 27
12. Reynolds, Boston, from Richards, Washington, 28.....	. 28
15. United States attorney, Washington, from Prince, Fresno, 32.....	. 64
Nott, New Orleans, from Pradt, Washington, 20.....	. 25
United States attorney-general, Washington, from Dante & Prince, Fresno, 25.....	. 50
18. Carter, Birmingham, from Pradt, Washington, 20.....	. 20
United States attorney, Nashville, from Griggs, Washington, 22.....	. 22
19. Marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, Washington, 22.....	. 44
Marshal, Nome, from Griggs, Washington (via Seattle), 24.....	. 48
20. Marshal, Memphis, from Griggs, Washington, 11.....	. 20
Marshal, Honolulu, from Griggs, Washington (via San Francisco), 40.....	. 80
United States attorney, Chicago, from Griggs, Washington, 22.....	. 22
22. McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, Washington, 49.....	. 61
United States attorney, Denver, from Griggs, Washington, 41.....	. 62
United States attorney, Los Angeles, from Griggs, Washington, 21.....	. 42
23. United States attorney, Galveston, from Griggs, Washington, 32.....	. 48
Stanhope Henry, San Antonio, from Peyton, Washington, 38.....	. 57
24. Randolph, Jackson, Tenn., from Griggs, Washington, 38.....	. 38
25. United States attorney, Hartford, from Griggs, Washington, 16.....	. 20
26. United States attorney, Topeka, from Hoyt, Washington, 52.....	. 65
Coudert Bros., New York, from Hoyt, Washington, 20.....	. 20
27. Marshal, Helena, from Hoyt, Washington, 24.....	. 42
Johnson, New York, from Hoyt, Washington, 26.....	. 26
29. Superintendent V. H. C., Rutland, Vt., from Hoyt, Washington, 24.....	. 24
Kane, Philadelphia, from Hoyt, Washington, 25.....	. 25
30. Aldrich, Chicago, from Hoyt, Washington, 28.....	. 28
31. United States attorney, Washington, from Prince, Fresno, 27.....	. 52
United States attorney, Los Angeles, from Hoyt, Washington, 22.....	. 44
United States commissioner, Fresno, Cal., from Hoyt, Washington, 20.....	. 40
13. Assistant treasurer, St. Louis, from Roberts, Washington, 26.....	. 26
20. Berney National Bank, Birmingham, from Roberts, Washington, 37.....	. 37
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\$17. 28	

1900.		Oliver Typewriter Co.:	
Nov.	23.	½ dozen McGurrian copyholders for Remington typewriter at \$1.35 each .....	\$8.10
		Wyckoff, Seaman's & Benedict:	
Sept.	5.	Adjusting No. 7-3383 .....	\$0.90
	15.	Adjusting No. 6-44791 .....	.55
	10.	Adjusting No. 32243 .....	.50
	6.	Adjusting No. 32243 .....	.80
	11.	Adjusting No. 34444 .....	1.75
	23.	Adjusting No. 2-4786 .....	.50
	27.	Adjusting No. 6-28895 .....	12.00
Nov.	1.	1 set key cushions .....	2.50
		Notley Anderson:	
Nov.	17.	Staining and varnishing 3 floors .....	21.00
		Staining and varnishing 1 floor .....	8.00
		Theodore B. Lyman:	
Nov.	30.	Services in assisting the librarian in arranging, classifying, and cataloguing books in the library of the Department of Justice, November 1-30, 1900, inclusive .....	75.00
		Fannie Jackson:	
Nov.	30.	Washing 77½ dozen towels during month of November 1900, at 12 cents .....	9.34
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Nov.	30.	31,700 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of November, 1900, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet—	
		8,900 cubic feet at 1435 K street .....	8.90
		22,800 cubic feet at 8 Jackson place .....	22.80
		A. H. Chace & Bro.:	
Nov.	28.	For steam cleaning 30 yards Brussels, at 4 cents .....	1.20
		For steam cleaning 3 yards Wilton, at 5 cents .....	.15
		G. G. C. Simms:	
Nov.	15.	6 bottles of rat poison .....	1.50
		James B. Lambie:	
July	5.	1 door lock .....	\$0.20
	20.	2 door-key blanks .....	.10
	23.	1 nail puller .....	1.35
	27.	1 No. 2 adz-eye hammer .....	.60
	31.	6 door-key blanks .....	.30
		James B. Lambie:	
Sept.	12.	½ dozen picture nails .....	.05
	22.	1 package assorted screw eyes .....	.30
	24.	1 pair pliers .....	1.10
	28.	½ pint can glue .....	.25
		James B. Lambie:	
Aug.	3.	3 springs for punches, at 12 cents .....	.36
		3 ice hatchets, at 75 cents .....	2.25
		6 ice picks .....	.60
	16.	1 dozen hand maps .....	1.20
		2 new wheels for lawn mowers .....	5.00
	24.	2 saw files, at 10 cents .....	.20
	30.	1 new wheel for lawn mower .....	2.50
		James B. Lambie:	
Oct.	2.	1 12-inch half-round vast file .....	.35
		1 12-inch flat vast file .....	.30
		1 handle .....	.03
		2 key blanks .....	.20
	3.	1 dozen brass screws .....	.10
	6.	1 can No. 2 Albany grease, 5 pounds, at 20 cents .....	1.00
	13.	1 flat Grobet file .....	.25
	16.	1 dozen latter pins .....	.08
	23.	1 brass-necked bolt .....	.25
	30.	3 dozen, 1, No. 9 R. H. blued screws .....	.15
		2.71	

1900.		James B. Lambie:	
Nov.	7.	1 flat coil spring for Eclipse spring.....	\$0. 45
	10.	1 hand saw .....	1. 15
		16 C. and H. hooks .....	. 35
	12.	2 key blanks .....	. 10
		1½ pounds halyard rope .....	. 42
	14.	6 balls colored twine .....	. 50
	17.	1 piece ¾ rod, brass .....	. 15
		1 drill .....	. 10
		1 jaw for No. 78 vise .....	1. 75
	19.	11½ pounds hemp twine .....	1. 73
	22.	1 No. 0 M. K. faucet .....	. 30
	23.	Repairing 2 eyelet punches .....	1. 10
	27.	1 6-quart galvanized sprinkler .....	. 35
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			\$8. 45
		J. Maury Dove:	
Dec.	7.	1 ton Cannel coal, put in, 1435 K street .....	10. 00
		8 tons white ash egg, 1435 K street .....	41. 20
		1 ton cannel, put in, No. 8 Lafayette square .....	10. 00
			<hr/>
			61. 21
		M. G. Copeland:	
Dec.	11.	2 flags, 8-foot, at \$4 .....	8. 00
		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:	
Nov.	1.	United States attorney, Kansas City, from Hoyt, Wash- ington, 20 .....	. 25
	3.	Reese, Montgomery, Ala., from Hoyt, Washington, 20 .....	. 20
		Griggs, Paterson, from Richards, Washington, 319 .....	3. 19
		Walcott, Denver, from Richards, Washington, 49 .....	. 74
		Lindsay, New York, from Hoyt, Washington, 37 .....	. 37
	8.	Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Griggs, Washington, 22 .....	. 22
		United States attorney, Little Rock, from Richards, Washington, 41 .....	. 51
	9.	Aldrich, Chicago, from Griggs, Washington, 58 .....	. 58
	10.	Scott, Houston, from Hoyt, Washington, 32 .....	. 48
		Marshal, Paris, from Hoyt, Washington, 143 .....	2. 15
		United States attorney, Omaha, from Griggs, Washing- ton, 18 .....	. 25
		Aldrich, Chicago, from Griggs, Washington, 33 .....	. 33
	12.	United States attorney, East Las Vegas, N. Mex., from Griggs, Washington, 13 .....	. 35
	13.	United States attorney, Helena, from Griggs, Washing- ton, 21 .....	. 37
		Monteith, New York, from Howard, Washington, 31 .....	. 31
		Claus, Governors Island, N. Y., from Griggs, Washing- ton, 29 .....	. 29
		Price, Salisbury, N. C., from Griggs, Washington, 19 .....	. 20
		Price, Salisbury, N. C., from Hoyt, Washington, 29 .....	. 29
	15.	United States attorney, Chicago, from Griggs, Washing- ton, 47 .....	. 47
		United States attorney, Omaha, from Griggs, Washing- ton, 44 .....	. 55
		Haynes, New York, from Griggs, Washington, 41 .....	. 41
		United States attorney, Chicago, from Griggs, Washing- ton, 18 .....	. 20
	16.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Smith, Washington, 20 .....	. 25
		McCord, Phoenix, from Griggs, Washington, 17 .....	. 35
		Griggs, Washington, D. C., from Pfang, Louisville, 16 .....	. 20
		Jailer, Louisville, Ky., from Griggs, Washington, 25 .....	. 25
	17.	United States marshal, Chicago, from Griggs, Washing- ton, 23 .....	. 23
	19.	United States marshal, Las Vegas, N. Mex., from Griggs, Washington, 27 .....	. 47
		Childers, Las Vegas, N. Mex., from Griggs, Washing- ton, 34 .....	. 60
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Griggs, Washington, 62 .....	1. 24
	21.	Betha, Chicago, from Griggs, Washington, 43 .....	. 43
	22.	United States attorney, Madison, Wis., from Griggs, Washington, 28 .....	. 28

1900.		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.—Continued.	
Nov.	22.	Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Griggs, Washington, 23.	\$0. 23
		Carter, Birmingham, Ala., from Smith, Washington, 32.	. 32
		First National Bank, Albuquerque, from Meline, Washington, 38.	. 67
	23.	McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, Washington, 28.	. 35
	24.	McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, Washington, 49.	. 35
		Becker, Seattle, from Griggs, Washington, 25.	. 50
		Warden, Lansing, Kans., from Griggs, Washington, 48.	. 60
	26.	Dougherty, Memphis, from Pradt, Washington, 19.	. 20
		Button, New York, from Pradt, Washington, 35.	. 35
		McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, Washington, 14.	. 25
	27.	Clarke, Chicago, from Griggs, Washington, 46.	. 46
		Remley, Des Moines, from Beck, Washington, 33.	. 41
	28.	Fulton, Atlanta, from Griggs, Washington, 24.	. 24
	30.	Aldrich, New York, from Griggs, Washington, 20.	. 20
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Griggs, Washington, 21.	. 42
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Griggs, Washington, 44.	. 88
		United States attorney, Denver, from Griggs, Washington, 63.	. 95
			\$24. 65
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Nov.	1.	Hoyt to Grady, Pateau, Ind. T., 29.	. 36
	3.	Hoyt to United States marshal, Muscogee, Ind. T., 18.	. 22
		Hoyt to United States marshal, Leavenworth, 68.	. 85
		Hoyt to United States marshal, Fargo, N. Dak., 28.	. 42
		Hoyt to United States marshal, Albuquerque, 19.	. 35
		Smith to Angier, Atlanta, 23.	. 23
	5.	Hoyt to Claus, Governors Island, 32.	. 32
	6.	Hughes to Reynolds, St. Louis, 14.	. 25
		Pradt to jailer, Atlanta, 24.	. 24
		Pradt to United States attorney, Winston, 20.	. 20
		Pradt to Burgwyn, Henderson, N. C., 20.	. 20
		Pradt to Clous, Governors Island, N. Y., 26.	. 26
	8.	Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, Ind. T., 40.	. 50
		Pradt to Allen, Culpeper, Va., 22.	. 22
	9.	Griggs to Clous, Governors Island, N. Y., 27.	. 27
		Howard to Montieith, Jersey City, N. J., 21.	. 21
		Pradt to Button, New York, 20.	. 20
		Griggs to United States attorney, Boston, 75.	. 75
		Howard to Montieith, New York, 20.	. 20
		Attorney-General from Field, Guthrie, 38.	. 48
	10.	Hoyt to McLemore, Galveston, 130.	1. 95
		Griggs to Perkins, New York, 72.	. 72
		Hoyt to Baker, Cheltenham, Mo., 28.	. 28
		Hoyt to Price, Asheville, N. C., 29.	. 29
		Griggs from Pritchard, Asheville, N. C., 77.	. 77
		Attorney-General from Blackburn, Asheville, N. C., 31.	. 31
	12.	Griggs to United States attorney, Galveston, 64.	. 96
		Griggs to Price, Greensboro, N. C., 19.	. 20
		Hoyt to Price, Greensboro, N. C., 29.	. 29
	13.	Griggs to United States attorney, Brattleboro, Vt., 18.	. 20
		Griggs to United States attorney, Danville, Va., 29.	. 29
		Griggs to United States attorney, Kansas City, Mo., 18.	. 25
		Griggs to United States attorney, Chicago, 27.	. 27
	14.	Griggs to United States marshal, Detroit, 22.	. 22
	15.	Griggs to United States attorney, Florence, Ariz., 22.	. 29
		Via Casa Grande.	. 68
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tucson, Ariz., 40.	. 70
	16.	Griggs to United States attorney, Oshkosh, 21.	. 21
		Griggs to Friedrich, Juneau, Alaska (via Seattle), 30.	. 60
		Griggs to United States marshal, Danville, Va., 30.	. 30
	17.	Hoyt to Simmons, Racine, Wis., 29.	. 29

1900.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Nov.	19.	Griggs to Bennett, Tucson, 43 .....	\$0. 75
		Griggs to United States marshal, Louisville, Ky., 10 .....	.20
	20.	Griggs to Bethea, Chicago, 45 .....	.45
	21.	Griggs to Callier, Riverside, Cal., 21 .....	.42
	22.	Griggs to Jailer, Atlanta, 24 .....	.24
		Smith to Reynolds, Galveston, Tex., 43 .....	.65
		Griggs to United States attorney, San Francisco, 37 .....	.74
	23.	Griggs to United States marshal, Cleveland, Ohio, 23 .....	.23
	24.	Hoyt to United States attorney, New York, 21 .....	.21
		Griggs to United States attorney, Louisville, Ky., 16 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, San Francisco, 60 .....	1. 20
		Attorney General from Smathers, Asheville, N. C., 34 .....	.34
	26.	Meline to Bank of Commerce, Cleveland, Ohio, 41 .....	.41
		Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, Okla., 29 .....	.36
		Griggs to United States marshal, Chicago, 14 .....	.20
	27.	Griggs to Bethea, Chicago, 62 .....	.62
		Griggs to Scothorn, Guthrie, Ohio, 24 .....	.30
	30.	Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, Okla., 30 .....	.38
		Griggs to United States attorney, San Francisco, 20 .....	.40
		Richards to Thayer, St. Louis, 92 .....	1. 15
		Richards to Sanborn, St. Paul, 92 .....	1. 15
	5.	Richards to Walcott, Denver, 17 .....	.30
			<hr/>
			\$27. 82
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Nov.	27.	Griggs to United States marshal, San Juan, 28 .....	.28
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Nov.	17.	Reese to Burnett, New York, 41 .....	.41
		J. Maury Dove:	
Dec.	19.	7 tons white ash egg coal, 1435 K street .....	36. 05
	20.	1 ton white ash egg coal, 1435 K street .....	5. 15
			<hr/>
			41. 20
		John O. Connor:	
Dec.	28.	For furnishing material and labor top dressing lot in front of Department of Justice building, 1435 K street .....	3. 63
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Aug.	31.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., August 1-31, as follows:	
		Light meter 1,104,000 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	66. 24
		Motor meter 356,800 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	21. 40
			<hr/>
			87. 64
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Aug.	31.	Use of electric current at No. 8 Lafayette square, August 1-31, inclusive: 658,800 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	39. 52
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Sept.	30.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., September 1-30, inclusive: 1,104,000 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	66. 24
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Sept.	30.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street, NW., September 1-30, inclusive: motor meter 340,800 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	20. 44
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Sept.	30.	Use of electric current at No. 8 Lafayette square, September, 1-30 inclusive: 749,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	44. 97
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Oct.	31.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., October 1-31, inclusive, as follows:	
		Light meter, 1,790,400 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	107. 42
		Motor meter, 383,400 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1000 .....	23. 00
			<hr/>
			130. 42
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Oct.	31.	Use of electric current at 8 Lafayette square, October 1-31, inclusive: 704,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	42. 25



1900.		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Nov.	30.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., November 1-30, inclusive, as follows:	
		Light meter, 1,584,000 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	\$95.04
		Motor meter, 385,000 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	23.10
			<hr/> \$118.14
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Nov.	30.	Use of electric current at 8 Lafayette square, November 1-30, inclusive: 809,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	48.55
		Fannie Jackson:	
Dec.	31.	Washing 107½ dozen towels during month of December, 1900, at 12 cents.....	12.89
		The Geo. W. Knox Express Co.:	
Nov.	17.	Freight and drayage on 1 box of books.....	.53
		The Tribune Association:	
Dec.	26.	Subscription to Daily and Sunday Tribune, January 1-December 31, 1901.....	10.00
		Theodore B. Lyman:	
		Services in assisting the librarian in arranging and classifying and cataloguing books in library Department of Justice, December 1-31, inclusive.....	75.00
		Schoellkopf, Hartford & Hanna Co.:	
Nov.	9.	1 barrel Buffalo sand.....	25.00
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Nov.	27.	Roberts to American Colonial Bank, San Juan, P. R., 41.....	.41
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Dec.	1.	Hoyt to United States attorney, San Juan, 115.....	1.15
	29.	Griggs to judge, San Juan, 14.....	.20
		Griggs to Allen, San Juan, 62.....	.62
			<hr/> 1.94
		Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Aug.	13.	1 call to New York.....	5.20
	18.	1 call to New York.....	6.00
			<hr/> 11.20
		Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Sept.	14.	1 call to Canton, Ohio (Griggs).....	24.10
		Lansburgh & Bros.:	
Dec.	4.	15 dozen towels, at \$2.....	30.00
		J. Maury Dove.	
Jan.	3.	8 tons white ash egg coal.....	41.20
		2 tons cannell coal.....	20.00
			<hr/> 61.20
1900.		American Ice Co.:	
Nov.	30.	Ice for November, 1900, 10,500 pounds, at 25 cents.....	26.25
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Dec.	31.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., December 1-31, as follows:	
		Light meter, 1,641,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	98.49
		Motor meter, 354,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	21.27
			<hr/> 119.76
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Dec.	31.	Use of electric current at 8 Lafayette square, December 1-31, inclusive: 740,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	44.43
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Dec.	31.	9,600 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of December, 1900, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet (1435 K street).....	9.60
		J. Baumgarten & Sons:	
July	23.	2 stamps, No. 42.....	.20
	31.	4 stamps, No. 47.....	.40
Aug.	11.	1 facsimile stamp.....	1.50
	17.	1 stamp, No. 70.....	.50
	29.	1 stamp, No. 80.....	.35

1900.		J. Baumgarten & Sons—Continued.	
Sept.	28.	1 pad, No. 123 .....	\$0.35
Oct.	1.	Repair dater, No. 134 .....	.75
	2.	3 pads, No. 133 .....	.75
	5.	1 self-inking stamp, No. 142 .....	3.00
	18.	1 bottle ink, No. 158 .....	.35
	22.	2 pads, No. 161 .....	1.00
	31.	1 pad, No. 179 .....	.50
			<hr/>
			\$9.65
1901.		J. Baumgarten & Sons:	
Jan.	2.	1 special stamp .....	8.00
1900.		American Ice Co.:	
Dec.	31.	Ice for December, 10,850 pounds, at 25 cents .....	27.12
		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:	
Dec.	3.	Lindsay, N. Y., from Beck, Washington, 22 .....	.22
		Post, N. Y., from Griggs, Washington, 27 .....	.27
		United States attorney, Chicago, from Griggs, 21 .....	.21
	4.	Griggs, Washington, from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 33 .....	.33
		Warden, Nashville, from Griggs, Washington, 25 .....	.25
		Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Griggs, Washington, 22 .....	.22
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, Washington, 23 .....	.29
		Marshal, Tacoma, from Griggs, Washington, 28 .....	.56
	5.	United States attorney, San Francisco, from Griggs, Washington, 38 .....	.76
	6.	Marshal, Denver, from Griggs, Washington, 30 .....	.45
	7.	Fulton, Atlanta, from Richards, Washington, 24 .....	.24
		Marshal, Helena, from Richards, Washington, 23 .....	.40
	8.	Beck, Philadelphia, from Caldwell, Washington, 21 .....	.21
		Beck, Philadelphia, from Caldwell, Washington, 29 .....	.29
		Austin National Bank, Austin, Tex., from Roberts, Washington, 34 .....	.51
		Marshal, St. Paul, from Richards, Washington, 29 .....	.36
	11.	Marshal, Topeka, from Richards, Washington, 20 .....	.25
		Marshal, Pittsburg, from Richards, Washington, 22 .....	.22
		Marshal, Tucson, from Richards, 20 .....	.35
	13.	Beck, Philadelphia, from Caldwell, 25 .....	.25
		United States attorney, New York, from Richards, 24 .....	.24
		United States attorney, Ardmore, from Richards, 59 .....	.89
		Marshal, Nashville, from Richards, 24 .....	.24
		Attorney-General, Washington, from Johnson, Ardmore, Ind. T., 59 .....	.89
		Marshal, Nashville, from Richards, 24 .....	.24
		Attorney-General, Washington, from Johnson, Ardmore, 55 .....	.83
	14.	McLemore, Galveston, from Griggs, 38 .....	.57
		Assistant treasurer, St. Louis, from Roberts, 23 .....	.29
		Foraker, Albuquerque, from Reslittin, Washington, 19 .....	.35
	15.	United States attorney, Denver, from Richards, Washington, 25 .....	.38
		United States attorney, Denver, from Griggs, 18 .....	.30
	18.	United States marshal, Richmond, from Richards, Washington, 20 .....	.20
	19.	United States marshal, Cleveland, from Griggs, Washington, 23 .....	.23
		United States attorney, San Antonio, from Griggs, Washington, 26 .....	.39
	22.	United States attorney, San Antonio, from Griggs, Washington, 28 .....	.42
		Bank of Commerce, Cleveland, Ohio, from Roberts, Washington, 37 .....	.37
	24.	Daugherty, Memphis, from Pradt, 19 .....	.20
		Bryan, Montgomery, from Griggs, 31 .....	.31
		Rubin, Syracuse, N. Y., from Griggs, 38 .....	.38
		United States attorney, Boston, from Griggs, 22 .....	.22
	27.	Hoyt, Washington, from Peoples, Greensboro, N. C., 33 .....	.33
		Chisholm, Greensboro, N. C., from Hoyt, 26 .....	.26

1900.		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.—Continued.	
Dec.	27.	District attorney, Greensboro, N. C., from Hoyt, 25.....	\$0. 25
	28.	United States attorney, San Francisco, from Richards, 35.....	.70
		United States attorney, Chicago, from Richards, 26....	.26
		United States attorney, Denver, from Richards, 19.....	.30
		United States attorney, Louisville, Ky., from Griggs, 34.....	.34
		Cook, Chicago, from Griggs, 24.....	.24
	31.	Assistant United States attorney, Madison, Wis., from Griggs, 27.....	.27
	26.	United States marshal, Tacoma, from Richards, 24....	.48
Oct.	11.	Attorney-General, Washington, from McClaughlin, Fort Leavenworth, 16.....	.25
			<hr/> \$17. 13
1901.		S. P. Johnson:	
Jan.	14.	1 No. 1 Densmore typewriter, No. 14355.....	57. 25
1900.		James B. Lambie:	
Dec.	4.	1 2 flue brush.....	1. 10
	8.	1 gross 1½ No. 10 screws.....	.33
	18.	1 dozen C. and H. hooks.....	.20
	22.	1 flue scraper.....	2. 00
	27.	Repairing spring punch.....	.25
	28.	6 springs for eyelet punches.....	.72
			<hr/> 4. 60
		Dulin & Martin:	
Dec.	4.	1 dozen tumblers, 90 cents; 1 dozen tumblers, \$1.....	1. 90
		Rudolph, West & Co.:	
Dec.	22.	1 dozen hand maps.....	1. 20
		George A. Schwkopf:	
Dec.	31.	Repairing ice water pitcher.....	1. 00
		Francis Miller:	
Nov.	27.	Furnishing and putting glass in door.....	.75
		The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Dec.	31.	For exchange rental, October 1–December 31, as follows:	
		Switch-board instruments.....	6. 25
		Attorney-General.....	6. 25
		Chief clerk.....	6. 25
		Pardon attorney.....	6. 25
		File room.....	6. 25
		Stationery room.....	6. 25
		Solicitor-General's.....	6. 25
		Assistant Attorney-General Hoyt's room.....	6. 25
		Appointment division.....	6. 25
		Second-floor hall.....	6. 25
		Assistant Attorney-General Boyd's room.....	6. 25
		Disbursing clerk.....	6. 25
		Fourth-floor hall.....	6. 25
		Chief of finance division.....	6. 25
		Assistant Attorney-General.....	6. 25
		Assistant Attorney-General, second floor, Lafayette square.....	6. 25
		Second-floor hall, No. 8 Lafayette square.....	6. 25
		Library old Corcoran Art Gallery.....	6. 25
		General agent.....	6. 25
		Private secretary to Attorney-General.....	6. 25
		First-floor hall.....	6. 00
		Third-floor hall.....	6. 00
		Mr. Sheibley's room.....	6. 00
		Captain Glover's room.....	6. 00
			<hr/> 149. 00
		The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Dec.	31.	Exchange rental for Solicitor of Treasury, October 1–December 31, 1900, at \$34.50 per annum.....	6. 25
		The E. F. Brooks Co.:	
Sept.	17.	Easing stopcock at meter, No. 8 Jackson place.....	.75

1900.	National Electric Supply Co.:		
Dec.	31. Maintenance of 1 Observatory clock, for quarter ended December 31, 1900, at \$50 per annum.....	\$12.50	
	National Electric Supply Co.:		
Oct.	1. Repairing watchman's time detector, Baltic building....	\$0.60	
	Repairing front door bell.....	1.20	
	12. Lengthening droplight in Solicitor-General's office.....	1.50	
	Changing location of lights and push button, 8 Lafayette square.....	1.80	
	Repairing lights in Solicitor-General's office.....	.60	
	Fusing lights in Solicitor-General's office.....	.90	
	1 Ed. key socket.....	.25	
			6.85
1901.	John B. Daish:		
Jan.	15. 2 cords sawed and split kindling wood, at \$7 .....	14.00	
1900.	Western Union Telegraph Co.:		
Dec.	1. Hoyt to jailer, Atlanta, Ga., 24.....	.24	
	Hoyt to United States attorney, Denver, 28.....	.42	
	3. Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, Ind. T. 21.....	.26	
	Griggs to Foraker, Albuquerque, 20.....	.35	
	Griggs to United States attorney, Madison Wis., 28.....	.28	
	5. Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, Okla., 32.....	.40	
	Griggs from Hartford, Nashville, 20.....	.20	
	6. Beck to Remley, Des Moines, 26.....	.33	
	Griggs to United States marshal, San Antonio, 22.....	.33	
	7. Richards to assistant United States attorney, Fargo, N. Dak., 26.....	.39	
	Griggs to McCook, New York, 29.....	.29	
	Richards to jailer, Marshall, N. C., 24.....	.24	
	Richards from Henderson, Marshall, N. C., 20.....	.20	
	8. Richards to United States attorney, San Francisco, 29.....	.58	
	10. Richards to United States marshal, Tucson, 36.....	.65	
	Griggs to Bennett, Muscogee, 30.....	.38	
	Griggs to United States marshal, South McAlester, 19.....	.25	
	Pradt from Dougherty, Memphis, 47.....	.47	
	11. Pradt to MacNut, Sandy Hook, 27.....	.27	
	Beck to Remley, Des Moines, 23.....	.29	
	Beck to Van Vleck, Des Moines, 21.....	.26	
	Richards to Soper, Vinita, 31.....	.39	
	Richards to Whipple, Batesville, Ark., 29.....	.36	
	Richards to assistant United States treasurer, St. Louis, 31.....	.39	
	Pradt from Dougherty, Memphis, 40.....	.40	
	13. Caldwell to Beck, Philadelphia, 19.....	.20	
	Richards to United States attorney, Ardmore (via Fort Worth, Tex.), 59.....	.89	
	Richards to Griggs, Eagle Pass, Tex., 22.....	.33	
	Richards to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 23.....	.35	
	Richards to United States marshal, Guthrie, 20.....	.25	
	Richards to United States attorney, Fargo, N. Dak., 55.....	.83	
	Richards to United States marshal, South McAlester, 25.....	.31	
	Richards to United States attorney, Prescott, 19.....	.35	
	Richards from Farrar, St. Louis, 25.....	.31	
	14. Caldwell to Beck, Philadelphia, 21.....	.21	
	Richards to United States attorney, Brooklyn, 22.....	.22	
	Griggs to United States marshal, Paris, Tex., 25.....	.38	
	Griggs to McLemore, Tyler, Tex., 38.....	.37	
	14. Griggs to United States marshal, Boise, 17.....	.40	
	Griggs to Summers, Omaha, 41.....	.51	
	15. Griggs to warden prison, Nashville, 24.....	.24	
	Griggs to United States attorney, St. Louis, 21.....	.26	
	Griggs to Horr, Jacksonville, 19.....	.20	
	17. Griggs to Thackray, Johnstown, 32.....	.32	
	Griggs to Butler-Ryan Company, St. Paul, 27.....	.34	
	Griggs to Grady, South McAlester, 31.....	.39	

1900.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Dec.	17.	Clay to Blaisdel, Fairmont, 22 .....	\$0. 28
		Pradt to Gorman, New York, 20 .....	.20
		Clay from Blaisdel, Fairmont, 21 .....	.26
		Pradt from Brown, Wausau, Wis., 18 .....	.20
	18.	Griggs to United States attorney, Seattle, 45 .....	.90
		Griggs to Sheldon, Madison, 32 .....	.32
		Richards to United States marshal, Denver, 29 .....	.44
	19.	Griggs to United States attorney, Seattle, 23 .....	.46
		Rechton to Long, Wewoka, Ind. T., 17 .....	.25
		Richards to United States attorney, Guthrie, 19 .....	.25
		Griggs to Griggs, Eagle Pass, 12 .....	.30
	20.	Griggs to Whitehead, Denver, 25 .....	.38
		Griggs to United States attorney, Salt Lake, 24 .....	.42
		Griggs to United States attorney, Salt Lake, 24 .....	.42
	21.	Griggs to United States marshal, Tacoma, 18 .....	.40
	22.	Griggs to jailer, G. C. S., Gallipolis, Ohio, 30 .....	.39
		Smith to Adamson, Washington, D. C., 29 .....	.29
		Griggs to jailer H. J., Atlanta, 25 .....	.25
		Griggs to warden United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, 43 .....	.54
		Griggs from McDaniels, Gallipolis, 23 .....	.23
	24.	Griggs to United States attorney, Boston, 21 .....	.21
		Griggs to Davis, Tucson, 36 .....	.63
		Griggs to United States marshal, Sioux Falls, 21 .....	.32
		Griggs to United States attorney, Omaha, 41 .....	.51
		Griggs to United States attorney, Prescott, 19 .....	.35
	25.	Smith to Reynolds, Galveston, 34 .....	.51
		Griggs to United States marshal Tucson, 45 .....	.79
	26.	Richards to United States attorney, Omaha, 40 .....	.50
	27.	Griggs to United States marshal, Louisville, 22 .....	.22
		Roberts to Seattle National Bank, Seattle, 35 .....	.70
	28.	Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 19 .....	.25
		Richards to United States attorney, Omaha, 38 .....	.48
		Richards to United States attorney, Omaha, 18 .....	.25
	29.	Richards to United States marshal, South McAlester, 15 .....	.25
		Richards to United States marshal, Atlanta, 21 .....	.21
		Smith to Dewees & Hamill, Chicago, 31 .....	.31
		Griggs from Whitman, Chicago, 18 .....	.20
	31.	Richards to Reynolds, Boston, 20 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, New Orleans, 21 .....	.26
		Griggs to United States marshal, Jacksonville, 21 .....	.21
		Griggs to warden penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, 24 .....	.30
		Griggs to United States marshal, Kansas City, 14 .....	.25
		Griggs to Smathers, Asheville, 36 .....	.36
		Attorney-General from Smathers, Asheville, 34 .....	.34
Oct.	29.	Richards, New York, to Lott, Washington, D. C., 30 .....	.30
			<hr/> \$32. 57
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Dec.	22.	O'Connell to Rogers, Helena, 54 .....	.95
1901.		Rufus B. Merchant:	
Jan.	23.	1 mounted map of Virginia and West Virginia, No. 7 .....	2. 50
		J. Maury Dove:	
Jan.	17.	8 tons W. A. egg coal, 1435 K street .....	41. 20
	28.	8 tons W. A. egg coal, 1435 K street .....	41. 20
			<hr/> 82. 40
		Richard L. Lamb:	
Jan.	22.	1 Edison 5-wheel numbering machine .....	8. 00
		Fannie Jackson:	
Jan.	31.	Washing 90½ dozen towels during month January, 1901, at 12 cents .....	10. 84
		The Strowger Automatic Telephone Exchange:	
Jan.	23.	Rental of 1 automatic switch and telephone October 1–Dec. 31, 1900, at \$6 per annum .....	1. 50
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Jan.	31.	11,800 cubic feet of gas consumed in month of January, 1901, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet .....	11. 80

1901.		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Jan.	28.	2 gas stoves, at \$1.75 .....	\$3.50
		2 pieces tubing, at 40 cents .....	.80
			\$4.30
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Jan.	31.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., Jan. 1-31, inclusive, as follows:	
		Light, 1,617,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 ...	97.05
		Motor, 358,400 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 ....	21.50
			118.55
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
Jan.	9.	Installing 3 droplights in basement and furnishing 2 additional shades, holders, and lamps:	
		Electrician, 3½ hours, at 60 cents .....	2.10
		3 Ed. key sockets, at 25 cents .....	.75
		30 feet No. 16 cord, at 2½ cents .....	.75
		3 baby knobs and screws .....	.05
		3 chat rosettes and screws, at 20 cents .....	.60
		5 McCreary green sunlight shades, at \$1. ....	5.00
		5 3¼ shade holders, at 10 cents .....	.50
		5 25 C. P. lamps, at 20 cents .....	1.00
	17.	Installing pendant switches on 5 cluster, furnishing and installing 2 brackets, Department library, \$1.80, corner Seventeenth street and Pennsylvania avenue:	
		Electrician, 18 hours, at 60 cents .....	10.80
		30 feet 2 W. mol. ptd. for No. 14, at 3 cents .....	.90
		75 feet No. 14 R. C. wire .....	1.13
		¼ pound brads .....	.05
		¼ pound nails .....	.02
		10 feet spec. fix wire .....	.15
		2 Ed. key sockets .....	.50
		1 roll comp. tape .....	.30
		2 1-light brackets .....	3.00
		1 black .....	.20
		2 canopies split .....	.40
		70 feet No. 16 cotton rein cord, at 6 cents .....	4.20
		5 10-ampere s. p. g. e. pendant pushes .....	3.00
			35.40
		Shoemaker & Busch:	
Jan.	31.	2 pounds sponge for cups, at \$1.65 .....	3.30
		American Ice Co.:	
Jan.	31.	Ice for January, 10,850 pounds, at 25 cents .....	27.12
		1900. Adams Express:	
Dec.	2.	1 bundle, 5, from New York, addressed to the Department of Justice, \$1.25 .....	.40
	19.	1 package, 12, from Washington, addressed to A. W. Denhurst, St. Augustine, Fla., \$3.75 .....	1.01
	20.	1 package, 16½, from Washington, addressed to J. E. Hall, Los Angeles, Cal., \$9.50 .....	3.76
			5.17
		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:	
Oct.	19.	Morcock, Macon, Ga., from Clay, District of Columbia, 29. ....	.27
		1901.	
Jan.	2.	Kratz, Philadelphia, from Clay, Washington, D. C., 30. ....	.30
	4.	United States marshal, Kansas City, from Griggs, Washington, D. C., 19 .....	.25
		United States marshal, Kansas City, from Griggs, 17 ...	.25
	5.	Button, New York, from Pradt, 15 .....	.20
	7.	United States attorney, Pensacola, from Easby Smith, 21. ....	.21
		Crowley, Lockport, N. Y., from Hoyt, 34 .....	.34
		Button, Savannah, from Pradt, 18 .....	.20
	8.	United States attorney, Savannah, from Griggs, 50 .....	.50
		United States attorney, Oshkosh, from Griggs, 59 .....	.59
		Collins, Chattanooga, from Rechtiñ, 16 .....	.20
	9.	Montana National Bank, Helena, from Roberts, 36 ....	.63
	10.	United States attorney, Albuquerque, from Griggs, 21. ....	.37
		Crowley, Lockport, from Hoyt, 25 .....	.25

1901.		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.—Continued.	
Jan.	11.	Guthrie, New York, from Richards, 23.....	\$0. 23
		Beck, Philadelphia, from Richards, 25.....	.25
		Clerk circuit court, Cleveland, Ohio, from Griggs, 31....	.31
	12.	United States attorney, Topeka, from Griggs, 22.....	.28
	14.	Jailer, Portland, Me., from Griggs, 23.....	.23
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 23.....	.29
		Guthrie, New York, from Richards, 22.....	.22
		Griggs, Washington, D. C., from Pearson, Portland, Me., 21.....	.21
	15.	United States attorney, Chicago, from Easby Smith, 22....	.22
		Baldwin, New York, from Richards, 124.....	1. 24
	17.	Burnett, New York, from Griggs, 79.....	.79
	18.	United States attorney, Oshkosh, from Griggs, 19.....	.20
	21.	Griggs from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 35.....	.35
		Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Griggs, 23.....	.23
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 22.....	.28
	22.	Acting warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Easby Smith, 18....	.25
		Rubin, Syracuse, from Griggs, 33.....	.33
		United States marshal, Madison, from Griggs, 18.....	.20
	23.	United States marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, 19....	.40
		United States attorney, Albuquerque, from Richards, 41....	.72
		United States attorney, Boston, from Griggs, 26.....	.26
	24.	United States attorney, Prescott, Ariz., from Griggs, 49....	.86
	25.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 16.....	.25
		United States attorney, Binghamton, N. Y., from Griggs, 34.....	.34
		United States attorney, Binghamton, N. Y., from Griggs, 14.....	.20
	28.	United States attorney, Norfolk, Va., from Richards, 29....	.29
		United States attorney, Norfolk, Va., from Richards, 64....	.64
		United States marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, 12....	.40
	29.	Fidelity Trust Company, Kansas City, from Griggs, 12....	.25
		Mercantile Trust Company, Pittsburg, from Griggs, 12....	.20
		Lancaster Trust Company, Lancaster, from Griggs, 13....	.20
		United States marshal, Vawter, Nome, Alaska (via Seattle and Skagway), from Griggs, 21.....	4. 67
		Fidelity Trust Company, St. Louis, Mo., from Griggs, 12....	.25
	30.	Binney, Washington, D. C., Adder, Annapolis, 18.....	.20
	31.	United States marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, 17....	.40
			<hr/> \$21. 22
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Jan.	2.	Griggs to Allen, San Juan, 33.....	.33
		Griggs to Allen, San Juan, 28.....	.28
		Griggs to district judge, San Juan, 20.....	.20
		Griggs to Allen, San Juan, 53.....	.53
			<hr/> 1. 34
		R. W. Vonnoh:	
Feb.	9.	Painting portrait Attorney-General John W. Griggs for Department collection.....	750. 00
		J. Hall Semms:	
Feb.	19.	3 dozen boxes blue-head matches, at 20 cents.....	. 60
		William H. Dyer:	
Feb.	8.	4 brake blocks.....	1. 00
		Washington Gas Light Co.:	
Feb.	14.	1 No. 600 Puritan heater (H).....	\$4. 00
		1 No. 600 Puritan heater (L).....	3. 75
		1 No. 400 Puritan heater (H).....	3. 00
		26 feet tubing.....	1. 30
			<hr/> 12. 05
		Richard L. Lamb:	
Feb.	18.	1 Edison automatic numbering machine, 5 wheels.....	8. 00
		James B. Lambie:	
Jan.	7.	1 4-barrel bolt.....	\$0. 12
		1 key blank.....	.10
		1 closet lock.....	.50
	11.	1 4-barrel bolt.....	.12
	14.	1 dozen screws.....	.05

1901. James B. Lambie—Continued.		
Jan.	18. 1 pound raw cotton.....	\$0.30
	48 feet felt weather strips.....	.96
	5 pounds putty, at 5 cents.....	.25
	1 putty knife.....	.25
	19. 48 feet felt weather strips.....	.96
		<hr/>
		\$3.61
Western Union Telegraph Co.:		
Jan.	2. Griggs to Smathers, Asheville, N. C., 19.....	.20
	3. Griggs to United States attorney, Corydon, Iowa, 36.....	.45
	Griggs to United States marshal, Madison, Wis., 21.....	.21
	4. Roberts to National Bank of Commerce, Kansas City, 40.....	.50
	Griggs to United States attorney, Detroit, 14.....	.20
	Pradt to Button, New York, 17.....	.20
	5. Griggs to United States attorney, Vinita, Ind. T., 25.....	.31
	Griggs from Boyd, Asheville, 35.....	.35
	Pradt from Dougherty, Memphis, N. Mex., 43.....	.38
	7. Griggs to Shoup, Seattle, 27.....	.54
	Griggs to United States marshal, Asheville, 24.....	.24
	Griggs to United States marshal, Helena, 23.....	.40
	Griggs to United States marshal, Kansas City, 22.....	.28
	Smith from Eagan, Pensacola, 61.....	.61
	8. Griggs to United States attorney, San Antonio, 16.....	.30
	Griggs to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 22.....	.22
	Griggs to United States attorney, Vinita, 23.....	.29
	Griggs to United States attorney, Elmira, 24.....	.24
	Roberts to national bank, Juneau, Alaska, via Seattle, 36.....	.72
	9. Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, 17.....	.25
	Griggs to United States marshal, San Francisco, 21.....	.42
	Griggs to United States marshal, Ardmore, 33.....	.41
	Griggs to Smathers, Asheville, 22.....	.22
	10. Griggs to United States attorney, San Francisco, 23.....	.46
	Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, 21.....	.26
	Pradt from Dougherty, Memphis, 41.....	.41
	Richards to Crowley, Lockport, 24.....	.24
	Richards to Guthrie, New York, 47.....	.47
	12. Griggs to United States marshal, Carson, Nev., 13.....	.40
	Griggs to Sayers, Austin, Tex., 75.....	1.13
	14. Griggs to jailer, Fulton County jail, Atlanta, 27.....	.27
	Griggs to superintendent House of Refuge, Cheltenham, Md., 23.....	.23
	Roberts to assistant treasurer, St. Louis, Mo., 24.....	.30
	Griggs to Burnett, New York, 41.....	.41
	Griggs to United States marshal, Paris, Tex., 29.....	.44
	Attorney-General from Sayers, Austin, 33.....	.50
	15. Richards to Lindsay, New York, 111.....	1.11
	Richards to Lindsay, New York, 75.....	.75
	Griggs to United States attorney, Birmingham, 16.....	.20
	16. Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 25.....	.31
	Griggs to United States attorney, New York, 23.....	.23
	17. Griggs to United States attorney, New York, 17.....	.20
	18. Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 26.....	.33
	Griggs to United States marshal, Little Rock, 18.....	.25
	19. Richards to United States attorney, New York, 19.....	.20
	Griggs to United States attorney, New York, 61.....	.61
	21. Smith to Speed, Guthrie, 26.....	.33
	Griggs to superintendent of schools, Boonville, Mo., 23.....	.29
	Griggs to jailer, Fulton County jail, Atlanta, 26.....	.26
	22. Griggs to United States marshal, San Francisco, 42.....	.84
	Griggs to United States marshal, Ardmore, 26.....	.33
	Griggs to United States attorney, Binghamton, 54.....	.54
	Griggs to United States attorney, Salt Lake City, 37.....	.68
	Richards to Allan, Norfolk, 49.....	.49
	Griggs to United States marshal, Staunton, Va., 18.....	.20
	Clay to United States attorney, Cedar Rapids, 31.....	.37
	23. Meline to Mechanics and Traders' National Bank, Sherman, Tex., 42.....	.63
	Smith to Bethea, Chicago, 30.....	.30



1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Jan.	23.	Griggs to United States marshal, New York, 24.....	\$0. 24
		Griggs to United States marshal, Kansas City, 20.....	. 25
		Richards from Miller, Portsmouth, Va., 34.....	. 34
	24.	Griggs to United States attorney, Helena, 24.....	. 42
		Griggs to Bennell, Muscogee, 47.....	. 59
		Griggs to United States marshal, San Francisco, 23.....	. 46
	25.	Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 38.....	. 48
	26.	Roberts to Assistant Treasurer, San Francisco, 24.....	. 48
		Griggs to United States attorney, Binghamton, 23.....	. 23
		Griggs to United States marshal, Omaha, 16.....	. 25
	28.	Griggs to United States marshal, Oxford, Miss., 19.....	. 25
		Griggs to United States attorney, Prescott, 31.....	. 54
	29.	Griggs to N. S. F. & S. De T. Co., Philadelphia, 18.....	. 20
		Griggs to International T. Co., Denver, 12.....	. 30
		Griggs to Trust Co. North America, Philadelphia, 14.....	. 20
	30.	Smith to Ide, Tacoma, 31.....	. 62
	31.	Griggs to United States attorney, Boston, 26.....	. 26
		Richards to Meloney, Richmond, Va., 39.....	. 39
		Griggs to McMillan, Cedar Rapids, 23.....	. 29
		Richards from Meloney, Richmond, Va., 26.....	. 26
			<hr/>
			\$30. 23
		Western Union Tel. Co.:	
Jan.	14.	O'Connell to Watkins, Woodbury, N. J., 30.....	. 30
		O'Connell to Alcott, Trenton, N. J., 30.....	. 30
			<hr/>
			. 60
		J. Maury Dove:	
Feb.	7.	8 tons W. A. egg coal, 1435 K street, at \$5.15.....	41. 20
	12.	2 tons cannel coal put in No. 8 Jackson place, at \$10....	20. 00
	18.	8 tons W. A. egg coal, 1435 K street, at \$5.15.....	41. 20
			<hr/>
			102. 40
1900.		Woodward & Lothrop:	
Oct.	5.	1 floor sweep.....	1. 00
1901.		Fannie Jackson:	
Feb.	28.	Washing 88½ dozen towels during month February, 1901, at 12 cents.....	10. 58
1900.		Notley Anderson:	
Dec.	29.	Staining floors.....	22. 00
		112 feet W. P. boards.....	5. 50
			<hr/>
			27. 50
1901.		American Ice Co.:	
Feb.	28.	9,350 pounds ice, at 25 cents.....	23. 38
		United States Electric Light Co.:	
Feb.	28.	Use of electric current February 1-28, 1901, inclusive, at 6 cents per 1,000, as follows—	
		1435 K street NW.: Motormeter, 373,000 watt hours.....	22. 38
		Light meter, 1,546,800 watt hours.....	92. 80
		8 Lafayette square NW.: Light meter, 865,400 watt hours.....	48. 32
			<hr/>
			163. 50
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Feb.	1.	David, Chicago, from Beck, 25.....	. 25
	2.	United States attorney, Seattle, from Richards, 30.....	. 60
	4.	Jailer, Atlanta, from Griggs, 24.....	. 24
	6.	Siebrecht, San Antonio, from Griggs, 27.....	. 41
		Ide, Tacoma, from Griggs, 23.....	. 46
	9.	Warden, Nashville, from Griggs, 25.....	. 25
		United States marshal, Eagle City, Alaska (via Seattle), from Griggs, 33.....	. 66
	13.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 26.....	. 33
	14.	United States attorney, Little Rock, from Griggs, 34....	. 43
		United States attorney, New Orleans, from Griggs, 24....	. 30
	15.	United States attorney, New York, from Griggs, 46....	. 46
		United States attorney, Memphis, from Griggs, 57.....	. 57
	16.	McClaghry, Leavenworth, from Griggs, 20.....	. 25
	18.	United States attorney, Philadelphia, from Sheibley, 25.....	. 25
		Oreg. State Insane Asylum, Salem, Oreg., from Griggs, 34.....	. 68

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Feb.	19.	Griggs, Washington, from Colbreath, Salem, 37 .....	\$0.74
		Crowley, Lockport, from Hoyt, 25 .....	.25
		Bundy, Cincinnati, from Beck, 44 .....	.44
	20.	United States marshal, Tacoma, from Griggs, 26 .....	.52
		Pradt, Washington, from Tanner. New Orleans, La., 33 .....	.41
	21.	United States marshal, Cleveland, O., from Griggs, 16 .....	.20
		United States attorney, New York, from Griggs, 19 .....	.20
		Rosenthal & Davis, Chicago, from Beck, 24 .....	.24
		Guthrie, New York, from Beck, 23 .....	.23
	23.	United States attorney, Shreveport, La., from Hoyt, 42 .....	.53
		Reynolds, St. Louis, Mo., from Hoyt, 56 .....	.70
	26.	Guthrie, New York, from Beck, 34 .....	.34
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Hoyt, 49 .....	.98
		Gay, Seattle, from Griggs, 47 .....	.94
	27.	United States attorney, San Francisco, from Griggs, 49 .....	.98
		Guthrie, New York, from Beck, 24 .....	.24
			<hr/>
			\$14.08
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Feb.	6.	Griggs to Odlin, San Juan, 19 .....	.20
	16.	Griggs to Allen, San Juan, 41 .....	.41
			<hr/>
			.61
		Dulin & Martin Co.:	
Mar.	9.	2 dozen tumblers, at 45 cents .....	.90
		The E. F. Brooks Co.:	
Feb.	1.	1 independent connection .....	.50
		1 stiff gas bracket .....	.80
		7 feet $\frac{1}{2}$ gas pipe .....	.42
		$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. galvanized fitting .....	.10
		Work of gas fitter .....	1.00
			<hr/>
			2.82
		James B. Lambie:	
Feb.	1.	1 pound vaseline .....	.20
	4	$\frac{1}{2}$ -pound balls asbestos wick packing .....	.80
	27.	1 sash lock .....	.20
			<hr/>
			1.20
		James S. Topham:	
Feb.	23.	1 mail pouch .....	12.00
		Washington Gas Light Co.:	
Feb.	28.	15,000 cubic feet of gas, consumed during the month of February, 1901, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet .....	15.00
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
Feb.	6.	Furnishing and installing annunciator and running wires for same, Attorney-General's Office:	
		Electrician, 17 hours, at 60 cents .....	10.20
		Helper, 14 hours, at 30 cents .....	4.20
		1 2-drop King annunciator .....	2.00
		2 pounds Anna wire .....	.80
		$\frac{1}{2}$ D. P. tacks .....	.05
		1 pearl-center desk push .....	.15
		1 1-light gas key .....	.50
		18 feet 3-cond. silk battery cord .....	1.80
	9.	Repairing elevator motor break magnet at Baltic Building .....	3.75
	28.	24 charges sal ammoniac, at 6 cents .....	1.44
		12 stick zincs, at 5 cents .....	.60
		1 pound mercury .....	1.25
		1 quart sulphuric acid .....	.60
			<hr/>
			27.34
		W. Andrew Boyd:	
Jan.	10.	9 District of Columbia Directories, 1901, at \$5 .....	45.00
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Feb.	1.	Griggs to United States marshal, San Francisco, 26 .....	.52
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tacoma, 20 .....	.40
	2.	Clay to Madden, Dekalb, Ill., 35 .....	.35
		Richards to Hagood, Charleston, S. C., 29 .....	.29
		Richards to United States marshal, Henrietta, Ind. T., 28 .....	.35

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Feb.	2.	Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 25 .....	\$0. 31
		Smith from Coleman, Tacoma, 29 .....	.58
	4.	Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 21 .....	.26
		Griggs to McGourino, Jacksonville, 72 .....	.72
		Griggs to United States attorney, Albuquerque, 27 .....	.47
	5.	Marcan to Manager, Jacksonville, 28 .....	.28
		Griggs to United States marshal, Denver, 30 .....	.45
		Pradt from Dougherty, Vicksburg, (N. Mex.), 36 .....	.31
		Griggs to Warden, Penty., Columbus, O., 22 .....	.22
		Griggs from Darby, Columbus, O., 34 .....	.34
	8.	Griggs to United States attorney, Atoka, 22 .....	.28
		Attorney-General from Ide, Tacoma, 12 .....	.40
		Pradt from Dougherty, New Orleans, 30 .....	.38
	10.	Griggs to Ide, Tacoma, 38 .....	.76
		Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 19 .....	.25
		Griggs to Stripling, Jacksonville, 38 .....	.38
		Griggs to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 19 .....	.20
		Rechtin to Saunders, Portland, Me., 17 .....	.20
		Rechtin from Saunders, Portland, Me., 19 .....	.20
	11.	Richards to Stripling, Jacksonville, 43 .....	.43
	12.	Richards to Reynolds, St. Louis, 81 .....	1. 01
		Griggs to United States attorney, San Francisco, 18 .....	.40
		Richards to Wright, Memphis, 50 .....	.50
		Richards to Wright, Memphis, 38 .....	.38
		Richards from Wright, Memphis, 14 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, New Orleans, 37 .....	.46
		Griggs to warden, Columbus, Ohio, 36 .....	.36
		Griggs from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 45 .....	.45
	14.	Griggs to United States attorney, Vinita, Ind. T., 15 .....	.25
		Griggs to United States attorney, Galveston, 38 .....	.57
	15.	Beck to United States attorney, Cincinnati, 32 .....	.32
		Griggs to United States attorney, Vinita, 36 .....	.45
		Griggs to United States attorney, New York, 46 .....	.46
	16.	Smith to warden prison, Nashville, 15 .....	.20
	17.	Smith to Hartford, Nashville, 22 .....	.22
	18.	Griggs to Ide, Tacoma, 22 .....	.44
	19.	Richards to Crowley, Lockport, 64 .....	.64
		Richards to Guthrie, New York, 29 .....	.29
		Griggs, to superintendent reform school, Boonville, Mo., 25 .....	.31
	20.	Griggs to United States marshal, New Orleans, 15 .....	.25
	21.	Griggs to United States attorney, Seattle, 43 .....	.86
		Griggs to United States marshal, New Orleans, 25 .....	.31
		Pradt to Collins, Desarc, Ark., 20 .....	.25
		Via Devall Bluff .....	.20
	23.	Griggs to United States attorney, Seattle, 30 .....	.60
		Hoyt to Dufour, New Orleans, 57 .....	.71
	25.	Griggs to United States district judge, Fort Worth, 38 .....	.57
		Griggs to Ide, Tacoma, 37 .....	.74
		Griggs to United States attorney, Dallas, 37 .....	.56
		Griggs to United States marshal, Birmingham, 16 .....	.20
		Richards to Vaughan, Birmingham, 37 .....	.37
	26.	Marcan to manager, Fort Worth, 22 .....	.33
		Griggs to United States attorney, Omaha, 20 .....	.25
		Griggs to Meek, Dallas, 41 .....	.62
		Griggs from Meek, Dallas, 34 .....	.51
		Griggs to United States attorney, Montgomery, 16 .....	.20
			<hr/> \$24. 77
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
	5.	O'Connell to Coombs, San Francisco, 48 .....	.96
	9.	O'Connell to Stripling, Jacksonville, 25 .....	.25
		O'Connell to Brown, Buffalo, 23 .....	.23
		O'Connell to Burnett, New York, 31 .....	.31
			<hr/> 1. 75
		Fannie Jackson:	
		Vashing 93½ dozen towels during month of March, 1901, at 12 cents .....	11. 24

1901.	D. Rickenbacker:		
Mar.	11. Repairing clock .....	\$2.50	
	United States Electric Lighting Co.:		
Mar.	31. Use of electric current March 1-31, inclusive, at 1435 K street:		
	400,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	\$24.03	
	1,687,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	101.23	
			125.26
	United States Electric Lighting Co.:		
Mar.	31. Use of electric current at No. 8 Lafayette square, March 1-31, 770,600 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	46.23	
	American Ice Co.:		
Mar.	30. 10,600 pounds ice, at 25 cents .....	26.50	
	J. Maury Dove:		
Feb.	28. 8 tons W. A. egg, Fifteenth and K streets .....	41.20	
Mar.	15. 8 tons W. A. egg, Fifteenth and K streets .....	41.20	
			42.40
	James B. Lambie:		
Mar.	5. Soldering 4 galvanized cans, at 50 cents .....	2.00	
	12. 1 jaw for 8-inch Stillson wrench .....	.50	
	13. 2 key blanks .....	.10	
	18. 2 galvanized snaps and rings .....	.45	
	1 12-inch compass saw .....	.40	
	2 papers tacks, 6-ounce and 12-ounce .....	.16	
	22. 1 glass cutter .....	.25	
	3 dozen balls jute wrapping twine .....	2.40	
	25. 1 claw hammer .....	.65	
	1 hatchet .....	.60	
	sharpening 1 saw .....	.40	
			7.91
1900.	Herrman Baumgarten:		
Nov.	9. 1 rubber stamp .....	.25	
1901.			
Mar.	15. 1 Excelsior pad, No. 2 .....	.50	
	3 holders, No. 1 .....	.60	
	3 logotypes .....	.30	
	1 stamp .....	.25	
			1.90
	The E. F. Brook Co.:		
Mar.	12. 1 joint gas bracket .....	.80	
	3 $\frac{3}{4}$ caps at 5c .....	.15	
			.95
1900.	Adams Express Co.:		
Dec.	7. 1 package, 15, from New York, addressed to J. W. Griggs .....	.50	
	1 package, 55, from New York, addressed to J. W. Griggs .....	1.15	
Dec.	13. 1 package, 28, from Washington, D. C., addressed to G. Bernard, Philadelphia .....	.56	
			2.21
1901.	Adams Express Co.:		
Feb.	14. 1 box, 30, from Washington, D. C., addressed to J. Smith, New York .....	.66	
	1 package, \$1,000, from Washington, D. C., addressed to R. Walchron, Seattle .....	2.85	
			3.01
	Western Union Telegraph Co.:		
Mar.	5. Griggs to Allen, San Juan .....		.20
	Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:		
Mar.	1. United States attorney, Boston, from Griggs, 19 .....	.20	
	United States attorney, Seattle, from Griggs, 33 .....	.66	
	2. McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 19 .....	.25	
	Hill, Louisville, Ky., from Griggs, 28 .....	.28	
	Evans, Louisville, Ky., from Griggs, 25 .....	.25	
	5. Call, Los Angeles, from Richards, 27 .....	.54	
	Curtiss, Utica, from Griggs, 19 .....	.20	
	6. McMillan, Santa Fe, from Griggs, 14 .....	.35	
	8. United States attorney, San Antonio, from Griggs, 70 .....	1.05	
	9. Bell, Philadelphia, Pa., from Hughes, 29 .....	.29	

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Mar.	9.	Pradt, Washington, D. C., from Lousend, Bennettsville, S. C., 32.....	\$0. 32
	11.	Richards, Washington, D. C., from Darby, Columbus, 47.....	. 47
		Warden, Columbus, Ohio, from Richards, 38.....	. 38
	12.	Childers, Santa Fe, N. Mex., from Griggs, 25.....	. 44
		United States attorney, Boston, from Griggs, 23.....	. 23
	14.	McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 20.....	. 25
		Pradt, Cincinnati, from Brandenburg, 19.....	. 20
		United States marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, 45.....	. 90
	15.	United States attorney, Binghamton, from Griggs, 16.....	. 20
	16.	Hoyt, Washington, from Reynolds, St. Louis, 57.....	. 71
		Reynolds, St. Louis, from Hoyt, 73.....	. 91
		Post, New York, from Griggs, 24.....	. 24
	18.	Hill, Louisville, Ky., from Easby Smith, 20.....	. 20
		United States marshal, Des Moines, from Griggs, 18.....	. 25
	19.	United States marshal, San Francisco, from Griggs, 25.....	. 50
	20.	United States marshal, Tacoma, from Richards, 24.....	. 48
		Mackey, Philadelphia, from Clay, 25.....	. 25
	22.	Leaken, Augusta, Ga., from Griggs, 27.....	. 29
		Seattle National Bank, Seattle, from Roberts, 38.....	. 76
		Tipton, Santa Fe, from Reynolds, 34.....	. 60
	25.	Attorney-General, Washington, from Johnson, New York, 18.....	. 20
		Breckenridge, Lexington, from Griggs, 28.....	. 28
		United States attorney, Baltimore, from Griggs, 35.....	. 35
		United States attorney, Macon, from Griggs, 37.....	. 37
	26.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Griggs, 33.....	. 41
	28.	United States marshal, Albuquerque, N. Mex., from Griggs, 30.....	. 53
		United States marshal, Syracuse, N. Y., from Griggs, 29.....	. 29
	29.	United States marshal, Indianapolis, from Griggs, 37.....	. 37
		American National Bank, Dallas, from Roberts, 39.....	. 59
		United States attorney, Baltimore, from Griggs, 27.....	. 27
	30.	United States attorney, Seattle, from Richards, 18.....	. 40
		McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Richards, 16.....	. 25
			<hr/>
			\$17. 44
James A. Merritt:			
Apr.	12.	United States postage stamps for official use of Department of Justice.....	5. 00
Rufus B. Merchant:			
Apr.	1.	18 post-route maps mounted on roller.....	35. 10
Washington Gaslight Co.:			
Mar.	30.	15,700 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of March, 1901, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet:	
		13,300 cubic feet, 1435 K street.....	13. 30
		2,400 cubic feet, 8 Jackson place.....	2. 40
			<hr/>
			15. 70
The Strowger Automatic Telephone Co.:			
Apr.	1.	Rental of 1 telephone and automatic switch, January 1, 1901, March 31, 1901, inclusive, at \$6 per annum.....	1. 50
Henry Baumgarten:			
Apr.	24.	1 air-cushion stamp.....	. 50
The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:			
Mar.	31.	Exchange rental January 1–March 31, 1901, as follows:	
		Switchboard instruments.....	6. 25
		Attorney-General.....	6. 25
		Chief clerk.....	6. 25
		Pardon attorney.....	6. 25
		File room.....	6. 25
		Stationery room.....	6. 25
		Solicitor-General.....	6. 25
		Assistant Attorney-General Hoyt.....	6. 25
		Appointment division.....	6. 25
		Second-floor hall.....	6. 25
		Colonel Boyd's office.....	6. 25

		The Chesapeake and Patomac Telephone Co.	
		Continued.	
1901.	Mar.	31. Exchange rental, etc.—Continued.	
		Disbursing clerk .....	\$6.25
		Fourth-floor hall .....	6.25
		Chief of Finance Division .....	6.25
		Assistant Attorney-General .....	6.25
		Assistant Attorney-General, second floor, No. 8 Lafayette square .....	6.25
		Second-floor hall, No. 8 Lafayette square .....	6.25
		Library old Corcoran Art Gallery .....	6.25
		General agent .....	6.25
		Private secretary to Attorney-General .....	6.25
		First-floor hall .....	6.00
		Third-floor hall .....	6.00
		Mr. Sheibley .....	6.00
		Captain Glover .....	6.00
			\$149.00
		The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Mar.	31.	Exchange rental for office of Solicitor of Treasury, January 1–March 31, 1901 .....	6.25
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Mar.	1.	Griggs to United States attorney, Topeka, 26 .....	.33
		Smith to Herz, Ardmore, 22 .....	.28
		Smith to Summers, Omaha, 23 .....	.29
		Griggs to United States attorney, Binghamton, 21 .....	.21
		Griggs from Evans, Louisville, 23 .....	.23
		Griggs to Curtis, Binghamton, 16 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States marshal, Elmira, 36 .....	.36
		Griggs to United States attorney, Charleston, 19 .....	.20
	6.	Griggs to United States marshal, Cleveland, 15 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, New York, 12 .....	.20
		Hoyt to Howe, New Orleans, 19 .....	.25
	7.	Griggs to United States marshal, Shreveport, La., 22 .....	.28
		Griggs to United States attorney, Charleston, W. Va., 18 .....	.20
	8.	Griggs to United States attorney, St. Paul, 23 .....	.29
		Griggs to United States marshal, Kansas City, 16 .....	.25
	9.	Roberts to assistant treasurer, New Orleans, 22 .....	.28
		Griggs to United States marshal, Denver, 23 .....	.35
		Pradt to Shoemaker, Doylestown, Pa., 25 .....	.25
	11.	Richards to United States attorney, Brownsville, Tex., 124 .....	1.86
		Richards to Dewhurst, St. Augustine, 23 .....	.23
	12.	Hughes to Keegan, Philadelphia, 12 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States marshal, Syracuse, 23 .....	.23
		Griggs to United States attorney, Laredo, Tex., 47 .....	.71
	13.	Pradt to Beach, New York, 20 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, Chicago, 24 .....	.24
		Griggs to Bee, San Antonio, 44 .....	.66
		Pradt from Dougherty, New Orleans, 20 .....	.25
	14.	Griggs to United States attorney, Albany, 16 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, Guthrie, 19 .....	.25
	15.	Richards to Howe, New Orleans, 39 .....	.49
		Griggs to United States marshal, Boise, 62 .....	1.24
		Griggs to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tucson, 19 .....	.35
	16.	Griggs to Thompson, Guthrie, 21 .....	.26
		Griggs to Burwell, Oklahoma, 31 .....	.39
	17.	Griggs to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs to Brackett, Baltimore, 15 .....	.20
		Smith to Taliaferro, Jacksonville, 25 .....	.25
	18.	Griggs to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 26 .....	.26
		Griggs to United States marshal, Montgomery, 18 .....	.20
		Griggs to Howe, New Orleans, 20 .....	.25
		Pradt to Binney, New York, 31 .....	.31
	19.	Smith to Bosley, Paris, Ky., 32 .....	.32
		Griggs to Lambert, Topeka, 24 .....	.30

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Mar.	19.	Griggs to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 31 .....	\$0. 31
		Griggs to United States marshal, Tacoma, 26 .....	.52
		Clay to Mackey, Philadelphia, 30 .....	.30
		Richards to Earhart, New Orleans, 20 .....	.25
		Clay from Mackey, Philadelphia, 19 .....	.20
	20.	Roberts to assistant treasurer, San Francisco, 23 .....	.46
		Richards to United States attorney, San Antonio, 30 .....	.45
		Hoyt to United States attorney, San Francisco, 24 .....	.48
	21.	Richards to Parsons, New York, 13 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, Purcell, Ind. T., 37 .....	.46
		Griggs to jailer, Frankfort, Ky., 26 .....	.26
		Smith to Hill, Louisville, Ky., 34 .....	.34
		Attorney-General from Lawrence, Frankfort, 18 .....	.20
	22.	Griggs to United States attorney, Baltimore, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs to United States marshal, Baltimore, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs to United States marshal, Syracuse, 24 .....	.24
		Griggs to United States marshal, Muscogee, 32 .....	.40
		Attorney-General from Leaken, Augusta, Ga., 66 .....	.66
	23.	Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 34 .....	.43
		Griggs to United States attorney, Baltimore, 32 .....	.32
		Griggs to Leaken, Augusta, Ga., 20 .....	.20
	25.	Griggs to Moxey, Nashville, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs to United States attorney, San Antonio, 40 .....	.60
		Griggs to United States attorney, Prescott, 24 .....	.42
		Griggs to Kingsley, Grand Rapids, 31 .....	.31
		Griggs to Johnson, New York, 20 .....	.20
	26.	Richards to Wallace, Kansas City, 28 .....	.35
		Smith to United States attorney, Louisville, Ky., 20 .....	.20
		Griggs to United States attorney, San Antonio, 28 .....	.42
		Roberts to Capital National Bank, Guthrie, 38 .....	.48
		Griggs to warden penitentiary, Columbus, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs from Barby, Columbus, 34 .....	.34
	27.	Griggs to United States marshal, Birmingham, 22 .....	.22
		Griggs to United States marshal, New Orleans, 22 .....	.28
		Griggs to Pugh, Spokane, 16 .....	.40
		Clay to Brackett, Baltimore, Md., 17 .....	.20
		Attorney-General from Erwin, Macon, Ga., 48 .....	.48
	28.	Griggs to Melbette, Vinita, 20 .....	.25
		Griggs to United States marshal, St. Paul, 27 .....	.34
		Griggs to United States attorney, Fargo, 27 .....	.41
		Griggs to United States marshal, Guthrie, 18 .....	.25
		Griggs to United States attorney, Paris, Tex., 18 .....	.30
	29.	Griggs to United States attorney, San Antonio, 50 .....	.75
	30.	Richards to United States marshal, Topeka, 30 .....	.38
		Richards to United States marshal, Memphis, 25 .....	.25
			<hr/> \$30. 33
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Mar.	29.	O'Connell to Stripling, Jacksonville, 69 .....	.69
		Fannie Jackson:	
Apr.	30.	Washing 91½ dozen towels during month of April, 1901, at 12 cents .....	10. 93
		D. Rickenbacker:	
Apr.	16.	Repairs to Seth Thomas clock .....	3. 50
	19.	1 nickel clock .....	1. 00
			<hr/> 4. 50
		J. B. Morrey:	
Apr.	5.	Special gold frame on oil portrait, 25 by 30 (Attorney- General Griggs) .....	45. 00
		J. Maury Dove:	
Apr.	4.	1 ton cannel coal put in No. 8 Jackson place .....	10. 00
		8 tons white ash egg coal, 1435 K street .....	41. 20
			<hr/> 51. 20
		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Apr.	30.	Use of electric current at 1435 K street NW., April 1-30, inclusive, as follows:	
		Light meter 1,717,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 ..	103. 03
		Motor meter 420,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 ...	25. 21
			<hr/> 128. 24

1901.		United States Electric Lighting Co.:	
Apr.	30.	Use of electric current at No. 8 Lafayette square, April 1-30, inclusive, 786,200 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000.....	\$47. 17
		B. H. Stinemetz & Son.:	
Apr.	16.	2 hat brushes, at 50 cents each .....	1. 00
		James S. Lapham:	
May	3.	1 portmanteau for Attorney General .....	8. 00
		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:	
Apr.	1.	United States marshal, Indianapolis, from Richards, 31.	\$0. 31
		United States marshal, Indianapolis, from Richards, 32.	.32
	2.	United States attorney, Los Angeles, from Richards, 27.	.54
		Warden, Columbus, from Richards, 28.	.28
		Indiana National Bank, Indianapolis, from Roberts, 38.	.38
	4.	Collins, Chattanooga, from Pradt, 11 .....	.20
		United States attorney, New Orleans, from Richards, 75.	.94
	8.	United States marshal, Denver, from Richards, 39 .....	.59
		United States district judge, Augusta, Ga., from Richards, 34.	.34
	9.	Seligson, San Antonio, from Richards, 32 .....	.48
	10.	Parsons, Shepherd & Ogden, New York, from Hoyt, 27.	.27
		United States marshal, Greensboro, N. C., from Richards, 27.	.27
		United States marshal, Cleveland, Ohio, from Knox, 13.	.20
	11.	United States attorney, Portland, Me., from Knox, 30 ..	.30
	12.	Woodworth, San Francisco, from Knox, 21 .....	.42
		Howe, New Orleans, from Knox, 39 .....	.49
		United States attorney, Topeka, from Knox, 25 .....	.31
	13.	Woodworth, San Francisco, from Knox, 32 .....	.64
	15.	Superintendent house of correction, Detroit, from Knox, 23 .....	.23
		United States attorney, San Francisco, from Hoyt, 36..	.72
		United States attorney, Chicago, from Knox, 22 .....	.22
		Assistant treasurer, San Francisco, from Roberts, 28 ..	.56
	16.	United States attorney, Pittsburg, from Knox, 19 .....	.20
	17.	United States marshal, Trenton, from Knox, 30 .....	.30
	18.	United States marshal, New Orleans, from Knox, 17 .....	.25
		United States attorney, New York, from Knox, 18 .....	.20
	19.	United States attorney, New York, from Knox, 26 .....	.26
		United States attorney, Springfield, Ill., from Knox, 22.	.22
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Knox, 30 .....	.38
	20.	McClaghrey, Fort Leavenworth, from Knox, 18 .....	.25
	22.	Wolcott, Denver, from Knox, 25 .....	.38
		Woodworth, San Francisco, from Knox, 29 .....	.38
	23.	United States attorney, Chicago, from Knox, 15 .....	.20
	24.	United States marshal, Macon, from Knox, 19 .....	.20
	25.	United States attorney, Helena, from Knox, 19 .....	.35
	27.	United States attorney, Atlanta, from Easby Smith, 15.	.20
		Fulton, Atlanta, from Richards, 24 .....	.24
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Richards, 27 .....	.34
	29.	United States attorney, San Francisco, from Knox, 22..	.44
			14. 00
1900.		Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict:	
Nov.	20.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-45050 .....	1. 70
		1 dozen screw-drivers .....	3. 00
	17.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-32243 .....	.50
	22.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-58233 .....	1. 60
	26.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-8960 .....	13. 75
Dec.	15.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-7165 .....	1. 90
		1 rubber mat .....	2. 06
1901.			
Jan.	12.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-44791 .....	.85
	14.	Adjusting typewriter No. 2-4786 .....	.60
	26.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-28994 .....	14. 00
Feb.	3.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-54419 .....	1. 70
	6.	Adjusting typewriter No. 7-3104 .....	14. 50
	23.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-34444 .....	.60
Mar.	12.	Adjusting typewriter No. 6-44790 .....	.65
	18.	6 cleaning brushes .....	.90
	26.	Adjusting typewriters No. 6-28994 .....	.55



1901.		Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict—Continued.	
Mar.	28.	1 dozen eraser shields .....	\$1. 80
		Adjusting typewriter No. 6-7165 .....	. 50
			\$61. 10
		Notley Anderson:	
Mar.	22.	Putting up oak shelf (No. 8) .....	1. 50
	26.	Putting up shelving .....	5. 50
	27.	Making file case .....	27. 00
	29.	Making file case .....	15. 50
Apr.	22.	Putting in 2 sash cords .....	1. 00
	25.	Making window ventilator .....	3. 85
		Making cases (file room) .....	32. 00
			86. 35
		John B. Daish:	
Apr.	19.	For 3 cords, sawed and split pine, at \$7 .....	21. 00
		Woodruff Manufacturing Co.:	
Apr.	25.	1 oak pole, 8 feet long, for handling boxes with ring pulls .....	2. 00
		J. E. Hurley:	
Feb.	7.	Making 2 cast-iron washers, turned 3 outside diameter, recessed $\frac{1}{4}$ with $\frac{1}{8}$ hole, machinist, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours, at 50 cents .....	\$4. 25
		4 pounds casting in same, at 5 cents .....	. 20
Mar.	12.	Repairing letter press, machinist, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours .....	2. 25
			6. 70
		American Ice Co.:	
Apr.	30.	10,750 pounds ice, at 25 cents .....	26. 88
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
Apr.	30.	12,200 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of April, 1901, at \$1 net per 1,000 cubic feet:—	
		10,900 cubic feet, 1435 K street .....	10. 90
		1,300 cubic feet, 8 Jackson place .....	1. 30
			12. 20
		John Shea:	
May	16.	Forspading and furnishing sod and resodding 143 square feet lawn .....	35. 00
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Apr.	8.	Richards to Sulzbacher, Porto Rico, 15 .....	. 20
	9.	Richards to Sulzbacher, Porto Rich, 16 .....	. 20
			. 40
		United Typewriter and Supplies Co.:	
Apr.	20.	1 platum roll for Densmore typewriter .....	1. 75
		J. A. Pierpont:	
Apr.	29.	6 dozen towels, at \$2.40 .....	14. 40
		The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Mar.	3.	1 call to Paterson, N. J. ....	2. 25
		1901.	
Jan.	18.	1 call to Alexandria, Va .....	. 15
Feb.	1.	1 call to Philadelphia, Pa .....	1. 50
	15.	1 call to Memphis, Tenn .....	5. 25
Mar.	16.	1 call to Baltimore, Md .....	. 50
	18.	1 call to New York .....	2. 00
	26.	1 call to Baltimore, Md .....	. 50
			12. 15
		The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co.:	
Apr.	28.	Moving telephone in appointment clerk's room to another position .....	. 38
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
Mar.	30.	Maintenance of 1 Observatory clock for quarter ended Mar. 31, 1901, at \$50 per annum .....	12. 50
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
Apr.	9.	Repairing bells, 8 Lafayette square and 1435 K street—	
		Electrician 6 hours, at 60 cents .....	3. 60
		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds sal ammoniac .....	. 25
		4 sticks zinc .....	. 20
		4 carbons for C. C. batteries .....	1. 00
		1 Ed. key socket .....	. 25
		2 1-point pear pushes .....	. 50
		8 baby knobs and screws .....	. 12
		70 feet No. 18 silk cord .....	2. 80
			8. 72

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

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1901.		United States Express Co.:	
Mar.	26.	P. 14 F. Branagan from New York .....	\$0. 50
		Adams Express Co.:	
Apr.	9.	Bundle, 60 pounds, from New York, G. Gorman .....	\$1. 10
	10.	Package, 7 pounds, from New York, J. M. Smith .....	. 51
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		Adams Express Co.:	
		1 box, 19 pounds, from District of Columbia to A. M. Lea, Vicksburg, Miss .....	1. 16
11.	1	package, 8 pounds, from District of Columbia to examiner, Department of Justice, Louisville, Ky. ....	. 76
12.	1	package, 6 pounds, from District of Columbia to H. Terrell, San Antonio, Tex. ....	1. 01
24.	1	package, 6 pounds, from Louisville, Ky., to F. Strong. ....	. 65
		1 package, 6 pounds, from Washington to H. Butler, New York .....	. 76
30.	1	package, 13 pounds, from Washington to A. R. Cooper, Columbus, Ohio .....	. 61
			<hr/>
			4. 95
		Adams Express Co.:	
Mar.	11.	1 bundle, 7½ pounds, value \$150, from Savannah, Ga., addressed to Court of Claims .....	. 95
	12.	1 package, sealed, from Washington, D. C., to R. E. Patterson, Prescott, Ariz. ....	. 30
	29.	1 box, 15 pounds, and 1 box, 18 pounds, from Washington to G. H. Gorman, New York .....	. 76
			<hr/>
			2. 01
		Adams Express Co.:	
Apr.	2.	1 package, 14 pounds, from Washington to J. H. Pettitt, Brooklyn .....	. 51
		1 box, 104 pounds, from Washington to M. O. Buck, Grand Rapids .....	. 91
	6.	1 package, 10 pounds, from Washington to A. M. Hunt, Norfolk, Va. ....	. 31
	12.	1 box, 14½ pounds, from Washington to G. Post, New York .....	. 51
		1 box, 25 pounds, from Washington to G. Post, New York .....	. 61
		1 box, 46 pounds, from Washington to G. Post, New York .....	. 91
		1 box, 30 pounds, from Washington to G. Post, New York .....	. 65
	22.	1 box, 5 pounds, from Washington to W. W. Smith, New York .....	. 41
			<hr/>
			4. 82
		Herman Baumgarten:	
May	7.	21 rubber stamps, at 25 cents .....	5. 25
		1 rack for 30 stamps .....	2. 60
			<hr/>
			7. 85
		United Typewriter and Supply Co.:	
May	20.	Repairs to No. 5 New Century typewriter, No. 400 .....	6. 00
		J. Baumgarten & Sons:	
May	4.	1 die, 2 lines .....	7. 50
		1 die, eagle .....	10. 00
			<hr/>
			17. 50
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Apr.	1.	Acting Attorney-General to United States attorney, Baltimore, 18 .....	. 20
		Richards to Holton, Winston, N. C., 20 .....	. 20
		Richards to United States marshal, Fargo, 84 .....	1. 26
	2.	Richards to United States marshal, Greensboro, N. C., 29 .....	. 29
		Richards to Clayton, South McAlester, 22 .....	. 28
		Attorney-General from Vaughan, Birmingham, 46 .....	. 46
	3.	Roberts to assistant treasurer, New York, 31 .....	. 31
		Richards to Flint, Los Angeles, 18 .....	. 40
	4.	Richards to United States attorney, Vinita, 22 .....	. 28
		Richards to Dickinson, Chicago, 52 .....	. 52
		Richards to United States attorney, Baltimore, 33 .....	. 33

1901. Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.		
Apr.	5. Richards to United States attorney, Tucson, 25 .....	\$0. 44
	Richards to jailer, East Cambridge, Mass., 23 .....	.23
	Easby Smith to United States attorney, Boston, 19 .....	.20
	Hoyt to United States attorney, Boston, 24 .....	.24
	Richards to United States attorney, New Orleans, 18 .....	.25
	Attorney-General from Howe, New Orleans, 334 .....	4. 18
	6. Richards to Foraker, Albuquerque, 29 .....	.51
	Richards to United States attorney, San Antonio, 40 .....	.60
	Richards to White, Warrenton, Va., 30 .....	.30
	Richards from White, Warrenton, Va., 25 .....	.25
	8. Brannigan to Beach, Philadelphia, 32 .....	.32
	Richards to United States marshal, Omaha, 32 .....	.40
	Beck to McCormick, Williamsport, Pa., 26 .....	.26
	Attorney-General from Emory Speere, Augusta, Ga., 44 .....	.44
	9. Roberts to First National Bank, Denver, 36 .....	.54
	Richards to White, Warrenton, Va., 27 .....	.27
	Richards to United States attorney, Topeka, 78 .....	.98
	Richards to United States marshal, Fort Smith, 29 .....	.36
	Richards to United States attorney, San Francisco, 43 .....	.86
	Richards to United States attorney, New Orleans, 41 .....	.51
	Richards to United States attorney, Spokane, 23 .....	.46
	10. Knox to United States marshal, Carson, 25 .....	.50
	Richards to United States attorney, Tucson, 32 .....	.56
	Pradt to Tanner, New Orleans, 14 .....	.25
	Richards to United States attorney, Boston, 25 .....	.25
	11. Knox to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 37 .....	.37
	Roberts to assistant treasurer, St. Louis, 26 .....	.33
	12. Richards to United States attorney, Cincinnati, 29 .....	.29
	Easby Smith to superintendent House of Correction, De- troit, 22 .....	.22
	13. Knox to United States marshal, Little Rock, 22 .....	.28
	15. Knox to United States attorney, Louisville, 68 .....	.68
	Knox to United States attorney, Louisville, 20 .....	.20
	Hughes to Outcalt, New York, 34 .....	.34
	Hoyt to United States attorney, Cincinnati, 30 .....	.30
	Hoyt to United States marshal, Little Rock, 26 .....	.33
	16. Knox to United States attorney, Spokane, 22 .....	.44
	Pradt to Smith, New York, 29 .....	.29
	17. Roberts to Exchange National Bank, Little Rock, 38 .....	.48
	Knox to United States marshal, Macon, 17 .....	.20
	18. Knox to Erwin, Macon, 20 .....	.20
	Pradt to Smith, New York, 15 .....	.20
	Pradt to Foot, Philadelphia, 23 .....	.23
	19. Clay to Post, New York, 19 .....	.20
	20. Knox to United States attorney, Los Angeles, 53 .....	1. 06
	Knox to United States attorney, New Orleans, 19 .....	.25
	Knox to United States attorney, Helena, 35 .....	.61
	Knox to warden penitentiary, Columbus, Ohio, 22 .....	.22
	Knox from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 33 .....	.33
	22. Knox to Woodworth, San Francisco, 20 .....	.40
	Knox to United States attorney, Cedar Rapids, 18 .....	.25
	Knox to Burton, Abilene, Kans., 23 .....	.29
	Knox to United States attorney, Madison, Wis., 23 .....	.23
	Attorney-General from Bryant, Paris, Tex., 22 .....	.33
	23. Knox to warden penitentiary, Columbus, Ohio, 26 .....	.26
	Knox from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 38 .....	.38
	Attorney-General from Bryant, Paris, Tex., 30 .....	.45
	24. Knox to Bryant, Sherman, Tex., 16 .....	.30
	Roberts to First National Bank, Memphis, Tenn., 39 .....	.39
	Knox to United States marshal, Jackson, Tenn., 21 .....	.21
	Richards to Corn, Ironton, Ohio, 30 .....	.30
	Knox to United States marshal, Boise, Idaho, 12 .....	.40
	Knox to United States marshal, Tucson, 15 .....	.35
	Attorney-General to Emory Speer, Macon, Ga., 30 .....	.30
	25. Easby Smith to Cushman, Tacoma, 21 .....	.42
	Knox to warden penitentiary, San Quentin, Cal., 20 .....	.40

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
Apr.	25.	Knox to United States marshal, South McAlester, 30...	\$0.38
		Knox from Aguire, San Quentin, 13.....	.40
	26.	Knox to Richards, Seattle, 18.....	.40
		Knox to United States attorney, San Francisco, 33.....	.66
	27.	Richards to Knox, Pittsburg, 27.....	.27
	29.	Beck to David, Chicago, 29.....	.29
		Beck to Guthrie, New York, 24.....	.24
		Beck to White, New York, 30.....	.30
		Richards to Outcalt, Cincinnati, 25.....	.25
		Hughes to Smith, New York, 18.....	.20
		Richards to United States attorney, Montgomery, 55....	.55
		Richards to United States marshal, South McAlester, 33.....	.41
	30.	Knox to United States marshal, Tucson, 30.....	.53
		Knox to United States marshal, Guthrie, 19.....	.25
		Knox to United States attorney, Fargo, 33.....	.50
		Knox to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 28.....	.28
Mar.	16.	Brandenburg to Pradt, St. Louis, 18.....	.25
			<hr/>
			\$38.56
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
Apr.	17.	Reese to Hennessy, Oklahoma City, 58.....	.73
	22.	Reese to Hennessy, Oklahoma City, 24.....	.30
	26.	Reese to Gay, Seattle, 32.....	.46
	27.	Reese to Gay, Seattle, 41.....	.82
	30.	Reese to Whitford, Denver, 47.....	.71
			<hr/>
			3.20
		Achille Burklin:	
May	10.	For cleaning 5 pairs silk curtains and cords.....	12.50
		D. Rickenbacher:	
May	6.	Repairing and cleaning 1 clock.....	2.50
		1 new clock furnished.....	7.00
		1 new clock furnished.....	6.00
			<hr/>
			15.50
		Fannie Jackson:	
May	31.	Washing 93 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen towels during May, 1901, at 12 cents.....	11.23
		Notley Anderson:	
May	31.	To putting up one panel partition complete in Attorney-General's office.....	52.00
		National Electric Supply Co.:	
May	1.	2 G. E. att. plugs, at 20 cents.....	.40
	10.	Repairing lights, Baltic Building, electrician 7 hours, at 60 cents.....	4.20
		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet No. 18 silk Balata cord.....	.08
		Solder, paste, and tape.....	.15
		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{1}{4}$ combination insulating joint.....	.50
		12 6 ampere short fuse.....	.30
		2 key sockets.....	.50
		7 feet No. 22 silk Balata cord.....	.42
	16.	Installing brass spring for rheostat, Baltic Building, electrician 4 hours, at 60 cents.....	2.40
	18.	Repairing lights, No. 8 Lafayette square, electrician 1 hour.....	.60
	20.	12 stick zincs.....	.60
			<hr/>
			10.15
		Rudolph, West & Co.:	
June	5.	1 dozen rubber mats for cuspidors.....	5.00
		Rudolph, West & Co.:	
May	23.	1 dozen hand mops.....	1.20
		American Ice Co.:	
May	31.	10,850 pounds ice, at 25 cents.....	27.13
		Washington Gaslight Co.:	
May	31.	8,400 cubic feet of gas consumed in the month of May, 1901, at \$1, net, per 1,000 cubic feet—	
		8,000 feet, 1435 K street.....	8.00
		400 feet, No. 8 Lafayette square.....	.40
			<hr/>
			8.40

1901.		United States Electric Light Co.:	
May	31.	Use of electric current at 8 Lafayette square, May 1-31, 1901, inclusive, 7,300 watt hours, at 6 cents per 1,000 .....	\$43. 80
		John A. Merritt, P. M.:	
June	17.	20 5-cent postage stamps, 40 10-cent postage stamps .....	5. 00
		Postal Telegraph Cable Co.:	
May	3.	Scales, Memphis, from Pradt, 22 .....	\$0. 22
		United States marshal, Wilmington, from Knox, 13 .....	. 20
		United States marshal, Little Rock, from Knox, 16 .....	. 25
	4.	United States attorney, Seattle, from Knox, 17 .....	. 40
	6.	United States marshal, Little Rock, from Richards, 55 .....	. 69
	7.	Chisolm, Birmingham, from Pradt, 17 .....	. 20
		Button, New York, from Pradt, 20 .....	. 20
		United States marshal, Pittsburg, from Knox, 28 .....	. 28
		United States marshal, Pensacola, from Knox, 26 .....	. 28
		Knox, Washington, from Meeks, Fort Worth, 45 .....	. 68
	9.	Johnson, New York, from Richards, 17 .....	. 20
		Meek, Fort Worth, from Knox, 20 .....	. 30
	10.	United States marshal, San Francisco, from Knox, 40 .....	. 80
		Blair, Fort Leavenworth, from Knox, 22 .....	. 28
		Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Knox, 44 .....	. 55
	11.	Attorney-General, Washington, from Brown, Juneau, Alaska (via Seattle), 72 .....	1. 44
	13.	United States marshal, Harrisburg, from Richards, 27 .....	. 27
		Tillman, Nashville, from Richards, 71 .....	. 71
		Erwin, Macon, from Richards, 16 .....	. 20
	14.	United States attorney, Macon, from Richards, 27 .....	. 27
		United States attorney, Portland, Oreg., from Richards, 25 .....	. 50
		United States attorney, Seattle, from Knox, 20 .....	. 40
	15.	Bullock, Baltimore, from Pradt, 25 .....	. 25
	16.	United States attorney, Vicksburg, from Richards, 84 .....	1. 96
		Morrow, San Francisco, from Richards, 116 .....	2. 32
	17.	Morrow, San Francisco, from Richards, 32 .....	. 64
		United States marshal, San Antonio, from Richards, 23 .....	. 35
	18.	Austin National Bank, Austin, from Roberts, 36 .....	. 54
	20.	Wickam, New York, from Hughs, 16 .....	. 20
		Secretary, Harrisburg, from Knox, 34 .....	. 34
		Wheeler, Madison, Wis., from Knox, 19 .....	. 20
		United States attorney, Denver, from Richards, 16 .....	. 30
	21.	United States attorney, Philadelphia, from Knox, 38 .....	. 38
		United States attorney, Birmingham, from Knox, 21 .....	. 21
		Morrow, San Francisco, from Knox, 71 .....	1. 42
		Cortelyou, San Francisco, from Knox, 49 .....	. 98
		Holland, Philadelphia, from Knox, 69 .....	. 69
	22.	Fairbanks, Indianapolis, from Cooper, 33 .....	. 33
	23.	Flint, Los Angeles, from Knox, 50 .....	1. 00
		McKinley, San Francisco, from Knox, 26 .....	. 52
		United States attorney, Philadelphia, from Hoyt, 32 .....	. 32
	24.	United States attorney, Philadelphia, from Knox, 21 .....	. 21
		Holland, Philadelphia, from Knox, 22 .....	. 22
		McClaghry, Fort Leavenworth, from Knox, 26 .....	. 33
		United States attorney, St. Paul, from Knox, 25 .....	. 31
	25.	Assistant treasurer, New Orleans, from Roberts, 25 .....	. 31
		Knox, Pittsburg, from Cooper, 48 .....	. 48
		Hansbrough, New York, from Easby Smith, 33 .....	. 33
		United States marshal, Montgomery, from Richards, 27 .....	. 27
		Cortelyou, San Francisco, from Easby Smith, 58 .....	1. 16
		United States attorney, New York, from Richards, 30 .....	. 30
	27.	Knox, Pittsburg, from Cooper, 61 .....	. 61
	29.	Cooper, Washington, from Allen, Richmond, 21 .....	. 21
		United States attorney, Seattle, from Knox, 51 .....	1. 02
	31.	Warden, Fort Leavenworth, from Knox, 23 .....	. 29
		Los Angeles National Bank, Los Angeles, from Roberts, Washington, D. C. ....	. 68
Jan.	29.	United States marshal, Nome, Alaska, from Griggs, Washington, D. C. ....	. 50
	1.	Pettit, Evansville, from Richards, Washington, D. C. ....	. 41
	1.	Pettit, Evansville, from Richards, Washington, D. C. ....	. 42

1901.	Peter Harr:		
June	10.	500 copies of the Opinions of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Insular Tariff Cases (180 pp.).....	\$100.00
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
May	1.	Roberts to assistant treasurer, St. Louis, Mo., 30.....	\$0.38
		Knox to postmaster, El Paso, Tex., 24.....	.36
		Knox to Mordecai, Charleston, S. C., 52.....	.52
		Knox to Fairbanks, Indianapolis, 23.....	.23
		Knox to President, New Orleans, 38.....	.48
	2.	Knox to United States attorney, Jacksonville, 17.....	.20
		Roberts to Capitol National Bank, Guthrie, 40.....	.50
		Knox to manager, Fargo, 20.....	.30
	3.	Knox to Heiner, Pittsburg, 25.....	.25
		Knox to United States attorney, Pittsburg, 24.....	.24
	4.	Richards to United States attorney, Cheyenne, 39.....	.59
		Knox to United States attorney, Little Rock, 16.....	.25
		Knox to United States attorney, Binghamton, 14.....	.20
	6.	Knox to United States attorney, New Orleans, 15.....	.25
		Richards to Stephens, Jacksonville, 21.....	.21
		Cooper to Brownlon, Jonesboro, Tenn., 18.....	.20
		Richards to United States attorney, Cheyenne, 29.....	.44
		Knox to United States attorney, San Antonio, 24.....	.36
	7.	Richards to United States attorney, Chicago, 18.....	.20
		Knox to United States attorney, New Orleans, 29.....	.36
		Roberts to Exchange National Bank, Little Rock, 37.....	.46
		Richards to Rourke, Pittsburg, 25.....	.25
		Roberts to Tradesmen's National Bank, Pittsburg, 36.....	.36
		Spaulding to surveyor of customs, Pittsburg, 39.....	.39
		Knox from Cortelyou, Phoenix, 29.....	.51
	8.	Cooper from Strong, Fort Leavenworth, 36.....	.45
	9.	Knox to United States marshal, Muscogee, 41.....	.51
		Knox to United States attorney, Louisville, 32.....	.32
		Knox to United States attorney, Louisville, 68.....	.68
		Knox to United States attorney, Seattle, 38.....	.76
		Field from Strong, Leavenworth, 25.....	.31
		Knox from Cortelyou, Los Angeles, N. M., 103.....	1.08
	10.	Roberts to assistant treasurer, New Orleans, 26.....	.33
		Knox to United States attorney, Madison, 27.....	.27
		Knox to United States attorney, Salt Lake, 61.....	1.07
		Knox to Erwin, Macon, 17.....	.20
	11.	Field to Strong, Chicago, 25.....	.25
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Macon, 20.....	.20
	13.	Richards to United States attorney, Portland, Me., 27.....	.27
		Richards to Woodson, Louisville, 17.....	.20
		Hoyt to Ward, Los Angeles, 21.....	.42
		Richards to United States attorney, Florence, 30.....	.53
		Knox from Cortelyou, San Francisco, 37.....	.83
	14.	Roberts to First National Bank, Harrisburg, 38.....	.74
		Richards to United States marshal, San Antonio, 24.....	.38
		Richards to United States attorney, Moscow, Idaho, 33.....	.36
		Richards to United States marshal, Moscow, Idaho, 30.....	.66
		Richards to United States attorney, Montgomery, 21.....	.60
		Burch to Burch, Chicago, 39.....	.21
	15.	Richards to United States attorney, Montgomery, 26.....	.39
		Richards to United States attorney, Macon, Ga., 26.....	.26
		Richards to United States marshal, Ardmore, 18.....	.26
		Knox from Cortelyou, San Francisco, (N. Mex.), 80.....	.25
	16.	Cooper to Knox, Pittsburg, 85.....	.85
		Cooper from Knox, Pittsburg, 87.....	.85
		Richards from Darby, Columbus, Ohio, 28.....	.87
		Pradt from Chisolm, Birmingham, 34.....	.26
	17.	Richards to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 39.....	.34
		Richards to McCall, Lexington, 29.....	.39
		Richards to Tillman, Nashville, 37.....	.29
		Pradt to Schultz, Philadelphia, 18.....	.37
		Hoyt to United States attorney, Madison, 31.....	.20
		Sheibley to United States attorney, Vinita, 48.....	.31
			.60

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.—Continued.	
May	17.	Richards to United States attorney, Montgomery, 20...	\$0. 20
		Richards to United States attorney, San Francisco, 32...	.64
		Richards to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 36...	.36
		Burch to Burch, Chicago, 35.....	.35
	20.	Knox to McCumber, Wahpeton, 66.....	.99
		Knox to United States attorney, Ardmore, 32.....	.40
		Knox from Cortelyou, Washington (n. m.), 73.....	.68
	21.	Smith to McCumber, Wahpeton, 30.....	.45
		Knox to United States marshal, Tucson, 21.....	.37
		Beck to Holland, Philadelphia, 33.....	.33
	22.	Burch to Burch, Chicago, 31.....	.31
		Beck to Holland, Philadelphia, 18.....	.20
		Knox to United States marshal, Moscow, 21.....	.42
		Knox to McCumber, Wahpeton, 240.....	3. 60
	23.	Roberts to Boise City National Bank, Boise, Idaho, 39...	.78
		Roberts to Los Angeles, Los Angeles, 38.....	.76
		Marean to manager, Tucson, 30.....	.53
		Hoyt to Ward, Los Angeles, 31.....	.62
		Knox to President, San Francisco, 163.....	3. 26
		Knox to United States attorney, Phoenix, 23.....	.40
		Hoyt from Ward, San Francisco, 40.....	.80
	25.	Knox to the jailer, Oakland, Cal., 35.....	.70
		Richards to Siebrecht, San Antonio, 29.....	.44
		Smith to Knox, Pittsburg, 62.....	.62
		Smith to Knox, Pittsburg, 22.....	.22
		Smith to McCumber, Wahpeton, 28.....	.42
		Knox from Rogers, Oakland, 20.....	.40
		Hoyt from Ward, San Francisco, 54.....	1. 08
	27.	Rudy to Lehrenkransser & Sons, Brooklyn, 30.....	.30
		Richards to the President, Sidney, Nebr., 68.....	.85
		Richards to Ragan, Hastings, 27.....	.34
		Richards to United States marshal, Memphis, 21.....	.21
		Attorney-General from Baker, Memphis, 31.....	.31
		Attorney-General from Baker, Memphis, 52.....	.52
	28.	Richards to United States marshal, Memphis, 23.....	.23
		Knox to United States marshal, Tucson, 25.....	.44
	29.	Cooper to Allen, Norfolk, 17.....	.20
		Knox to United States attorney, Guthrie, 34.....	.43
		Knox to United States attorney, Ardmore, 35.....	.44
		Knox to Moyer, Phoenix, 34.....	.60
		Knox to United States attorney, Montgomery, 24.....	.24
		Beck to United States attorney, Philadelphia, 19.....	.20
	30.	Hoyt from Reynolds, St. Louis, 34.....	.43
	31.	Knox to Wishard, Indianapolis, 22.....	.22
		Knox to Fairbanks, East Cambridge, 27.....	.27
		Knox to United States attorney, Brooklyn, 46.....	.46
		Pradt to United States attorney, Memphis, 18.....	.20
		Knox to United States marshal, Fargo, 20.....	.30
		Knox to Bourman, Austin, Tex., 28.....	.42
		Knox to Becker, Seattle, 21.....	.42
		Attorney-General from Moyer, Phoenix, 20.....	.35
		Other lines.....	.83
			<hr/> \$55. 32
		Western Union Telegraph Co.:	
May	4.	Reeve to Dockery, Raleigh, N. C., 48.....	.48
		Reeve to Cranston, Denver, 43.....	.65
	8.	Reeve to Evans, St. Paul, 27.....	.34
		Reeve to Millikan, Greensboro, N. C., 23.....	.23
	10.	Reeve to Cranston, Denver, 30.....	.45
	11.	Reeve to Burnett, New York, 41.....	.41
	15.	Reeve to Cranston, Denver, 40.....	.60
	18.	Reeve to Fowler, Abingdon, Va., 26.....	.26
		Reesve from Fowler, Abingdon, Va., 37.....	.37
	22.	Reeve to James, Louisville, 32.....	.32
	27.	O'Connell to Holland, Philadelphia, 22.....	.22
	27.	Reeve to Cranston Denver, 43.....	.65
			<hr/> 4. 98

1901.		Western Union Telegraph Co.:		
April	9.	Richards to Sulzbacher, Santiago, Cuba, 16 .....		\$0. 80
		James B. Lambie:		
May	14.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch socket key .....	\$0. 25	
	16.	1 8-inch hand bellows .....	1. 00	
	17.	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen hose washers .....	.05	
		1 lock spring .....	.15	
	20.	5 assorted files .....	1. 03	
				2. 48
		G. G. C. Simms:		
	2.	4 pounds camphor .....	2. 80	
		10 pounds moth balls. ....	.45	
				3. 25
		United Typewriter and Supply Co.:		
June	6.	Repairing New Century Caligraph .....		.60
		M. DuPerow:		
May	3.	Repairing annunciator .....		1. 00
		Richard L. Lamb:		
June	5.	1 box No. 0 washing paste .....	.35	
		1 rubber stamp .....	.10	
				.45
		G. A. Selmakoff:		
June	6.	For repairing ice pitcher .....		75
		Blue Line Transfer Co.:		
June	4.	Drayage on 2 cases books .....	.50	
	7.	Drayage on 1 box printing paper .....	.50	
				1. 00



EXHIBIT G.—*Statement of the names and compensation of assistant and special assistant United States attorneys.*

## ASSISTANTS TO THE ATTORNEYS OF THE UNITED STATES.

District.	Name.	Salary.	Time employed.
Alabama, northern .....	Shelby S. Pleasants.....	\$1,800	To Aug. 31, 1900
	Julius W. Davidson.....	1,500	From Sept. 1, 1900.
Alabama, middle.....	William H. Standifer.....	1,300	From Sept. 10, 1900.
	James H. Jenkins.....	1,500	
Alaska, first division .....	Julius Sternfeld.....	1,200	
	John G. Price.....	600	From Oct. 23, 1900.
Alaska, second division .....	Thomas R. Lyons.....	600	Do.
	W. T. Hume.....	2,500	From July 20, 1900, to Sept. 16, 1900.
	William G. Palmer.....	2,500	From Sept. 17, 1900, to Nov. 12, 1900.
	C. A. S. Frost.....	2,500	From Sept. 17, 1900, to Apr. 15, 1901.
	John L. McGinn.....	2,500	From Oct. 15, 1900.
Alaska, third division.....	W. N. Landers.....	2,500	From Apr. 15, 1901.
Arizona.....	George K. French.....	1,500	From Oct. 1, 1900.
Arkansas, eastern.....	Thomas D. Bennett.....	1,800	
Arkansas, western.....	Ulysses S. Bratton.....	1,500	
California, northern .....	Frank A. Youmans.....	2,000	
	Marshall B. Woodworth.....	2,500	To Mar. 19, 1901.
	Edward J. Banning.....	2,000	To Apr. 12, 1901.
	.....do.....	2,500	From Apr. 12, 1901.
California, southern.....	Duncan E. McKinlay.....	2,000	From Apr. 22, 1901.
	James R. Finlayson.....	1,500	To Mar. 31, 1901.
	James R. Finlayson (reappointed) ..	1,500	From Apr. 3, 1901.
Colorado.....	Thomas E. McClelland.....	1,500	To May 19, 1901.
	Edward Kent.....	1,500	From May 20, 1901.
Florida, northern .....	Henry Bellinger.....	1,500	From Oct. 1, 1900 (3 months).
	.....do.....	1,500	From Apr. 1, 1901 (2 months).
Florida, southern .....	Isidore A. Zacharias.....	1,000	
Georgia, northern.....	Walter L. Massey.....	2,250	
	George L. Bell.....	2,000	
Georgia, southern .....	Alexander Akerman.....	2,000	From Apr. 25, 1900.
	William R. Leaken.....	1,800	
Hawaii.....	J. J. Dunne.....	2,000	From June 22, 1901.
Illinois, northern.....	Oliver E. Pagin.....	2,500	
	Clark J. Tisdell.....	2,200	
	Charles B. Morrison.....	2,000	
Illinois, southern .....	Benjamin Davis.....	1,200	
	Frank L. Hatch.....	1,500	
	Reason H. McNulty.....	1,200	To June 30, 1901.
Indiana.....	Jesse J. M. LaFollette.....	2,000	
Indian Territory, northern ..	Charles H. Sawyer.....	2,000	To Sept. 4, 1900.
	James H. Huckleberry, jr.....	1,200	Do.
	.....do.....	2,000	From Sept. 4, 1900.
	Orion L. Rider.....	1,200	From Sept. 6, 1900.
Indian Territory, central....	D. M. Brown.....	1,200	
	James E. Gresham.....	1,200	From Sept. 13, 1900 (30 days).
Indian Territory, southern ..	J. W. Ownby.....	1,700	From May 29, 1901.
	James E. Humphrey.....	1,500	
Iowa, northern .....	DeWitt C. Cram.....	1,200	
Iowa, southern .....	George B. Stewart.....	1,200	
Kansas.....	Harry J. Bone.....	2,000	
Kentucky.....	John G. Fitzpatrick.....	2,400	To Apr. 30, 1901.
	Maurice H. Thatcher.....	2,400	From May 1, 1901.
Louisiana, eastern ...	Charles P. Cocke.....	2,500	
	Horace G. Dufour.....	(1)	
Maryland.....	Morris A. Soper.....	1,200	
Massachusetts.....	John H. Casey.....	2,500	
	Albert H. Washburn.....	1,800	To June 23, 1901.
	William H. Garland.....	1,800	From June 25, 1901.
Michigan, eastern .....	James V. D. Willcox.....	2,000	
Michigan, western .....	Dwight Goss.....	1,600	
Minnesota.....	Milton D. Purdy.....	2,000	
	Joel M. Dickey.....	1,800	
Mississippi, northern .....	William D. Frazee.....	1,200	
Mississippi, southern .....	W. Bruce Banks.....	1,200	
Missouri, eastern .....	William L. Morsey.....	2,000	
	George C. Hitchcock.....	1,500	
Missouri, western.....	Abra S. Van Valkenburgh.....	2,000	
Montana.....	John C. English.....	1,500	To Apr. 30, 1901.
	Carl Rasch.....	1,500	From May 7, 1901.
Nebraska.....	Sylvester E. Rush.....	1,500	
New Jersey.....	Cortlandt Parker, jr.....	800	
New Mexico.....	George P. Money.....	1,800	To Mar. 10, 1901.

<sup>1</sup> Nominal; temporary.

EXHIBIT G.—*Statement of the names and compensation of assistant and special assistant United States attorneys—Continued.*

## ASSISTANTS TO THE ATTORNEYS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

District.	Name.	Salary.	Time employed.
New Mexico.....	William C. Reid.....	\$1,800	From Mar. 12, 1901.
New York, northern.....	Henry E. Owen.....	2,000	From Sept. 5, 1900.
	Taylor L. Arms.....	2,000	From Jan. 1, 1901.
New York, eastern.....	Herbert B. Brush.....	2,000	
	Lloyd M. Howell.....	1,200	
New York, western.....	Wesley C. Dudley.....	2,500	
	S. Wallace Dempsey.....	2,500	
New York, southern.....	Henry C. Platt.....	3,600	
	Ernest E. Baldwin.....	3,600	
	Arthur M. King.....	2,500	
	D. Frank Lloyd.....	2,500	
	Charles D. Baker.....	2,500	
	Clarence S. Houghton.....	2,500	From July 1, 1900.
	William Usher Parsons.....	2,000	Do.
North Carolina, eastern.....	Oscar J. Spears.....	1,250	
North Carolina, western.....	E. Spencer Blackburn.....	2,000	To Nov. 10, 1900.
	Augustus H. Price.....	2,000	From Nov. 10, 1900.
North Dakota.....	Edward S. Allen.....	1,200	
Ohio, northern.....	Robert Tucker.....	1,800	To May 8, 1901.
	do.....	1,200	From May 8, 1901.
	Benj. Parmely, jr.....	600	Do.
Ohio, southern.....	Sherman T. McPherson.....	2,000	
	Edward P. Moulmier.....	1,200	
Oklahoma.....	John W. Scothorn.....	2,000	
	B. S. McGuire.....	1,500	
Oregon.....	Waldemar Seton.....	1,500	To Sept. 24, 1900.
	Edwin Mays.....	1,500	From Sept. 24, 1900.
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	Francis Fisher Kane.....	2,500	To July 15, 1900.
	Joseph W. Thompson.....	2,500	From July 24, 1900.
	William M. Stewart, jr.....	2,000	
	Algernon B. Roberts.....	300	From Mar. 18, 1901, to June 30, 1901.
Pennsylvania, western.....	David M. Miller.....	2,500	
	John B. Myers.....	1,500	To Mar. 14, 1901.
	J. N. Langham.....	1,200	
South Carolina.....	Benjamin A. Hagood.....	1,500	
	Ernest F. Cochran.....	1,200	
South Dakota.....	William G. Porter.....	1,500	
Tennessee, eastern.....	John M. Simerly.....	1,500	
Tennessee, middle.....	Lee Brock.....	1,600	
Tennessee, western.....	Frank F. Smith.....	1,500	
Texas, eastern.....	Henry B. Birmingham.....	1,750	
	Frank Lee.....	1,750	
Texas, western.....	Redford Sharpe.....	1,500	
	A. G. Foster.....	1,200	
Utah.....	Pennel Cherrington.....	1,500	
Virginia, eastern.....	J. D. C. DeJarnette.....	1,500	To Jan. 16, 1901.
	Hugh Gordon Miller.....	1,500	From Jan. 16, 1901.
Virginia, western.....	John C. Blair.....	1,500	
Washington.....	Charles E. Claypool.....	1,800	To July 31, 1900.
	Edward E. Cushman.....	1,800	From Aug. 7, 1900.
West Virginia.....	Emmett M. Showalter.....	1,500	
	Samuel C. Burdett.....	1,400	To Aug. 31, 1900.
	Elliott Northcott.....	1,200	To Oct. 1, 1900.
	do.....	1,400	From Oct. 1, 1900.
Wisconsin, eastern.....	Charles McC. Anderson.....	1,500	To June 30, 1901.
Wisconsin, western.....	Henry T. Sheldon.....	1,200	
Wyoming.....	Benjamin F. Fowler.....	300	To Oct. 31, 1900.
	Edward T. Clark.....	300	From April 1, 1901.

## NAMES AND COMPENSATION OF SPECIAL ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS.

District.	Name.	Employment.	Appointed.	Compensation.
Alabama, northern....	Shelby S. Pleasants.....	United States v. Jas. R. Boyd et al., entry of public lands, etc .....	Nov. 12, 1900	To be determined by Attorney-General (nominal).
	do .....	Emmett O'Neal v. S. B. Williamson et al., United States circuit court, Huntsville .....	Jan. 15, 1901	Do.
	do .....	Buxbaum v. Williamson & Curtis .....	Feb. 26, 1901	Not to exceed \$150.
Alabama, middle....	Tennent Lomax.....	Three cases against Jos. L. Pitts—Nos. 3573, 3580 and 3581—for violation section 8209, Revised Statutes United States .....	Sept. 7, 1900	To be determined by Attorney-General (nominal).
California, northern....	L. A. Shaver.....	To aid in the preparation and prosecution of case of Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce a certain order against Southern Pacific Company et al. ....	July 18, 1900	None other than received as employee of Interstate Commerce Commission.
	Henry E. Monroe .....	Edward Rosenberg v. Union Iron Works, No. 280 .....	June 19, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General (nominal).
Colorado .....	John W. Noble .....	United States v. Independence Town and Mining Co., W. S. Montgomery et al. ....	July 26, 1900	Do.
	Charles J. Hughes.....	United States v. Independence Town and Mining Co., W. S. Montgomery et al. ....	.....do .....	Do.
	Tyson S. Dines .....	United States v. Independence Town and Mining Co., W. S. Montgomery et al. ....	.....do .....	Do.
District of Columbia....	Robert A. Howard.....	Case of John C. Teller v. United States, No. 1562 .....	May 29, 1901	Do.
	Charles C. Cole.....	United States v. M. F. Morris et al., Potomac Flats cases .....	Apr. 26, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Iowa, northern.....	G. R. Struble.....	No. 96, James Peters (Indian) v. W. G. Malin, Indian agent, Sac and Fox, et al. ....	Feb. 5, 1901	\$300, which includes all expenses.
	H. J. Stiger.....	No. 90, Y. T. Tah v. H. M. Rebock, Indian agent, Sac and Fox Indians, No. 104, Pa. Lee Ka Ma Que, chief of Sac and Fox Indians, v. H. M. Rebock et al. ....	.....do .....	Do.
	W. C. P. Breckinridge.....	To aid in preparation of case of Mullen et al. v. United States .....	Jan. 7, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General (not to exceed \$500).
Kentucky .....	J. Ward Gurley.....	To argue case of United States v. McCroy, circuit court of appeals, New Orleans .....	Feb. 9, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Louisiana, eastern....	do .....	In circuit court, United States v. Girault, Gardes, Schwartz & Well .....	Mar. 19, 1901	\$100 a day for each day actually engaged in the trial of causes.
	Edgar H. Gans .....	United States v. Jos. H. Ching et al., in the matter of census frauds in St. Marys County, Md. ....	Apr. 25, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Maryland .....	Boyd B. Jones .....	United States v. Geo. M. Foster and Dickinson, South Danvers National Bank, Peabody, Mass. ....	Apr. 9, 1901	Do.
Massachusetts .....	Rush Culver.....	United States v. The Michigan Land and Iron Co., limited.....	July 12, 1900	To be determined by Secretary of the Interior.
Michigan, western .....	John L. Lott.....	United States v. Samuel Garvin and Robert Lee, charged with stealing cattle from Crow Indians .....	June 27, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Montana .....	Fred. H. Hathorn.....	In the land and timber fraud cases against R. M. Cobban and about 30 other civil and criminal cases in the district of Montana. ....	May 14, 1901	\$15 a day in preparation; \$20 a day in trial and expenses.
	M. C. Burch.....	Case in equity v. W. A. Clark et al., alleged frauds under stone and timber act, Montana. ....	June 7, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
	Fred. A. Maynard .....	United States v. William A. Clark et al., United States circuit court.....	June 27, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
	John L. Lott.....			

New York, northern...	James M. Beck.....	To collect and take testimony at Liverpool or elsewhere in England in case of United States v. Joseph H. Clark.....	July 8, 1900	To be determined by Attorney-General.
New York, southern...	Henry H. Bliss.....	International Postal Supply Co. v. Geo. G. McAdam, P. M., Rome, N. Y.....	Mar. 14, 1901	Do.
	George A. Gorman.....	United States v. Walsh and Crimmins.....	Nov. 30, 1900	None except already received as assistant attorney and expenses.
	William Ford Upson.....	To aid in the preparation and prosecution of the Dean cases.....	Apr. 29, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
	Albert H. Washburn.....	To protect interests of Treasury Department in cases before Board of General Appraisers.....	June 19, 1901	\$8,500 per annum.
North Carolina, western.	John G. Bynum.....	To aid in prosecution of cases against John T. Thompson, Hunter L. Wall, etc.....	Oct. 4, 1900	To be determined by Attorney-General.
	.....do.....	Employment extended in above cases, and to include 15 or 20 others.	Apr. 1, 1901	Do.
Oklahoma.....	John L. Lott.....	United States v. Thomas et al.....	June 27, 1901	Do.
Pennsylvania, eastern.	Selwyn Douglas.....	To aid in prosecution of Asa C. Sharp and Henry E. Asp.....	Nov. 14, 1900	Do.
	Francis Fisher Kane.....	J. Ellwood Lee Co. v. Collector Internal Revenue, Philadelphia, for refund taxes claimed to have been illegally assessed against mustard, etc.....	Sept. 25, 1900	Do.
South Carolina.....	T. Moultrie Mordecai.....	To recover for United States one-third of \$21,167.80, paid to administrator of Adam Tunno, etc.; French spoliation claim.	Feb. 20, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Tennessee, middle.....	John E. McCall.....	Cases of United States v. Wm. W. Lea and others for attempted bank wrecking at Nashville, Tenn.....	May 17, 1901	\$15 a day in preparation, and \$20 a day employed in trial of cases.
	John L. Lott.....	United States v. Lea et al., United States circuit court.....	June 27, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Vermont.....	Gilbert A. Davis.....	United States v. Goon Dong, Soo Hoo Yin, et al., for conspiracy; also United States v. Charlie Lee.....	May 29, 1901	\$25 a day; not to exceed \$150 for services.
Virginia, eastern.....	Francis L. Smith.....	Case of Virginia v. Marshall & Dulaney, affecting title to military road from Rosslyn, Va., through Fort Myer Reservation.	Mar. 20, 1901	Not to exceed \$500.
	C. M. White.....	United States v. Mrs. E. C. Foley and Mrs. E. J. Caldwell, sureties on bond Josephine M. Owens, postmaster, Waterfall, Va.....	Apr. 6, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.
Wisconsin, eastern.....	J. C. Kerwin.....	To defend, on behalf of United States, Milton C. Phillips, United States attorney, eastern Wisconsin, etc.....	Oct. 4, 1900	\$250 for services.
Wisconsin, western.....	John A. Ayward.....	Cases of Dillon and others for post-office burglary.....	May 24, 1901	\$25 a day; not to exceed \$200 in all.
	John L. Lott.....	United States v. Stimson et al., circuit court.....	June 27, 1901	To be determined by Attorney-General.



EXHIBIT H.—*Report of the Solicitor of the Treasury.*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR OF THE TREASURY,  
*Washington, D. C., November 11, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith seven tabular statements exhibiting the amount, character, and results of the litigation under my direction for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, shown by the docket entries of this office.

The tables embrace, respectively:

1. Suits on transcripts of accounts of defaulting public officers, excepting those of the Post-Office Department, adjusted by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department.
2. Post-office suits, embracing those against officers of the Post-Office Department, and cases of fines, penalties, and forfeitures for violation of postal laws.
3. Suits on custom-house bonds.
4. Suits for recovery of fines, penalties, and forfeitures under the customs revenue and navigation laws.
5. Suits against collectors of customs and other officers or agents of the Government, excepting internal-revenue officers, for refund of duties and acts done in the line of their official duty, including appeals from the decisions of the Board of General Appraisers.
6. Suits in which the United States is a party or is interested and not embraced in the other classes.
7. A general summary or abstract of all the other tables.

An examination of the tables will show that the whole number of suits commenced within the year was 3,247, of which 6 were of class 1, for the recovery of \$4,036.08; 433 were of class 2, for the recovery of \$3,236.80; 15 were of class 3, for the recovery of \$3,837.49; 114 were of class 4, for the recovery of \$6,139.73; 147 were of class 5; 2,532 were of class 6, for the recovery of \$2,046,691.12.

Of the whole number of suits brought, 2,183 were decided in favor of the United States, 13 were adversely decided, and 262 were settled and dismissed, leaving 789 still pending.

Of those pending at the commencement of the year, 876 were decided for the United States, 917 were adversely decided, and 748 were settled and dismissed.

The whole number of suits decided or otherwise disposed of during the year was 4,999. The whole amount for which judgments were obtained, exclusive of decrees in rem, was \$661,537.38, and the entire amount collected from all sources was \$218,003.99.

The number of cases in which offers of compromise were pending and received during the fiscal year was 157, involving the sum of \$252,013.48.

The number of offers accepted was 96, involving the sum of \$103,599.52; amount accepted, \$51,359.08.

The number of offers rejected was 33, involving the sum of \$116,400.41; amount rejected, \$18,704.10.

The number of offers pending at the close of the year was 28, involving the sum of \$32,013.55; amount offered, \$13,673.17.

Statements of real property, by law in charge of this office, acquired and sold during the fiscal year are appended.

The number of letters and communications received by this office during the fiscal year was 11,830; the number of letters, etc., sent out was 6,067.

There have been 2,738 contracts, official bonds, leases, etc., examined as to correctness in form and execution. This branch of the business of this office has been very considerably augmented during the past fiscal year by reason of the fact that bonds of officers of the State, War, Navy, and Interior Departments, not heretofore referred to this office, are now referred to me by the Secretary of the Treasury for examination. These bonds comprise those of United States consuls, vice and deputy consuls, officers of the Quartermaster, Subsistence, and Pay Departments of the Army, officers of the Pay Corps of the Navy, surveyors-general, registers of land offices, receivers of public moneys, Indian agents, pension agents, etc.

The importance of this work will be readily appreciated when it is known that the penalties in the official bonds and in the bonds given for the performance of contracts aggregate very many millions of dollars annually. I have yet to learn that any contract or bond which has been approved by this office as correct in form and execution has been found otherwise by the courts.

There has been collected and paid into the Treasury during the last fiscal year for rent of property by law in charge of this office the sum of \$977.59.

The foregoing represents only to a limited extent the business of this office. The various cases in charge of the office are entered in dockets kept for that purpose, and every step in the progress of each case, from its inception to its close, as well as all data relating thereto, are noted therein.

There are frequent consultations with the Solicitor and the officials under him by the heads of bureaus, chiefs of divisions of the Treasury Department and other Departments, relative to cases pending, investigations made, and verbal opinions given, which require time, care, and research that can not be tabulated.

I would recommend that so much of section 773 of the Revised Statutes as requires United States attorneys to forward their annual reports to this office on the 1st day of October in each year be so amended as to require them to forward the annual reports on the 1st day of September in each year. Additional judicial districts, the remoteness of some of the districts, the tardiness—sometimes perhaps excusable—of some United States attorneys to forward their reports at the time now prescribed by law, and the additional business on account of the growth of the country render it almost impossible for this office to compile its annual report to you in due time if the date of the rendition of the annual reports of the United States attorneys is not changed as above indicated.

When it is considered that during the last fiscal year 3,247 suits were commenced by the direction of this office and 4,999 cases disposed of, the importance of the business of this Bureau will be appreciated. It is hardly necessary to say that the men in this office who have charge of so much important litigation should be well read in the law and be possessed of the good judgment and wisdom that comes with experience and faithful study.

The great number of written opinions given by the Solicitor can not be prepared by the Solicitor and assistant solicitor, and much of the

work on them is done by the able assistants, most of whom are fourth-class clerks, and one a third-class clerk. The men who do the work of this character should be better paid, and should be known as "law clerks." At least three of the fourth-class clerks should be made "law clerks" and have salaries of \$2,000 each, and the third-class clerk above mentioned should be promoted to a fourth-class clerkship.

I do not ask an increase of my force, though with the growth of the country in population and business the labor and the responsibilities of this Bureau have largely increased. I do urge and insist, however, that the appropriation should be increased the trifling sum of \$800, so that four of the clerks who are occupying such responsible positions, and who are so meagerly paid, may each have \$200 added to his salary. They are lawyers, and are doing the work of lawyers, and are dealing with important questions in cases involving large amounts.

Law clerks in the various Departments are as a rule better paid, and I would feel that I was not just to the men in this office who are serving so faithfully and ably if I did not urge their promotion.

Very respectfully,

MAURICE D. O'CONNELL,  
*Solicitor.*

HON. PHILANDER C. KNOX,  
*Attorney-General.*



1. The first step is to identify the problem. In this case, the problem is that the company is not meeting its sales targets.

No. 2.—Report of post-office suits instituted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, in the several United States courts, and of proceedings had during said period in suits which were instituted prior hereto.

Judicial district.	In suits brought during the fiscal year.				In suits brought prior to the fiscal year.				Total number of judgments in favor of the United States.	Total number of suits disposed of.	Total judgments.	Total collections.
	Number of suits.	Aggregate sued for.	Aggregate in judgment.	Collections.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pending.				
Alabama, northern.....	1		\$50.00	\$50.00	1				4	4	\$244.48	\$858.29
Alabama, middle.....	2		200.00		2				3	3	450.00	662.50
Alabama, southern.....	1		100.00	100.00	1				2	2	1,216.81	1,358.12
Arizona.....	1				1				1	1	100.00	789.11
Arkansas, eastern.....	1											95.15
Arkansas, western.....	1		100.00		1				2	2	50.00	400.00
California, northern.....	1	\$5.00	390.31		1			1	1	1	390.91	
Colorado.....	11		778.00	92.97	11				13	13	1,979.48	92.97
Florida, southern.....	3		350.00	494.20	3				5	5	850.00	1,065.70
Georgia, northern.....	4	367.14	75.00	44.40	1				2	2	75.00	854.40
Georgia, southern.....	8		1,010.00	226.15	8				11	11	1,020.00	273.11
Illinois, northern.....	6	61.32	5.00	33.72	5			1	9	11	5.00	318.17
Illinois, southern.....	22		4,452.00	1,927.98	21				23	24	17,085.82	7,347.25
Indiana.....	21		3,807.67	544.35	21				23	24	4,980.54	1,426.06
Indian Territory, northern.....	5		302.00		5				7	7	935.88	112.51
Indian Territory, southern.....	3	9.28	350.00		2				2	3	350.00	
Iowa, northern.....	3		121.00	100.00	3				1	1	50.00	50.00
Iowa, southern.....	9		528.00	257.10	9				3	3	121.00	130.00
Kansas.....	11		1,053.00	294.59	11				9	9	525.00	1,062.65
Kentucky.....	8	1,000.80	3,073.80	343.75	8				15	15	1,780.38	837.21
Louisiana.....	1		25.00	48.80	1				11	12	4,575.80	461.75
Louisiana, western.....	1				1				1	1	25.00	48.80
Maine.....	2		1,083.33		2				3	3	102.00	956.76
Maryland.....	12		683.00	560.00	12				2	2	1,083.83	2,848.50
Massachusetts.....	12		183.00	424.41	11			5	13	13	1,083.83	956.75
Michigan, eastern.....	3		183.00	35.00	3				16	21	3,195.00	3,594.71
Michigan, western.....	3		1,675.00	1,675.00	3				4	4	1,675.00	1,675.00
Minnesota.....	2	984.31	876.00	1,910.31	2				6	7	1,675.00	1,675.00
Mississippi.....	8		360.00	60.00	8				9	9	360.00	360.00
Mississippi, northern.....	4		226.00	37.90	4				5	5	326.00	62.90

No. 2.—*Report of post-office suits instituted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, in the several United States courts, and of proceedings had during said period in suits which were instituted prior thereto—Continued.*

Judicial district.	In suits brought during the fiscal year.				In suits brought prior to the fiscal year.				Total number of judgments in favor of the United States.	Total number of suits disposed of.	Total judgments.	Total collections.
	Number of suits.	Aggregate sued for.	Aggregate in judgment.	Collections.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pending.				
Missouri, eastern.....	21		\$4,354.00	\$49.48	21				22	22	\$4,496.54	\$1,596.82
Missouri, western.....	33		5,905.00	4,426.68	33				36	36	6,251.26	5,246.07
Nebraska.....	2	\$488.74	100.00		1				2	3	150.00	3,886.62
New Hampshire.....												81.16
New Jersey.....	6		1,810.93	1,200.00	6				6	6	1,810.93	1,400.00
New Mexico.....	3		1,011.00	47.44	3				3	3	2,011.00	97.44
New York, northern.....	2		225.00	150.00	2				2	2	225.00	150.00
New York, eastern.....												501.00
New York, southern.....	3		650.00		3				3	3	502.00	501.00
New York, western.....	4	74.00	102.00	91.03	3				3	3	1,151.00	2.00
North Carolina, eastern.....	10	216.21	1,200.00	265.64	9				9	9	1,102.00	91.03
North Carolina, western.....	2		682.88	282.88	2				2	2	1,200.00	945.14
North Dakota.....	12		300.00	100.00	12				12	12	4,077.04	8,830.97
Ohio, northern.....	12		2,601.77	1,334.26	12				12	12	3,481.77	2,088.75
Ohio, southern.....	18		2,008.00	1,479.46	18				17	17	2,080.00	1,503.61
Oklahoma.....	12		8.00	8.00	12				12	12	6.00	8.00
Oregon.....	27		785.00	285.00	27				27	27	785.00	285.00
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	28		147.00	244.54	26				27	29	148.00	557.67
Pennsylvania, middle.....	2		200.00		2				2	2	200.00	
Pennsylvania, western.....	14		151.98	61.99	12				12	14	151.98	61.99
Rhode Island.....	3		255.00		3				3	3	355.00	123.16
South Carolina.....	3		700.00	100.00	3				3	3	1,168.77	100.00
South Dakota.....	9		100.00	100.00	6				6	9	1,500.00	374.50
Tennessee, eastern.....	3		1,590.00	374.50	3				3	3	3,000.00	146.06
Tennessee, middle.....	3		200.00	146.06	3				3	3	3,000.00	146.06
Tennessee, western.....												490.00
Texas, northern.....	18		2,590.00	490.00	18				19	19	8,090.00	120.00
Texas, eastern.....	4		170.00	120.00	4				4	4	1,358.62	377.72
Texas, western.....	5		1,358.62	300.00	5				5	5	250.00	5.00
Utah.....	1		250.00		1				1	1	20.00	98.00
Vermont.....	1		20.00	20.00	1				1	1	20.00	98.00

Virginia, eastern	2,210.00	200.00	4	50.00	25.00	1	5	2,293.00	225.00
Virginia, eastern	681.57	700.00	4	1	626.09	2	4	1,831.57	1,826.09
Washington, eastern	395.00	80.00	3	1	1,047.08	6	5	1,442.08	80.00
West Virginia	215.00	60.00	7	2,213.00	119.67	6	13	2,428.00	179.67
Wisconsin, eastern	1,200.00	910.00	1	200.00	106.92	8	9	1,200.00	910.00
Wisconsin, western	1,102.00	100.00	3	200.00	106.92	8	3	1,02.00	206.92
Wisconsin	200.00	217.40	1	200.00	106.92	8	1	200.00	217.40
Wyoming	433	3,236.80	433	7	37,944.43	73	2	9	482
Total	57,162.96	23,324.99	409	17	38,254.18	73	2	9	482
								95,107.44	56,573.17

No. 3.—Report of suits on custom-house bonds instituted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, in the several United States courts, and of proceedings had during said period in suits which were instituted prior thereto.

[illegible]

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

No. 4.—Report of suits for fines, penalties, and forfeitures under the customs-revenue and navigation laws instituted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, in the several United States courts, and of proceedings had during said period in suits which were instituted prior thereto.

Judicial district.	In suits brought during the fiscal year.					In suits brought prior to the fiscal year.												
	Number of suits.	Aggregate sued for.	Aggregate in judgment.	Collections.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pending.	Judgments in old suits.	Collections in old suits.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Total number of judgments in favor of the United States.	Total number of suits disposed of.	Total judgments.	Total collections.	
Alaska, first division.....	3		\$150.00	\$50.00	3									1	3	1	\$50.00	\$50.00
Arizona.....	1	\$100.00						1							3	3	150.00	
Arkansas, eastern.....	4	50.00	100.00	686.50	4							1			4	5	100.00	686.50
California, northern.....	1														1	1		
California, southern.....	5	2,000.00	1,075.00	2,531.51	5										5	1,075.00	2,531.51	
Florida, southern.....	2	289.73						1			4				5			
Illinois, northern.....	1														1	1	100.00	
Illinois, southern.....	3		100.00												1	1		
Kentucky.....	1		100.00												1	1	100.00	
Louisiana, eastern.....	3	1,500.00						1		\$50.00	\$63.10	1			3	4	110.00	186.45
Maine.....	13		60.00					2							11	13	235.00	282.10
Massachusetts.....	4		235.00							1,194.67					4	4	325.00	4,041.02
Michigan, eastern.....	10		425.00							113.00	3				9	10	325.00	388.00
Mississippi, southern.....	4		275.00					1		50.00					3	4		311.60
Missouri, eastern.....	2	2,150.00						4			1				3	3		116.91
Montana.....	1														2	4	100.00	13,353.99
New Jersey.....	2		100.00					2		3,709.15					2			
New Mexico.....	1							1							1	1	50.00	50.00
New York, northern.....	1		50.00												1	1		50.00
New York, eastern.....	2	100.00						1							1	1		50.00
New York, southern.....	20		500.00					3		4,817.64			2		12	17	500.00	10,840.85
New York, western.....	3		500.00							1,140.00	3				6	6	500.00	1,140.00
North Dakota.....	2									5.00	1				3	3	5.00	5.00
Ohio, northern.....	2																	
Oregon.....	2		100.00					2							4	4	200.00	100.00
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	7									100.00	1				6	7		92.00
Porto Rico.....	3							1		92.00	2				2	3		
Porto Rico, northern.....	1														1	1		688.39
Porto Rico, southern.....	1														1	1		
South Dakota.....	9		795.00												10	10	795.00	2,243.74
Texas, eastern.....										700.24	1				2	2	365.00	365.00
Texas, western.....										365.00	2				2	2	365.00	365.00
Vermont.....															1	1	100.00	499.55
Washington.....	1		100.00							499.55					1	1		
Total.....	114	6,189.73	4,665.00	25,898.31	82	4	12	16		12,627.85	17	2	4	99	121	5,235.00	38,520.65	

No. 5.—*Reports of suits against collectors of customs and other Federal officers, including appeals from the decisions of the Board of General Appraisers, instituted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, in the several United States courts, and of proceedings had during said period in suits which were instituted prior thereto.*

Judicial district.	In suits brought during the fiscal year.					Suits brought prior to fiscal year.			Total judgments in favor of United States during the year.	Whole number of suits disposed of.
	Number of suits.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pending.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.		
California, northern .....	4			2	2	10	1		10	13
Illinois, northern .....							10			10
Maryland .....	5			2	3		6			8
Massachusetts .....	6				6	6	2	3	6	11
Michigan, eastern .....	3			3			1			4
Missouri, eastern .....						1		1	1	2
New Jersey .....	3				3	5			5	5
New York, northern .....	1				1			1		1
New York, eastern .....										
New York, southern .....	113	3	2		108	160	846	311	163	1,322
Ohio, northern .....	1				1					
Pennsylvania, eastern .....	11				11	2	24	7	2	33
Vermont .....							1	1		2
Washington .....							1			1
Total .....	147	3	2	7	135	184	892	324	187	1,412

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

No. 6.—Report of miscellaneous suits instituted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, in the several United States courts, and of proceedings had during said period in suits which were instituted prior thereto.

Judicial district.	In suits brought during the fiscal year.				In suits brought prior to the fiscal year.						Whole number of judgments in favor of the United States.		Total judgments.	Total collections.
	Number of suits.	Aggregate sued for.	Aggregate in judgment.	Collections.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pending.	Judgments in old suits.	Collections in old suits.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.		
Alabama, northern.....	56	\$6,513.70	\$1,728.00	\$214.31	20	.....	11	25	\$762.90	\$430.69	20	.....	\$2,490.00	\$645.00
Alabama, middle.....	23	12,266.20	1,800.00	1,564.45	4	.....	12	7	703.90	426.97	6	.....	2,503.90	1,991.42
Alabama, southern.....	39	34,105.44	5,158.95	9,127.40	19	.....	9	11	2,400.00	.....	2	.....	5,538.95	9,127.40
Alaska, first division.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,600.00	1,100.00
Arizona.....	18	3,345.05	2,450.00	400.00	18	.....	.....	.....	50.00	100.00	1	.....	2,500.00	1,500.00
Arkansas, eastern.....	16	3,328.28	3,328.28	706.64	12	.....	2	2	350.00	1,163.00	2	.....	3,678.28	1,869.64
Arkansas, western.....	17	750.00	3,559.50	573.72	17	.....	.....	.....	1,775.00	175.00	6	.....	5,334.50	1,748.72
California, northern.....	29	30,256.00	1,025.00	657.50	9	.....	2	18	1,000.00	945.25	2	.....	1,125.00	1,602.75
California, southern.....	17	20,400.00	211.00	210.00	6	.....	1	1	1,465.50	508.22	5	.....	1,676.50	1,718.22
Colorado.....	26	34,738.53	1,295.00	1,002.27	10	.....	1	13	33,668.96	16.20	6	.....	34,363.96	1,018.47
Connecticut.....	7	.....	555.00	351.46	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,602.10	.....	.....	555.00	1,953.56
District of Columbia.....	1	3,810.53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida, northern.....	33	13,733.35	11,047.22	6,516.17	32	.....	.....	1	4,596.00	3,628.34	7	.....	15,633.22	10,144.51
Florida, southern.....	15	33,900.00	1,543.00	1,340.79	7	.....	3	9	1,791.69	1,227.20	5	.....	3,334.69	2,567.99
Georgia, northern.....	126	28,050.00	1,000.00	14.60	6	.....	19	101	4,550.00	501.65	23	.....	5,550.00	516.25
Georgia, southern.....	4	.....	50.00	87.55	1	.....	.....	3	1.00	.....	1	.....	51.00	87.55
Hawaii.....	.....	.....	225.00	130.52	3	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	225.00	130.52
Idaho.....	30	200,400.00	1,160.00	125.00	13	.....	.....	16	500.00	1,203.01	.....	.....	1,160.00	1,328.01
Illinois, northern.....	30	40,950.26	11,745.00	7,649.64	18	.....	1	10	.....	546.47	1	.....	12,245.00	8,196.11
Illinois, southern.....	12	.....	9,200.65	1,298.26	12	.....	.....	.....	25.00	.....	.....	.....	9,225.65	1,298.26
Indiana.....	26	1,070.00	5,034.00	844.02	25	.....	.....	.....	45,496.25	.....	19	.....	50,530.25	6,844.02
Indian Territory, northern.....	267	1,658.00	23,676.60	1,563.00	256	.....	9	2	13,612.00	5,250.83	76	.....	37,288.60	8,813.83
Indian Territory, central.....	257	8,840.00	4,700.05	2,205.23	231	.....	2	24	1,271.00	1,254.68	27	.....	5,971.05	3,459.91
Indian Territory, southern.....	154	10,950.00	21,590.35	85.00	137	.....	11	6	10,830.00	5,040.80	115	.....	32,420.35	9,125.80
Iowa, northern.....	2	.....	1,600.00	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	1,700.00	.....
Iowa, southern.....	7	22,442.14	1,146.00	34.60	6	.....	.....	.....	100.00	.....	1	.....	246.00	34.60
Kansas.....	20	6,750.00	6,750.00	143.70	18	.....	.....	2	100.00	140.95	1	.....	6,850.00	140.95
Kentucky.....	16	.....	1,000.00	143.70	15	.....	.....	.....	2,960.00	943.21	2	.....	4,550.00	1,087.00
Louisiana, eastern.....	2	250.00	250.00	85.30	1	.....	.....	1	3,337.75	846.40	2	.....	3,847.75	881.70
Louisiana, western.....	2	12,640.86	1,000.00	1,000.00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Maine.....	19	.....	1,899.00	692.55	19	.....	.....	2	10.00	16.00	1	.....	1,899.00	1,708.55
Maryland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Massachusetts.....	21	338.30	3,913.00	3,046.44	14	.....	3	4	.....	6.00	.....	.....	3,913.00	3,050.44

Michigan, eastern	18	11,137.28	617.71	1,577.86	7	3	8	363.71	1	1	7	11	3	617.71	1,941.50
Michigan, western	45	4,104.99	3,300.57	1,621.00	34	3	3	7,291.00	2	2	3	7	3	7,291.00	50.00
Minnesota	48	45,550.91	6,430.50	1,621.00	34	3	3	91,886.44	4	39	46	38	97,217.01	2,239.74	
Mississippi, northern	6	1,100.00	5,800.00	47.55	9	1	1	18,305.00	3	6	6	35	24,305.00	1,941.50	
Mississippi, southern	11	1,453.00	729.00	47.55	10	1	1	1,211.13	1	1	1	1	729.00	1,941.50	
Missouri, eastern	55	2,781.64	5,260.91	613.71	49	1	6	3,195.00	15	8	64	72	8,415.92	1,941.50	
Missouri, western	30	1,109.27	2,761.64	106.20	10	1	15	1,398.27	7	3	17	26	3,706.02	1,504.47	
Montana	21	1,109.27	2,761.64	106.20	10	1	15	600.00	1	1	19	19	1,941.50	1,021.00	
Nebraska	14	5,484.56	1,351.00	1,021.00	16	5	5	2,015.00	1	1	15	15	3,715.00	500.00	
Nevada	24	1,700.00	1,700.00	501.00	14	1	1	2,015.00	1	1	15	15	3,715.00	1,021.00	
New Hampshire	11	355.48	2,613.36	406.33	11	1	1	2,613.36	1	1	11	11	2,613.36	406.33	
New Jersey	12	1,518.00	71.00	355.21	8	1	3	25.00	1	2	12	16	96.00	915.95	
New Mexico	13	1,518.00	71.00	355.21	8	1	3	150.00	1	1	12	16	96.00	915.95	
New York, northern	56	1,027.29	5,653.00	40.44	13	1	7	11,452.47	1	1	13	25	5,653.00	50.00	
New York, eastern	24	52,571.35	9,711.43	140.26	36	1	19	1,508.24	1	1	13	25	5,653.00	50.00	
New York, western	66	2,250.00	4,600.00	1,025.00	24	1	1	7,518.02	1	1	24	23	62	3,700.00	
North Carolina, eastern	48	6,000.00	1,600.00	1,025.00	24	15	21	2,100.00	11	24	23	62	3,700.00	871.18	
North Carolina, western	180	40,571.00	6,190.00	199.85	39	47	94	5,440.00	30	57	69	173	11,630.00	1,347.85	
North Dakota	6	2,124.34	2,375.00	4.96	4	2	1	165.00	2	2	8	8	1,725.00	200.00	
Ohio, northern	11	4,571.40	1,017.00	7.00	9	2	2	5.00	2	2	6	8	2,380.00	74.99	
Ohio, southern	128	1,399.02	5,701.88	1,245.19	109	14	2	10.00	2	2	13	13	1,027.00	372.70	
Oklahoma	22	2,108.00	822.75	312.45	11	10	10	1,535.67	23	4	132	150	7,237.55	1,355.51	
Oregon	22	16,411.24	1,222.95	600.56	19	3	3	1,392.75	3	3	14	15	2,215.50	4,655.45	
Pennsylvania, eastern	18	414.42	1,719.65	1,064.73	17	2	1	.06	1	1	18	18	1,719.71	1,064.73	
Pennsylvania, middle	11	30,000.00	2,969.54	1,384.04	4	2	5	23.16	1	1	4	6	1,989.54	1,384.04	
Pennsylvania, western	15	19,448.49	1,441.15	273.35	15	1	1	100.00	1	1	16	16	2,100.00	23.16	
Rhode Island	16	7,650.00	4,400.00	64.16	11	6	12	1,800.00	1	1	10	11	1,541.15	373.35	
South Carolina	9	2,200.00	5,000.00	200.00	6	3	3	975.00	5	3	12	21	6,200.00	1,907.91	
Tennessee, eastern	40	2,455.38	3,140.38	66.36	6	1	33	225.00	9	9	12	15	28	3,965.38	66.36
Tennessee, middle	16	2,025.00	1,000.00	55.00	2	3	3	860.00	7	7	10	20	1,860.00	883.35	
Texas, eastern	10	19,500.00	1,000.00	55.00	4	2	3	4,902.25	2	4	8	11	20	5,902.25	2,447.09
Texas, western	10	29,350.00	28.00	55.00	4	3	3	2,063.00	2	4	8	11	20	5,902.25	2,447.09
Utah	12	29,416.44	410.00	55.00	4	3	3	3,277.16	4	4	5	14	8	887.16	908.45
Vermont	14	500.00	1,880.00	717.87	13	1	1	40.00	40.00	40.00	1	15	1,940.00	540.00	797.87
Virginia, eastern	60	11,400.00	30,252.00	50.00	50	16	44	500.00	1	1	56	82	30,252.00	1,083.57	
Virginia, western	86	28,547.80	30,252.00	50.00	50	16	44	1,036.37	1	2	80	82	30,252.00	1,083.57	
Washington	11	945.00	945.00	293.99	11	4	6	50.00	2	2	13	13	30,252.00	1,083.57	
West Virginia	17	29,123.22	1,850.00	293.99	13	4	6	85.00	6	6	19	23	779.00	731.93	
Wisconsin, eastern	20	901.75	1,850.00	1,760.00	74	3	3	2,038.40	57	57	131	131	8,798.94	8,798.94	
Wisconsin, western	20	901.75	1,850.00	1,760.00	74	3	3	2,038.40	57	57	131	131	8,798.94	8,798.94	
Wyoming	20	475.00	1,475.00	126.65	17	2	2	1,500.00	2	2	19	20	1,975.00	527.24	
Total	2,632	2,046,691.12	950,929.97	56,740.93	1,682	6	621	295,926.19	55,942.57	363	29	396	2,275	2,632	112,683.50



No. 7.—*Statistical summary of business arising from suits, etc., in which the United States fiscal year ending*

Judicial district.	In suits brought during the fiscal year.								
	Suits on Treasury transcripts.		Post-office suits.		Suits on custom-house bonds.		Suits for fines, penalties, and forfeitures under customs revenue and navigation laws.		Suits against collectors of customs, etc.
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No
Alabama, northern			1						
Alabama, middle			2						
Alabama, southern									
Alaska, first division									
Alaska, second division									
Alaska, third division									
Arizona			1				3		
Arkansas, eastern							1	\$100.00	
Arkansas, western			1						
California, northern			1				4	50.00	4
California, southern			2	\$5.00			1		
Colorado			11						
Connecticut			3						
Delaware									
District of Columbia									
Florida, northern									
Florida, southern			4	367.14			5	2,000.00	
Georgia, northern			8						
Georgia, southern			6	61.32					
Hawaii									
Idaho	1	2,027.04							
Illinois, northern			22		2	126.37	2	239.73	
Illinois, southern			21				1		
Indiana			5						
Indian Territory, northern			3	9.28					
Indian Territory, central									
Indian Territory, southern									
Iowa, northern			3						
Iowa, southern			9						
Kansas			11						
Kentucky			8	1,000.80			1		
Louisiana, eastern			1		2	384.35	3	1,500.00	
Louisiana, western									
Maine			2				13		
Maryland			12						5
Massachusetts			15				4		6
Michigan, eastern			3				10		8
Michigan, western			6						
Minnesota			7	934.31					
Mississippi, northern			8						
Mississippi, southern			4				4	2,150.00	
Missouri, eastern			21				2		
Missouri, western			33						
Montana									
Nebraska			2	488.74					
Nevada									
New Hampshire									
New Jersey			6				5		8
New Mexico			3				1		
New York, northern			2				1		1
New York, eastern					1	500.00	2	100.00	
New York, southern			3		10	2,826.77	20		113
New York, western			4	74.00			3		
North Carolina, eastern			10	216.21					
North Carolina, western			2						
North Dakota			3				2		
Ohio, northern			12				2		1
Ohio, southern			18						
Oklahoma	2	444.95	2						
Oregon	2	1,121.40	7				3		
Pennsylvania, eastern			28				7		11
Pennsylvania, middle			2						
Pennsylvania, western			14						
Porto Rico							3		
Rhode Island			2				1		
South Carolina	1	442.69	3						
South Dakota			3						
Tennessee, eastern			9						
Tennessee, middle			3						
Tennessee, western									
Texas, northern			18						
Texas, eastern			4						

*is a party or has an interest, under charge of the Solicitor of the Treasury, during the June 30, 1901.*

In suits brought during the fiscal year.								
Miscellaneous suits.		Total amount reported sued for.	Total amount reported in judgment.	Total amount reported collected.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pend-ing.
No.	Amount.							
56	\$6,513.70	\$6,513.70	\$1,778.00	\$264.31	21	.....	11	25
23	12,266.20	12,266.20	2,000.00	1,564.45	6	.....	12	7
39	34,106.44	34,106.44	5,158.95	9,127.40	19	.....	9	11
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	.....	2,700.00	550.00	22	.....	.....	22
16	3,345.05	3,445.05	3,328.28	706.64	12	.....	2	3
17	750.00	750.00	3,559.50	573.72	17	.....	.....	17
29	30,256.00	30,306.00	1,225.00	1,353.00	14	.....	4	20
17	20,400.00	20,405.00	601.91	210.00	8	1	1	10
26	84,738.53	34,738.53	2,073.00	1,095.24	21	1	2	18
7	.....	.....	905.00	845.66	9	.....	.....	1
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	3,810.53	3,810.53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
33	13,733.35	13,733.35	11,047.22	6,516.17	32	.....	.....	33
15	33,900.00	36,267.14	2,693.00	3,916.70	13	.....	4	7
126	28,050.00	38,050.00	2,010.00	240.75	14	.....	19	101
4	.....	61.32	55.00	121.27	6	.....	.....	4
4	.....	.....	225.00	130.52	3	.....	1	.....
30	200,400.00	202,427.04	1,160.00	125.00	13	1	.....	17
30	40,950.26	41,316.36	16,197.00	9,647.62	40	.....	3	13
12	.....	.....	18,108.33	1,892.61	34	.....	.....	34
26	1,070.00	1,070.00	5,336.00	844.02	30	.....	.....	1
267	1,658.00	1,667.28	24,026.60	1,563.00	258	.....	10	2
257	8,340.00	8,340.00	4,700.05	2,265.23	231	.....	2	24
154	10,950.00	10,950.00	21,590.35	85.00	137	.....	11	6
2	.....	.....	1,721.00	100.00	5	.....	.....	5
7	22,442.14	22,442.14	671.00	281.70	15	.....	.....	1
20	.....	.....	7,803.00	284.59	29	.....	.....	2
16	.....	1,000.80	4,765.80	487.54	24	.....	.....	1
2	.....	1,894.35	479.85	187.45	6	.....	.....	2
2	250.00	250.00	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
3	12,640.86	12,640.86	2,818.88	1,282.10	14	.....	2	2
19	.....	.....	2,452.00	1,252.55	31	.....	2	3
21	338.30	338.30	5,033.00	6,366.20	29	.....	7	10
18	11,137.28	11,137.28	1,077.71	1,887.86	16	.....	7	11
6	4,104.99	4,104.99	1,675.00	1,675.00	6	.....	.....	5
45	45,550.91	46,485.22	7,106.57	3,531.31	40	.....	4	8
6	1,100.00	1,100.00	660.00	60.00	11	.....	.....	3
9	.....	2,150.00	6,026.00	349.50	13	.....	4	.....
11	1,453.00	1,453.00	5,083.00	213.94	33	1	.....	.....
55	2,781.64	2,781.64	11,125.91	5,040.39	82	.....	.....	6
30	1,109,270.76	1,109,270.76	2,861.08	106.20	10	.....	5	15
21	5,484.56	6,973.30	1,461.00	1,021.00	17	.....	1	5
14	.....	.....	1,700.00	500.00	14	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	855.48	355.48	4,524.29	11,281.17	19	.....	2	4
12	1,518.00	1,518.00	1,082.00	402.65	11	.....	1	4
3	.....	.....	375.00	250.00	6	.....	.....	1
21	11,027.29	11,627.29	5,653.00	549.49	14	.....	1	9
56	52,571.35	55,398.12	12,095.67	6,163.47	59	2	4	137
24	2,250.00	2,324.00	5,002.00	1,116.03	30	.....	1	.....
48	6,000.00	6,216.21	2,800.00	265.64	21	.....	15	22
180	40,571.00	40,571.00	6,822.88	432.73	41	.....	47	94
6	.....	.....	1,860.00	100.00	9	2	.....	.....
7	22,124.34	22,124.34	4,976.77	1,339.22	16	.....	2	4
11	4,571.40	4,571.40	3,026.00	1,486.46	27	.....	.....	2
128	1,399.02	1,843.97	5,707.88	1,253.19	111	1	14	6
22	2,108.00	3,229.40	1,707.75	1,818.85	21	.....	3	10
22	16,411.24	16,411.24	1,369.95	937.10	51	1	2	14
.....	.....	.....	200.00	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
18	414.42	414.42	1,871.63	1,126.72	29	.....	2	1
11	30,000.00	30,000.00	2,969.54	135.04	6	1	2	5
1	.....	.....	255.00	688.39	3	.....	.....	1
15	.....	442.69	2,700.00	542.69	18	.....	1	.....
16	19,448.49	19,448.49	1,541.15	373.35	12	.....	1	6
29	7,650.00	7,650.00	5,990.00	428.66	17	.....	9	12
9	2,200.00	2,200.00	700.00	346.06	4	.....	3	5
40	2,455.38	2,455.38	3,140.38	66.36	6	.....	1	38
7	2,025.00	2,025.00	3,090.00	490.00	23	.....	.....	2
16	19,500.00	19,500.00	1,170.00	120.00	6	2	8	9

No. 7.—Statistical summary of business arising from suits, etc., in which the United States  
fiscal year ending

In suits brought during the fiscal year.									
Judicial district.	Suits on Treasury transcripts.		Post-office suits.		Suits on custom-house bonds.		Suits for fines, penalties, and forfeitures under customs revenue and navigation laws.		Suits against collectors of customs, etc.
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	
Texas, western			5				9		
Utah			1						
Vermont			1						
Virginia, eastern			4						
Virginia, western			5						
Washington			4	\$90.00			1		
West Virginia			7						
Wisconsin, eastern			9						
Wisconsin, western			3						
Wyoming			1						
Total	6	\$4,086.06	43	3,236.30	15	\$8,387.49	114	\$6,139.73	147

*is a party or has an interest, under charge of the Solicitor of the Treasury, during the June, 30, 1801—Continued.*

In suits brought during the fiscal year.									
Miscellaneous suits.		Total amount reported sued for.	Total amount reported in judgment.	Total amount reported collected.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.	Pending.	Total number of suits commenced.
No.	Amount.								
10	\$350.00	\$350.00	\$2,181.62	\$1,898.50	18	-----	3	3	24
10	29,416.44	29,416.44	660.00	-----	4	-----	1	6	11
2	500.00	500.00	520.00	520.00	3	-----	-----	-----	3
14	-----	-----	3,790.00	917.87	17	-----	1	-----	18
60	11,400.00	11,400.00	881.57	700.00	4	-----	16	45	65
86	28,547.80	28,627.80	30,747.00	80.00	84	-----	-----	7	91
11	-----	-----	460.00	60.00	18	-----	-----	-----	18
17	29,123.22	29,123.22	2,121.00	1,203.99	22	-----	4	-----	26
76	961.75	961.75	1,961.00	1,860.00	77	-----	-----	2	79
20	-----	-----	675.00	344.05	18	-----	-----	3	21
2,532	2,046,691.12	2,063,941.22	314,377.02	107,523.32	2,183	13	262	789	3,247

No. 7.—*Statistical summary of business arising from suits, etc., in which the United States is a party or has an interest, under charge of the Solicitor of the of Treasury, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Judicial district.	In suits brought prior to the fiscal year.					Total number of judgments in favor of the United States.	Total number of suits disposed of.	Total amount of judgments rendered in favor of the United States.	Total amount of collections from all sources.
	Judgments in old suits.	Collections in old suits.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.				
Alabama, northern.....	\$1,082.68	\$1,313.23	24	16	45	72	\$2,840.68	\$1,577.54	
Alabama, middle.....	953.90	1,089.47	6	3	12	27	2,953.90	2,653.92	
Alabama, southern.....	1,616.81	1,358.12	4	1	23	33	6,775.76	10,485.52	
Alaska, first division.....	2,600.00	1,100.00	3	11	3	14	2,600.00	1,100.00	
Arizona.....	50.00	100.00	1	6	23	29	2,750.00	650.00	
Arkansas, eastern.....	350.00	1,932.11	2	2	14	18	3,678.28	2,638.75	
Arkansas, western.....	1,825.00	270.15	6	1	23	24	5,384.50	843.87	
California, northern.....	10,535.54	4,085.82	15	3	1	29	11,760.54	5,438.82	
California, southern.....	1,465.50	508.22	5	1	13	16	2,067.41	718.22	
Colorado.....	34,270.44	16.20	8	2	29	34	36,343.44	1,111.44	
Connecticut.....	500.00	2,173.60	2	3	11	14	1,405.00	3,019.26	
Florida, northern.....	4,566.00	3,628.34	7	6	39	45	15,633.22	10,144.51	
Florida, southern.....	1,791.69	1,654.38	5	1	18	24	4,484.69	5,571.08	
Georgia, northern.....	4,560.00	548.61	24	1	69	98	6,570.00	789.36	
Georgia, southern.....	1	285.15	1	10	7	17	56.00	406.42	
Hawaii.....					3	4	225.00	130.52	
Idaho.....		1,203.01		5	13	19	1,160.00	1,328.01	
Illinois, northern.....	13,201.94	6,851.21	8	10	48	62	29,398.94	16,498.83	
Illinois, southern.....	1,147.87	831.71	3	1	37	38	14,256.20	2,724.32	
Indiana.....	46,130.13	112.51	21		51	61	51,466.13	956.53	
Indian Territory, northern.....	13,612.00	5,250.83	76	1	27	334	37,638.60	6,813.83	
Indian Territory, central.....	1,271.00	1,254.68	27	7	258	267	5,971.05	3,459.91	
Indian Territory, southern.....	11,980.00	5,090.80	118	1	4	255	33,570.35	5,175.80	
Iowa, northern.....	100.00	30.00	1		6	6	1,821.00	130.00	
Iowa, southern.....	100.00	805.55	1	1	16	17	771.00	1,097.25	
Kansas.....	827.38	1,346.95	6	1	2	35	8,630.38	1,641.54	
Kentucky.....	4,460.00	1,061.21	11	2	3	35	9,225.80	1,548.75	
Louisiana, eastern.....	3,387.75	929.50	3	1	9	10	3,867.60	1,116.95	
Louisiana, western.....	102.00	256.76	3		4	4	352.00	256.76	
Maine.....		2,348.50		5	14	21	2,318.83	3,630.60	
Maryland.....	385.00	412.75	2	6	33	41	2,837.00	1,665.30	
Massachusetts.....	2,500.00	5,497.51	11	2	5	40	7,633.00	11,863.71	
Michigan, eastern.....	150.00	691.71	4	1	20	29	1,227.71	2,579.57	
Michigan, western.....	7,291.00	59.90	2	2	8	10	8,966.00	1,734.90	
Minnesota.....	91,086.44	618.74	5		4	53	98,198.01	4,150.05	
Mississippi, northern.....	335.00		3	6	27	14	995.00	60.00	
Mississippi, southern.....	18,605.00	25.00	27	1	40	45	24,631.00	374.50	
Missouri, eastern.....	142.54	2,758.47	3		1	36	5,225.54	2,972.41	
Missouri, western.....	3,541.26	984.89	18	8	100	108	14,667.17	6,025.28	
Montana.....	844.94	1,398.27	7	3	1	27	3,706.02	1,504.47	
Nebraska.....	650.00	3,886.62	4		21	22	2,111.00	4,907.62	
Nevada.....	2,015.00		1		15	15	3,715.00	500.00	
New Hampshire.....		81.16						81.16	
New Jersey.....	22.90	3,982.05	6		25	27	4,547.19	15,213.22	
New Mexico.....	1,025.00	610.75	6	1	2	17	2,107.00	1,013.40	
New York, northern.....	150.00		1		7	7	525.00	250.00	
New York, eastern.....	502.00	516.26	3		12	17	6,155.00	1,065.75	
New York, southern.....	12,127.40	6,612.66	164	847	326	2,402	24,223.07	12,776.13	
New York, western.....		8,658.02	3		1	33	5,002.00	9,774.05	
North Carolina, eastern.....	2,100.00	1,050.68	11	24	82	71	4,900.00	1,316.32	
North Carolina, western.....	8,884.16	4,746.09	31	57	72	176	15,707.04	5,178.82	
North Dakota.....	170.00	205.00	3		12	14	2,030.00	305.00	
Ohio, northern.....	865.00	824.52	7		23	25	5,841.77	2,163.74	
Ohio, southern.....	61.00	389.85	4	2	31	33	3,087.00	1,876.31	
Oklahoma.....	1,535.67	1,385.97	23	5	134	154	7,243.55	2,639.16	
Oregon.....	1,492.75	153.00	4		25	28	3,200.50	1,971.85	
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	1.00	678.16	3	24	7	54	1,370.95	1,615.26	
Pennsylvania, middle.....					2	2	200.00		
Pennsylvania, western.....	.06		1		30	32	1,871.69	1,126.72	
Porto Rico.....					6	9	2,969.54	135.04	
Rhode Island.....	100.00	146.32	2		5	5	855.00	834.71	
South Carolina.....	568.77		2		20	21	3,268.77	542.69	
South Dakota.....	100.00	100.00	1	1	13	15	1,641.15	473.35	
Tennessee, eastern.....	1,800.00	1,858.75	1	3	18	30	7,790.00	2,282.41	

No. 7.—*Statistical summary of business arising from suits, etc., in which the United States is a party or has an interest, under charge of the Solicitor of the Treasury, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Judicial district.	In suits brought prior to the fiscal year.					Total number of judgments in favor of the United States.	Total number of suits disposed of.	Total amount of judgments rendered in favor of the United States.	Total amount of collections from all sources.
	Judgments in old suits.	Collections in old suits.	Decided for the United States.	Decided against the United States.	Settled, dismissed, etc.				
Tennessee, middle.....	\$975.00	\$242.90	5	...	3	9	15	\$1,675.00	\$588.96
Tennessee, western.....	3,225.00	...	12	...	12	18	31	6,365.88	66.36
Texas, northern.....	2,573.00	2,176.60	7	...	...	80	30	5,663.00	2,666.60
Texas, eastern.....	4,902.25	2,447.09	7	...	6	13	24	6,072.25	2,567.09
Texas, western.....	2,003.00	2,835.36	5	...	...	23	26	4,184.62	4,733.86
Utah.....	3,277.16	1,020.85	5	...	8	9	18	3,937.16	1,020.85
Vermont.....	406.00	480.00	3	1	1	6	8	925.00	1,000.00
Virginia, eastern.....	.60	105.00	2	...	...	19	20	3,850.00	1,022.87
Virginia, western.....	500.00	813.58	1	...	39	5	60	1,381.57	1,513.58
Washington.....	1,047.03	1,506.12	2	3	...	86	89	31,794.03	1,585.12
West Virginia.....	2,263.00	164.01	8	1	...	26	27	2,723.00	214.01
Wisconsin, eastern.....	851.00	440.99	6	...	...	28	32	2,972.00	1,644.98
Wisconsin, western.....	2,038.40	2,143.86	57	...	...	134	134	3,999.40	4,003.86
Wyoming.....	1,600.00	400.59	2	...	1	20	21	2,175.00	744.64
Total.....	347,160.36	110,480.67	876	917	748	3,059	4,999	661,537.38	218,003.99

*Statement of real property in charge of the Solicitor of the Treasury, sold under the provisions of section 3749, United States Revised Statutes, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

When and from whom acquired.	Description.	When and to whom sold.	Amount sold for.
July 2, 1877; P. G. Brandon..	NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ of sec. 4, in T. 19, R. 12 W., in Randolph County, Ala.	Sept. 8, 1900; G. W. Traylor.	\$125.00
July 2, 1877; J. H. Speed.....	House and lot in town of Marion, Perry County, Ala.	Dec. 28, 1900; M. J. Underwood.	366.00
Mar. 3, 1891; J. J. Scroggins.	W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8W. $\frac{1}{4}$ , sec. 29, T. 11, R. 10, in Cherokee County, Ala.	Oct. 20, 1900; J. J. Scroggins.	65.00

*Statement of real property in charge of the Solicitor of the Treasury, acquired in the collection of debts due the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

When and from whom acquired.	Description.	Where situated.
Nov. 26, 1900; L. Frusinski ...	Lot 15, as designated on map entitled "Map of property belonging to Anna Skinkle Allen, situated in the city of Newark, N. J."	Essex County, N. J.
May 2, 1901; Rachel E. Hall..	Lots 3 and 4, in sec. 14, T. 35, R. 21, except 10 acres in northeast corner, comprising 70 acres.	Labette County, Kans.
May 31, 1901; Julia Carter ...	Part of lot 396, in the city of Memphis...	Shelby County, Tenn.
Apr. 10, 1901; J. B. Fain .....	25 acres of land on Wolf Creek, in Hot House Township; 214 acres of land in Hot House Township; 139 acres of land in Hot House Township; and 169 acres of land in Hot House Township.	Cherokee County, N. C.

EXHIBIT I.—*Report of the librarian.*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
Washington, D. C., October 10, 1901.

SIR: I respectfully submit the following report on the library of the Department of Justice for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901:

The leading purchases for the year, aside from the customary and regular accessions, are the American State Reports, the American Statesmen Series, the National Cyclopaedia of American Biography, and the first twenty-three volumes of the Southwestern Reporter, which completes that set of reports. It is my intention to purchase as soon as practicable the American Decisions and to complete our sets of the Reporters comprising the National Reporter system. The Department began taking these Reporters in 1893, but was unable at the time, from lack of funds, to procure the earlier volumes. As these reports contain a large number of cases not elsewhere to be found and are being called for continually, it is important that the library should have the system complete. Their purchase very probably will require an increase in the amount to be asked for this year as a deficiency for the purchase of law books. A few of our sets of State reports are still incomplete, notably the lower courts of Ohio and Pennsylvania. I should very much like to purchase the Weekly Notes of Cases of Pennsylvania and the Circuit Decisions of Ohio. Second-hand books in good condition are, of course, what I have in mind.

Legal periodicals form a valuable part of every properly equipped law library. Librarians throughout the country recognize this fact and are on the lookout and eager to purchase everything of the kind that is at all desirable. Many of these periodicals contain valuable articles on obscure points of law which do not ordinarily appear in legal text-books. These articles are usually the result of careful thought, and it is a matter of regret that I am frequently obliged to decline the purchase of books of this character when I know that in all reasonable probability they will not again be offered to me in years to come, if ever. I suggest that Congress be asked to appropriate regularly for a number of years to come the sum of \$250 annually for the purchase of this class of books.

An unusually large amount of binding was done during the year.

More shelving is required in the storeroom for the accommodation of United States Statutes and the publications of this Department.

The catalogue of foreign books, in languages other than English, in this library was issued the latter part of last December, since which time I have been engaged, when not otherwise occupied with current and ordinary duties, in the preparation of a complete catalogue of all the books in the library. This work has been under way for some time, but only at long intervals and for brief periods have I been able to do anything on it. Its preparation will continue during the coming year, and it now seems quite probable, barring unforeseen delays, that the manuscript will be completed within one year from the date of this report.

It has been customary for Congress to appropriate for this library each year a sum proven to be inadequate to its needs, and later in the year to provide an additional amount as a deficiency. Last year \$2,250 was appropriated for books for the law library and \$500 for session laws and statutes; but of the \$2,250, \$1,750 was provided in the regular

appropriation act and \$500 in the general deficiency. The same thing occurred the year before. In order to do away with this ever recurring deficiency, I suggest that the full amount needed be appropriated at one time, and accordingly recommend that Congress be asked to appropriate for the library of this Department for the ensuing year as follows:

For books for the law library of the Department .....	\$2, 250
For session laws and statutes of the States and Territories for the library of the Department .....	500
For legal periodicals for the library of the Department .....	250

Very respectfully,

JAMES A. FINCH, *Librarian.*

#### PURCHASES.

	Volumes.
United States Supreme Court Reports.....	61
United States circuit and district court reports.....	17
State reports .....	251
English, Irish, and Canadian reports.....	38
Notes on the Revised Statutes of the United States.....	2
Statutes, codes, and session laws of the several States and Territories.....	69
English and Canadian statutes .....	3
German code.....	1
Digests (general) of all the courts, Federal and State.....	8
Digests of United States Reports, including notes thereon .....	8
Digests of State reports, including citations.....	23
Digests of English and Irish reports .....	9
Digests of patent decisions .....	2
Digests of insurance law .....	2
Works on jurisprudence .....	71
Economics and sociology.....	2
Encyclopedias, general.....	1
Cyclopedias, legal .....	5
History.....	13
Biography .....	46
Works, writings, speeches, etc.....	6
Dictionaries.....	9
Atlas .....	1
Periodicals, legal .....	28
Periodicals, general .....	2
Legal directory.....	1
Railway Guide .....	1
Journal of the Federal Convention of 1787 .....	1
Continuous catalogue of law books.....	1
Opinions of the Attorney-General .....	42
State papers.....	10
Departmental publications .....	6
List of army officers .....	1
Total .....	741

#### REGULAR RECEIPTS.

*Interstate, national, and foreign exchanges.*

##### FROM STATES AND TERRITORIES.

Alabama:	
Alabama Reports, vols. 121-125 .....	5
California:	
Statutes and Amendments to the Codes of California, 1900 extra session and 1901.....	1



	Volumes.
Connecticut:	
Register and Manual of Connecticut, 1901 .....	1
Hawaii:	
Hawaiian Reports, vol. 12 .....	1
Illinois:	
Laws of Illinois, 1901 .....	1
Illinois Reports, vols. 184-188 .....	5
Iowa:	
Laws of Iowa, 1900 .....	1
Kansas:	
Laws of Kansas, 1901 .....	1
Kansas Reports, vol. 61 .....	1
Kansas Court of Appeals Reports, vols. 8, 9 .....	2
Maine:	
Laws of Maine, 1901 .....	1
Maine Reports, vol. 94 .....	1
Massachusetts:	
Acts and Resolves of Massachusetts, 1900 .....	1
Report of the State Librarian of Massachusetts, 1900 .....	1
Minnesota:	
Minnesota Reports, vols. 75-78 .....	4
Mississippi:	
Laws of Mississippi, 1900 .....	1
Mississippi Reports, vols. 76, 77 .....	2
Nevada:	
Compiled Laws of Nevada, 1861-1900 .....	1
New Hampshire:	
New Hampshire Reports, vol. 69 .....	1
New Jersey:	
State Library Reports, 1898, 1899 .....	2
New York:	
Laws of New York, 1900, vols. 1, 2 .....	2
Ohio:	
Laws of Ohio, 1900 .....	1
Pennsylvania:	
Catalogue of Law Books of the Pennsylvania State Library, 1899 .....	1
South Carolina:	
South Carolina Reports, vols. 54-58 .....	5
South Dakota:	
Laws of South Dakota, 1899 .....	1
Utah:	
Laws of Utah, 1901 .....	1
Vermont:	
Laws of Vermont, 1900 .....	1
Washington:	
Washington Reports, vol. 22 .....	1
West Virginia:	
West Virginia Code, 1899 .....	1
Wyoming:	
Wyoming Reports, vol. 7 .....	1

## FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Bureau of American Republics:	
Monthly Bulletins, 1900-1901, vols. 9 and 10 .....	2
Civil Service Commission:	
Sixteenth Report of the Civil Service Commission, 1898-99 .....	1
Court of Claims:	
Court of Claims Reports, vol. 35 (23 copies) .....	23
Department of Agriculture:	
Yearbook, 1895 .....	1
Experiment Stations, 1900 .....	1
Principal Rivers of the United States, 1896-99, vol. 6 .....	1
Atmospheric Radiation, G .....	1
Department of the Interior:	
Decisions of the Department of the Interior relating to Public Lands, vol. 29 .....	1
Decisions of the Department of the Interior in Pension and Bounty Land Cases, vol. 10 .....	1

	Volumes.
Department of the Interior—Continued.	
Specifications and Drawings of Patents, July, 1896, to September, 1898.....	54
Geological Atlas of the United States, Nos. 5, 8, 10, 11, 12, 40, 41, 42, 43, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69.....	14
Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents, 1899.....	1
Population of the United States, June 1, 1900.....	1
Official Gazette United States Patent Office, vols. 92-95.....	4
Second Report of the United States Board on Geographic Names, 1901....	20
Department of Labor:	
Fourteenth Annual Report of the Commissioner of Labor, 1899.....	1
Department of State:	
Commercial Relations of the United States, 1899.....	1
Compilation of Treaties in Force, 1899.....	1
Laws of Florida, 1899.....	1
Laws of Vermont, 1900.....	1
Compte général de l'administration de la justice civile et commerciale en France et en Algérie, 1897.....	1
Compte général de l'administration de la justice criminelle en France et en Algérie, 1897.....	1
Estadística de la administración de justicia en lo criminal, durante el año de 1897, en la Península é islas adyacentes (3 copias).....	3
Same, 1898 (3 copias).....	3
Estadística de la administración de justicia en lo civil, durante el año de 1897, en la Península é islas adyacentes (3 copias).....	3
Same, 1898 (3 copias).....	3
Die Ergebnisse der Civilrechtspflege in den im Reichsrathe vertretenen Königreichen und Ländern im Jahre 1896. Wien, 1900.....	1
Die Ergebnisse der Strafrechtspflege in den im Reichsrathe vertretenen Königreichen und Ländern im Jahre 1896. Wien, 1900.....	1
Verzeichnis der Advocaten und k. k. Notare, 1899.....	1
Al Archipiélago Filipino. Colección de datos, 1900.....	1
Atlas de Filipinas, 1899.....	1
Executive Mansion:	
Laws of New York, 1900, 2 vols.....	2
Fish Commission:	
Report of the Commission of Fish and Fisheries, 1899.....	1
Fishes and Fisheries of Porto Rico, 1900.....	1
Government Printing Office:	
Congressional Record, vol. 33, parts 1-8 and index.....	9
Congressional Record, vol. 34, parts 1-4 and index.....	5
Interstate Commerce Commission:	
Fourteenth Annual Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, 1900....	1
Statistics of Railways in the United States, 1899.....	1
Navy Department:	
Report of the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, 1898.....	1
Manual of Instruction in Ordnance and Gunnery for the United States Naval Training Service.....	1
Post-Office Department:	
United States Official Postal Guide, 1901, vol. 23.....	1
Smithsonian Institution:	
Annual Report of the Smithsonian Institution, 1898.....	1
Annual Report of the Smithsonian Institution (United States National Museum), 1897, vol. 2.....	1
Fishes of North and Middle America, 1896-1900, 4 vols.....	4
Annual Report of the Bureau of American Ethnology, 1895-96, vol. 2.....	1
Seventeenth Annual Report of the Bureau of American Ethnology, 1895-96, vol. 1.....	1
Eighteenth Annual Report of the Bureau of American Ethnology, 1896-97, vol. 1.....	1
Proceedings of the United States National Museum, 1900, vol. 22.....	1
Annals of the Astrophysical Observatory (Smithsonian Institution), 1900, vol. 1.....	1
Statistique Judiciaire de la Belgique, 1898.....	1
Superintendent of Documents:	
Congressional documents (Senate and House).....	256
Congressional Record, vol. 33, parts 1-8 and index.....	9
Congressional Record, vol. 34, parts 1-4 and index.....	5
Geological Atlas of the United States, Nos. 2, 3, 61, 62, 63.....	5

Superintendent of Documents—Continued.	Volumes.
Document Catalogue, 1896-97 .....	1
Abstract of Report on Fever in the United States Camps in 1898.....	1
United States Coast Pilot, parts 7, 8 .....	2
United States Internal-Revenue Gauger's Manual, 1900.....	1
The Insular Cases, 1901 .....	1
Coast Pilot Notes on Alaska, 1900-1901.....	1
United States Statutes, second session Fifty-sixth Congress .....	1
First Annual Report of Governor Allen, of Porto Rico .....	1
Tide Tables for 1902 (United States Coast Survey).....	1
Bureau of Education: Contributions to American Educational History, Nos. 21, 26, 27, 29 .....	4
Military Government of Porto Rico, 1898-1900.....	1
Decisions of the Treasury Department (tariff acts, 1883, 1890, 1894, and 1897) .....	1
Explorations in Alaska, 1899 .....	1
Report of the Population, Commerce, etc., of Porto Rico, 1899.....	1
<b>Treasury Department:</b>	
Customs Regulations, 1899 (6 copies) .....	6
Decisions of the Comptroller of the Treasury, vol. 6.....	1
Estimates of Appropriations, 1902 .....	2
Annual Report of the Life-Saving Service, 1899.....	1
United States Internal-Revenue Gaugers' Manual, 1900.....	1
Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, 1900, 2 vols .....	2
Annual Report of the Commissioner of Navigation, 1900 .....	1
Annual Report of the Director of the Mint, 1900.....	1
Treasury Decisions, 1900, vol. 3 .....	1
Treasury Decisions, Internal-Revenue, 1900, vol. 3 .....	1
Annual Report of the Light-House Board, 1900.....	1
Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1900 .....	1
United States Coast Pilot, Part 5, Atlantic Coast .....	1
Atlas of the Philippine Islands, 1900.....	1
Annual Reports, Commerce and Navigation of the United States, 1900, vol. 1 .....	1
Synopsis of Decisions, Treasury Department, 1868, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1876, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1889, 1890, 1891 (2 vols.), 1892 (2 vols.), 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898 (2 vols.), 1899-1900 (3 vols.), 1900, Internal Revenue, vol. 3.....	31
Digest, Synopsis of Decisions, 1872-1882, 1898-99 .....	2
Index to Synopsis of Decisions, 1883-1890, 1890-1895 .....	2
Decisions of the Treasury Department (acts 1883, 1890, 1894, 1897), 1901 ..	1
<b>War Department:</b>	
Census of Cuba, 1899 .....	1
Report of the Gettysburg National Park Commission, 1893-1899 .....	1
Index Catalogue of the Library of the Surgeon-General, United States Army, vol. 5.....	1
Manual of the Medical Department, 1900.....	1
Soldiers' Handbook, United States Army, Revised, 1900 .....	1
War of the Rebellion: Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies, series 2, vols. 2, 3, 4, 5 .....	4
Same, series 4, vols. 1, 2, 3 .....	3
Census of Porto Rico, 1899 .....	1
Report of the War Department, 1899, vol. 2, pt. 1 .....	1
Same, 1900, vol. 2, pts. 1-8 and vol. 3.....	9
Army Register, 1901 .....	1
Translation of the Law of Civil Procedure for Cuba and Porto Rico, 1901 ..	1
Appendix to Army Regulations, 1900 (5 copies) .....	5
United States Army Regulations, 1895, with Appendix, 1901 (3 copies) ...	3
Digest of Opinions of the Judge-Advocate-General of the Army, 1901 (McClure) .....	1
<b>FROM CANADA.</b>	
Statutes of Canada, Eighth Parliament, 1900, 2 vols. in 1.....	2
Statuts du Canada, Huitième Parlement, 1900, 2 vols. in 1.....	2
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>623</b>

## SPECIAL RECEIPTS.

	Volumes.
From miscellaneous sources, donations.....	3
From exchange .....	20
Total .....	23

## SUMMARY.

Acquired by purchase .....	741
Acquired by regular receipts (interstate, national, and foreign exchange) .....	623
Acquired otherwise (special exchanges and donations).....	23
Total number of accessions:	
Books .....	1,387
Pamphlets .....	89

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

## Receipt and distribution of United State statutes.

	Statutes at Large.													U. S. statutes.		Supplement to Revised Statutes.					
	Vol. 18.	Vol. 19.	Vol. 20.	Vol. 21.	Vol. 22.	Vol. 23.	Vol. 24.	Vol. 25.	Vol. 26.	Vol. 27.	Vol. 28.	Vol. 29.	Vol. 30.	Fifty-sixth Congress, first session.	Fifty-sixth Congress, second session.	Revised Statutes, 1878.	Vol. 1, 1891.	Vol. 2, Nos. 1-5.	Vol. 2, No. 6.	Vol. 2, No. 7.	Vol. 2, No. 8.
On hand July 1, 1900.....	46	30	46	17	46	42	45	46	46	46	47	51	61	703	715	49	49	43	43	45	.....
Received during fiscal year.....	15	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	703	715	50	30	30	30	30	750
Total on hand and received during fiscal year.....	46	45	46	42	46	42	45	46	46	46	47	51	61	703	715	99	79	73	73	75	750
Distributed during fiscal year to:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	15	1	1	1	1	1	15
Supreme Court of the United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	28	4	3	3	3	3	28
United States circuit judges.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
Clerks United States circuit courts of appeals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
Libraries United States circuit courts of appeals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
United States Court of Claims.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Supreme court of the District of Columbia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Police court of the District of Columbia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Supreme court of Hawaii.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Circuit courts of Hawaii.....	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Supreme court of Porto Rico.....	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	94	92	6	5	5	5	5	6
United States district judges.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	107	104	12	11	7	7	7	110
United States attorneys.....	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	98	97	14	8	6	6	6	99
United States marshals.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	107	104	12	11	7	7	7	110
Clerks of United States courts.....	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	272	276	18	15	11	11	11	284
Department of Justice.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	27	4	2	2	2	2	30
Office of the Solicitor of the Treasury.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
Commission to revise the penal laws of the United States.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Commission to revise the laws of Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total distribution.....	84	83	82	82	85	84	83	85	84	83	84	85	40	703	701	77	62	56	56	56	723
Remaining July 1, 1901.....	12	12	14	10	11	8	9	11	12	13	13	16	21	.....	.....	22	17	17	17	19	27

*Receipt and distribution of publications of the Department of Justice.*

	On hand July 1, 1900.	Received during fiscal year.	Total.	Distrib- uted dur- ing fiscal year.	Remain- ing July 1, 1901.
<b>Annual Reports of the Attorney-General:</b>					
1870.....	20	.....	20	1	19
1871.....	91	.....	91	.....	91
1872.....	9	.....	9	.....	9
1873.....	42	.....	42	.....	42
1874.....	40	.....	40	.....	40
1875.....	6	.....	6	1	5
1876.....	11	.....	11	1	10
1877.....	41	3	44	.....	44
1878.....	48	.....	48	.....	48
1879.....	38	.....	38	.....	38
1880.....	45	.....	45	.....	45
1881.....	43	.....	43	.....	43
1882.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1883.....	50	.....	50	.....	50
1884.....	7	.....	7	.....	7
1885.....	6	.....	6	.....	6
1886.....	19	1	20	.....	20
1887.....	5	1	6	.....	6
1888.....	99	.....	99	2	97
1889.....	91	1	92	.....	92
1890.....	137	.....	137	2	135
1891.....	157	.....	157	22	135
1892.....	123	.....	123	.....	123
1893.....	157	.....	157	12	145
1894.....	204	.....	204	6	198
1895.....	310	10	320	.....	320
1896.....	66	.....	66	8	58
1896, Appendix.....	440	2	442	.....	442
1897.....	191	.....	191	29	162
1898.....	199	.....	199	18	181
1899.....	214	.....	214	52	162
1900.....	.....	2,000	2,000	1,719	281
<b>Registers of the Department of Justice:</b>					
1871.....	3	.....	3	.....	3
1872.....	41	.....	41	.....	41
1873.....	1	.....	1	.....	1
1874.....	12	.....	12	.....	12
1876.....	18	.....	18	.....	18
1883.....	24	4	28	.....	28
1884.....	17	.....	17	.....	17
1886.....	13	.....	13	.....	13
1891.....	69	5	74	.....	74
1895.....	230	.....	230	100	130
1897.....	2	7	9	.....	9
1898.....	584	.....	584	291	298
1900.....	.....	2,000	2,000	1,258	742
<b>Opinions of the Attorneys-General:</b>					
Volume 1.....	.....	150	150	1	149
Volume 2.....	.....	150	150	1	149
Volume 3.....	.....	150	150	1	149
Volume 4.....	.....	150	150	1	149
Volume 5.....	.....	150	150	1	149
Volume 6.....	.....	44	44	4	40
Volume 7.....	.....	77	77	6	71
Volume 8.....	.....	71	71	13	58
Volume 9.....	.....	5	5	1	4
Volume 10.....	.....	5	5	1	4
Volume 11.....	.....	5	5	1	4
Volume 12.....	.....	5	5	1	4
Volume 13.....	134	.....	134	2	132
Volume 14.....	179	.....	179	5	174
Volume 15.....	145	.....	145	10	135
Volume 16.....	140	.....	140	7	133
Volume 17.....	234	.....	234	9	225
Volume 18.....	218	.....	218	4	214
Volume 19.....	275	.....	275	7	268
Volume 20.....	302	.....	302	8	294
Volume 21.....	264	.....	264	16	248
Volume 22.....	258	.....	258	39	219
Digest of Opinions of Attorneys-General.....	2	1	3	.....	3
Cousar's Digest.....	503	.....	503	98	405
Catalogue of Foreign Books in the Library, 1900.....	.....	150	150	33	117
Subject Catalogue of the Library of the Department of Justice, 1894.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20

EXHIBIT J.—Detailed statistics of United States prisoners confined in prisons, penitentiaries, reformatories, etc., during the year ended June 30, 1901.

District.	Institution.	Location.	Superintendent or warden.	Districts from which prisoners were received during the year, with number from each district.	In prison July 1, 1900.	Received from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.	Total in prison during the year.	Discharged from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.	Remaining in prison June 30, 1901.	Discharged.				Transferred to insane asylum.
										By expiration of sentence.	Died.	Pardoned.	By habeas corpus.	
Arizona	Territorial prison	Yuma	Herbert Brown	Arizona (20)	42	20	62	41	21	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
California, northern	State prison	San Quentin	M. L. Aguirre	California, northern (17); California, southern (1); Colorado (4)	64	18	82	25	56	16	.....	.....	10	.....
Colorado	State penitentiary	Folsom	Thos. Wilkinson	Colorado (4)	10	.....	10	5	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut	State prison	Canon City	E. H. Martin	Alabama (1); Louisiana, eastern (1); North Carolina, western (8); Tennessee, eastern (3); Tennessee, western (1); Texas, northern (2); Texas, western (18)	4	4	8	4	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
District of Columbia	Reform school	Wethersfield	Albert Garvin	Alabama (1); Louisiana, eastern (1); North Carolina, western (8); Tennessee, eastern (3); Tennessee, western (1); Texas, northern (2); Texas, western (18)	14	.....	14	1	13	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
		Washington	G. A. Shallenberger	Alabama (1); Louisiana, eastern (1); North Carolina, western (8); Tennessee, eastern (3); Tennessee, western (1); Texas, northern (2); Texas, western (18)	23	18	41	12	29	10	.....	1	.....	.....
Idaho	State penitentiary	Boise City	C. E. Arney	Illinois, northern (12); Illinois, southern (1)	8	.....	8	8	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois, northern	State penitentiary	Joliet	E. J. Murphy	Illinois, northern (12); Illinois, southern (1)	29	13	42	22	20	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.	State reformatory	Pontiac	M. M. Mallory	Illinois, northern (1)	6	1	7	6	1	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois, southern	Southern Illinois penitentiary	Chester	J. M. Tanner	Illinois, southern (16)	35	16	51	22	29	18	1	2	.....	1
Indiana	State prison	Michigan City	G. A. H. Shideler	Indiana (2)	9	.....	9	6	3	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.	Reform school for boys	Pianfield	E. E. York	Indiana (16)	1	2	3	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do.	Marion County workhouse	Indianapolis	A. D. Shaw	Iowa, northern (1)	7	16	23	15	8	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa, northern	State penitentiary	Anamosa	W. A. Hunter	Iowa, southern (5)	5	1	6	6	6	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa, southern	do	Fort Madison	N. N. Jones	Arkansas, eastern (24); Arkansas, western (13); Colorado (3); Indian Territory, northern (83); Indian Territory, central (15); Indian Territory, (15)	17	5	22	10	12	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kansas	United States penitentiary	Fort Leavenworth	R. W. McClaghry	Arkansas, eastern (24); Arkansas, western (13); Colorado (3); Indian Territory, northern (83); Indian Territory, central (15); Indian Territory, (15)	902	313	1,215	409	806	369	7	33	.....	.....

[illegible]



EXHIBIT J.—Detailed statistics of United States prisoners confined in prisons, penitentiaries, reformatories, etc.—Continued.

District.	Institution.	Location.	Superintendent or warden.	Districts from which prisoners were received during the year, with number from each district.	In prison July 1, 1900.	Received from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.	Total in prison during the year.	Discharged from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.	Remaining in prison June 30, 1901.	Discharged.				
										By expiration of sentence.	Died.	Pardoned.	By habeas corpus.	Transferred to insane asylum.
New York, northern.....	Albany County penitentiary.	Albany.....	J. E. Carscadden.....	.....	78	.....	78	36	42	32	2	.....	.....	2
New York, eastern .....	Kings County penitentiary.	Brooklyn.....	Patrick Hayes.....	New York, eastern (5); New York, southern (7).	16	12	28	12	16	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York, southern.....	Sing Sing State prison.....	Sing Sing.....	Addison Johnson.....	New York, eastern (5); New York, southern (22).	60	27	87	21	66	19	1	.....	.....	1
Ohio, northern.....	House of correction.....	Cleveland.....	R. A. Butler.....	Ohio, northern (3).....	5	3	8	7	1	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio, southern.....	Ohio penitentiary.....	Columbus.....	Wm. M. Darby.....	Indiana (12); Alabama, northern (1); Indiana Ter- ritory, northern (108); Indian Territory, central (65); Ohio, northern (14); Ohio, southern (16); Tex- as, northern (1).	406	214	620	208	412	187	11	8	.....	2
Oregon.....	State penitentiary.....	Salem.....	I. D. Lee.....	Oregon (1).....	8	1	9	5	4	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	Eastern penitentiary.....	Philadelphia.....	D. W. Bussinger.....	Pennsylvania, eastern (15)	43	15	58	21	37	20	1	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania, western.....	House of refuge.....	Glen Mills.....	F. H. Rebeck.....	Pennsylvania, eastern (1)	2	1	3	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania, western.....	Western penitentiary.....	Allegheny.....	Edward S. Wright.....	Pennsylvania, western (21)	23	21	44	18	26	17	.....	2	.....	.....
Pennsylvania, western.....	Reform school.....	Morgantown.....	J. A. Quay.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Porto Rico.....	Penitentiary.....	San Juan.....	Maximino Legiti- marik Viall.....	Porto Rico (12).....	.....	12	12	1	11	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Rhode Island.....	State prison.....	Cranston.....	Neven Viall.....	Rhode Island (19).....	4	19	23	19	4	4	1	.....	14	.....
South Carolina.....	State penitentiary.....	Columbia.....	D. Griffith.....	South Carolina (3).....	.....	.....	3	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Dakota.....	.....do.....	Sioux Falls.....	O. S. Swenson.....	Nebraska (6); North Da- kota (1); South Dakota (7).	23	14	37	12	25	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, middle.....	.....do.....	Nashville.....	W. H. Hartford.....	Alabama, northern (27); Alabama, middle (9); Alabama, southern (6); Florida, northern (10);	152	273	425	143	282	138	7	4	.....	.....

Utah .....	State prison .....	Salt Lake City .....	G. N. Dow .....	5	2	7	4	3	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont .....	.....do .....	Windsor .....	E. V. Oakes .....	3	1	1	3	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do .....	House of correction .....	Rutland .....	D. L. Norgan .....	9	6	15	8	7	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia, eastern .....	Industrial school .....	Laurel .....	J. W. Cringan .....	3	1	4	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington .....	United States penitentiary .....	McNeil Island .....	G. L. Palmer .....	68	100	168	71	97	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
West Virginia .....	State penitentiary .....	Moundsville .....	C. E. Haddox .....	242	192	434	85	349	80	3	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do .....	Reform school .....	Pruntytown .....	O. E. Dornall .....	2	1	3	1	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin, eastern .....	State prison .....	Waupun .....	C. C. McClaughry .....	7	.....	7	2	5	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do .....	House of correction .....	Milwaukee .....	Fred Heiden, Jr. ..	20	54	74	58	16	58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming .....	State penitentiary .....	Laramie .....	W. R. Adams .....	5	.....	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	.....	2,991	1,650	4,641	1,611	3,030	1,469	41	63	27	11	.....	.....	.....

Florida, southern (10);  
Georgia, northern (15);  
Georgia, southern (13);  
Kentucky (21); Louisiana,  
western (4); Mississippi,  
northern (12); Missis-  
sippi, southern (14);  
North Carolina, eastern  
(42); North Carolina,  
western (42); Tennessee,  
eastern (17); Tennessee,  
middle (12); Tennessee,  
western (10); Virginia,  
eastern (1); Virginia,  
western (3).  
Utah (2) .....

Vermont (1) .....

Vermont (6) .....

Virginia, eastern (1) .....

Alaska (19); Idaho (8);  
Oregon (3); Washington  
(70).  
District of Columbia (162);  
Virginia, eastern (5);  
Virginia, western (10);  
West Virginia (16).  
West Virginia (1) .....

Illinois, northern (9) Wis-  
consin, eastern (4); Wis-  
consin, western (41).

EXHIBIT J.—Detailed statistics of United States prisoners confined in prisons, reformatories, etc.—Continued.

Of those received during the year ended June 30, 1901.																				
District.	Institution.	Crimes or offenses.											Nativity.	Sex.	Habit of life.					
		Violation of revenue laws.	Counterfeiting.	Violation of postal laws.	Introducing liquor into Indian country, or selling liquor to Indians.	Violation of laws relating to pensions.	Larceny.	Murder and manslaughter.	Embezzlement.	Perjury.	Forgery.	Robbery and burglary.				Offenses other than those named.				
		1	5	5	5	1	2							6	10	10	20	6	14	Admit themselves to be intemperate.
Arizona.....	Territorial prison.....													12	14	4	18	6	12	Claim to be temperate.
California, northern.....	State prison.....																			
Do.....	do.....																			
Colorado.....	State penitentiary.....			4																
Connecticut.....	State prison.....																			
District of Columbia.....	Reform school.....	3	3	12											18	18	18	18	18	
Idaho.....	State penitentiary.....																			
Illinois, northern.....	do.....																			
Do.....	State reformatory.....			4	4											3	12	1	13	
Illinois, southern.....	Southern Illinois penitentiary.....			1											1	1	1	1	1	
Indiana.....	State prison.....			12											16	16	16	6	10	
Do.....	Reform school for boys.....			2																
Do.....	Marion County workhouse.....			2		1														
Do.....	State penitentiary.....			13	2															
Iowa, northern.....	do.....	3	1												2					
Iowa, southern.....	United States penitentiary.....	19	23	27	31	3	114	39	5	6	1		45	298	15	311	5	2	300	13
Kansas.....	State penitentiary.....																			
Do.....	do.....																			
Kentucky.....	State penitentiary.....			2											16	16	16	16	16	
Maine.....	Industrial school of reform.....			2											1	1	1	1	1	
Maryland.....	State prison.....			2											5	5	5	5	5	
Do.....	State penitentiary.....			1	3										2	2	2	2	2	
Do.....	House of reformation.....			8											4	4	4	4	4	
Do.....	House of refuge.....														1	1	1	1	1	
Do.....	St. Mary's Industrial School.....			1											8	8	8	8	8	
Massachusetts.....	State prison.....																			
Do.....	Massachusetts reformatory.....			1											1	1	1	1	1	
Do.....	Reformatory prison for women.....			1											1	1	1	1	1	
Michigan, eastern.....	House of correction.....			14		1	2	2	1	1	1				17	4	21	15	6	15
Minnesota.....	State prison.....	1	1	5	1										12	4	13	3	13	
Missouri, western.....	State penitentiary.....		23	19											49	6	65	30	25	



EXHIBIT J.—Detailed statistics of United States prisoners confined in prisons, reformatories, etc.—Continued.

		Of those received during the year ended June 30, 1901.										Of those in prison June 30, 1901.								
District.	Institution.	Color.		Education.		Social relation.	Previous conviction.	Age when admitted.					Disabled or sick.	Working.						
		White.	Colored.	Indians.	Could read and write.			Could read only.	Could neither read nor write.	Married.	Single.	In prison for first time.		Heretofore served imprisonment.	Under 20 years of age.	Between 20 and 30 years of age.	Between 30 and 40 years of age.	Between 40 and 50 years of age.	Over 50 years of age.	On piece-price plan.
Arizona.....	Territorial prison.....	7	1	12	12	...	8	6	14	19	1	1	5	9	4	1	2	...	38	21
California, northern.....	State prison.....	18	...	...	17	...	1	4	14	16	2	4	9	1	2	2	1	2	5	17
Do.....	do.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4
Colorado.....	State penitentiary.....	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	3	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	4	4
Connecticut.....	State prison.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	8
District of Columbia.....	Reform school.....	15	3	...	11	2	5	18	18	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29
Idaho.....	State penitentiary.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illinois, northern.....	do.....	13	...	...	13	...	...	8	5	12	1	1	3	5	3	1	...	...	...	6
Do.....	State reformatory.....	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Illinois, southern.....	Southern Illinois penitentiary.....	13	3	...	14	2	7	7	9	14	2	1	7	5	3	...	3	15	10	1
Indiana.....	State prison.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do.....	Reformatory.....	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4	6	2	2	...	...	3	2
Do.....	Reformatory school for boys.....	16	...	...	16	...	...	7	9	16	...	1	1	1	2	2	1	...	8	8
Iowa, northern.....	Marion County workhouse.....	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5
Iowa, southern.....	State penitentiary.....	6	...	...	5	...	...	2	3	5	...	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	6	12
Kansas.....	United States penitentiary.....	211	68	84	234	2	77	112	201	286	27	30	172	58	36	17	7	36	763	6
Do.....	State penitentiary.....	1	3	1	4	...	1	2	3	5	5	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	12
Kentucky.....	Industrial school of reform.....	1	1	...	2	...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	8	3
Maine.....	State prison.....	4	...	...	4	...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	2	2	2	...	...	3	6
Maryland.....	State penitentiary.....	4	1	...	5	...	...	2	3	5	...	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	17	6
Do.....	House of reformation.....	...	8	...	3	2	3	...	8	7	1	8	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	19
Do.....	House of refuge.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do.....	St. Mary's Industrial School.....	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Massachusetts.....	State prison.....	1	1	...	1	2	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	8	3
Do.....	Massachusetts reformatory.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do.....	Reformatory prison for women.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Michigan, eastern.....	House of correction.....	20	1	...	20	1	10	11	17	17	4	11	5	2	3	...	1	...	...	2
Minnesota.....	State prison.....	10	...	6	13	...	3	9	7	13	...	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	91	2
Missouri.....	State penitentiary.....	45	10	...	49	1	5	14	41	52	3	9	26	11	6	3	6	...	14	12
Missouri, western.....	State reformatory.....	20	16	16	21	8	23	52	...	50	2	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	86
Do.....	State reform school.....	2	...	1	2	...	1	2	1	3	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	113	2
Montana.....	State penitentiary.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nevada.....	State prison.....	5	1	2	6	1	1	5	3	8	...	1	2	2	1	3	1	...	...	11

[illegible]

<sup>1</sup>Of this number 48 were Chinese.

EXHIBIT K.—*Report of the warden of the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kans.*

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY,  
*Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the reports of the chief clerk, chaplain, physician, record clerk, superintendent of farm, and superintendent of construction of the new United States penitentiary, which together make up the report of this penitentiary for the year which closes with this day.

The population at the close of last fiscal year was 902. The gain during the year was 313, loss 409, leaving a total of 806 present at this date.

The appropriation for the fiscal year was \$163,400. The amount expended was \$160,316.88, leaving an unexpended balance of \$3,083.12. The items of expenditure are fully shown in accompanying tables.

The net cost of subsistence for the year was \$32,146.48. The average yearly cost of subsistence per prisoner was \$39.95, against \$42.80 last year. The average daily cost per prisoner was 10.94 cents, against 11.72 cents last year. The gross cost of maintenance per prisoner was \$199.21, against \$200.97 last year.

The physician's report, with accompanying tables, shows that the general health of the prisoners has continued good throughout the year. By rigid attention to sanitary conditions malarial and typhoid fevers have been almost entirely prevented. There is great need of an isolated ward for the treatment of consumptives, but I am not without hope that we can secure one at the new penitentiary during the coming year.

Both the Protestant and Catholic chaplains have fulfilled their duties during the year with zeal and faithfulness. The lack of facilities still prevents the carrying on of school work, except in the most unsatisfactory manner, but, owing to the construction of the buildings at the prison now occupied, this condition can not be changed without an expenditure that does not seem warranted, in view of the probability of early removal to the new penitentiary.

The report of the bookkeeper and record clerk will be found more complete in statistical information than ever before. It is my purpose to make a permanent record, as far as possible, of the daily history of this penitentiary, so that the same can be examined at any time without depending on the personal recollection of any individual. Attention is called to the fact that 115 of our prisoners are under 20 years of age and 560 under 30, while but 38 out of 806 are above 50. These figures present an unanswerable argument in favor of a system of discipline so seasoned with instruction and training in productive labor as to form in these young men the habit of and desire for useful work to an extent that will make them self-supporting when they are again free.

I beg to suggest in this connection that a carefully devised plan of parole, or conditional release, for deserving first offenders will, in connection with the system of training above suggested, be productive of the best results, by encouraging and enabling many first offenders to lead self-supporting and useful lives after they are released. Table 10, which gives "occupations followed before conviction," is made up entirely from the statements of prisoners when received, and, to some

extent, is misleading. Of 442 registered as "farmers," probably most were born on farms and spent their childhood there, but very few were practical farmers or craved labor of any kind. Very few of those who called themselves "laborers," "barbers," "blacksmiths," "carpenters," "cooks," etc., had any practical knowledge of the trades that they claimed to understand, or had followed them with any regularity. To so train these men that they shall go out with the desire and ability to be self-supporting is to solve the problem of "reformation" so far as it can be done in a penitentiary.

Attention is called to Table 13, which shows the number of days that prisoners were employed during the year, also number of days lost by sickness, enforced idleness on account of bad weather, etc. I am gratified to be able to report that the percentage of time lost by punishments is less than one-half of 1 per cent. Good discipline has been maintained. Three prisoners escaped during the year, two of whom were recaptured.

The farm and garden have been successfully cultivated and have yielded a satisfactory amount of grains and vegetables, which have aided materially in reducing cost of subsistence.

The work of constructing the new penitentiary has made commendable progress. A great deal of material and labor have been thus far expended in preparing foundations for walls and buildings, and making such excavations and fills as are necessary to bring the surface inside the inclosing walls to proper grade.

The accompanying report of the superintendent of construction gives the details in full. Every effort is being put forth to so far complete the two interior cell houses, the boiler house, and laundry building, that at least the force of prisoners employed on the new structure may be housed there at the earliest day possible, thus saving the time now occupied by the prisoners in marching forth and back between the two prisons, and avoiding the constant danger that attends the movement of so large a body of men. The difficulty of obtaining supplies of structural steel and iron on time has caused unavoidable delay, but it is hoped that another year will see one cell house ready for occupancy.

Again acknowledging my obligations to yourself and the Department which you represent, as well as to the official staff, the guards and employees of the penitentiary, for support and assistance during another year, I have the honor to remain.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. W. McClaughry, *Warden.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

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FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANS., *June 30, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith a report of the financial affairs of this institution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, showing the total expenditures, the expenditures under the several sub-appropriations, and the per capita expense for subsistence, clothing, and general maintenance.

Respectfully,

C. K. Macey, *Chief Clerk.*

The WARDEN,



## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

## STATEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY, FISCAL YEAR 1901.

Statement of appropriations and expenditures, United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., fiscal year 1901.

Appropriations	\$163,400.00
Expenditures	160,316.88
Balance unexpended	3,083.12

## Subappropriations.

	Appropriated.	Expended.
Salaries of officers, clerks, and employees, etc.	\$43,200.00	\$40,670.66
Cost of food, clothing, and other necessities	22,500.00	22,028.26
Cost of fuel, light, and other supplies	30,000.00	29,919.18
Cost of medical supplies	5,000.00	1,998.78
Cost of other supplies	60,000.00	60,000.00
Cost of other expenses	5,000.00	1,800.00
	163,400.00	160,316.88

## Statement of expenditures for assistance during the fiscal year 1901.

Salaries of officers, clerks, and employees, etc., since July 1, 1900	\$422.62
Cost of food, clothing, and other supplies, fiscal year 1901	32,976.80
	33,399.51
Cost of food, clothing, and other supplies, on hand June 30, 1901	1,244.03
	32,146.48
Cost of food for convicts fed	\$04.75
Cost of clothing for convicts	\$39.95
Cost of daily cost per man	\$0.1094

## Statement of amount expended for clothing during the fiscal year 1901.

Cost of clothing and clothing material, including discharge clothing	\$13,454.96
Cost of clothing per man	16.72

## Statement of amount expended for maintenance, gross cost per year and per day, during fiscal year 1901.

Amount for year	\$160,316.88
Cost of material of prisoners	\$04.75
Cost of food per man per year	\$199.213
Cost of clothing per man per day	\$0.5458

## REPORT OF BOOKKEEPER AND RECORD CLERK.

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY,  
Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901.

I have the honor to submit a statistical statement of the records and statistics for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

Respectfully,

M. W. McClaughry,  
Bookkeeper and Record Clerk.

TABLE 1.—*Alterations in prison population since June 30, 1900, giving number of prisoners received, discharged, pardoned, escaped, died, transferred, or otherwise released, and number remaining in the penitentiary at close of fiscal year, June 30, 1901.*

Date.	Gain.				Loss.							
	From civil courts.	From military courts.	From return of escaped prisoners.	Total.	Discharged.					Transferred.		
					Expiration of sentence.	Commutation of sentence.	Pardoned.	Escaped.	Died.	To other penitentiaries.	To military authorities.	Total.
July, 1900.....	14	3	.....	17	20	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	23
August, 1900.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	36
September, 1900.....	5	.....	.....	5	30	2	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
October, 1900.....	25	5	.....	30	26	1	1	2	.....	1	.....	31
November, 1900.....	17	.....	1	18	35	5	.....	.....	1	1	.....	42
December, 1900.....	29	4	1	34	16	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
January, 1901.....	.....	1	.....	1	46	.....	4	.....	1	.....	.....	51
February, 1901.....	5	1	.....	6	23	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	26
March, 1901.....	60	3	1	64	34	2	7	.....	1	.....	.....	44
April, 1901.....	16	.....	.....	16	30	1	2	.....	2	.....	.....	35
May, 1901.....	61	1	.....	62	20	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
June, 1901.....	60	.....	.....	60	32	2	4	1	1	.....	.....	40
Total.....	292	18	3	313	347	16	33	3	7	2	1	409

## RECAPITULATION.

Date.	In prison at beginning of month.	Gain.	Loss.	In prison at close of month.
July, 1900.....	902	17	23	896
August, 1900.....	896	.....	36	860
September, 1900.....	860	5	40	825
October, 1900.....	825	30	31	824
November, 1900.....	824	18	42	800
December, 1900.....	800	34	20	814
January, 1901.....	814	1	51	764
February, 1901.....	764	6	26	744
March, 1901.....	744	64	44	764
April, 1901.....	764	16	35	745
May, 1901.....	745	62	21	786
June, 1901.....	786	60	40	806
Total.....	.....	313	409	.....

In penitentiary at beginning of year.....	902
Gain.....	313
Loss.....	409
In penitentiary at close of year.....	806

TABLE 2.—*Districts and States from which prisoners were committed to the United States Penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

Arkansas:	
Eastern district.....	24
Western district.....	13
	37
Colorado.....	3
Indian Territory:	
Central district.....	15
Northern district.....	83
Southern district.....	99
	197
Kansas.....	12
Oklahoma.....	13

Texas:	
Eastern district .....	4
Northern district.....	17
Western district.....	9
	<hr/> 30
Military prisoners .....	18
	<hr/>
Total .....	310
Escapes recaptured during the year.....	3
	<hr/>
Grand total received .....	313

TABLE 3.—*Ages of prisoners in confinement in the United States Penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year June 30, 1901.*

From 16 to 20 years of age .....	115
From 20 to 30 years of age .....	445
From 30 to 40 years of age .....	143
From 40 to 50 years of age .....	65
Over 50 years of age.....	38
	<hr/>
Total .....	806

TABLE 4.—*Crimes, and number of convicts committed for each crime to the United States Penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year June 30, 1901.*

Crime.	Num- ber.	Crime.	Num- ber.
Adultery.....	5	Manslaughter .....	33
Aiding a felon .....	1	Murder .....	38
Arson .....	4	Perjury and subornation of perjury .....	10
Assault, etc .....	23	Rape .....	7
Attempt to murder .....	5	Receiving stolen property .....	13
Breaking into post-office.....	20	Removing mortgaged property.....	1
Bigamy .....	1	Robbery .....	15
Burglary .....	21	Robbing United States mail.....	6
Carnally knowing female under 16 .....	3	Smuggling, concealing smuggled prop- erty, etc .....	3
Counterfeiting, having counterfeit coin, etc .....	47	Stealing Government property .....	1
Disposing of liquor.....	56	Throwing missiles into passenger coach .....	2
Disposing of mortgaged property .....	2	Uttering forged instrument .....	1
Embezzlement .....	14	Violation of act of March 18, 1884 .....	1
False pretense .....	12	Violation of various articles of war.....	30
Forgery .....	12	Violation of postal laws .....	11
Illicit distilling .....	23	Violation of revenue laws .....	3
Impersonating an officer.....	3	Violation of pension laws .....	3
Incest .....	2	Violation of sections 5475 and 5478, Re- vised Statutes.....	2
Introducing liquor.....	22	Violation of section 5469, Revised Stat- utes.....	1
Kidnaping .....	4		
Killing a hog with intent to steal.....	1		
Larceny.....	342		
Making false report.....	1	Total .....	806

TABLE 5.—*Educational attainments of prisoners in the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year, June 30, 1901.*

Can read and write.....	584
Can read but not write.....	9
Can not read and write .....	213
	<hr/>
Total .....	806

TABLE 6.—*Number of first and number of repeated convictions of prisoners in the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year, June 30, 1901.*

First convictions .....	720
Known or admitted former convictions .....	86
	<hr/>
Total .....	806

TABLE 7.—*Conjugal relation of prisoners in the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans.*

Married .....	283
Widowed .....	33
Divorced .....	8
Single .....	482
Total .....	806

TABLE 8.—*Length of terms and number of prisoners committed for each term to the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year, June 30, 1901.*

Length of time.	Num-ber.	Length of time.	Num-ber.
6 months.....	2	4 years and 8 months.....	1
1 year.....	2	5 years.....	297
1 year and 1 day.....	63	5 years and 1 day.....	1
1 year and 10 days.....	1	5 years and 1 month.....	3
1 year and 1 month.....	1	5 years and 2 months.....	1
1 year and 2 months.....	4	5 years and 5 months.....	2
1 year and 3 months.....	10	5 years and 6 months.....	1
1 year and 5 months.....	1	5 years and 10 months.....	2
1 year and 6 months.....	24	6 years.....	10
2 years.....	85	6 years and 6 months.....	2
2 years and 2 days.....	2	7 years.....	11
2 years and 2 months.....	1	7 years and 6 months.....	3
2 years, 3 months, and 1 day.....	1	8 years.....	6
2 years and 4 months.....	2	9 years.....	1
2 years and 6 months.....	33	10 years.....	36
2 years, 6 months, and 1 day.....	1	11 years and 1 day.....	1
3 years.....	97	15 years.....	5
3 years and 1 day.....	3	16 years.....	1
3 years and 3 days.....	2	20 years.....	10
3 years and 6 months.....	5	99 years.....	1
4 years.....	44	Life.....	22
4 years and 2 days.....	1		
4 years and 6 months.....	4	Total .....	806

TABLE 9.—*Nativity of prisoners in the United States Penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year, June 30, 1901.*

Where born.	Num-ber.	Where born.	Num-ber.
Alabama.....	25	Oklahoma.....	1
Arkansas.....	67	Oregon.....	1
California.....	3	Pennsylvania.....	5
Colorado.....	3	Rhode Island.....	1
Connecticut.....	2	South Carolina.....	5
District of Columbia.....	2	Tennessee.....	36
Florida.....	2	Texas.....	129
Georgia.....	23	Vermont.....	1
Illinois.....	16	Virginia.....	8
Indiana.....	12	West Virginia.....	2
Indian Territory.....	212	Wisconsin.....	3
Iowa.....	12	Wyoming.....	1
Kansas.....	28	Austria.....	1
Kentucky.....	22	China.....	1
Louisiana.....	5	Canada.....	2
Maine.....	1	England.....	3
Massachusetts.....	6	France.....	7
Michigan.....	5	Germany.....	13
Mississippi.....	28	Ireland.....	3
Missouri.....	60	Italy.....	1
Nebraska.....	3	Mexico.....	5
New Jersey.....	2	Scotland.....	3
New York.....	10	Wales.....	1
North Carolina.....	8		
Ohio.....	16	Total .....	806

## RECAPITULATION.

Number born in the United States.....	766
Number foreign born.....	40
Total.....	806

TABLE 10.—*Occupations followed before conviction by prisoners in United States Penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901 (according to their statements when received).*

Occupation.	Num-ber.	Occupation.	Num-ber.
Baker .....	1	Liveryman .....	1
Banker .....	1	Machinist .....	3
Barber .....	19	Medical student .....	2
Blacksmith .....	12	Merchant .....	4
Boiler maker .....	1	Miner .....	9
Bookkeeper .....	7	Painter .....	7
Bootblack .....	1	Photographer .....	2
Brakeman .....	3	Physician .....	1
Bricklayer .....	5	Plumber .....	1
Broom maker .....	1	Porter .....	5
Butcher .....	4	Printer .....	4
Carpenter .....	11	Prospector .....	1
Chiropodist .....	1	Quarryman .....	1
Cigar maker .....	1	Railroad man .....	2
Civil engineer .....	2	Sailor .....	4
Clerk .....	14	Salesman .....	8
Coachman .....	2	Sawmill hand .....	1
Cook .....	19	School-teacher .....	1
Commercial traveler .....	1	Shoemaker .....	1
Cooper .....	1	Soldier .....	8
Cowboy .....	30	Steam fitter .....	2
Distiller .....	1	Steamboat man .....	1
Druggist .....	2	Stockman .....	5
Electrician .....	1	Stonecutter .....	3
Engineer .....	8	Stone mason .....	2
Farmer .....	442	Tailor .....	2
Fireman .....	8	Teamster .....	20
Gas fitter .....	1	Telegraph operator .....	1
Gambler .....	1	Timberman .....	1
Glass blower .....	1	Tinner .....	2
Harness maker .....	1	Upholsterer .....	1
Horse trainer .....	5	Waiter .....	14
Hostler .....	6	Weighmaster .....	1
Interpreter .....	1	Woodworker .....	2
Laborer .....	76		
Laundryman .....	1	Total .....	806
Lineman .....	1		

TABLE 11.—*Habits of life of prisoners in the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901.*

Claim to be temperate .....	774
Admit use of intoxicants to excess .....	32
Total .....	806

TABLE 12.—*Average number of prisoners in the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., during fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

	Average number.		Average number.
1900.		1901.	
July .....	897.29	January .....	789.32
August .....	878.90	February .....	751.60
September .....	842.90	March .....	751.58
October .....	816.38	April .....	756.16
November .....	810.66	May .....	765.13
December .....	804.58	June .....	792.50

## RECAPITULATION.

Average prison population, first six months .....	841.78
Average prison population, second six months .....	787.72
Average prison population for the year .....	804.75

*Statement showing number of days' board and distribution of labor of prisoners during fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

.....	221,700
.....	12,206
.....	19,913
.....	34,597
.....	3,414
.....	1,083
.....	292,913
.....	75.69
.....	4.17
.....	6.80
.....	.37
.....	11.81
.....	1.16
Total .....	100

*14.—Race, and number of each race, of prisoners in the United States penitentiary, Fort Leavenworth, Kans., at close of fiscal year June 30, 1901.*

.....	502
.....	113
.....	184
.....	1
.....	6
Total .....	806

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY,  
*Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit my report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

In reviewing the work of the last year in my department, there is reason for both gratitude and regret—gratitude for the privilege of continuing to preach to these unfortunate men the gospel of hope and salvation; regret on account of opportunities wasted, and not seeing the results anticipated at the beginning of the year. However, good seed has been sown, and in due time, doubtless, the fruitage will appear.

The mission of the Son of Man was to seek and to save the lost. Those who are likewise engaged, whether in prisons or elsewhere, are doing what God approves and the world needs. The faithful, earnest preaching of the Word is essential to genuine reformation.

The main room in our chapel has usually been well filled at the morning services, and sometimes every seat in the gallery was occupied. As on the outside, so here, some do not care to attend, but they have the opportunity, which they are free to improve or not.

The Bible class is still kept up, and about the same interest has been taken in its study as stated in my last report. Forty-five sessions were held, averaging 104, a slight falling off from last year's attendance. The chaplain has charge of the class, enjoys teaching, and is

hopeful of good results. He believes this service is necessary to real prison reform, and hence promotive of prison discipline.

The prison library continues to be well patronized; number of books issued each week, 500, making a total of 26,000 for the year. Since my last report 400 Bibles have been purchased, at a cost of \$208. Bibles are given out only to such as make application, as the supply will not permit us to place a copy in each cell. The censorship of the prison mail, while not altogether a pleasant task, is of value to the chaplain in his work. It acquaints him somewhat with the inner life of each correspondent, and puts him in touch with the home of the prisoner. The entire work pertaining to the prisoners' mail was superintended by the chaplain until April 18, 1901, when the part relating to the inspection of letters received and the folding, addressing, and the stamping of outgoing letters was turned over to the record clerk.

Number of letters sent out .....	21, 715
Number of stamps used.....	18, 375
Number of stamps returned to chief clerk April 18, 1901 .....	169

Amount of moneys received in prisoners' mail, \$2,789.67, which was duly turned over to the chief clerk. All other articles thus received for prisoners were sent to the office of the deputy warden, according to instructions.

A large number of secular and religious papers, magazines, and other periodicals coming to my office have been faithfully distributed among the prisoners. We are greatly indebted to the Bible Institute and Colportage Association, of Chicago, for their valuable contribution of a large number of volumes of the Colportage Library; also to Rev. W. D. A. Matthews, of Onarga, Ill., for a large collection of books, magazines, papers, etc.

I have carried out, as far as possible, Rule 2, under instructions governing the chaplain in his duties, and would refer you to the tabulated statement given below for information.

Number of prisoners interviewed, 317; of these—

Married .....	126
Unmarried .....	181
Illiterate .....	97
Fairly educated in common schools.....	101
Having primary instruction only .....	92
Academics and collegiates.....	19
Total abstainers.....	132
Addicted to the use of strong drinks.....	133
Intemperate .....	51
Reared in Christian homes.....	272
Not thus reared .....	45

Miss Edith Campion has rendered faithful service as organist. The orchestra is in charge of B. N. King, a prison guard.

Seven prisoners have died during the year. Appropriate services were held in the chapel prior to their burial in the prison cemetery.

In conclusion, accept my thanks for your confidence and support. I am also grateful to the deputy warden and other prison officials and guards for their uniform courtesy shown me in the discharge of my duties.

Respectfully submitted.

F. J. LEAVITT, *Chaplain.*

The WARDEN.

FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANS., *October 10, 1901.*

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith my annual report of the hospital department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.

I succeeded Dr. F. M. Thomas as prison physician August 1, 1900. The report will cover the entire fiscal year.

There was an outbreak of varioloid July 25, lasting until August 14, with a total of 10 cases; a second outbreak April 11, 1901, lasting until May 27, with a total of 12 cases; no deaths.

There was an outbreak of mumps August 17, 1900, lasting until November 3, with a total of 11 cases.

Erysipelas made its appearance December 24, 1900, lasting until February 19, 1901, with a total of 10 cases; a second outbreak took place on March 22, ending on April 22, 1901, with a total of 4 cases; no deaths.

During August and September the hospital was given a thorough cleaning; carpets and linoleum were removed, closets repaired, walls whitewashed, and appliances perfected for flushing the sewers regularly and frequently. Iron gratings were placed on all external openings and an unarmed guard placed inside at night, thus giving the patients free access to the closets at night as well as in daytime, and the night nurses were able to attend all who required attention. Neither could be done before, when each ward was locked separately at night, so that the night guard could patrol each ward. One noticeable result is that there has been no typhoid fever during the year.

An effort was made to have the hospital remodeled so as to afford better facilities for classifying patients and segregating those dangerous to others by association. The plans were not approved; consequently the same objections still exist, viz, consumptives can be only partially isolated. The lack of an operating room renders aseptic surgery impossible, and only emergency operations are attempted. The Department has rendered great assistance by pardoning several patients (see Table 5) who were in advanced stages of disease and who had become dangerous to other patients by infection. Most of those pardoned have since died. The bathing facilities of the prison have been changed from tubs to shower baths for sanitary reasons, the efficacy of which has been fully proven.

Digestive troubles are the most prevalent among the men, as will be seen in Table 2. This table represents only a small proportion of the trouble in the total prison population, as no diagnostic record can be kept of those appearing on sick call every day, and who are treated with medicines, but can not be classed as sick. The cause must be attributed to the drinking of unfiltered water and the lack of enough fresh fruit and vegetables. The preparation of food could be made more palatable and wholesome if better facilities were provided for cooking. The shopmen with sedentary occupations are now given an exercise march in the yard each day, which has caused a noticeable decrease in the daily number on sick report. A microscopical outfit has been added to the laboratory apparatus, which, in time, will become invaluable in the diagnosis of many diseases. I also append a detailed statement of the various diseases treated during the year, giving the number of patients treated for each disease and the result of the treatment. In Table 3 is given the number of times different patients have been treated in the hospital during the year. In Table 5 is given a



summary of the hospital record during the year, and in Table 6 is given the mortuary list for the year.

I also append in Table 7 a statement of those reporting on sick call during the year, with the disposition made of each case.

Respectfully,

DAVID McDILL, *Physician.*

The WARDEN.

*Medical cases treated in hospital.*

In hospital July 1, 1900.....	20
Admitted during year .....	466
Discharged .....	452
Resulting in death.....	7
Remaining July 1, 1901.....	27
Total .....	486

*Surgical cases treated in hospital.*

In hospital July 1, 1900.....	4
Admitted during year.....	73
Discharged.....	75
Remaining.....	2
Total .....	77

*Summary of treatment.*

Total morning and evening sick call .....	14, 641
Treated and returned to duty .....	12, 526
Treated and sent to quarters .....	1, 576
Remaining under treatment in hospital from past year.....	24
Admitted and treated in hospital during year .....	539
Discharged from hospital during year.....	527
Remaining in hospital, end of year .....	29
Died during the year .....	7
	563
Less number remaining from last year .....	24
	539
Total .....	14, 641

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY,  
*Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith a report showing the estimated receipts from the prison farm for the current year, the number of acres under cultivation, the various crops raised, the acreage, estimated yield and value of each, the expenditures for farm implements, seeds, etc., and the principal items of labor performed in the line of transportation.

In explanation of the limited yield of a large proportion of a number of the crops, I will state that it is due to the protracted drought which has prevailed in this locality from about the middle of April up to the present time.

Respectfully,

GEO. T. HOLYBEE,

*Superintendent of Farm and Transportation.*

The WARDEN.

*Estimated receipts from farm.*

Crops.	Acres.	Estimated yield.	Value.
Wheat.....bushels..	100	2,219	\$1,820
Corn.....do.....	250	7,000	8,500
Oats.....tons.....	100	50	750
Hay.....do.....	100	150	2,250
Potatoes.....bushels..	65	2,000	2,000
Onions.....do.....	5	1,000	1,500
Tomatoes.....do.....	6	600	800
Beans.....do.....	1½	100	100
Peas.....do.....	1	50	50
Cabbage.....heads..	2	5,000	250
Turnips.....bushels..	1½	300	150
Beets.....do.....	2	150	150
Pepper.....do.....	½	25	25
Radishes.....do.....	1½	200	200
Lettuce.....do.....	½	250	75
Spinach.....do.....	½	200	25
Cauliflower.....dozen..	½	100	60
Eggplant.....do.....	½	100	60
Broom corn.....tons..	8	8	1,600
Millet.....do.....	25	20	200
Sowed corn.....do.....	20	20	200
Cane.....do.....	6	3	30
Farnips.....bushels..	1	300	300
Carrots.....do.....	1	200	250
Total .....	698½		15,345

*Expenditures, farm.*

Machinery and implements.....	\$1,200.05
Machinery repairs.....	46.80
Seeds.....	988.71
Binding twine.....	94.40

*Statement of labor performed.*

Average number of men employed per day.....	30
Average of teams employed.....	30
Plowing and cultivating.....acres..	700
Saw logs hauled to new prison site.....	600
Loads of sand hauled to new prison site.....	2,500
Loads of rock hauled.....	2,000
Loads of cinders hauled to new prison site.....	800
Loads of cement hauled to new prison site.....	1,000
Loads of cord wood hauled to new prison site.....	800
Loads of iron hauled to new prison site.....	200

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY,  
Fort Leavenworth, Kans., June 30, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith a report showing, in tabular form, the principal items of labor performed and materials used

CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMATION

CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMATION

CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMATION

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CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMATION

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Cement .....	tons..	700
Steel and iron structural material .....	do....	120
Sawn stone slabs .....	do....	450
Quarried stone .....	perch..	14, 210
Roofing slate .....	squares..	86
Pine lumber .....	feet..	45, 000
Saw logs .....		600

## MATERIAL USED.

Sand for mortar .....	wagon loads..	2, 500
Cinders for concrete .....	do....	800
Crushed rock for footings and roads .....	yards..	8, 000
Cement for foundations and walls .....	sacks..	13, 168
Lumber sawed for scaffolding, etc .....	feet..	60, 000
Wood for brick burning .....	cords..	600

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Developing quarry .....	days' labor..	5, 650
Work on roads .....	do....	800
Work on fences .....	do....	80
Cutting ties .....	do....	600
Cutting wood .....	do....	1, 500
Carpenter work .....	do....	1, 878
Blacksmith work .....	do....	1, 878
Machinist work .....	do....	1, 878
Engineers .....	do....	1, 565
Switchmen .....	do....	1, 565
Structural steel setting (laundry) .....	do....	1, 000
Building one new and rebuilding old brick kiln .....	do....	125

EXHIBIT L.—*Report of the board of trustees of the Reform School,  
District of Columbia.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 9, 1901.

SIR: In accordance with law, I have the honor to submit the report of the board of trustees of the Reform School of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1901.

At the beginning of the fiscal year there were in the school 192 boys; there were received during the year 148, a total of 340 as against 309 for the previous year. One hundred and twenty-three of those received were committed by the police court, and 3 by the supreme court of the District of Columbia, 18 by United States courts outside of the District, and 1 by the president of the board of trustees. Three boys who had escaped were returned.

There were discharged during the year 79 by order of the trustees, 10 by expiration of sentence (United States courts), and 1 by pardon of the President of the United States. Six escaped and are still absent, and 7 were returned to the police court by its order, leaving in the school June 30, 1901, 237. There were no deaths during the year, and the general health of the inmates was and is good.

The accompanying table shows the estimates of appropriations for the next fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, which, under the law, have been submitted to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia before insertion in the act making appropriations for the District. The amount appropriated for salaries for the present fiscal year was \$16,452. The amount of the present estimate for salaries is the same. The amount estimated as necessary for the support of the inmates is the same as was appropriated for the present fiscal year and has been appropriated for a number of years past.

The foundation for the additional boiler for the heating and power plant, for which Congress made an appropriation of \$3,000 at the last session, has been prepared, with the necessary accompanying brick work, and it is expected that the boiler will be installed ready for use before the beginning of cold weather.

During the year such necessary repairs for the proper care and preservation of the buildings and personal property belonging to the school as the amount available under the appropriation for the support of inmates permitted were made, including those to the workshops, family buildings, barns, stables, fencing, sewers, roadway, steam plant, etc., in all of which work the boys were employed whenever practicable. The amount available for repairs each year is not sufficient to do everything that is required, and there is included in the estimates for the coming year an item of \$1,500 for making general repairs to all of the buildings needing them, and for painting them.

The assembly hall, work upon which was going on at the date of the last report, was completed and has been in use since May last. It is a well-designed and thoroughly well-constructed building, creditable both to the architect and the contractors, and its use is of great benefit to the school.

The parole system is working well and has already demonstrated the wisdom of Congress in making special provision for it.

The school playgrounds have been regraded and are now in better condition than ever. Farm crops were not as good as usual, owing to the hot, dry season.

Notwithstanding the amount of outdoor work and work in the shops done during the year, the hours of attendance in the schoolroom have been more than usual and the results obtained better than heretofore.

In the last report it was stated that "The present maximum capacity of the school is 250 boys, if the number of white and colored boys is such as to utilize the provision made for each." The present report shows that the decrease in the number of boys in the school in 1899 and 1900 was temporary, the number in 1901 being even greater than that in 1898, the general tendency being to increase with the growth of population. The increase does not, however, always follow the color line. At present the number of colored boys in proportion to the white is much greater than usual. In last year's report the superintendent recommended the erection of another family building, but the trustees did not ask for one, nor have they included the cost of one in the estimates for the next fiscal year. It would be a good thing for the school and for the public service to erect another family building. The continued increase in the gross number of boys in the school and the disproportion between the colored and white alike call for this.

The board regrets to announce the death since the close of the last fiscal year of Mr. William S. Thompson, who had been a trustee of the school for nearly fourteen years and rendered most faithful and efficient service.

Very respectfully,

CECIL CLAY,  
*President Board of Trustees.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL,  
*Washington, D. C.*

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*Estimates for appropriations for Reform School, District of Columbia, fiscal year ending June 30, 1903.*

One superintendent .....	\$1,500
One assistant superintendent .....	900
Teachers and assistant teachers .....	5,040
Matron of school .....	600
Four matrons of families, at \$180 each .....	720
Three foreman of workshops, at \$660 each .....	1,980
One farmer .....	480
One engineer .....	396
One assistant engineer .....	300
One tailor, one cook, one shoemaker, at \$300 each .....	900
One baker .....	300
One laundress .....	180
Two dining-room servants, one seamstress, and one chambermaid, at \$144 each ..	576
One florist .....	360
Watchmen, not exceeding six in number .....	1,620
Secretary and treasurer to board of trustees .....	600
Total .....	16,452

Support of inmates, including groceries, flour, feed, meats, dry goods, leather, shoes, gas, fuel, hardware, furniture, tableware, farm implements, seeds, harness and repairs to same, fertilizers, books, stationery, plumbing, painting, glazing, medicines and medical attendance, stock, fencing, repairs to buildings, including material for same, and for shop use, and other necessary items, including compensation, not exceeding \$900, for additional labor or services, and for transportation and other necessary expenses incident to securing suitable homes for discharged boys, not exceeding \$500, all under the control of the Commissioners .....	\$26, 000
General repairs and painting of buildings .....	1, 500

## REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

REFORM SCHOOL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,  
*June 30, 1901.*

I have the honor to present herewith my annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901:

Total number of boys received since opening .....	2, 704
Total number of deaths since opening .....	13
Rate of mortality, less than one-half of one per cent.	
Average age of boys received since opening (years) .....	13. 7
Number of boys in school June 30, 1900 .....	192
Received during the year:	
By commitment from police court of District of Columbia .....	123
By commitment from supreme court of District of Columbia .....	3
By commitment from United States district courts .....	18
By commitment from president of board of trustees .....	1
By escapes returned .....	3
	148
Total number during the year .....	340
Number discharged during the year:	
By order of the board of trustees (honor) .....	53
By special order of board of trustees .....	26
By expiration of sentence (United States courts) .....	10
By pardon of the President of the United States .....	1
By death .....	0
By escapes, and still absent .....	6
By return to police court, by order of court .....	7
	103
Number remaining in school June 30, 1901 .....	237
Maximum number during the year .....	237
Minimum number during the year .....	186
Average number of boys during the year .....	220
Average age of boys received during the year (years) .....	14. 3
Time in which honorable discharge may be secured (years) .....	2
Possible reduction by "good time" allowance (months) .....	4
Number received on first commitment .....	136
Number received on second commitment .....	12
Total number received .....	148
Record as to personal habits before commitment:	
Number having kept bad company and used tobacco .....	74
Number having a doubtful record .....	47
Number having a doubtful record, but coming from a good home .....	27
Total number received .....	148

## Employment prior to commitment:

Number not employed in any way .....	61
Number employed part of the time .....	51
Number attended school regularly .....	9
Number attended school part of the time .....	27
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>

## Cause of commitment:

Assault .....	6
Indecent assault .....	1
Larceny .....	58
Money larceny .....	13
Incorrigibility .....	40
Vagrancy .....	1
Housebreaking .....	3
Depredation on property .....	2
Violation of revenue laws .....	3
Violation of United States postal laws .....	12
Passing counterfeit money .....	3
Disorderly conduct .....	4
Carrying concealed weapons .....	2
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>

## Religious associations of boys before commitment:

Parents attended Baptist Church services .....	65
Parents attended Catholic Church services .....	20
Parents attended Methodist Church services .....	47
Parents attended Lutheran Church services .....	1
Parents attended Presbyterian Church services .....	1
Parents attended Christian Church services .....	1
Parents attended Episcopal Church services .....	3
Parents attended Dunkard Church services .....	1
Parents not attending any religious services .....	9
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>

## Nationality of boys received during the year:

Parents born in the United States .....	135
Parents born in Germany .....	7
Parents born in Ireland .....	4
Parents born in England .....	1
Parents born in Hungary .....	1
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>

## Parental relations when received:

Number having both parents living .....	60
Number having both parents living, but separated .....	20
Number having lost father by death .....	36
Number having lost mother by death .....	13
Number having lost both parents by death .....	13
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>

## Educational standing of boys when received:

Number who did not know alphabet .....	10
Number who knew the alphabet only .....	35
Number who could read in the primer .....	44
Number who could enter the second school grade .....	42
Number who could read tolerably well .....	17
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>
Number who had no knowledge of penmanship .....	62
Number who could write name only .....	40
Number who could write imperfectly .....	36
Number who could write fairly well .....	10
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>148</b>



## Educational standing of boys when received—Continued.

Number who had never studied arithmetic.....	73
Number who had practical examples in addition.....	54
Number who had advanced to division.....	16
Number who had practical examples in decimal fractions.....	5
Total.....	148

The superintendent has received from various sources, and has turned the same over monthly during the year, in lawful money of the United States, to Samuel W. Curriden, treasurer of the school, who has carried the same into the United States Treasury for the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia jointly, as follows, viz:

From gains in paper-box industry .....	\$2, 725. 10
From sales from greenhouses .....	340. 71
From sales of surplus farm products .....	68. 85
From miscellaneous sources.....	231. 19
Total cash receipts.....	3, 365. 85

We close the past fiscal year under fairly good conditions in each separate department of the school.

Our population has been regularly increasing from month to month, and as will be noted elsewhere in this report, the number of boys present was much larger than any time during the previous year. This excess alone must add much to the aggregate cost of maintenance, and it will be remembered also that advanced prices are still maintained for almost every kind of food and other necessary supplies.

Our many buildings, especially those long in use, are badly in need of repairs, no fund having been directly provided for such purposes, not at least for anything of a permanent character. The woodwork generally needs painting, both inside and out, and the metal roofing on main and "A" buildings should be made new in parts and permanently repaired in others.

We have had for years a few persons employed in important positions who are not receiving a fair compensation for the amount of labor and responsibility they are expected to assume daily. My first concern is for the cook, who, with such aid only as can be furnished him by boys selected for such purposes, has to prepare the food necessary for our entire population—three regular meals each day and for three hundred and sixty-five days in each year. He is required to have a personal and intelligent knowledge of what is prepared for both officers and inmates, and is expected to practice an honest handling of all stores intrusted to his keeping. Having frequently advised, would again most urgently request that he be advanced on the general pay roll to \$33 per month.

Still further, our tailor and baker are both required to be skilled workmen and competent to manage this special and only less important work for which they are held responsible. It is very difficult to secure a satisfactory succession in either of these positions when a vacancy occurs, and I trust that some direct effort will be made to advance the pay from \$25 to \$30 per month.

We should also have two more permanent employees for relief and temporary help, whenever and whatever required. There is scarcely to be found a school similar to our own wherein such help is not provided. One of these could be employed as an assistant teacher and be a man capable of looking after the interests of boys who have been or may be discharged on parole, supply temporarily the place of a

Teacher absent on leave, and be subject at all times to such duties as may be assigned him by the superintendent. His pay allowance should not be less than \$35 per month.

The matron of the school has no assistant other than some trusted boy to aid her in every kind of domestic work for which she is directly responsible. She has long been in need of a competent woman, and one who could, if so required, assume her duties for the time being, relieve other employees in her special department absent by authority or temporarily disqualified for active service. To fill such position satisfactorily the best efforts of a trustworthy and intelligent person, at a compensation not to exceed \$25 per month, should be secured.

The school in each family building has been kept in regular session during eight months of our fiscal year.

Our family playgrounds have been graded and greatly improved during the early summer.

Our new assembly hall was opened formally by a special service on Sunday afternoon, March 31, at 3 o'clock. There was a large attendance of representative citizens both in social and official life, together with many prominent ministers of the gospel and others well known for their efficient labors in every good word and work, who were present to give their aid during the hour devoted to these appropriate and impressive services.

After many years of effort and patient waiting this beautiful building has been completed in all its parts.

In addition to the main audience room, a fine, large basement is secured, well lighted, thoroughly ventilated, and soon to be provided with modern appliances for physical training, and which can be used also for military exercises and as a general playground in bad weather.

All necessary drainage from the roadway in front and a suitable entrance to the main floor have been completed, thus closing satisfactorily our latest and best effort in the building line.

Religious services are held statedly at 3 o'clock every Sunday afternoon, open and free to all who desire to be present and feel disposed to join with us in these devotional exercises. A manual of worship, recently adopted by the board of trustees, furnishes the broad-minded schedule for this hour of praise and prayer, in which the entire school joins in the responsive scriptural reading lessons for the day. Ministers of the gospel, representing in their home associations many different shades of religious belief, and other Christian workers in some field of usefulness generously alternate in the conduct of these always impressive and instructive services.

Every Sunday morning at a uniform hour the several families assemble in their respective buildings for an hour or more of Bible study and a musical rehearsal of their favorite hymns. The international lesson papers, published by the American Sunday School Union, furnishes the texts for these scriptural studies. While these exercises are always under the immediate direction of the teacher or officer in charge, the superintendent aims to keep in close touch with both teacher and scholar, and always finds pleasure as well as profit by spending this Sunday morning hour among them.

We have been directly favored by both personal and official visitors in the persons of those interested in the general progress of the work we are aiming to accomplish. They have come to us from places far and near, and this has been made doubly possible by the large number of delegates present at the annual session of the board of charities and

corrections held in our city during the current year. Among these were some personally known to us for many years—grown prematurely gray, it might be, from long-time service, but still full of hopeful promise for further and yet more efficient work. Visits have also been frequent from neighbors and friends within easy access and who have manifested a personal interest in all that is being done by the school from year to year. All have been made welcome and will continue to be thus received, however frequent may be their coming.

We have to express sincerely and thus openly our many obligations to ministers and others who have come to our aid, often at a personal sacrifice, when assistance was required in the conduct of our Sunday afternoon services. Many thanks also to other good friends who have not forgotten our boys, as evidenced by their liberal donations in the shape of weekly periodicals, magazines, pamphlets, and books in bound volumes worthy of a prominent place in our school library.

Much time might be consumed and many pages written covering the daily routine of ordinary school life, even during a single month. What passes during our waking hours may be considered under three important divisions, and first to be named in this trio is manual labor; mental development as a good second; and last only in the hour it may fairly demand, suitable recreation for both mind and body. No condition in life can be dishonored or degraded by honest labor of whatever kind, and with a large majority of our boys it must sooner or later determine their only means of securing a respectable living. Hence we aim to make it a pleasant rather than an irksome portion of the time specified under this heading. "The world lives by work and must therefore work to live" is an excellent motto for both workshop and schoolroom, and the experienced teacher in either will find it a leading lesson for discipline in his efforts to secure the best and safest reformatory results.

Our purpose is to train the idle and indolent boy into habits of thrift and industry, and to secure this end often permit him to make his own choice as to how he shall best be employed. Thus we make farmers of many, bakers and cooks, tailors, painters, table waiters, or assistants to the engineer out of others, as their own merit may determine.

In the manual-training school, under the immediate charge of our school carpenter, many boys receive a practical mechanical education in the use of compass and square, as, indeed, of all other tools and appliances necessarily required by the most experienced and successful workers in wood. Through the initial lessons thus systematically taught a fair starting point is secured, from which even a moderately ambitious pupil may qualify himself for the final mastery of a trade he would never otherwise have had an opportunity to learn.

Our paper-box industry is still successfully prosecuted, mainly in the interest of the many boys who are not old enough to assist in the heavier outside labor. The work is attractive and mechanical in all its parts and therefore eminently deserving. Many of the boys who have had a few years of training in this branch of labor are now able to support themselves and are truly grateful for what it has done for them.

As already noted, many hands are employed in various workshops, and all are kept busy during the hours assigned to labor. Our large farm, including the farmer as well, is always demanding its full share of muscle, which must come from the older and more experienced

while its broad fields, under favoring skies, are ever ready to both the planting and gathering of the harvest, whatever the season. During the past year, as a result of all this planting and gathering, the gathering has been very satisfactory, as the gardens and orchards have generously supplied our tables and the field crops filled our large barn with roots and cereals.

It should be known also that a large working force is required for domestic duty throughout the several family buildings. The measures thus required are imperative as a fitting sanitary measure and should be strictly enforced under the personal direction of those in charge.

There must be clean halls and dormitories, clean apartments in every separate building, in brief, there must be no compromise with cleanliness of any kind, inside and out, whenever or wherever found. "Cleanliness," therefore, is the watchword of every good housekeeper, and to make it doubly impressive, should be lettered in good, old-fashioned roman text.

Ordinary good health has been prevalent throughout the school and few cases of a serious character have been treated in hospital. No deaths have occurred within the year, thus still further reducing our percentage of mortality to less than one-half of one per cent since the opening of the school. Our hospital department still receives special attention and is managed under advice and approval of the visiting physician, Dr. Charles A. Wells, who visits the school statedly, but is always prompt to respond to calls by telephone or otherwise as emergency requires. His word, in all sanitary measures, is accepted without protest and his every wish promptly executed. His annual report in detail is printed on another page.

We strive to avoid changes in our official help, and hence they are seldom made, except for cause. The experience of a competent and faithful assistant must always be considered an important aid in our efforts to secure success in the work to be done. As a rule the requirements in every separate department have to be personally and squarely met by those directly in charge if good results are to follow; and I can safely testify that, in the main, these favorable conditions have been secured. To the few among many, however, considering their years of continuous and efficient service, I may give special commendation and justly secure to them a place in this record.

Gentlemen, members of the board of trustees, this paragraph closes my twentieth annual report, and I have again to thank you, as I do very sincerely, for your ever generous aid in my efforts to faithfully execute your purposes in the general management of the school.

Under Providence, our work has been fairly prosperous; may we ever aim to deserve, and thus hope to secure, His continued favor.

Respectfully submitted.

GEORGE A. SHALLENBERGER,  
*Superintendent.*

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REFORM SCHOOL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,  
*Washington, D. C., August 22, 1901.*

SIRS: I have the honor to submit with this my report in detail of my receipts and disbursements as treasurer of the Reform School of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ended June 30 last:

H. Doc. 9—15

*Current expense account.*

## RECEIPTS.

From appropriation for salaries.....	\$16,452.00
From appropriation for support of inmates.....	26,000.00
From Department of Justice, support.....	1,814.00
	<hr/>
	44,266.00

## DISBURSEMENTS.

For salaries, support, repairs, etc., as per statement in detail herewith..	44,200.59
	<hr/>
Leaving unexpended .....	65.41

In addition to the above I have the honor to submit the following:

*Assembly hall account.*

## RECEIPTS.

Appropriation No. 1.....	\$9,750.00
Appropriation No. 2.....	5,600.00
	<hr/>
	15,350.00

## DISBURSEMENTS.

Pavarini & Greer, construction.....	\$12,259.75
William J. Marsh, plans and superintendence.....	375.00
S. S. Waters, pipe organ, etc., in place.....	1,475.00
C. A. Muddiman & Co., gas fixtures.....	143.75
W. B. Moses & Sons, chairs.....	456.25
Approaches, steam heating, blue prints, etc.....	639.82
	<hr/>
	15,349.57
	<hr/>
Leaving unexpended .....	.43

I have also received from the superintendent of the school during the year, being income derived from the labor of inmates, sale of farm products, etc., the sum of \$3,365.86. In accordance with the act of Congress approved February 25, 1885, I have paid the same into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia in equal parts.

Very respectfully,

SAMUEL W. CURRIDEN,  
*Treasurer.*

The BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

REFORM SCHOOL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,  
*Washington, D. C., June 30, 1901.*

GENTLEMEN: The health of the school for the past year may be said to have been very fair. We had a great many cases of measles, 2 cases of pleuro-pneumonia, 5 cases of pneumonia, 1 of diphtheria, and 1 boy was taken with smallpox on the second day of his admission. He was promptly removed to the smallpox hospital, the building thoroughly disinfected, and all the inmates vaccinated, preventing any spread of the disease. The usual precautions as to thorough ventilation and the requirement of cleanliness in every department and building has been scrupulously maintained.

Many boys come here in bad physical condition, and require a great deal of care and oversight to build them up to be strong and healthy.

Very respectfully,

CHAS. A. WELLS, M. D.,  
*Attending Physician.*

The TRUSTEES.

EXHIBIT M.—*Report of the board of trustees of the Reform School for Girls of the District of Columbia.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 11, 1901.

SIR: In accordance with the by-laws we submit herewith the annual report of the condition of the school for the year ending June 30, 1901.

The net increase in the number of inmates was from 28 on July 1, 1900, to 40 on June 30, 1901, this rise being due to the completion and occupancy of the new building. In that building the colored girls, who are and doubtless will be more numerous, are housed, and the old building, after necessary renovation, is now used for white girls, of whom 2 were received during the year. The plan of the school is that the two classes of girls shall be entirely separated in their living arrangements and work, although they are treated in identically the same way.

The superintendent's report, which is an exhibit accompanying this report, will inform you of the details respecting the admission of girls, the causes thereof, and respecting discharges, provisional releases, indentures at service, etc. Along with the superintendent's report will be found a statement of the domestic work done during the year, the number of articles produced, the farm and garden products, and the stock, implements, etc., on hand.

It does not seem necessary to speak in detail here of the scheme of work and discipline, because that subject has been fully reported heretofore, and the school policy and scheme on this subject remain unchanged. The health of the school and the state of discipline have been good. There has been no concerted insubordination, and individual instances requiring ordinary punishment have not passed beyond an extent which is to be expected.

We find the new building, with its completed equipment, in most respects well adapted for its purpose. We may particularly remark that the doors of the girls' dormitory rooms are controlled by an automatic locking device which works well, and that two modern fire escapes have been placed at proper points, and that there is an adequate provision of hose and fire extinguishers.

During the year a revised scheme of discipline, daily work, and fire drill has been adopted.

The two buildings have now been connected, as well as completed, by a substantial brick wall, which surrounds them both, giving separate yards, and by a brick corridor along the front wall, which enables joint administration to be carried on. The outside appearance and condition of the property is gradually being brought up to a proper standard, now that the disorder consequent on building is over and symmetrical grading can be done. The ordinary repairs required have been thoroughly looked after, and a great part of the necessary work of this nature has been done by officers and employees of the school.

We estimate that the appropriation for the next fiscal year should be the same amount for salaries, namely, \$6,385, and for maintenance \$12,000—an increase of \$2,000.

We are fully convinced that the legislation of the past year affecting the school (31 Stat., 809), by reducing to 17 years the age limit of commitment, and by granting to the board of trustees more specific power as to the employment, discipline, and conditional or parole release of

girls, etc., will permit of more effective work in the way of reform and will soon show satisfactory results. The act of March 3, 1901 (31 Stat., 1095), enlarges the powers of the courts and of the Board of Children's Guardians respecting delinquent children under 17 years of age, and has a bearing upon the school, since by this act, as well as by previous acts, this school is one of the institutions which the courts and the Board of Children's Guardians may and commonly do resort to, in the respective manners pointed out by the law, for the care and custody of delinquent or incorrigible girls.

Accompanying this report you will also find the usual reports of the treasurer and of the school physician.

We regret to announce the death, since the close of the year now under review, of Bvt. Brig. Gen. Chauncey McKeever, U. S. A., retired, a trustee of the school.

We remain, respectfully, yours,

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, REFORM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

By HENRY M. HOYT, *President*.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

EXHIBIT A.—*Appropriations for the years ending June 30, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902.*

(1) YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1899.

Superintendent .....	\$1,000
Treasurer .....	300
Matron .....	600
Two teachers, at \$480 each .....	960
Overseer .....	720
Engineer .....	480
Night watchman .....	365
Laborer .....	300
Total .....	4,725
For groceries, provisions, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicine, medical attendance, hack hire, freight, furniture, beds, bedding, sewing machines, fixtures, books, horses, stationery, vehicles, harness, cows, stables, sheds, fences, repairs, and other necessary items .....	6,000
For additional building .....	25,000
Total .....	35,725

(2) YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1900.

Superintendent .....	\$1,000
Matron .....	600
Two teachers, at \$480 each .....	960
Overseer .....	720
Engineer .....	480
Night watchman .....	365
Laborer .....	300
Treasurer .....	600
Total .....	5,025
For groceries, provisions, light, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicines, medical attendance, hack hire, transportation, labor, sewing machines, fixtures, books, stationery, horses, vehicles, harness, cows, pigs, fowls, sheds, fences, repairs, and other necessary items ..	6,000

For additional building (\$50,000 authorized, \$25,000 appropriated) ..	\$25, 000
For furnishing and equipping same .....	2, 500
For porch on present building.....	600
	<u>\$28, 100</u>
For balance salary due treasurer from July 1, 1898, to June 30, 1899.....	300
Total .....	<u>39, 425</u>

## (3) YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1901.

Superintendent.....	\$1, 000
Treasurer .....	600
Matron .....	600
Two teachers, at \$480 each.....	960
Four industrial teachers, at \$250 each.....	1, 000
Overseer.....	720
Engineer .....	480
Assistant engineer.....	360
Night watchman .....	365
Laborer .....	300
Total .....	<u>6, 385</u>
For groceries, provisions, light, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicines, medical attendance, hack hire, transportation, labor, sewing machines, fixtures, books, stationery, horses, vehicles, harness, cows, pigs, fowls, sheds, fences, repairs, and other necessary items..	8, 000
For furnishing and equipping new building .....	<u>5, 000</u>
Total .....	<u>19, 385</u>

## (4) YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

Superintendent .....	\$1, 000
Treasurer .....	600
Matron .....	600
Two teachers, at \$480 each.....	960
Four teachers of industries, at \$250 each.....	1, 000
Overseer.....	720
Engineer .....	480
Assistant engineer.....	360
Night watchman .....	365
Laborer .....	300
Total .....	<u>6, 385</u>
For groceries, provisions, light, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicines, medical attendance, hack hire, transportation, labor, sewing machines, fixtures, books, stationery, horses, vehicles, harness, cows, pigs, fowls, sheds, fences, repairs, and other necessary items..	10, 000
Total .....	<u>16, 385</u>

EXHIBIT B.—*Estimate of appropriations for the salaries of officers and employees and for maintenance of the Reform School for Girls for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903.*

## Salaries:

Superintendent .....	\$1, 000
Treasurer .....	600
Matron .....	600
Two teachers, at \$480 each .....	960
Four teachers of industries, at \$250 each .....	1, 000
Overseer.....	720
Engineer .....	480
Assistant engineer.....	360
Night watchman .....	365
Laborer .....	300
Total .....	<u>6, 385</u>



**Maintenance:**

For groceries, provisions, light, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicines, medical attendance, hack hire, transportation, labor, sewing machines, fixtures, books, stationery, horses, vehicles, harness, cows, pigs, fowls, sheds, fences, repairs, and other necessary items.....\$12,000

Total..... 18,385

**EXHIBIT C.—List showing by whom the girls were committed to the school since its opening.**

Year.	By police court.	By president board of trustees.	By supreme court, District of Columbia.	Total.
1893-94 .....	32	5	1	38
1894-95 .....	9	4	1	14
1895-96 .....	10	.....	.....	10
1896-97 .....	7	5	.....	12
1897-98 .....	11	3	.....	14
1898-99 .....	1	4	.....	5
1899-1900 .....	4	3	1	8
1900-1901 .....	15	10	.....	25
Total .....	89	34	3	126

**EXHIBIT D.—List of offenses for which girls were committed to the school since its opening.**

Year.	Larceny.	Incorrigibility.	Malicious mischief.	Assault.	Vagrancy.	Horse stealing.	House-breaking.	Total.
1893-94 .....	14	16	1	1	6	.....	.....	38
1894-95 .....	8	5	.....	.....	5	1	.....	14
1895-96 .....	2	6	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	10
1896-97 .....	2	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
1897-98 .....	4	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
1898-99 .....	1	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
1899-1900 .....	2	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	8
1900-1901 .....	4	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25
Total .....	32	77	1	1	13	1	1	126

**EXHIBIT E.—Number of inmates released from the school since its opening and to whom committed.**

Year.	Released to Board of Children's Guardians.	Released to parents or family.	Released to court.	Apprenticed.	Sent to Government Insane Asylum.	Indicted for arson and sent to penitentiary.	Apprenticed or released but returned to school.	Deceased.	21 years of age.	Total.
1893-94 .....	3	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
1894-95 .....	8	2	.....	1	.....	2	3	.....	.....	13
1895-96 .....	1	14	.....	4	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	16
1896-97 .....	.....	8	.....	8	.....	.....	6	1	2	18
1897-98 .....	.....	7	.....	10	.....	1	.....	.....	1	19
1898-99 .....	.....	4	.....	2	.....	.....	4	1	.....	6
1899-1900 .....	.....	2	.....	6	.....	.....	8	1	2	10
1900-1901 .....	.....	7	.....	8	.....	.....	8	.....	3	14
Total .....	12	40	1	35	1	3	21	3	8	100

<sup>1</sup> Not included in total.

**REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.**

REFORM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,  
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,  
Washington, D. C., June 30, 1901.

SIRS: I have the honor to submit the ninth annual report for the Reform School for Girls, District of Columbia.

July 1, 1900, there were present in the school 28 girls; June 30,

1901, 40 girls, ranging in age from 11 years to nearly 21 years. Twenty-five new girls have been received during the year, and 3 who had been apprenticed during previous years were returned. Three girls have been finally released at 21 years of age, 7 have been returned to parents or guardians, and 3 have been apprenticed in suitable homes, and we hear favorable reports concerning most of them.

One new girl was admitted above the age limit, i. e., 17 years of age, and in a few days was returned to the police court for a new sentence. Of the new girls received, 3 are mothers and 1 of these is pregnant with her second child.

Two girls have escaped during the year and have not yet been returned, but one of these (a girl sentenced to this school in April, 1900, for housebreaking, after having served several terms in jail for various offenses) was arrested in October for two cases of larceny and taken to police court, where she was sentenced to jail for one year, then to be returned to this school until she attains her majority.

The health of all our girls during the year has been excellent, with the exception of a few cases of la grippe during the early spring months. Dr. Vale attended these cases and also vaccinated each new girl when received. Dr. Brightwell has carefully attended to the teeth, extracting or filling as seemed necessary.

The past year has been a very busy one, and our officers, employees, and girls have worked hard and faithfully, as the accompanying lists of work done and produce raised will testify. There have been many changes in the staff during the year.

In October Mrs. M. O'Brien was appointed matron, vice Miss Neale, resigned.

In December Miss Reardon, our efficient school-teacher for more than four years, resigned to prepare herself for work in the foreign mission field, and Miss Elizabeth O'Connor was appointed in her place, which she has filled very satisfactorily.

In January Mrs. A. D. Rowsom was appointed industrial teacher and is in charge of the laundry, and she also teaches the girls plain knitting.

During the past month two new industrial teachers have been appointed.

*Work done in sewing room.*

	Pieces.		Pieces.
Aprons:		Shirts:	
White .....	86	Officers .....	41
Gingham .....	86	Girls .....	560
Ticking .....	48	Pillowcases .....	426
Unbleached .....	45	Tablecloths .....	28
Chemise .....	45	Napkins .....	36
Drawers .....	155	Doilies .....	12
Dresses:		Bureau covers .....	10
Gingham .....	43	Washstand covers .....	62
Striped .....	62	Wash cloths .....	72
Night .....	120	Rollers towels .....	60
Skirts:		Hand towels .....	296
Cotton .....	117	Napkins .....	400
Flannel .....	79	Sash curtains .....	125
Mew mattresses .....	72		
Old mattresses remade .....	27		
			3,411

Mending and darning for entire family.

*Produce from garden and stock.*

Hogs killed (2,338 pounds) .....	9	Pease .....	bushels..	6
Calves killed (256 pounds) .....	3	Turnips .....	do.....	16
Chickens killed .....	51	Kale .....	do.....	6
Eggs (450 dozen) .....	5,400	Lima beans .....	do.....	4
Milk .....	2,450	Radishes .....	bunches..	50
Potatoes:		Lettuce .....	heads...	100
Irish .....	bushels..	Watermelons .....		112
Sweet .....	barrels..	Cantaloupes .....		318
Corn .....	do.....	Pumpkins .....		28
Rye straw .....	tons....	Parsley .....	bunches..	28
Hay .....	do.....	Corn fodder .....	tons....	12
Tomatoes .....	bushels..	Sugar cane .....	do.....	7
Peaches .....	do.....	Cowpeas .....	do.....	2
Plums .....	do.....	Red raspberries .....	quarts..	25
Apples .....	do.....	Black raspberries .....	do.....	300
Onions .....	do.....	Strawberries .....	do.....	50
Beets .....	do.....			

February 18, 1901, was a red-letter day with us, as on that day we took possession of our handsome new building. The colored girls were moved into the new building, and many of them are quite proud of their new home and do all in their power to show their appreciation by the care they take of it.

The old building has been thoroughly renovated and repaired for the reception of white girls. We have but two white girls at this time, but are ready to receive 27 when they may be committed to us.

The school has been regularly visited and inspected by members of the board of trustees. To every member of the board we feel grateful for interest shown and much good advice kindly given, to the officers and employees for work cheerfully and faithfully performed, and last, but not least, I appreciate the spirit of helpfulness shown by some of our girls in trying times of extra work and in maintaining discipline and in helping to care for officers and girls in times of illness.

Very respectfully, yours,

AMY JEAN RULE,  
*Superintendent.*

The PRESIDENT AND BOARD OF TRUSTEES,  
*Reform School for Girls, District of Columbia.*

## TREASURER'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *October 1, 1901.*

## The BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

I have the honor to submit herewith report in detail of my receipts and disbursements as treasurer of the Reform School for Girls, District of Columbia, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901:

Total appropriations:	
For salaries .....	\$6,385.00
For maintenance .....	8,000.00
For furnishing and equipping new building .....	5,000.00
	<hr/> \$19,385.00
Total disbursements:	
For salaries, maintenance, and furnishing and equipping new building ..	18,486.21
	<hr/> 898.79
Refunded for fire escapes, July 15, 1901 .....	411.67
	<hr/> 1,310.46
Balance unexpended .....	

## Unexpended balance:

On appropriation for salaries .....	\$1,045.59
On appropriation for maintenance .....	4.02
On appropriation for new building .....	260.85

Unexpended balance ..... \$1,310.46

*Amounts disbursed for each specific object during each quarter of fiscal year ending  
June 30, 1901.*

For salaries ..... \$6,385.00

## Expended during quarter ending—

September 30, 1900 .....	\$1,256.25
December 31, 1900 .....	1,284.62
March 31, 1901 .....	1,883.37
June 30, 1901 .....	1,415.17

5,339.41

Balance unexpended ..... 1,045.59

For maintenance ..... 8,000.00

## Expended during quarter ending—

September 30, 1900 .....	691.79
December 31, 1900 .....	1,435.30
March 31, 1901 .....	950.44
June 30, 1901 .....	3,104.42
Since June 30, 1901 .....	1,814.03

7,995.98

Balance unexpended ..... 4.02

For furnishing and equipping new building ..... 5,000.00

## Expended during quarter ending—

March 31, 1901 .....	2,479.78
June 30, 1901 .....	2,292.02

4,771.80

Refunded for fire escapes, July 15, 1901..... 228.20  
411.67

639.87  
Since June 30, 1901, for new building..... 379.02

Balance unexpended ..... 260.85

*Statement showing amounts expended for provisions, clothing, medical attendance, etc.,  
separately.*

## Provisions:

Meats .....	\$372.40
Butter .....	89.06
Groceries .....	479.08
Vegetables .....	127.19

\$1,067.73

## Clothing:

Dry goods .....	1,143.61
Shoes .....	64.00

1,207.61

Medical attendance, drugs, etc ..... 109.05

House furnishings ..... 3,132.59

Fuel: Coal ..... 1,808.40

School expenses: Books, stationery, etc ..... 60.42

Stable expenses, including farm and garden ..... 649.36

Grading ..... 987.78

Storing ice, sawdust, etc ..... 66.03

Repairs to building ..... 3,464.26

Illuminating by electrical lighting ..... 145.60

# GENERAL

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ing, tobacco, bedding, stationery, convict stationery, fuel, light, officers' salaries, etc., was 34½ cents, and the annual per capita cost was \$125.92½.

During the past year small sums of money have come into my hands from time to time from the sale of old barrels and bones and old roofing, aggregating the sum of \$100, which sum I have turned over to the United States Treasurer, taking his receipt for the same.

#### RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

I wish to inform the Department that religious services are being conducted in the jail on each Sabbath by three distinct denominations: the Catholic denomination holding services during the morning hours, the Colored Baptist Association holding services from 12 m. until 1 p. m., and the Wesley Chapel Association holding services from 3 until 4 p. m. We believe these services are productive of good results, and in this connection we desire to thank all those who have taken such deep interest in the spiritual welfare of those who are confined in the jail, and to invite a continuance of these services.

#### CONCLUSION.

With rare exceptions all subordinate officers have performed their several duties faithfully and well.

I am under deep obligations to the chief justice and the associate justices of the supreme court of the District of Columbia for exceedingly kind treatment, and also to the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, and the officers connected with his office for most respectful treatment, and I desire to thank the officers of the Department of Justice for uniform courtesies shown me.

Very respectfully,

JAMES H. HARRIS,

*Warden United States Jail, District of Columbia.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL,

*Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.*

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#### PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

UNITED STATES JAIL,

*Washington, D. C., October 31, 1901.*

DEAR SIR: I respectfully submit my report for the year ending October 31, 1901, on the medical conduct of the jail.

There was one death by legal hanging and five deaths due to the following causes, namely: One case each of pulmonary tuberculosis, aortic regurgitation, embolism of the pulmonary artery, cerebral hemorrhage, and acute alcoholism. These five deaths were in the cases of persons whose constitutions were utterly broken by long lives of dissipation; and who were in the latest stages of the diseases when they entered the jail. One child was born in the jail, and there were two stillbirths. One patient had a severe attack of pneumonia and made a perfect recovery. Large numbers of prisoners have been treated for diseases of a more or less grave character with satisfactory

results. Many venereal diseases have been cured or otherwise relieved of serious symptoms. There was one case of acute strangulated hernia successfully relieved. Twenty-five cases suffering with severe delirium tremens have been cured.

Three prisoners suffered from such grave surgical diseases that it was deemed best to remove two of them to the Emergency Hospital and one to the Washington Asylum Hospital for treatment, where they were successfully cured and then returned to the jail. These prisoners, when they were sent to the hospitals, were in a very serious condition; and if they had continued without operation would have died. They were returned to the jail in the best health, perfectly cured in every respect, and without any expense to the jail. The thanks of the jail are due to the surgeons and the trained nurses of these hospitals for their successful treatment of these patients. Nine operations of a minor character have been performed in the jail on various persons with successful results.

Reports were made as to the mental condition of 15 persons, 10 of whom were sent to the insane asylum on account of insanity. Reports as to the physical condition of 21 persons were made. At present there is in the jail 1 prisoner suffering with symptoms of advanced pulmonary tuberculosis.

Since the wire screens have been placed in the windows of the jail very few cases of malarial fever have occurred.

The general health of the prisoners and officers throughout the year has been very good, and I have no hesitancy in saying that, in my opinion, this is largely due not only to the constant care and diligence exercised by the warden in maintaining the jail in as thoroughly a cleanly and sanitary condition as is possible in any public institution with so large a number of inmates; but also to the unremitting vigilance of the warden in securing and having properly prepared for the prisoners simple, wholesome, and nutritious food.

Very respectfully,

D. KERFOOT SHUTE, M. D.,  
*Physician to the United States Jail.*

Capt. JAMES H. HARRIS,  
*Warden United States Jail, District of Columbia.*

*Persons committed to jail and offenses charged against them during the year ending October 31, 1901.*

Offense.	White male.	Colored male.	White female.	Colored female.	Total.
Assault and battery .....	95	639	2	106	842
Assault .....	32	162		9	208
Assault to kill .....	5	30			35
Assault and carrying concealed weapons .....		1			1
Affray .....	3	30		8	41
Adultery .....	1	8		4	13
Attempt at housebreaking .....		1			1
Aiding and abetting unlawful sale of liquor .....		2			2
Arson .....	1				1
Assault to ravish and carnally know .....		1			1
Bench warrant .....	24	14	2	2	42
Bigamy .....	1	1			2
Conspiracy .....	28	7			35
Carnal knowledge .....	2	4			6
Contempt of court .....	4	2		5	11
Carrying concealed weapons .....	21	101		2	124

*Persons committed to jail and offenses charged against them, etc.—Continued.*

Offense.	White male.	Colored male.	White female.	Colored female.	Total.
Cruelty to animals .....	1	1			2
Depredation on property .....	5	5			10
Destroying private property .....		2			2
Depredation on private property .....	1				1
Depredation in unoccupied house .....	1				1
Depredation on unoccupied house .....	2	1			3
Disposing of naval clothing in violation of the law .....	2				2
Embezzlement .....	16	8			24
False pretenses .....	21	7			28
False representation of being an inspector of the health department .....		1			1
Fornication .....	4	54	3	55	116
Forgery .....	4	2			6
Forcible entry and detainer .....	1				1
Failing to support children .....	1				1
Grand larceny .....	40	31		21	92
Housebreaking with intent to commit felonious assault .....		1			1
Housebreaking .....	22	88			110
Housebreaking with intent to destroy private property .....	1				1
Having an obscene picture in his possession .....		1			1
Highway robbery .....		8			8
Incorrigibility .....	1	1			2
Indecent exposure .....		2			2
Keeping a disorderly house .....	1	8	1	15	25
Keeping an unlicensed dog .....		1			1
Keeping an unlicensed bar .....	1	4		2	7
Keeping a bawdyhouse .....				6	6
Larceny from the person .....	10	14	1	2	27
Larceny from the United States .....	7	7			14
Libel .....	2	1			3
Murder .....	1	9	1	2	13
Money larceny .....	7	19		6	32
Mayhem .....		2			2
Petit larceny .....	226	624	5	120	975
Petit larceny, second offense .....	2	15		1	18
Practicing medicine without a license .....	3				3
Rape .....		5			5
Receiving stolen property .....		3		2	5
Receiving female child for prostituting purposes .....				1	1
Selling certain drugs for the prevention of conception .....	1				1
Threats .....	23	48			71
United States witness .....	3			1	4
Unlicensed physician .....	1				1
Unlawfully fishing within the District of Columbia .....	1				1
Violating the policy law .....	1	11		1	13
Violating section 5430, Revised Statutes of the United States .....	1				1
Violating the pension law .....		4			4
Violating the gaming law .....	4	15			19
Violating the water and sewer law .....		1			1
Violating the fish law .....	3	1			4
Violating the census law .....	1				1
Violating the park regulations .....	1	1			2
Violating the milk law .....	2				2
Vagrancy .....	1				1
Total .....	642	2,009	15	371	3,037

*Persons sentenced to jail for the offenses named during the year ending October 31, 1901.*

Offense.	White male.	Colored male.	White female.	Colored female.	Total.
Affray .....	3	27		8	38
Assault and battery .....	88	590	2	109	789
Carrying concealed weapons .....	20	74		2	96
Contempt of court .....	4	2		5	11
Depredation on private property .....	1				1
Depredation in unoccupied house .....	1				1
Depredation on unoccupied house .....		1			1
Destroying private property .....		1			1
Depredation on property .....		2			2
Fornication .....	4	43	2	46	95
False representation of being an inspector of the health department .....		1			1
Housebreaking .....	2	2			4
Keeping a bawdyhouse .....				3	3



*Persons sentenced to jail for the offenses named, etc.—Continued.*

Offense.	White male.	Colored male.	White female.	Colored female.	Total.
Keeping an unlicensed dog .....		1			1
Keeping a disorderly house .....		4	2	12	18
Practicing medicine without a license .....	3				3
Petit larceny .....	115	408	8	88	614
Receiving stolen property .....		1			1
Threats .....	20	38			58
Unlawfully fishing within the District of Columbia .....	1				1
Violating gaming act of January 31, 1883 .....	2				2
Violating the pension law .....		1			1
Violating the park regulations .....	1	1			2
Violating the milk law .....	1				1
Violating the gaming law .....	3	14			17
Violating the policy law .....	1	7		1	9
Violating the water and sewer law .....	1	1			2
Violating the fish law .....	2	1			3
Total .....	272	1,220	9	274	1,775

*Persons sent to the penitentiary during the year ending October 31, 1901.*

Offense.	White male.	Colored male.	White female.	Colored female.	Total.
Assault to kill .....	1	8			9
Adultery .....	1	2		1	4
Embezzlement .....	3	2			5
Forgery .....	4	2			6
False pretenses .....	6	5			11
Grand larceny .....	8	11		7	26
Grand larceny and assault to kill .....		1			1
Housebreaking .....	8	23			31
Housebreaking and larceny .....	2	6			8
Larceny from the person .....	1	5		1	7
Murder .....	1	3			4
Manslaughter .....	1				1
Petit larceny, second offense .....	1	7		1	9
Perjury .....	1	1			2
Rape .....		1			1
Receiving stolen property .....	1	1			2
Violating the pension law .....		5			5
Violating section 5438, Revised Statutes of the United States .....		2			2
Violating section 5392, Revised Statutes of the United States .....	1				1
Violating section 5467, Revised Statutes of the United States .....	1				1
Total .....	40	85		10	135

*Persons committed and released during the year, with daily average, etc.*

Number in jail:				
November 1, 1900 .....				370
At close of year ending October 31, 1901—				
White males .....			55	
Colored males .....			236	
White females .....			2	
Colored females .....			32	
				325
Received during the year .....				3,037
Discharged during the year .....				3,082
Largest number in any one day .....				382
Smallest number in any one day .....				251
Average daily number for 1901 .....				315 $\frac{333}{3}$
Average daily number for 1900 .....				357 $\frac{385}{3}$
Number of prisoners removed to—				
The West Virginia State Penitentiary .....				135
The Government Hospital for the Insane .....				10
The Reform School, District of Columbia .....				4
The workhouse, District of Columbia .....				228
The penitentiary for life .....				4

Number of prisoners:	
Pardoned by the President.....	5
Commuted by the President.....	2
Released under the poor-convict act.....	1
Released by writ of habeas corpus.....	11
Released by expiration of sentence.....	1,391
Released prior to expiration of sentence by payment of fine, furnishing bond, and order of the court.....	405
Number of deaths:	
By execution.....	1
Due to natural causes.....	5
Number of visitors to see prisoners during the year.....	2,476
Number of prisoners visited during the year.....	2,470
Number of visitors to see the jail.....	431
Number of visitors to conduct religious services.....	3,825

EXHIBIT O.—*Report of the Architect of the Capitol.*

ARCHITECT'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES CAPITOL,  
*Washington, D. C., October 10, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to report the following repairs and improvements to the court-house, District of Columbia, during the past fiscal year:

The exterior of the old building has been painted. Other sections painted were first and third story corridors new building; marshal's office (private room); court of appeals; equity court No. 2; grand jury rooms; offices of the district attorneys. A room connected with this latter office and formerly used as a toilet was vacated, repaired, and made suitable for a private room for the district attorney. In the main offices a screen partition was moved to the adjoining room where witnesses assemble. The grand-jury room was repaired and a new bathing room fitted up. New sash was placed in the chambers connected with the court of appeals. Rooms formerly occupied by the restaurant were vacated, new floors put in, and the vacated rooms fitted up as file rooms. Rooms 33, 35, and 36 were fitted up and turned over for use as a restaurant, running from the principal to the upper story.

In the orphan's court room a new railing has been placed in front of the judge's bench.

A great improvement has been made in the ventilation of criminal courts No. 1 and No. 2 by installing in the attic two 4-horsepower electric motors directly connected with exhaust fans.

Many improvements have been made to the plumbing and heating appliances, consisting of rearrangements of piping, new work added, and fitting new grate bars to the boiler furnaces.

The renovation of the building has been added by a special appropriation of \$4,348.50 and a deficiency appropriation of \$650 made by Congress.

Very respectfully,

ELLIOTT WOODS,  
*Acting Architect, United States Capitol.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES,  
*Washington, D. C.*

EXHIBIT P.—*Report of the attorney in charge of pardons.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1, 1901.

SIR: I respectfully submit the following report of the work of this office during the year ending June 30, 1901:

During the year 841 cases were acted upon, which arose as follows:

Applications filed during the year.....	762
Cases pending June 30, 1900.....	45
Cases reopened from former years.....	34
Total.....	841

These cases have been disposed of as follows:

Reported adversely by district attorneys and judges and not considered by the President.....	448
Acted upon by the President.....	343
Unfinished June 30, 1901.....	50
Total.....	841

Of the 343 cases acted upon by the President, he denied 117 and exercised Executive clemency in some form in 226. The following table shows the classes of cases in which the President's action was favorable and the nature and extent of such action:

Offense.	Pardoned.	Pardon- ed condi- tionally.	Pardon- ed to re- store civil rights.	Sen- tences com- muted.	Fines re- mitted.	Forfeited recogni- zances re- mitted.	Reprie- ved.	Total acts of clem- ency.
Violation of national banking laws.....	6		2	3				11
Violation of pension laws.....			4					4
Violation of postal laws.....	23		14	4	1			42
Violation of internal-revenue laws.....	121	1	4	9	5			40
Introducing and selling liquor in the Indian country.....	1		3					4
Counterfeiting.....	2		11	4	2			19
Smuggling.....			1					1
Larceny.....	11		4	2				17
Larceny of horses.....	12			13				25
Larceny of cattle.....	11			1				12
Receiving stolen property.....	1			2				3
Receiving stolen property of the United States.....			1					1
Unlawfully purchasing property of the United States.....			1					1
Embezzlement.....			1					1
Embezzlement from the United States.....				1				1
Murder.....	1	21		4			2	8
Manslaughter.....	3							3
Assault.....	2			1	1			4
Assault with intent to kill.....				1				1
Assault with intent to commit rape.....				1				1
Assaulting and resisting a United States officer.....				1				1
Impersonating a United States officer.....			1					1
Conspiracy to injure others in person and property.....	34							4
Robbery.....				1				1
Housebreaking.....	1							1
Arson.....	1							1
Perjury.....			1					1
Forgery.....			1					1
Concealing assets while a bankrupt.....	1							1

<sup>1</sup> In one ill-health case petitioner died before pardon reached him.

<sup>2</sup> Petitioner died before pardon became effective.

<sup>3</sup> Pardon recalled and canceled as to one petitioner.

Offense.	Pardoned.	Pardoned conditionally.	Pardoned to restore civil rights.	Sentences commuted.	Fines remitted.	Forfeited recognizances remitted.	Reprieved.	Total acts of clemency.
Dumping refuse in harbor (Act Mar. 3, 1899).....				1				1
Acting as pilot without license .....					1			1
Hazing at United States Naval Academy .....	1							1
Desertion from Army .....	1		4					5
Desertion from Navy .....	3							3
Desertion from Marine Corps .....	1							1
Contempt of court .....				1				1
Default and forfeiture of bail bond .....						2		2
Total .....	107	2	53	50	10	2	2	226

Of the 107 pardons 33 were granted solely on account of the ill health of the applicants; and of the 50 commutations of sentence, 4 were granted on account of ill health.

Applications for pardon to restore civil rights are not considered until after the applicants have complied with the sentences of the court. In each of the 53 cases where pardons were granted to restore civil rights a considerable period had elapsed after the applicant had been discharged from prison, or had otherwise complied with the sentence of the court, and before his application was considered, and his good conduct was certified to by the people among whom he had lived after his release from prison.

The statement immediately following shows the names of all persons who were the recipients of executive clemency at the hands of the President during the year. This statement shows the districts where the applicants were tried, when and of what offenses convicted, the recommendations made by the Attorney-General, the extent of the action of the President, and the dates of such action.

Respectfully,

JAMES S. EASBY-SMITH,  
*Pardon Attorney.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

H. Doc. 9—16

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
George R. Davis.....	District of Columbia.	Assault with intent to kill.	2 years and 6 months in West Virginia penitentiary.	Nov. 10, 1899	The circumstances of this case, the good character and standing of the petitioner and the accompanying request of the man on whom the assault was committed, asking for clemency, cause me to think that the act of the petitioner, which resulted in no personal harm, was due to unusual excitement and not at all deliberate or premeditated. I advise that his sentence be commuted to expire Sept. 1, 1900, which will make his imprisonment about 1 year.	Committed to expire Sept. 1, 1900.	1900. July 14
Bernard Goldenberg. (Leonard Fruzinski, surety).	New Jersey.....	Default and forfeiture of bail bond.			This is an application to remit a forfeiture incurred on a recognizance. If the petitioner will pay \$100 and the cost of prosecution and other proceedings on the recognizance, I advise that the forfeiture be remitted.	Forfeiture remitted conditionally.	July 14
Adolphus Colt.....	Connecticut.....	Violation of the postal laws.	Fine of \$400 and costs amounting to \$67.	May 26, 1891	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	July 14
Joe Smith and Tom Tipton.	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse..	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Nov. 15, 1899	These two petitioners were sentenced to 5 years imprisonment for horse stealing in Indian Territory, that being the minimum penalty. Tipton has never been charged with crime before; Smith has been previously convicted several times. I recommend that Tipton's sentence be commuted to 1 year's imprisonment and Smith's to 2 years' imprisonment.	Tipton's sentence commuted to 1 year's imprisonment. Smith's to 2 years.	July 14
Charles Lyon.....	New Mexico.....	Embezzlement of postal money-order funds.	1 year in New Mexico penitentiary and fine of \$911.60.	June 1, 1896	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	July 14
Mose Young and Dave Lewis.	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 16, 1897	The prison authorities at Fort Leavenworth ask for the pardon of these convicts because they are affected with tuberculosis and their presence in the prison hospital is dan-	Pardon granted ..	July 14

E. H. Morgan.....	Massachusetts.....	Larceny of letter in violation of sec. 5469, R. S.	6 years in Massachusetts State prison.	Dec. 3, 1897	<p>I have examined all the papers that are now in the possession of the Department in the matter of the application for a pardon of Eugene H. Morgan. It appears that this young man is in the last stages of Bright's disease. The Government physician says he can live but a few days. The district attorney, by telegram, recommends his immediate pardon. In consideration of his present physical condition, I respectfully recommend that a pardon be granted.</p> <p>This is an illicit-distilling case. The prisoner was sentenced for 6 months and has served 2 months. On account of the pitiful condition of his family I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and district judge and recommend that pardon be granted.</p>	.....do.....	July 18
Stephen Pace.....	Georgia, northern.....	Illicit distilling.....	6 months in Fulton County jail and fine of \$100.	May 18, 1900	<p>This man was convicted of illicit distilling. Was sentenced to 4 months imprisonment and fine of \$100. Has served 2 months. Has a family consisting of a wife and 5 children. One of his children died since his confinement, and balance of his family now sick and uncared for. On account of this I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and district judge and recommend his pardon.</p>	.....do.....	July 23
Drew Smith.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100, and costs.	May 16, 1900	<p>The prisoner was convicted of illicit distilling. Was sentenced to 4 months imprisonment and fine of \$100. Has served 2 months. Has a family consisting of a wife and 5 children. One of his children died since his confinement, and balance of his family now sick and uncared for. On account of this I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and district judge and recommend his pardon.</p>	.....do.....	Aug. 2
George T. Bone.....	North Carolina, eastern.....	.....do.....	4 months in Nash County jail and fine of \$100.	May 31, 1900	<p>The prisoner was convicted May 31 of working in an illicit distillery and sentenced to 4 months imprisonment and a fine of \$100. He has served 2 months. For 7 weeks he has been under treatment for typhoid fever. The physician says he will die if not removed from jail. For this reason I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and recommend his pardon.</p>	.....do.....	Aug. 3

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Thomas Haldeman and William Haldeman.	Arizona .....	Murder .....	To be hanged Aug. 10, 1900.	.....	I recommend respite to Friday, the 5th day of October, 1900.	Respite granted to Friday, Oct. 5, 1900.	1900. Aug. 8
Henry Terrell .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of horse ...	5 years in the reform school at Boonville, Mo.	Oct. 25, 1897	Petitioner has served nearly 3 years of a 5-year sentence for larceny of a horse in Indian Territory. I think he has been sufficiently punished, and recommend that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted ...	Aug. 11
J. H. Baker .....	Iowa, southern .....	Using the mails for fraudulent purposes.	13 months in Iowa penitentiary and fine of \$100.	Nov. 12, 1897	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Aug. 11
Zachariah Hughes .....	Illinois, southern .....	Embezzling letter from the mails.	3 years in Illinois penitentiary at Chester.	Apr. 10, 1899	I concur in the recommendation of pardon by the judge and district attorney in this case, on the ground of critical ill health.	Pardon granted ...	Aug. 16
Thomas Anderson .....	Michigan, eastern ..	Embezzling money—order funds.	2 years and 6 months in Detroit house of correction and fine of \$329.50.	Oct. 10, 1899	Petitioner, a postmaster, embezzled about \$300 of postal funds. He promptly made the amount good on discovery by the post-office inspector of the shortage; was subsequently arrested, indicted, and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to 2½ years' imprisonment. While such breaches of trust deserve marked punishment, I agree with the district attorney that the sentence in this case, under the circumstances, is rather severe and advise that sentence be commuted to 1 year's imprisonment, with all allowances for good conduct.	Committed to 1 year, with allowances for good conduct.	Aug. 22
Charles K. Walker .....	Georgia, southern ..	Violation of the postal laws.	4 years in the Reform School of the District of Columbia and to pay the costs.	Mar. 13, 1900	A careful examination of the papers in this application I join in the recommendation of Judge Spear and United States Attorney Erwin that the prayer for Executive clemency on behalf of the petitioner be granted.	Pardon granted ...	Aug. 23
Oliver Halsey .....	United States Marine Corps.	Desertion .....	(Not convicted) .....	.....	(Full and unconditional pardon recommended by the Secretary of the Navy.)	.....do .....	Sept. 5

E. H. Morgan.....	Massachusetts.....	Larceny of letter in violation of sec. 5469, R. S.	6 years in Massachusetts State prison.	Dec. 3, 1897	gerous, on account of the infectious nature of that disease, to other prisoners. I recommend that they be pardoned solely for that reason. I have examined all the papers that are now in the possession of the Department in the matter of the application for a pardon of Eugene H. Morgan. It appears that this young man is in the last stages of bright's disease. The Government physician says he can live but a few days. The district attorney, by telegram, recommended his immediate pardon. In consideration of his present physical condition, I respectfully recommend that a pardon be granted.	.....do.....	July 18
Stephen Pace.....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling.....	6 months in Fulton County jail and fine of \$100.	May 18, 1900	This is an illicit-distilling case. The prisoner was sentenced for 6 months and has served 2 months. On account of the pitiful condition of his family I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and district judge and recommend that pardon be granted.	.....do.....	July 23
Drew Smith.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100, and costs.	May 16, 1900	This man was convicted of illicit distilling. Was sentenced to 4 months imprisonment and fine of \$100. Has served 2 months. Has a family consisting of a wife and 5 children. One of his children died since his confinement, and balance of his family now sick and uncared for. On account of this I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and district judge and recommend his pardon.	.....do.....	Aug. 2
George T. Bone.....	North Carolina, eastern.	.....do.....	4 months in Nash County jail and fine of \$100.	May 31, 1900	The prisoner was convicted May 31 of working in an illicit distillery and sentenced to 4 months imprisonment and a fine of \$100. He has served 2 months. For 7 weeks he has been under treatment for typhoid fever. The physician says he will die if not removed from jail. For this reason I concur in the recommendation of the district attorney and recommend his pardon.	.....do.....	Aug. 8



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Isaac Shirley .....	Alabama, southern.	Resisting an officer, etc. (secs. 3177 and 5447 R. S.).	5 years in Tennessee State prison.	June 5, 1899	Petitioner was convicted of opposing by force a revenue officer in the discharge of his duty. He was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment. The trial judge makes a statement in which he says the sentence was too severe and advises a commutation to two years. As I understand the case, as the facts are stated by the judge, it is questionable whether the petitioner did anything more than make empty threats. He assaulted no one, injured no one, and appears only to have taken down a gun and held it in a threatening position, but not ready to fire. It is not stated whether the gun was loaded. I think if petitioner is required to serve out 18 months it will be adequate punishment, and I recommend that sentence be so commuted.	Sentence commuted to 18 months' imprisonment.	1900. Sept. 14
W. S. Johnson .....	Georgia, southern ..	(1) Devising scheme to defraud; (2) conspiracy.	(1) 6 months in Bibb County jail; (2) 1 year and 1 day in Ohio penitentiary.	Mar. 27, 1896	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Sept. 20
Wm. Peterson .....	District of Columbia.	Housebreaking .....	5 years in New Jersey State prison.	July 1, 1898	This man was convicted of housebreaking in the District of Columbia June 27, 1898, and sentenced to 5 years in the penitentiary. His petition for a pardon was considered July 28, 1899, and refused. Since then Judge Bradley, of the supreme court of the District, has called in person upon me and stated that he made a careful examination of the facts connected with the case, and believed that the presence of the petitioner in	Pardon granted ..	Sept. 20

Frank McBride.....	Utah .....	Embezzlement of post-office funds.	4 years in Utah State prison.	May 18, 1898	<p>An examination of the records of the Salt Lake post-office made since my last report on this case has revealed a serious doubt whether there was such a shortage as was claimed by the Government. In view of this substantial doubt and the fact that the petitioner has suffered about 1 year's imprisonment, I think he may justly be pardoned at this time. Petitioner has been in prison more than 3 years for larceny of a horse in Indian Territory, where the minimum sentence for that offense is 5 years. I think he has been sufficiently punished and advise that he be pardoned.</p> <p>Petitioner has now been in confinement 2 years and 3 months for larceny of a mule in Indian Territory. He is a youth of 19 or 20 years and his conduct having been good in prison, I think he has been sufficiently punished and recommend his pardon.</p>	Sept. 7
Charley Robbins .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of horse .....	5 years in Ohio peni- tentiary.	May 24, 1897	<p>An unusually severe sentence of 8 years imprisonment was pronounced upon this petitioner for illicit distilling. The trial judge and district attorney both now appear to think this was excessive and recommend that he be released after a year's confinement. I advise that the sentence be commuted to 1 full year's imprisonment.</p>	Sept. 14
Thomas Nave .....	.....do .....	Larceny of cattle.....	3 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	June 22, 1898	<p>This prisoner is very ill with tubercular consumption. I think he should for that reason be discharged. I advise a pardon.</p>	Sept. 14
John Stuckey, sr .....	Arkansas, western..	Illicit distilling.....	8 years and 1 day in United States peni- tentiary at Fort Leavenworth and fine of \$2,500.	Dec. 7, 1899	<p>Petitioner was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment for stealing cattle in Indian Territory. The trial judge and district attorney recommend that the sentence be commuted to 2½ years, and I so advise.</p>	Sept. 14
Elwood Hamlin .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of cattle .....	1 year and 1 day in United States peni- tentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	June 1, 1900	<p>Pardon granted ..</p>	Sept. 14
John Tanner .....	Indian Territory, northern.	.....do .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 10, 1898	<p>Sentence commuted to 2½ years.</p>	Sept. 14

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
William Edmonds.....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny of cattle....	3 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 21, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 2 years on a sentence to 3 years' imprisonment for larceny of cattle in Indian Territory. While in prison his wife has died, leaving three small dependent children. I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	1900 Sept. 21
James Pubkin and Robert Bushyhead.	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of cattle....	Pubkin 3 years and Bushyhead 2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Sept. 20, 1898	These petitioners were jointly indicted and convicted of the larceny of a cow. It now appears that the cow was never stolen; hence these persons were wrongfully convicted. I advise that they be pardoned.	.....do .....	Sept. 21
Wm. Hindman .....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling .....	8 months in Fulton County jail; fine of \$100 and costs.	June 11, 1900	Petitioner is undergoing imprisonment for illicit distilling. The judge and district attorney recommend that he be released now on account of the impoverished condition of his family, one of his children having just died, and his wife and the surviving children being destitute. I advise a pardon.	.....do .....	Sept. 21
Horace Pierce .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of horse ....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth from Nov. 17, 1898.	May 15, 1899	This petitioner received a sentence of 5 years' imprisonment for larceny of a horse in Indian Territory, the law there fixing that as a minimum. I think 2 years' imprisonment would be sufficient in this case, and advise that sentence be commuted to that period.	Sentence commuted to 2 years' imprisonment.	Sept. 21
C. M. Byrd .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of cattle....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Feb. 17, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 3 years out of a 5-years' sentence for larceny of cattle in Indian Territory. Deeming that he has been sufficiently punished, I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	Sept. 21
H. J. Short.....	.....do .....	.....do .....	3 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	June 1, 1900	Petitioner is suffering from an advanced condition of pulmonary tuberculosis. Not so much on his account as on account of the other inmates of the prison, who are liable to the infection, I recommend that he be pardoned.	.....do .....	Oct. 10

John M. Biddle.....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny.....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Oct. 16, 1897	the house at the time of this oc- currence was not due to a felonious purpose, but that the petitioner was drunk at the time and merely took refuge there for the purpose of rest or sleeping. The mother of the petitioner has also called to see me and declared that her son, who is a young man 20 years of age, had never been in trouble before, and was her reliance and support. In view of the recom- mendation of Judge Bradley and of the fact that the prisoner has now served two years and a quar- ter in prison, I recommend that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Sept. 21
Walter Taylor.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years and 1 month in Ohio peniten- tiary.	May 10, 1897	Petitioner was sentenced to 5 years imprisonment for larceny of a sad- dle in Indian Territory. He has now served 3 years, and I think has been sufficiently punished. I recommend that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Sept. 21
J. M. Davis.....	Arkansas, eastern..	Illicit distilling....	1 year and 1 day in United States pen- itentiary and fine of \$50.	May 10, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced May 10, 1900, to a year of imprisonment for illicit distilling. He has a family consisting of a wife and 8 children, there being three sets of twins in the number, all depend- ent on the petitioner for support. They are now destitute and a charge on the community. Peti- tioner has served over four months in prison; and I think in the in- terest of common humanity he may now be pardoned and per- mitted to go to the help of his family.	.....do.....	Sept. 21
James Lewis Still.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse..	5 years and 1 month in Ohio peniten- tiary.	Aug. 3, 1897	Petitioner has served already more than 3 years in prison on a 5-year sentence for stealing a horse worth \$15. I think he has been adequately punished, and recommend that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Sept. 21

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Samuel Pollock .....	Iowa, southern .....	Sending an obscene letter through the mails.	4 years in Iowa penitentiary at Fort Madison; fine of \$1,000 and costs.	Nov. 12, 1895	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	1900. Oct. 19
James M. Cook .....	Arkansas, western.	(1) Resisting the service of process; (2) engaging in the business of retail liquor dealer without paying the special tax. Embezzling money-order funds.	(1) 1 year in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth and fine of \$100; (2) 2 years in said penitentiary and fine of \$100.	(1) Nov. 24, 1895; (2) Nov. 21, 1895.	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
Joseph Hegeman.....	New York, eastern.	8 years in Kings County penitentiary and fine of \$1,291.45; sentence commuted to 6 years.	June 21, 1895	.....do.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
J. Q. Turner.....	Kentucky .....	Counterfeiting .....	1 year in Ohio penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$5.	June 7, 1897	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
Edward Steele .....	Illinois, northern .....	Violation of the postal laws.	3 years in Joliet (Illinois) penitentiary.	Mar. 22, 1895	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
L. Blevins .....	Kentucky .....	Counterfeiting .....	2 years in Ohio penitentiary and fine of \$10.	Mar. 8, 1897	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
Giles H. Fitch .....	Nebraska .....	Embezzling pension funds.	1 year in South Dakota penitentiary.	Apr. 2, 1898	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
Charles F. Best .....	Ohio, southern .....	Embezzling letters.	3 years in Ohio penitentiary.	June 8, 1897	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
George Fornies .....	Texas, western .....	Receiving stolen property belonging to the United States.	2 years in Detroit House of Correction.	Jan. 18, 1892	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
John G. Peebles.....	Illinois, southern .....	Impersonating a United States officer.	1 year in Southern Illinois penitentiary.	Mar. 27, 1898	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
Jesse B. Osborn.....	New York, southern .....	Embezzlement of letter.	18 months at hard labor in Kings County penitentiary.	Nov. 3, 1890	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 19
Wm. M. Hansen.....	Illinois, northern .....	Violation of the postal laws (secs. 8469 and 8477, R. S.)	1 year and 1 day in Joliet penitentiary.	May 29, 1895	.....do.....	.....do.....	Oct. 22

Lemuel C. Reeves .....	New Jersey .....	Forgery of pension affidavit.	6 months in Burlington County jail fine of \$100, and costs.	Dec. 12, 1893	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Oct. 10
W. F. Wallis .....	Arkansas, eastern ..	Passing counterfeit money.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kans.	Jan. 13, 1899	Petitioner, a poor farmer in Arkansas was convicted of passing counterfeit silver dollars and sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment. He was undoubtedly led into the crime by sharper and more dangerous men. The district attorney recommends that sentence be commuted to 3 years' imprisonment, concurrent with the term of the petitioner, a young Cherokee Indian, who was convicted of stealing a pony worth \$5 and \$1 in money. Under the law of Indian Territory the least penalty for horse stealing is 5 years' imprisonment, which was the sentence pronounced on the petitioner. I recommend that sentence be commuted to expire January 17, 1901, which will make 2 years of imprisonment.	Sentence commuted to 3 years' imprisonment.	Oct. 10
Richard Webber .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of horse.....	.....do .....	Jan. 18, 1899	Petitioner is a young Cherokee Indian, who was convicted of stealing a pony worth \$5 and \$1 in money. Under the law of Indian Territory the least penalty for horse stealing is 5 years' imprisonment, which was the sentence pronounced on the petitioner. I recommend that sentence be commuted to expire January 17, 1901, which will make 2 years of imprisonment.	Sentence commuted to expire Jan. 17, 1901.	Oct. 10
William Monkers .....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny and receiving stolen property.	10 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kans.	May 21, 1898	Petitioner was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for larceny, when the legal maximum in that jurisdiction is 3 years. The judge and district attorney both certify to the error and request that the sentence be commuted to 3 years, which I advise.	Sentence commuted to 3 years' imprisonment.	Oct. 10
Jessie Eva Friend .....	Indiana .....	Counterfeiting .....	Imprisonment in the Indiana Female Reformatory until 21 years of age.	Feb. 22, 1898	This girl was convicted of counterfeiting in 1893, and sentenced to an industrial school until she should attain the age of 21 years. She has been in the school 7½ years, and the managers now advise that she be released, as an inducement to her permanent reformation. I therefore recommend that she be pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	Oct. 10
F. M. Miller .....	United States Army.	Desertion .....	Dishonorable discharge and 1 year at hard labor at Fort Columbus, N. Y.	Feb. 19, 1900	(Pardon recommended by the Secretary of War to restore civil rights.)	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Oct. 15
Michael Mullins .....	United States Marine Corps.	.....do .....	(Not convicted) .....	.....	(Pardon recommended by the Secretary of the Navy.)	Pardon granted ..	Oct. 15

List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
James Burdine.....	Kentucky .....	Violation Internal-revenue laws (sec. 3242, R. S.).	30 days in county jail at Louisville, Ky., and fine of \$100, in default of which to stand committed.	Oct. 5, 1900	I recommend that the fine of \$100 imposed in this case be remitted—the prisoner to serve out his term of imprisonment.	Fine remitted ....	1900. Nov. 15
J. M. Hansen.....	Alaska .....	Murder .....	Three years and 9 months, commencing Sept. 21, 1900. (Resisted by Governor till action by President.)	June 27, 1900	Petitioner, who is an Alaskan Indian, is now under sentence of death for the crime of murder, and application is made to have his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life. The circumstances of this case are most extraordinary, and deserve a special chapter in the annals of remarkable crimes. It is a case where the prisoner, having conceived and executed a brutal and savage murder on peaceful and inoffending people, without detection or probability of detection or accusation, months after the offense, voluntarily, under the influence of an awakened conscience, disclosed to the civil authorities the offense which he had committed, and voluntarily by his own confession and admission of the facts, submitted himself to the judgment of the court and the sentence of death. The facts in detail are as follows: Some time about the beginning of October, 1899, Burt Horton and Florence Horton, a young married couple residing at Skagway, procured a boat, and putting into it a tent, guns, and provisions, and a few necessary articles of clothing and camping equipments, started off from Skagway with the avowed intention of camping for three or four weeks, and of fishing, hunting, and prospecting. Burt Horton	Sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.	Nov. 16

Reginald Coryell.....	Montana.....	Having in possession counterfeit money.	1 year in penitentiary at Deer Lodge, Mont., and fine of \$10.	May 7, 1896	.....do.....	Oct. 22
Harry Sutton.....	District of Columbia	Petit larceny.....	180 days in United States jail, District of Columbia.	Aug. 2, 1900	Pardon granted...	Oct. 26
Harry L. Conklin.....	United States Army.	Desertion.....	Dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of pay and allowances, and confinement at hard labor at Fort Columbus for 2 years.	Nov. 6, 1899	.....do.....	Oct. 26
J. F. Southerland.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100, and costs.	Oct. 8, 1899	.....do.....	Nov. 5
Anderson Gunslas.....	Arkansas, western..	Manslaughter.....	7 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Nov. 19, 1896	.....do.....	Nov. 8

This youth was sentenced to 180 days' imprisonment for larceny of a brooch which he stole from his mother. He was arrested and proceeded by his parents, who were led to such action by the fact that the boy had acquired the opium habit and they desired to have him put in a place of confinement long enough to get from under the influence and habit of the drug. He has now been in the prison nearly 3 months, and they desire his release because he is ill and needs the comfort, care, and attention which he can receive only at their hands in their home. I think the application meritorious and advise a pardon. (Pardon recommended by the Secretary of War.)

The prisoner was convicted of illicit distilling and sentenced to a fine of \$100 and 4 months' imprisonment, of which he has served about 1 month. On account of the circumstances shown, and especially the destruction of his family, and because of the recommendation of the United States attorney and the Judge Newman, I advise that a pardon be granted.

This applicant was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to 7 years' imprisonment. He applied for pardon on the ground of ill health. In view of the statement from the prison physicians, dated Oct. 26, I recommend that a pardon be granted.



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—(Continued.)*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
J. M. Hansen .....	Alaska .....	Murder.....	To be hanged Sept. 21, 1900. (Rescinded by governor till action by President.)	June 27, 1900	On the trial of the cause it was shown beyond any question that an agreement had been entered into by all of the Indians immediately after the killing that the person who should tell of this to the white man should be made alone to suffer for the crime, as everyone would swear that he alone had committed the murders. This was shown by the evidence of some of the Indians themselves and by confessions of others, and these are further corroborated by the fact that every Indian swore positively that Hansen had been the leader from the beginning; was the only man who advocated the killing of these people; that he dominated and terrorized them; that they went with him because they were frightened; that he shot both Horton and his wife and took a knife from his belt and banding it to a young Indian said: "You are the son of the Raven," and pointed a Winchester at him and compelled him to cut the woman's throat, although she was then dying from a gunshot wound there is not the slightest question but Hansen shot and killed Burt Horton. An Indian by the name of Kichto shot a woman and while she lay struggling on the ground a young Indian by the name of Williams, some 20 years of age, ran up in a spirit of bravado and, with the desire evidently to have it said among his fellows that he had clutched his hands in the throat of a white person, cut her throat. None of the Indians participated in the offense were indicted,	Sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.	1900. Nov. 16

6 of them having been tried, convicted, and sentenced to imprisonment for terms varying from 23 to 50 years. All of them except Hansen resorted to every possible device and subterfuge to escape conviction, and the district attorney reports that they committed perjury over and over again; that they raised a large sum of money for their defense by the sale of their personal effects, and, in addition, collected money from other Indians all over southeastern Alaska to pay the fees of their counsel. The trial judge, in reporting on this application and upon the facts of the prisoner's case, says:

"His entire conduct during the several trials of the other individuals, as well as his own, convinced me of the honesty of his confession and the purity of the motives that induced it. That he was moved and controlled by a high religious fervor there can be no doubt. The last act in the drama, when I reluctantly passed sentence of death upon him, in answer to the usual question why sentence should not now be pronounced, etc., he answered with undaunted heroism, a benignant smile upon his face, 'My brother, I have done my duty; now you do yours.' Such rare fortitude I have never before witnessed."

"This man has done much for the cause of justice in Alaska. To hang him would, in my opinion, be unwise. I therefore gladly join in a recommendation to commute to a life sentence."

Under ordinary circumstances the subsequent repentance and confession of a man guilty of so savage and cold-blooded a murder as this ought not to save him from the extreme penalty of his crime, but the circumstances in this case are peculiar. When Hansen committed the crime he was only an unen-

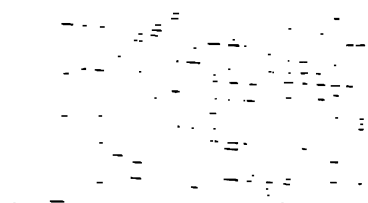
The authors thank the following people for their assistance during the course of this study: Dr. J. A. B. Cooper, Dr. M. G. H. Cantwell, Dr. R. C. Evershed, Dr. D. F. Williams, Dr. S. J. Blanton, Dr. J. L. Kice, Dr. J. W. Wilson, Dr. J. A. B. Cooper, Dr. M. G. H. Cantwell, Dr. R. C. Evershed, Dr. D. F. Williams, Dr. S. J. Blanton, Dr. J. L. Kice, Dr. J. W. Wilson.

6 of them having been tried, convicted, and sentenced to imprisonment for terms varying from 23 to 50 years. All of them except Hansen resorted to every possible device and subterfuge to escape conviction, and the district attorney reports that they committed perjury, over and over again; that they raised a large sum of money for their defence by the sale of their personal effects, and, in addition, collected money from other Alaskans; that they even secured a pardon for Hansen in Alaska. The trial judge, in reporting on this application and upon the facts of the prisoner's case, says:

His entire conduct during the several trials of the other individuals, as well as his own, convinced me of the honesty of his confession and the purity of the motives that induced it. I think that he was moved and controlled by a high religious fervor there can be no doubt. The last act in the drama, when I reluctantly passed sentence of death upon him, in answer to the usual question why sentence should not now be pronounced, etc., he answered with undaunted heroism, a benignant smile upon his face, 'My brother, I have done my duty; now you do yours.' Such rare fortitude I have never before witnessed.

This man has done much for the cause of justice in Alaska. To hang him would, in my opinion, be unwise. I therefore gladly join in a recommendation to commute to a life sentence.

Under ordinary circumstances the subsequent repentance and confession of a man guilty of so savage and cold-blooded a murder as this ought not to save him from the extreme penalty of his crime, but the circumstances in this case are peculiar. When Hansen committed the crime he was only an unen-



Wm. N. McNamara .....	Nevada.....	Selling liquor to Indians.....	18 months in Nevada State prison and fine of \$25.	Apr. 2, 1896	mend his release upon the grounds stated in the petitions for pardon which were filed last August. But recently he has been very ill with typhoid-malarial fever and the prison physician certifies that his recovery is doubtful. I am willing, for humane reasons alone, to recommend his pardon so as to permit him to go to his home and receive the care and attention which he can not have in the prison, in order that his life may be saved if possible. The number and character of the persons who certify to the present good conduct of this petitioner are sufficient to overcome whatever doubts I had on a previous occasion as to the propriety of restoring him to his civil status. I recommend that a pardon be granted, and that a pardon be granted (Pardon recommended by the Secretary of War.)	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Nov. 22
Vincente Sulsona, Isidoro Marquez, Pedro Beauchamp, and Manuel Sulsona.	Porto Rico.....	Conspiracy to injure another in his person and property.	Vincente Sulsona to 9 years and 8 months in San Juan (P. R.) Penitentiary; the others to 5 years each in the same Penitentiary. 4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Feb. 13, 1899		Pardon granted <sup>1</sup> .	Nov. 28
C. F. York .....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling .....		Oct. 11, 1900	Prisoner is undergoing a sentence for illicit distilling. The district attorney and Judge call attention to the fact that prisoner's wife has fallen seriously ill, leaving his family of little children helpless, and on grounds of humanity they recommend the release of the prisoner. I advise a pardon. The prisoner has served a substantial portion of a sentence for illicit distilling. The United States Judge and attorney recommend a pardon on account of the sick and destitute condition of the prisoner's family. I concur in this recommendation.	.....do.....	Nov. 28
John B. Kimsey .....	.....do.....	.....do.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900		.....do.....	Dec. 1

<sup>1</sup> Pardon recalled and canceled as to Manuel Sulsona.

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Service.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Will H. Huntley .....	Ohio, southern .....	Embezzlement of money-order funds.	8 months in Gallia County jail, fine of \$5 and costs.	June 15, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 8 months' imprisonment for embezzling post-office funds. He made restitution and has served out all but a few days of his term. On account of his previous good character, and to encourage him to an honest life hereafter, it is asked that he be pardoned. The trial judge and district attorney so advise. I therefore recommend that he be pardoned, to take effect Dec. 24 next.	Pardon granted, to take effect Dec. 24, 1900.	1900. Dec. 20
J. C. Morgan .....	Georgia, northern ..	Removing distilled spirits on which tax had not been paid.	3 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$300 and costs.	Oct. 15, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 3 months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$300 for illicit distilling. He has nearly served out his term of imprisonment, and for the reasons stated in the recommendations of the trial judge and district attorney I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	Dec. 22
Thomas L. Benge .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Sept. 9, 1898	This is a case of a 5 years' sentence for larceny of a horse in Indian Territory. Believing the penalty imposed too severe, I recommend that sentence be commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment, with all allowances for good behavior.	Commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment, with credit for good behavior.	Dec. 22
Prince Curry .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny .....	.....do.....	Mar. term, 1899.	Upon the recommendation of the warden and physician of the United States penitentiary I advise that this prisoner be pardoned, for the reason that he has a fatal case of pulmonary tuberculosis and his presence in the prison, by reason of the infectious nature of his disease, is a source of danger to other hospital patients.	Pardon granted ..	Dec. 22
Alexander Carroll .....	Maryland .....	Dumping refuse in channel of Baltimore Harbor. (Act of Mar. 3, 1899.)	(Sentence suspended)	.....	Petitioner was guilty of dumping refuse in the channel of Baltimore Harbor. It appears that he was unaware of the criminal quality of his acts, and is guilty of only a technical, not a wilful, crime. The	Sentence commuted to fine of \$25 and costs.	Dec. 22

E. M. Reynolds .....	Texas, western .....	Making false reports to Comptroller of the Currency.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Feb. 15, 1899	<p>minimum penalty fixed by statute for the offense is imprisonment for 1 month or \$500 fine. I recommend that sentence, if imposed, be commuted to a fine of \$25 and the costs of prosecution.</p> <p>Petitioner pleaded guilty to making false reports to the Comptroller of the Currency as to the condition of a national bank of which he was cashier. He was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment, the minimum penalty fixed by the statute. As cashier he had used funds of the bank in speculation and made the false entries to cover up the deficit. The shortage was made good by the prisoner through the sacrifice of his private fortune and no depositor lost anything. It is also stated that Reynolds protected the stockholders from loss. While the offense is a grave one and deserves stern and severe punishment, yet I think the conduct of the prisoner in some respects entitles him to favorable consideration and that the full measure of the penalty may be somewhat abated. I recommend that the sentence be commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment with all allowances for good behavior.</p> <p>Both the trial judge and the U. S. attorney report the prisoner's state of health is such that he should be released from confinement at once. The man has consumption. I recommend a pardon. This prisoner is certified to have pulmonary tuberculosis in an aggravated form, so that he can not live very much longer, and his presence among the other prisoners is objectionable on account of the infectious nature of the disease. I recommend that he be pardoned.</p>	Sentence commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment with all allowances for good behavior.	Dec. 24
Oscar C. Allen .....	Illinois, northern .....	Embezzling letters containing money.	1 year in Cook County jail.	Mar. 26, 1900	Pardon granted ..	Dec. 29	
Isaac Burris. ....	Texas, eastern .....	Manslaughter .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, fine of \$10 and costs.	May 18, 1899	.....do .....	Dec. 31	



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Service.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Charles L. McUin.....	District of Columbia	Murder.....	To be hanged July 27 1900. (Stay granted by court to Jan. 11, 1901.)	May 18, 1900	I am satisfied, after a careful examination of the papers in this application for executive clemency and after having read the testimony taken at the applicant's trial, that the sentence of death should be commuted to imprisonment for life. McUin appears to be a man of a low order of mentality and morally a degenerate. He was in love with a young girl, whom he desired to marry, and who had ceased to love him. He became jealous of the man he killed, and believed that he was an obstacle to any reconciliation between the applicant and the young girl. On the day of the murder, McUin left his store about 11 o'clock and drank to such excess as to become visibly intoxicated. He returned in this condition to his boarding house and slept until late in the afternoon, when, apparently by chance—he met the deceased and the young girl. The evidence is not satisfactory as to the extent to which at that time he had recovered from his intoxicated condition. It is fair to assume that in the short interval between his drunken sleep and the murder an interval not exceeding three hours, the effects of the liquor had not wholly passed away. When he met Turner and the girl, he muttered some words and passed them. Shortly thereafter he returned to his boarding house, where he found the deceased and the girl. The only testimony as to the circumstances and the fatal blow was struck is that of the girl, who was then about 15 years of age. Her testimony upon this point is neither	Sentenced commuted to imprisonment for life.	1901. Jan. 10

<p>.....</p> <p>Illinois, northern ...</p>	<p>Embezzling letters containing money.</p>	<p>1 year in Cook County jail.</p>	<p>Mar. 26, 1900</p>	<p>Feb. 15, 1899</p>	<p>5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.</p>	<p>.....do</p>	<p>Sentence commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment with all allowances for good behavior.</p>	<p>Dec. 24</p>
<p>.....</p> <p>Texas, eastern .....</p>	<p>Manlaughter .....</p>	<p>5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, fine of \$10 and costs.</p>	<p>May 13, 1899</p>	<p>Mar. 26, 1900</p>	<p>Both the trial judge and the U. S. attorney report the prisoner's state of health is such that he should be released from confinement at once. The man has no previous record. I recommend a pardon.</p>	<p>.....do</p>	<p>Both the trial judge and the U. S. attorney report the prisoner's state of health is such that he should be released from confinement at once. The man has no previous record. I recommend a pardon.</p>	<p>Dec. 31</p>

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
J. A. Landers.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 10, 1900	This man is in jail for violation of the internal-revenue laws. His term will expire Feb. 21 next. It appears that his family has become destitute, are in want, and his wife very ill. For humane considerations I advise a pardon.	Pardon granted	1901. Jan. 14
John Womack.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 4, 1900	Petitioner was convicted of illicit distilling. The judge and district attorney report that facts that have come to their knowledge since the trial convince them that petitioner ought not to have been convicted, and they recommend that he be pardoned. I so advise.	.....do.....	Jan. 14
J. L. Fincher.....	Arkansas, eastern..	.....do.....	1 year and 1 day in United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, fine of \$50.	May 28, 1900	Petitioner has served 7 months of a one-year sentence for illicit distilling. On account of the destitution of his family and because of valuable information furnished to the Government by him, the district attorney recommends that he be now pardoned. I concur.	.....do.....	Jan. 14
Daniel Flewellin.....	Florida, northern...	Breaking into a post-office and stealing property belonging to the Post-Office Department.	4 years in reform school at Cheltenham, Md.	Dec. 2, 1899	This is the case of a colored boy serving a 4 years term in a reform school, who has developed tuberculosis of the lungs. The physician says his only chance of prolonging life is by release and return to a milder climate. For that reason I recommend a pardon.	.....do.....	Jan. 14
James W. Hagan.....	South Carolina.....	Forging post-office money order.	2 years at hard labor in Ohio penitentiary.	Dec. 6, 1899	Petitioner was sentenced to 2 years imprisonment for forging the name of a fellow-student to a money order for \$1.60. He has served 13 months of his term, besides having been imprisoned nearly 6 months awaiting trial. The faculty and a large number of students of the college of which he was a student have petitioned for his pardon. I think it would be wise to extend to him the encouragement and rehabilitation implied in a pardon, and advise that it be granted.	.....do.....	Jan. 19

Fred G. Mitchell .....	Maine .....	Embezzlement of letters containing inclosures. (Sec. 5467, R. S.)	15 months in Portland and jail.	Feb. 9, 1900...	<p>clear nor satisfactory and the applicant contradicts it in the most essential details. The verdict establishes the truth of her testimony and the falsity of the applicant's, and I have so considered it in making this recommendation. Giving her testimony its full weight, it appears that this meeting, apparently wholly accidental, resulted in an immediate physical encounter between the two men, in the course of which the applicant stabbed the deceased in the skull with a pen-knife and caused a hemorrhage upon the brain, which proved fatal. The accidental character of the meeting, its locality, which was the pavement in front of the applicant's boarding house, where he may have been with an innocent purpose, the character of the weapon, and the very recent intoxicated condition of the applicant, all raise a reasonable doubt in my mind as to whether the murder was premeditated and "with malice aforethought." This doubt should, in my opinion, be resolved in favor of human life. This view is shared by 11 of the Jurymen who tried the case, who have united in a petition for a commutation of the sentence; and by the learned trial judge, who says that "if the jury had originally found a verdict of guilty of murder without capital punishment, I should not have thought there was a miscarriage of justice."</p> <p>The applicant is, however, a man of evil and dangerous propensities, and if there is to be any commutation it should be to imprisonment for life.</p> <p>Petitioner is serving a 15 months' term of imprisonment, which will expire Mar. 29, 1901. He has developed tuberculosis in prison and his continuance in confinement will, in the judgment of the physician, shorten his life. For that reason I advise a pardon.</p>	Pardon granted ..	Jan. 14
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*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Willie E. Hoch.....	Pennsylvania, eastern.	Embezzling funds of a national bank.	6 years and 6 months in Eastern Penitentiary, at Philadelphia, and costs.	Nov. 22, 1897	Prisoner is serving a 6 years' sentence for violating the national banking laws. There are some circumstances in his case which appeal to the spirit of clemency. They are his youth, his previous good character, the fact that he was led into the crime by his superior officer in the bank, and that a general sentiment in his favor prevails in the community where he lives. The district attorney who tried him advises that the minimum of 5 years will be adequate as punishment, and I recommend that sentence be commuted to 5 years, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 5 years, with allowances for good behavior.	1901. Jan. 21
Milton Brown.....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling ....	3 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900	On account of the poverty of this petitioner I recommend that the fine of \$100 imposed on him be remitted.	Fine remitted ....	Jan. 21
W. R. McBroom .....	North Carolina, eastern.	Omitting to cancel stamps (sec. 3824, R. S.).	18 months in Tennessee State prison and fine of \$500.	June 4, 1900	Prisoner was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment for violations of the internal-revenue laws. On account of the destitute condition of his family I recommend that sentence be commuted to 9 months, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 9 months, with allowances for good behavior.	Jan. 21
De Berry G. Dumas....	Texas, eastern.....	Secreting and embezzling letter from United States mail.	12 months in Smith County jail and fine of \$50.	Sept. 5, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment for embezzling a letter from the mails, he being a railway postal clerk. Prior to this offense he appears to have been an honest man of good reputation. It appears that his family is suffering from destitution and the district attorney recommends that he be pardoned. I advise that his sentence be commuted to expire Mar. 5 next, which will have required actual imprisonment for 6 months.	Sentence commuted to expire Mar. 5, 1901.	Jan. 24

Joshua P. Ketcham.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Stealing a horse....	5 years in Missouri Reform School for Boys.	June 22, 1898	This is a case of a 5 years' sentence for stealing a horse in Indian Territory. Prisoner is only a youth. He has served more than 2½ years in the reform school, and I advise that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Jan. 19
Baxter Odon .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of cattle....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Mar. 3, 1897	Petitioner has served nearly 4 years on a 5 years' sentence for larceny of cattle in Indian Territory. I think he has been punished enough and advise that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Jan. 19
Geo. E. Shiffer.....	Pennsylvania, east- ern.	Misapplying funds of a national banking associa- tion.	5 years in Eastern penitentiary, at Philadelphia, and costs.	May 16, 1899	The petitioner was teller of a national bank. He made an overdraft of \$234 for his own benefit and altered the entries on the books so as to cover up the overdraft. This seems to have been the extent of his offense. Subsequently it became known that the cashier of the bank was a defaulter and that the teller of another bank in the same town had also defaulted. Great excitement was created in the community and the petitioner became frightened and fled. He remained a fugitive from justice for two years and a half. When he returned and surrendered himself, the amount of his deficit having been made good by his bondsmen. He plead guilty to an indictment and was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment, which is the lowest penalty permitted by the statute. Both the district attorney and the trial judge recommend that his sentence be commuted to 2 years' imprisonment. I am satisfied that this ought to be done. The nature of his offense was serious, but the extent of it was very light, and in proportion to the length of imprisonment visited upon bank offenders of higher rank and larger defalcation, I think 2 years is adequate to mark the offense and to afford a proper warning to others.	Sentence com- muted to 2 years' impris- onment.	Jan. 21

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Willis E. Hoch.....	Pennsylvania, eastern.	Embezzling funds of a national bank.	6 years and 6 months in Eastern Penitentiary, at Philadelphia, and costs.	Nov. 22, 1897	Prisoner is serving a 6 years' sentence for violating the national banking laws. There are some circumstances in his case which appeal to the spirit of clemency. They are his youth, his previous good character, the fact that he was led into the crime by his superior officer in the bank, and that a general sentiment in his favor prevails in the community where he lives. The district attorney who tried him advises that the minimum of 5 years will be adequate as punishment, and I recommend that sentence be commuted to 5 years, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 5 years, with all allowances for good behavior.	1901. Jan. 21
Milton Brown.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling....	3 months in Fulton County Jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900	On account of the poverty of this petitioner I recommend that the fine of \$100 imposed on him be remitted.	Fine remitted....	Jan. 21
W. R. McBroon.....	North Carolina, eastern.	Omitting to cancel stamps (sec. 3324, R. S.).	18 months in Tennessee State prison and fine of \$500.	June 4, 1900	Prisoner was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment for violations of the internal-revenue laws. On account of the destitute condition of his family I recommend that sentence be commuted to 9 months, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 9 months, with allowances for good behavior.	Jan. 21
De Berry G. Dumas....	Texas, eastern.....	Secreting and embezzling letter from United States mail.	12 months in Smith County Jail and fine of \$50.	Sept. 5, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment for embezzling a letter from the mails, he being a railway postal clerk. Prior to this offense he appears to have been an honest man of good reputation. It appears that his family is suffering from destitution and the district attorney recommends that he be pardoned. I advise that his sentence be commuted to expire Mar. 5 next, which will have required actual imprisonment for 6 months.	Sentence commuted to expire Mar. 5, 1901.	Jan. 24

George E. Shippey.....	Illinois, northern ..	Using the mails to defraud.	15 months in Cook County jail.	Apr. 5, 1900	Petitioner was convicted of using the mails for the purpose of defrauding and sentenced to 15 months imprisonment, of which he has served about 10 months. The trial judge and district attorney advise that he be released on account of the destitute condition of his wife and small children. I recommend that his sentence be commuted to expire Feb. 1 next. I think the prisoner should serve out his terms of imprisonment, but advise that the fine be remitted.	Sentence commuted to expire Feb. 1, 1901.	Jan. 24
Thomas Payne, alias Littleton Page.	District of Columbia.	Assault (3 cases)....	90 days in District jail in each of two cases; in third case fine of \$20, and in default 60 days in workhouse.	Oct. 12, 1900		Fine remitted....	Jan. 31
Isaac Heinlein (Mollie M. Main, surety).	District of Columbia.	Default and forfeiture of bail bond.			This is an application to be released from forfeiture of a bail bond in a criminal case in the District of Columbia. The district attorney reports the facts stated in the petition to be true and advises that the judgment be remitted. I so recommend.	Forfeiture remitted.	Jan. 31
T. M. Wages.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 5 months' imprisonment for illicit distilling, of which period he has served about 4 months. On account of the severe illness of his children and the destitution of his family the judge and district attorney recommend that he be released in order to contribute to their comfort and support. I advise a pardon.	Pardon granted...	Feb. 4
Joseph Germer.....	Washington.....	Having in possession and attempting to pass counterfeit coin.	6 years in 'United States Penitentiary at McNeil's Island, fine of \$500 and costs.	Nov. 14, 1899	The facts shown by the papers on file seem to justify the belief that the petitioner was not guilty of participation in the making of the counterfeit coins, but was properly convicted of passing one. I advise that sentence be commuted from 6 years to 2 full years imprisonment.	Sentence commuted to 2 full years imprisonment.	Feb. 6
Harry (an Indian)....	Alaska .....	Larceny .....	3 years in United States Penitentiary at McNeil's Island.	Dec. 9, 1899	Petitioner is an Alaska Indian undergoing imprisonment for larceny. He has contracted consumption, which is a specially fatal disease to men of his race. On account of his own condition, and because his presence in the prison is a source of danger to others, I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted...	Feb. 6



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Miles A. Jones.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 11, 1900	I think the sentence of imprisonment should stand, but advise that the fine be remitted.	Fine remitted.....	1901. Feb. 6
Samuel Vann.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse..	5 years in United States penitentiary.	Sept. 9, 1898	This is a case of 5 years' sentence for larceny of horses in Indian Territory. As the prisoner appears not to be otherwise of bad record, I recommend that his sentence be commuted to 3 years' imprisonment, with all allowances for good conduct.	Sentence commuted to 3 years with all allowances for good conduct.	Feb. 6
Albert Brown .....	do.....	do.....	5 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Mar. 12, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 3 full years on a 5 years' sentence for larceny of a horse. I think he has been sufficiently punished and advise a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	Feb. 6
Marion P. Bradley ....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	6 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 12, 1900	I think the sentence of imprisonment should stand, but advise that the fine be remitted.	Fine remitted .....	Feb. 6
Boyd Lovell.....	do.....	do.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 4, 1900	do.....	do.....	Feb. 6
R. M. Hataway .....	Mississippi, northern.	Stealing money out of registered letter.	1 year in Tennessee State prison and costs.	Oct. 8, 1900	On account of the extreme illness of this prisoner, who is evidently in the last stages of consumption, I recommend a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	Feb. 9
Frank Sarver.....	Virginia, western ..	Counterfeiting.....	2 years in North Carolina penitentiary.	Mar. 17, 1898	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Feb. 12
Otis Roberts.....	Kansas.....	do.....	1 year in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Apr. 19, 1898	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
David Burrell .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Introducing liquor in Indian Territory.	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary, fine of \$10.	Dec. 20, 1898	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
Philip H. Sheridan....	New York, southern	Counterfeiting.....	2 years in Sing Sing prison, and fine of \$1.	Apr. 2, 1897	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
S. J. Weaver.....	Illinois, southern..	Entering an obligation of the United States (sec. 5414).	1 year and 1 day in southern Illinois penitentiary.	Apr. 27, 1898	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
T. B. Turkenett.....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny .....	2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Dec. 11, 1896	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12

Calvin Graham .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of horse....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Jan. 28, 1898	Petitioner has served more than 3 years upon a 5 years' sentence for horse stealing in Indian Territory. I think he has been sufficiently punished and advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	Feb. 12
E. T. Youngblood .....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny of cattle....	.....do .....	May 31, 1898	Petitioner was convicted of stealing a cow and calf in Indian Territory. He has been imprisoned nearly 3 years, and I think he has been suf- ficiently punished. I advise a pardon.	.....do .....	Feb. 12
Kidd Phillips .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in Ohio peni- tentiary.	Apr. 8, 1898	This is a case of a 5 years' sentence for horse stealing in Indian Terri- tory, that being the least punish- ment allowed by the statute. Upon the same principle adopted in other similar cases, I advise that sentence be commuted to 2½ years, with all allowances for good con- duct.	Sentence com- muted to 2½ years, with al- lowances for good behavior.	Feb. 12
Bud Jackson .....	Texas, northern ....	Illicit distilling ....	1 year and 1 day in United States peni- tentiary at Fort Leavenworth and fine of \$100.	Mar. 13, 1899	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Feb. 12
Russell N. Whittlesey.	Iowa, southern .....	Embezzlement of United States funds.	4 years in Iowa peni- tentiary at Ana- mosa and fine of \$2,611.97.	Mar. 22, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 3 years upon a sentence of 4 years' im- prisonment. His term will expire under allowance for good conduct on May 24, 1901. He asks that 60 days be taken off of his time in or- der that he may be free to attend to pressing matters of family and business. His conduct as a pris- oner has been exemplary. I think that much of clemency may justly be granted him and advise that sentence be commuted to expire Mar. 24, 1901.	Sentence com- muted to expire Mar. 24, 1901.	Feb. 18
Morris Baratz .....	New Jersey .....	Illicit distilling ....	1 year in Hudson County jail and fine of \$500.	Nov. 8, 1900	Whether or not other persons are equally guilty with the petitioner, as is alleged, we can not ignore the fact that he has been duly found guilty by a jury. That find- ing we can not ignore or pronounce erroneous. In view, however, of the prisoner's good service in the United States Army in the Philip- pines, as testified to by his captain, I advise that his fine be remitted and sentence commuted to 6 months' imprisonment.	Sentence com- muted to 6 months and fine remitted.	Feb. 18

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
David Greer.....	Missouri, western....	Post-office robbery.	15 months in the Re-form School for Boys at Boonville, Mo.	Apr. 17, 1900	Prisoner is a youth undergoing a sentence at a reform school. He has pulmonary tuberculosis. His case is reported as "hopeless" and his presence in the school a menace to the health of the other inmates. For this cause I recommend that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted..	1901. Feb. 18
Lyman H. Plum.....	United States Army.	Desertion.....	Dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of pay and allowances, and confinement at hard labor for 2 years.	Jan. 20, 1900	(The Secretary of War recommended a pardon in order to restore civil rights).	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Feb. 25
James B. Hamilton....	Indian Territory, southern.	Embezzlement.....	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	May 27, 1899	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Garrett Sutherland....	Illinois, southern....	Passing counterfeit money.	6 months in Illinois penitentiary at Joliet.	January term, 1897.	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Bladen Ramsey .....	Texas, western .....	Smuggling .....	18 months in Kings County penitentiary.	May 3, 1894	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Melchor Valverde.....	.....do.....	Unlawfully purchasing property of the United States.	2 years in southern Illinois penitentiary.	May 5, 1882	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
John Stanley .....	Indian Territory, central.	Forgery .....	2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 6, 1896	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Edward Roberts.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Assault to rape.....	20 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Dec. 3, 1898	Prisoner was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment for assault with intent to rape. It satisfactorily appears that the woman was not a person whose character had been previously chaste. The trial judge reports that if he had known all the facts at the time he would not have imposed a sentence of more than 2½ years. I recommend that sentence be commuted to 2½ years.	Sentence commuted to 2½ years.	Mar. 11

Enoch W. Agnew .....	Florida, southern ..	Misapplying funds of a national bank.	5 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 14, 1896	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Mar. 21
W. B. Groat .....	District of Columbia	Uttering counterfeit and mutilated coin.	11 months in District jail and fine of \$10.	June 18, 1900	On account of the poverty of this prisoner I recommend that the fine be remitted.	Fine remitted .....	Mar. 21
George Allen .....	Kentucky .....	Illicit distilling .....	6 months in Franklin County jail and fine of \$500.	Jan. 8, 1901	The trial judge and district attorney recommended that this prisoner be pardoned because of his having a puerile and infectious disease, which endangers the health of the other inmates of the prison. I con-	Pardon granted ..	Mar. 21
Pearl H. Swazy .....	United States Army	Desertion .....	Dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of pay and allowances, and confinement at hard labor for 1 year.	Oct. 5, 1899	(The Secretary of War recommended a pardon).	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Mar. 22
Herbert McBride Miles H. Story .....	do Washington .....	do Sending obscene literature through the mails.	do Fine of \$300 and costs, and stand committed until paid.	Feb. 20, 1900 Jan. 8, 1901	do I recommend that when petitioner shall have served 3 full months in prison the fine and costs be remitted.	do Fine and costs remitted, to take effect Apr. 7, 1901.	Mar. 22 Mar. 26
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5608 and 5609, R.S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	The application for the pardon of certain persons hereinafter named has been referred to me, and I have the honor to submit the following in response thereto: In 1891, in the United States circuit court for the western division, southern district of Georgia, Luther A. Hall, Wright Lancaster, John K. Lancaster, James Moore, Louis Knight, Lem Burch, Charles Clements, Rich Lowry, and Henry Lancaster were jointly indicted for conspiracy and the murder of John C. Forsyth in pursuance of that conspiracy. The indictment was under sections 5608 and 5609, United States Revised Statutes. Henry Lancaster and Rich Lowry were not arrested. Lem Burch pleaded guilty, and the other five were tried jointly, and the jury found James Moore not guilty, and found Luther A. Hall, Wright Lancaster, and Charles Clements guilty as charged, and fixed the punishment at imprisonment for life in the Ohio penitentiary, and found John K. Lancaster,	Pardon granted ..	Mar. 26

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 508 and 509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>ter and Louis Knight guilty of conspiracy only, and they were sentenced to imprisonment for terms of years.</p> <p>In 1891 A. Hall died in the penitentiary, and the terms of John K. Lancaster and Louis Knight have expired, and they have been discharged, leaving only Wright Lancaster and Charles Clements still undergoing sentence, so that while the applications and recommendations for pardon included the others, we need to consider now only those with reference to these two.</p> <p>Historically, so far as is necessary to an understanding of the matters involved, the case, with its surroundings and what led up to it, may be, as of that time, briefly stated thus: There is in Georgia a large pine belt used only for lumber, timber, shingles, turpentine, resin, etc., sparsely settled and peculiarly adapted for squatters and squatters' claims, where lines and boundaries were little known, and where, so long as not known to be seriously interfering with the use of some known owner, a squatter might remain a long time undisturbed. In this way many titles by prescription have been acquired and many more claimed. There were also many fictitious titles, and many others that were disputed, and often a good paper title was met by one by prescription, either real or claimed.</p> <p>Norman W. Dodge, of the Dodge Lumber Company, had a good paper title to a large tract of this section of between 300,000 and 400,000 acres; but what is before said as to</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26

in some way disputed. The most of the litigation in the Federal and State courts of the counties in which this pine belt lay was in regard to contested land titles, and this Dodge land furnished the full share of this litigation, and this, with the eviction of many occupants, many of whom were really brought in, had a good title, made Dodge and the Dodge Lumber Company peculiarly obnoxious to many of the people there, and this feeling was increased by the fact that Dodge was a nonresident, a citizen of New York.

The defendant, Luther A. Hall, was a very prominent, active, somewhat unscrupulous attorney for many of those contesting the Dodge titles, and opposing Dodge on his own account also, and his practices in these directions were not at all times such as the law warranted. John C. Forsyth was the general agent of Norman W. Dodge in the care, control, and management of these lands, and of the litigation concerning them, and had in this way gotten the enmity of Luther A. Hall. It is not necessary here to go into the merits of this litigation or these controversies. It is sufficient to say that all this, with much indiscreet talk on the part of some of those contesting or opposing the Dodge titles and claims, furnished the occasion for saying that the acts charged against the defendants who were indicted were for the purpose of threatening and intimidating Norman W. Dodge in and because of his exercise of rights secured to him by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and thus bring the case within the jurisdiction of the Federal court. Whether this allegation was proven

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R.S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>ter and Louis Knight guilty of conspiracy only, and they were sentenced to imprisonment for terms of years.</p> <p>Luther A. Hall died in the penitentiary, and the terms of John K. Lancaster and Louis Knight have expired, and they have been discharged, leaving only Wright Lancaster and Charles Clements still undergoing sentence, so that while the applications and recommendations for pardon included the others, we need to consider now only those with reference to these two.</p> <p>Historically, so far as is necessary to an understanding of the matters involved, the case, with its surroundings and what led up to it, may be, as of that time, briefly stated thus: There is in Georgia a large pine belt used only for lumber, timber, shingles, turpentine, resin, etc., sparsely settled and peculiarly adapted for squatters and squatters' claims, where lines and boundaries were little known, and where, so long as not known to be seriously interfering with the use of some known owner, a squatter might remain a long time undisturbed. In this way many titles by prescription have been acquired and many more claimed. There were also many fictitious titles, and many others that were disputed, and often a good paper title was met by one by prescription, either real or claimed.</p> <p>Norman W. Dodge, of the Dodge Lumber Company, had a good paper title to a large tract of this section of between 300,000 and 400,000 acres; but what is before said as to</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26

the agent of Norman W. Dodge, on October 7, 1890. The occasion and detail of the homicide are not disputed. Some three weeks before the homicide two of those indicted, Charles Clements and Rich Lowry, a mulatto, went to the house of another of the defendants, Lem Burch, for the avowed purpose of killing Mr. Forsyth when they could get an opportunity to do so. How they came to go to the house of Burch, or who sent or employed them, is a matter of dispute. But Burch agreed to keep them hidden there, to point out Forsyth to them, who was unknown to them, and to pay \$600 for killing him. Burch kept the assassins hidden in his house about three weeks and took means to point out Forsyth to them; one of which was the telling them the man with whom, on a certain occasion, he should cordially shake hands, was Forsyth. Having learned to know him, on the evening of October 7, 1890, these two men took their guns and left Burch's house for the house of Forsyth, some miles distant. A short distance from there Clements stopped at a deserted shanty and remained until Lowry's return. Lowry went on to the house, got upon the veranda of the house, and as Mr. Forsyth sat in his parlor with his back to the window, shot him through the head with a load of buckshot, which passed first through the glass of the window and killed him. The assassin, Lowry, then returned the way he came, and was joined by Clements at the point where the latter had waited, and both returned to the house of Burch and reported to him what had been done; and at different times Burch paid to the mulatto, Lowry, such portions of the \$600 blood money as he could get, and Lowry made his escape.



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—(Continued.)*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
J. M. Hansen .....	Alaska .....	Murder .....	To be hanged Sept. 21, 1900. (Respite granted by governor till action by President.)	June 27, 1900	On the trial of the cause it was shown beyond any question that an agreement had been entered into by all of the Indians immediately after the killing that the person who should be made alone to suffer for the crime as everyone would swear that he alone had committed the murders. This was shown by the evidence of some of the Indians themselves and by confessions of others, and these are further corroborated by the fact that every Indian swore positively that Hansen had been the leader from the beginning; was the only man who admitted the killing of these people; that he dominated and terrorized them; that they went with him because they were frightened; that he shot both Horton and his wife and took a knife from his belt and, handing it to a young Indian, said, "You are the son of the Raven," and pointed a Winchester at him and compelled him to cut the woman's throat, although she was then dying from a gunshot wound. There is not the slightest question but Hansen shot and killed Burt Horton. An Indian by the name of Kitchoo shot the woman, and while she lay struggling on the ground, a young Indian by the name of Williams, some 20 years of age, ran up in a spirit of bravado and, with the desire evidently to have it said among his fellows that he had dipped his hands in the blood of a white person, cut her throat. 10 of the Indians participating in the offense were indicted,	Sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.	1900. Nov. 16

But the only evidence which can for a moment be considered as connecting Wright Lancaster with either the conspiracy charged or the murder was that if Len Burch, one who was himself not only an active accomplice and one of the perpetrators of the murder, but one who by his own story and the uncontradicted confession of Clements, is shown so utterly depraved and without moral constraints affords few parallels, and whose statements, for this reason, were not calculated to inspire belief in anything. Indeed, it would seem difficult to get a witness whose testimony would be less sufficient for the conviction of an accused person than this one.

In saying that the testimony of this particeps criminis, Burch, was substantially all there was to connect Wright Lancaster with the crime charged I am not unmindful of the testimony of the witness Bohannon, who testified to various after statements of the defendant Moore, which, if competent and true, would implicate Lancaster. I shall speak later of this.

That the testimony of Burch was absolutely essential is shown also by the statement of the court. The court told the jury (Rec., p. 126),

"If, however, they do not believe the testimony of Burch they should discard it, and the prosecution must fail."

This accomplice, Burch, testified, among other things, that Wright Lancaster sent the two hired assassins to his (Burch's) house for the purpose of killing Forsyth, and to be concealed there until they had an opportunity to do so, and that he agreed to pay \$200 of the \$800 promised for the killing. He testified to many things quite sufficient, if true, to convict Lancaster

List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
J. M. Hansen .....	Alaska .....	Murder .....	To be hanged Sept. 21, 1900. (Respite by governor till action by President.)	June 27, 1900	lightened, unchristianized savage, presumably unmoved by the high moral instincts that guide and control civilized people. As soon as his conscience had been enlightened by the moral teachings of a Christian society, with a rare devotion to the standard of duty which his Christian conscience had raised up in his heart, he made immediate disclosure and confession of his crime and submitted himself to the hands of the law, to abide its judgment. Clearly, he ought not to go without punishment, but, in my judgment, it should be something less than the extreme penalty of the law. I think his sentence can wisely and justly be commuted to imprisonment for life, and I recommend that that action be taken.	Sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.	1900. Nov. 16
William Loftis .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Receiving stolen property.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	June 24, 1899	The petitioner was convicted in Indian Territory of receiving stolen property—to wit, a pony and a horse—and sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment. He is a young man not of previous bad character. The sentence is unnecessarily severe, and I recommend that it be commuted to 24 years, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 24 years, with allowances for good behavior.	Nov. 22
W. M. Pritchett .....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling .....	6 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100, and costs.	Mar. 22, 1900	For the reasons stated in the report of the district attorney, concurred in by the trial judge, I advise a pardon in this case.	Pardon granted .....	Nov. 22
William F. Carter .....	Georgia, southern ..	Embezzlement of money-order funds.	2 years in Ohio penitentiary, fine of \$500, and costs.	Dec. 13, 1899	Petitioner, as a postmaster, embezzled Government funds to the amount of about \$600. He was indicted, convicted, and sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment, of which term he has served over one-half. I would not be willing to recommend a pardon.	.....do .....	Nov. 22

Wm. N. McNamara .....	Nevada.....	Selling liquor to Indians.	18 months in Nevada State prison and fine of \$25.	Apr. 2, 1896	<p>mend his release upon the grounds stated in the petitions for pardon which were filed last August. But recently he has been very ill with typhoid-malarial fever, and the prison physician certifies that his recovery is doubtful. I am willing, for humane reasons alone, to recommend his pardon, so as to permit him to go to his home and receive the care and attention which he can not have in the prison, in order that his life may be saved if possible.</p> <p>The number and character of the persons who certify to the present good conduct of this petitioner are sufficient to overcome whatever doubts I had on a previous occasion as to the propriety of restoring him to his civil status. I recommend that a pardon be granted.</p> <p>(Pardon recommended by the Secretary of War.)</p>	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Nov. 22
Vincente Sulsona, Isidoro Marquez, Pedro Beauchamp, and Manuel Sulsona.	Porto Rico.....	Conspiracy to injure another in his person and property.	Vincente Sulsona to 9 years and 8 months in San Juan (P. R.) Penitentiary; the others to 5 years each in the same penitentiary.	Feb. 13, 1899		Pardon granted <sup>1</sup> .	Nov. 23
C. F. York .....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling ....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 11, 1900	<p>Prisoner is undergoing a sentence for illicit distilling. The district attorney and judge call attention to the fact that prisoner's wife has fallen seriously ill, leaving his family of little children helpless, and on grounds of humanity they recommend the release of the prisoner. I advise a pardon.</p> <p>The prisoner has served a substantial portion of a sentence for illicit distilling. The United States judge and attorney recommend a pardon on account of the sick and destitute condition of the prisoner's family. I concur in this recommendation.</p>	.....do .....	Nov. 23
John B. Kimsey .....	.....do .....	.....do .....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900		.....do .....	Dec. 1

<sup>1</sup> Pardon recalled and canceled as to Manuel Sulsona.

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Andy L. Gilbert .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Jan. 29, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 3 years on a 5 years' sentence for horse stealing in Indian Territory. The trial judge and district attorney both report that in their opinion 2½ years would have been adequate as a penalty for his offense. I advise a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	1900. Dec. 4
Thomas Tudor .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Apr. 16, 1898	This is a case where a sentence of 5 years' imprisonment was imposed for stealing a saddle. It does not appear that any reason existed for such a severe sentence. The district attorney advises that in his opinion the penalty was too great. Petitioner has served more than 2½ years, and I advise that he be pardoned on the ground that he has been sufficiently punished.	.....do .....	Dec. 4
James H. Smith .....	District of Columbia	Embezzling money belonging to a pensioner.	18 months in New Jersey State prison.	June 28, 1898	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Dec. 4
John Luppy .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse	5 years in Missouri penitentiary.	Nov. 5, 1898	Petitioner received the minimum sentence of 5 years' imprisonment for horse stealing in Indian Territory. The trial judge and district attorney advise that if he committed to 2½ years' actual imprisonment in view of the youth of the prisoner and the fact that the penalty is pretty severe for a first offense, I recommended that sentence be 80 per centum reduced.	Sentence commuted to 2½ years actual imprisonment.	Dec. 4
John Pool .....	.....do .....	.....do .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Dec. 24, 1897	This is another case of 5 years' sentence for horse stealing in Indian Territory. On December 24 next petitioner will have served 3 years in prison. I recommend that he be pardoned, to take effect on that day.	Pardon granted, to take effect Dec. 24, 1900.	Dec. 4

Blunt Martin.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth (to begin May 20, 1898).	Feb. 12, 1900	Another case of 5 years' imprisonment for larceny of a horse in Indian Territory. On the advice of the district attorney I recommend commutation to 3 years' actual imprisonment.	Sentence commuted to 3 years' actual imprisonment.	Dec. 4
M. L. Wheelchel, alias Wilkey.	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	15 months in Tennessee State prison, fine of \$100 and costs.	Mar. 16, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment for illicit distilling. While undergoing sentence he has become paralyzed in one leg, rendering him a subject for hospital treatment and special care. He has served about 9 months of his term, and in view of his physical condition I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted. <sup>1</sup>	Dec. 4
T. J. Frisbee.....	North Carolina, western.	Retailing liquor (sec. 3242 R. S.).	3 months in Madison County jail, fine of \$200 and costs.	Nov. 14, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 3 months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$200 for selling liquors at retail without paying the Government tax. The trial judge reports that when he imposed the sentence he was under the belief that prisoner was a man of some means and could pay the fine, and he gave instructions that if the fine were paid the imprisonment should be remitted from the sentence. It turns out that prisoner is without any means and can not pay the fine. He has now been in prison a month, and the judge recommends that he be pardoned. I so advise.	.....do.....	Dec. 7
John Leonard.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 4, 1900	Petitioner is undergoing a 4 months' imprisonment for illicit distilling. Since his imprisonment his wife has become insane and been taken to an asylum, leaving his house and one small child with no one to care for it. The trial judge and district attorney recommend a pardon and I concur.	.....do.....	Dec. 7
Alex. Tyner.....	North Carolina, eastern.	Violation internal-revenue laws (sec. 3324, R. S.).	1 year and 1 day in Tennessee State prison and fine of \$500.	June 27, 1900	I think the petitioner has been sufficiently punished, and in view of the reports of the United States attorney and the trial judge, I recommend a pardon.	.....do.....	Dec. 14

<sup>1</sup> Prisoner died before pardon was granted.

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Service.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Will H. Huntley .....	Ohio, southern .....	Embezzlement of money-order funds.	8 months in Gallia County jail, fine of \$5 and costs.	June 15, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 8 months' imprisonment for embezzling post-office funds. He made restitution and has served out all but a few days of his term. On account of his previous good character, and to encourage him to an honest life hereafter, it is asked that he be pardoned. The trial judge and district attorney so advise. I therefore recommend that he be pardoned, to take effect Dec. 24 next.	Pardon granted, to take effect Dec. 24, 1900.	1900. Dec. 20
J. C. Morgan .....	Georgia, northern ..	Removing distilled spirits on which tax had not been paid.	3 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$300 and costs.	Oct. 15, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 3 months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$300 for illicit distilling. He has nearly served out his term of imprisonment, and for the reasons stated in the recommendations of the trial judge and district attorney I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	Dec. 22
Thomas L. Benge .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Sept. 9, 1898	This is a case of a 5 years' sentence for larceny of a horse in Indian Territory. Believing the penalty imposed too severe, I recommend that sentence be commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment, with all allowances for good behavior.	Commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment, with credit for good behavior.	Dec. 22
Prince Curry .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny .....	do .....	Mar. term, 1899.	Upon the recommendation of the warden and physician of the United States penitentiary I advise that this prisoner be pardoned, for the reason that he has a fatal case of pulmonary tuberculosis, and his presence in the prison, by reason of the infectious nature of his disease, is a source of danger to other hospital patients.	Pardon granted ..	Dec. 22
Alexander Carroll .....	Maryland .....	Dumping refuse in channel of Baltimore Harbor. (Act of Mar. 3, 1899.)	(Sentence suspended)	.....	Petitioner was guilty of dumping refuse in the channel of Baltimore Harbor. It appears that he was unaware of the criminal quality of his acts, and is guilty of only a technical, not a wilful, crime. The	Sentence commuted to fine of \$25 and costs.	Dec. 22

E. M. Reynolds .....	Texas, western .....	Making false reports to Comptroller of the Currency.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Feb. 15, 1899	<p>minimum penalty fixed by statute for the offense is imprisonment for 1 month or \$500 fine. I recommend that sentence, if imposed, be commuted to a fine of \$25 and the costs of prosecution.</p> <p>Petitioner pleaded guilty to making false reports to the Comptroller of the Currency as to the condition of a national bank of which he was cashier. He was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment, the minimum penalty fixed by the statute. As cashier he had used funds of the bank in speculation and made the false entries to cover up the deficit. The shortage was made good by the prisoner through the sacrifice of his private fortune and no depositor lost anything. It is also stated that Reynolds protected the stockholders from loss. While the offense is a grave one and deserves stern and severe punishment, yet I think the conduct of the prisoner in some respects entitles him to favorable consideration and that the full measure of the penalty may be somewhat abated. I recommend that the sentence be commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment with all allowances for good behavior.</p>	Sentence commuted to 2½ years' imprisonment with all allowances for good behavior.	Dec. 24
Oscar C. Allen .....	Illinois, northern .....	Embezzling letters containing money.	1 year in Cook County jail.	Mar. 26, 1900	<p>Both the trial judge and the U. S. attorney report the prisoner's state of health is such that he should be released from confinement at once. The man has consumption. I recommend a pardon.</p>	Pardon granted .....	Dec. 29
Isaac Burris .....	Texas, eastern .....	Manslaughter .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, fine of \$10 and costs.	May 18, 1899	<p>This prisoner is certified to have pulmonary tuberculosis in an aggravated form, so that he can not live very much longer, and his presence among the other prisoners is objectionable on account of the infectious nature of the disease. I recommend that he be pardoned.</p>	.....do .....	Dec. 31



List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Service.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Charles L. McUlin.....	District of Columbia	Murder.....	To be hanged July 27 1900. (Stay granted by court to Jan. 11, 1901.)	May 18, 1900	<p>I am satisfied, after a careful examination of the papers in this application for executive clemency and after having read the testimony taken at the applicant's trial, that the sentence of death should be commuted to imprisonment for life. McUlin appears to be a man of a low order of mentality, and morally a degenerate. He was in love with a young girl, whom he desired to marry, and who had ceased to love him. He became jealous of the man he killed, and believed that he was an obstacle to any reconciliation between the applicant and the young girl. On the day of the murder, McUlin left his store about 11 o'clock, and drank to such excess as to become visibly intoxicated. He returned in this condition to his boarding house and slept until late in the afternoon, when—apparently by chance—he met the deceased and the young girl. The evidence is not satisfactory as to the extent to which at that time he had recovered from his intoxicated condition. It is fair to assume that, in the short interval between his drunken sleep and the murder, an interval not exceeding three hours, the effects of the liquor had not wholly passed away. When he met Turner and the girl, he mumbled some words and passed them. Shortly thereafter he returned to his boarding house, where he found the deceased and the girl. The only testimony as to the circumstances under which the quarrel began and the fatal blow was struck is that of the girl, who was then about 15 years of age. Her testimony upon this point is neither</p>	Sentenced commuted to imprisonment for life.	1901. Jan. 10

Fred G. Mitchell .....	Maine .....	Embezzlement of letters containing inclosures. (Sec. 5467, R. S.)	16 months in Portland and jail.	Feb. 9, 1900....	<p>clear nor satisfactory and the applicant contradicts it in the most essential details. The verdict establishes the truth of her testimony and the falsity of the applicant's, and I have so considered it in making this recommendation. Giving her testimony its full weight, it appears that this meeting, apparently wholly accidental, resulted in an immediate physical encounter between the two men, in the course of which the applicant stabbed the deceased in the skull with a pen-knife and caused a hemorrhage upon the brain, which proved fatal. The accidental character of the meeting, its locality, which was the pavement in front of the applicant's boarding house, where he may have been with an innocent purpose, the character of the weapon, and the very recent intoxicated condition of the applicant, all raise a reasonable doubt in my mind as to whether the murder was premeditated and "with malice aforethought." This doubt should, in my opinion, be resolved in favor of human life. This view is shared by 11 of the jurymen who tried the case, who have united in a petition for a commutation of the sentence; and by the learned trial judge, who says that "if the jury had originally found a verdict of guilty of murder without capital punishment, I should not have thought there was a miscarriage of justice."</p> <p>The applicant is, however, a man of evil and dangerous propensities, and if there is to be any commutation it should be to imprisonment for life.</p> <p>Petitioner is serving a 15 months' term of imprisonment, which will expire Mar. 29, 1901. He has developed tuberculosis in prison and his continuance in confinement will, in the judgment of the physician, shorten his life. For that reason I advise a pardon.</p>	Pardon granted... Jan. 14
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*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
J. A. Landers.....	Georgia, northern...	Illicit distilling.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 10, 1900	This man is in jail for violation of the internal-revenue laws. His term will expire Feb. 21 next. It appears that his family has become destitute, are in want, and his wife very ill. For humane considerations I advise a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	1901. Jan. 14
John Womack.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 4, 1900	Petitioner was convicted of illicit distilling. The judge and district attorney report that facts that have come to their knowledge since the trial convince them that petitioner ought not to have been convicted, and they recommend that he be pardoned. I so advise.	.....do.....	Jan. 14
J. L. Fincher.....	Arkansas, eastern...	.....do.....	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, fine of \$50.	May 28, 1900	Petitioner has served 7 months of a one-year sentence for illicit distilling. On account of the destitution of his family and because of valuable information furnished to the Government by him, the district attorney recommends that he be now pardoned. I concur.	.....do.....	Jan. 14
Daniel Fiewellin.....	Florida, northern...	Breaking into a post-office and stealing property belonging to the Post-Office Department.	4 years in reform school at Cheltenham, Md.	Dec. 2, 1899	This is the case of a colored boy serving a 4 years' term in a reform school, who has developed tuberculosis of the lungs. The physician says his only chance of prolonging life is by release and return to a milder climate. For that reason I recommend a pardon.	.....do.....	Jan. 14
James W. Hagan.....	South Carolina.....	Forging post-office money order.	2 years at hard labor in Ohio penitentiary.	Dec. 6, 1899	Petitioner was sentenced to 2 years imprisonment for forging the name of a fellow-student to a money order for \$1.60. He has served 13 months of his term, besides having been imprisoned nearly 6 months awaiting trial. The faculty and a large number of students of the college of which he was a student have petitioned for his pardon. I think it would be wise to extend to him the encouragement and rehabilitation implied in a pardon, and advise that it be granted	.....do.....	Jan. 19

Joshua P. Ketcham.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Stealing a horse.....	5 years in Missouri Reform School for Boys.	June 22, 1898	This is a case of a 5 years' sentence for stealing a horse in Indian Territory. Prisoner is only a youth; he has served more than 2½ years in the reform school, and I advise that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Jan. 19
Baxter Odon .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of cattle.....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Mar. 3, 1897	Petitioner has served nearly 4 years on a 5 years' sentence for larceny of cattle in Indian Territory. I think he has been punished enough and advise that he be pardoned.	.....do.....	Jan. 19
Geo. E. Shaffer.....	Pennsylvania, east- ern.	Misapplying funds of a national banking associa- tion.	5 years in Eastern penitentiary, at Philadelphia, and costs.	May 16, 1899	The petitioner is teller of a national bank. He made an overdraft of \$224 for his own benefit and altered the entries on the books as to cover up the overdraft. This seems to have been the extent of his offense. Subse- quently it became known that the cashier of the bank was a defaulter and that the teller of another bank in the same town had also de- faulted. Great excitement was created in the community and the petitioner became frightened and fled. He remained a fugitive from justice for two years and a half, when he returned and surrendered himself, the amount of his deficit having been made good by his bondsmen. He plead guilty to an indictment and was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment, which is the lowest penalty permitted by the statute. Both the district attorney and the trial judge recom- mended that his sentence be com- muted to 2 years' imprisonment. I am satisfied that this ought to be done. The nature of his offense was serious, but the extent of it was very light, and in proportion to the length of imprisonment visited upon bank offenders of higher rank and larger delinquency, I think 2 years is adequate to mark the offense and to afford a proper warning to others.	Sentence com- muted to 2 years' impris- onment.	Jan. 21

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
WILLIE E. HOCH.....	Pennsylvania, eastern.	Embezzling funds of a national bank.	6 years and 6 months in Eastern Penitentiary, at Philadelphia, and costs.	Nov. 22, 1897	Prisoner is serving a 6 years' sentence for violating the national banking laws. There are some circumstances in his case which appeal to the spirit of clemency. They are his youth, his previous good character, the fact that he was led into the crime by his superior officer in the bank, and that a general sentiment in his favor prevails in the community where he lives. The district attorney who tried him advises that the minimum of 5 years will be adequate as punishment, and I recommend that sentence be commuted to 5 years, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 5 years, with all allowances for good behavior.	1901. Jan. 21
MILTON BROWN .....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling ....	3 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900	On account of the poverty of this petitioner I recommend that the fine of \$100 imposed on him be remitted.	Fine remitted ....	Jan. 21
W. R. MCBROOM .....	North Carolina, eastern.	Omitting to cancel stamps (sec. 3324, R. S.).	18 months in Tennessee State prison and fine of \$500.	June 4, 1900	Prisoner was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment for violations of the internal-revenue laws. On account of the destitute condition of his family I recommend that sentence be commuted to 9 months, with all allowances for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 9 months, with allowances for good behavior.	Jan. 21
De BERRY G. DUMAS.....	Texas, eastern.....	Secreting and embezzling letter from United States mail.	12 months in Smith County jail and fine of \$50.	Sept. 5, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment for embezzling a letter from the mails, he being a railway postal clerk. Prior to this offense he appears to have been an honest man of good reputation. It appears that his family is suffering from destitution and the district attorney recommends that he be pardoned. I advise that his sentence be commuted to expire Mar. 5 next, which will have required actual imprisonment for 6 months.	Sentence commuted to expire Mar. 5, 1901.	Jan. 24

George E. Shippey.....	Illinois, northern ..	Using the mails to defraud.	15 months in Cook County jail.	Apr. 5, 1900	Petitioner was convicted of using the mails for the purpose of defrauding, and sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment, of which he has served about 10 months. The trial judge and district attorney advise that he be released on account of the destitute condition of his wife and small children. I recommend that his sentence be commuted to expire Feb. 1 next. I think the prisoner should serve out his terms of imprisonment, but advise that the fine be remitted.	Sentence commuted to expire Feb. 1, 1901.	Jan. 24
Thomas Payne, alias Littleton Page.	District of Columbia.	Assault (3 cases)....	90 days in District jail in each of two cases; in third case fine of \$20 and in default 60 days in workhouse.	Oct. 12, 1900		Fine remitted.....	Jan. 31
Isaac Heinlein (Mollie M. Main, surety).	District of Columbia.	Default and forfeiture of bail bond.			This is an application to be released from forfeiture of a bail bond in a criminal case in the District of Columbia. The district attorney reports the facts stated in the petition to be true and advises that the judgment be remitted. I so recommend.	Forfeiture remitted.	Jan. 31
T. M. Wages.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 9, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 5 months' imprisonment for illicit distilling, of which period he has served about 4 months. On account of the severe illness of his children and the destitution of his family the judge and district attorney recommend that he be released in order to contribute to their comfort and support. I advise a pardon. The facts shown by the petition are seen to justify the belief that the petitioner was not guilty of participation in the making of the counterfeit coins, but was properly convicted of passing one. I advise that sentence be commuted from 6 years to 2 full years' imprisonment.	Pardon granted...	Feb. 4
Joseph German.....	Washington .....	Having in possession and attempting to pass counterfeit coin.	6 years in United States penitentiary at McNeill's Island, fine of \$500 and costs.	Nov. 14, 1899		Sentence commuted to 2 full years' imprisonment.	Feb. 6
Harry (an Indian)....	Alaska .....	Larceny.....	8 years in United States penitentiary at McNeill's Island.	Dec. 9, 1899	Petitioner is an Alaska Indian undergoing imprisonment for larceny. He has contracted consumption, which is a specially fatal disease to men of his race. On account of his own condition, and because his presence in the prison is a source of danger to others, I advise that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted...	Feb. 6

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Miles A. Jones.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling.....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 11, 1900	I think the sentence of imprisonment should stand, but advise that the fine be remitted.	Fine remitted.....	1901. Feb. 6
Samuel Vann.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse..	5 years in United States penitentiary.	Sept. 9, 1898	This is a case of 5 years' sentence for larceny of horses in Indian Territory. As the prisoner appears not to be otherwise of bad record, I recommend that his sentence be commuted to 3 years' imprisonment, with all allowances for good conduct.	Sentence commuted to 3 years with all allowances for good conduct.	Feb. 6
Albert Brown .....	do.....	do.....	5 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Mar. 12, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 3 full years on a 5 years' sentence for larceny of a horse. I think he has been sufficiently punished and advise a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	Feb. 6
Marion P. Bradley ....	Georgia, northern ..	Illicit distilling.....	6 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 12, 1900	I think the sentence of imprisonment should stand, but advise that the fine be remitted.	Fine remitted .....	Feb. 6
Boyd Lovell.....	do.....	do.....	5 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Oct. 4, 1900	do.....	do.....	Feb. 6
R. M. Hataway .....	Mississippi, northern.	Stealing money out of registered letter.	1 year in Tennessee State prison and costs.	Oct. 8, 1900	On account of the extreme illness of this prisoner, who is evidently in the last stages of consumption, I recommend a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	Feb. 9
Frank Sarver.....	Virginia, western ..	Counterfeiting.....	2 years in North Carolina penitentiary.	Mar. 17, 1898	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Feb. 12
Otis Roberts.....	Kansas.....	do.....	1 year in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Apr. 19, 1898	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
David Burrell .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Introducing liquor in Indian Territory.	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary, fine of \$10.	Dec. 20, 1898	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
Philip H. Sheridan.....	New York, southern	Counterfeiting.....	2 years in Sing Sing prison, and fine of \$1.	Apr. 2, 1897	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
S. J. Weaver.....	Illinois, southern...	Altering an obligation of the United States (sec. 5414).	1 year and 1 day in southern Illinois penitentiary.	Apr. 27, 1898	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12
T. E. Turkenett.....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny .....	2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Dec. 11, 1896	do.....	do.....	Feb. 12

Calvin Graham.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of horse....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Jan. 28, 1898	Petitioner has served more than 3 years upon a 5 years' sentence for horse stealing in Indian Territory. I think he has been sufficiently punished and advise that he be now pardoned.	Pardon granted ..	Feb. 12
E. T. Youngblood.....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny of cattle....	.....do .....	May 31, 1898	Petitioner was convicted of stealing a cow and calf in Indian Territory. He has been imprisoned nearly 3 years, and I think he has been sufficiently punished. I advise a pardon.	.....do .....	Feb. 12
Kidd Phillips .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of a horse ..	5 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Apr. 8, 1898	This is a case of a 5 years' sentence for horse stealing in Indian Territory, that being the least punishment allowed by the statute. Upon the same principle adopted in other similar cases I advise that sentence be commuted to 2½ years, with all allowances for good conduct.	Sentence commuted to 2½ years, with all allowances for good behavior.	Feb. 12
Bud Jackson .....	Texas, northern....	Illicit distilling ....	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth and fine of \$100.	Mar. 13, 1899	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Feb. 12
Russell N. Whittlesey.	Iowa, southern .....	Embezzlement of United States funds.	4 years in Iowa penitentiary at Anamosa and fine of \$2,611.97.	Mar. 22, 1898	Petitioner has served nearly 3 years upon a sentence of 4 years' imprisonment. His term will expire under allowance for good conduct on May 24, 1901. He asks that 60 days be taken off of his time in order that he may be free to attend to pressing matters of family and business. His conduct as a prisoner has been exemplary. I think that much of clemency may justly be granted him and advise that sentence be commuted to expire Mar. 24, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Mar. 24, 1901.	Feb. 18
Morris Barratz .....	New Jersey.....	Illicit distilling ....	1 year in Hudson County jail and fine of \$500.	Nov. 3, 1900	Whether or not other persons are equally guilty with the petitioner, as is alleged, we can not ignore the fact that he has been duly found guilty by a jury. That finding we can not ignore or pronounce erroneous. In view, however, of the prisoner's good service in the United States Army in the Philippines, as testified to by his captain, I advise that his fine be remitted and sentence commuted to 6 months' imprisonment.	Sentence commuted to 6 months and fine remitted.	Feb. 18



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
David Greer.....	Missouri, western....	Post-office robbery.	15 months in the Reformatory School for Boys at Booneville, Mo.	Apr. 17, 1900	Prisoner is a youth undergoing a sentence at a reform school. He has pulmonary tuberculosis. His case is reported as "hopeless," and his presence in the school a menace to the health of the other inmates. For this cause I recommend that he be pardoned.	Pardon granted.	1901 Feb. 18
Lyman H. Plum.....	United States Army.	Desertion.....	Dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of pay and allowance, and confinement at hard labor for 2 years.	Jan. 20, 1900	The Secretary of War recommended a pardon in order to restore civil rights).	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Feb. 25
James B. Hamilton....	Indian Territory, southern.	Embezzlement.....	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	May 27, 1899	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Garrett Sutherland....	Illinois, southern....	Passing counterfeit money.	6 months in Illinois penitentiary at Joliet.	January term, 1897.	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Bladen Ramsey.....	Texas, western.....	Smuggling.....	18 months in Kings County penitentiary.	May 3, 1894	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Melchor Valverde.....	.....do.....	Unlawfully purchasing property of the United States.	2 years in southern Illinois penitentiary.	May 5, 1882	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
John Stanley.....	Indian Territory, central.	Forgery.....	2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 6, 1896	.....do.....	.....do.....	Mar. 11
Edward Roberts.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Assault to rape.....	20 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Dec. 3, 1898	Prisoner was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment for assault with intent to rape. It satisfactorily appears that the woman was not a person whose character had been previously abused. The trial judge reports that if he had known all the facts at the time, he would not have imposed a sentence of more than 2½ years. I recommend that sentence be commuted to 2½ years.	Sentence commuted to 2½ years.	Mar. 11

Enoch W. Agnew .....	Florida, southern .....	Misapplying funds of a national bank.	5 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 14, 1896	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Mar. 21
W. B. Groat .....	District of Columbia	Uttering counterfeit and mutilated coin.	11 months in District jail and fine of \$10.	June 18, 1900	On account of the poverty of this prisoner I recommend that the fine be remitted.	Fine remitted .....	Mar. 21
George Allen .....	Kentucky .....	Illicit distilling .....	6 months in Franklin County jail and fine of \$500.	Jan. 8, 1901	The trial judge and district attorney recommended that this prisoner be pardoned because of his having a loathsome and infectious disease, which endangers the health of the other inmates of the prison. I concur.	Pardon granted ..	Mar. 21
Pearl H. Swezy .....	United States Army	Desertion .....	Dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of pay and allowances and confinement at hard labor for 1 year.	Oct. 5, 1899	(The Secretary of War recommended a pardon).	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	Mar. 22
Herbert McBride Miles H. Story .....	do .....	do .....	do .....	Feb. 20, 1900	do .....	do .....	Mar. 22
	Washington .....	Sending obscene literature through the mails.	Fine of \$300 and costs, and stand committed until paid.	Jan. 8, 1901	I recommend that when petitioner shall have served 3 full months in prison the fine and costs be remitted.	Fine and costs remitted, to take effect Apr. 7, 1901.	Mar. 26
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern .....	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	The application for the pardon of certain persons hereinafter named has been referred to me, and I have the honor to submit the following in response thereto: In 1891, in the United States circuit court for the western division, southern district of Georgia, Luther A. Hall, Wright Lancaster, John K. Lancaster, James Moore, Louis Knight, Lem Burch, Charles Clements, Rich Lowry, and Henry Lancaster were jointly indicted for conspiracy and the murders of John C. Forsyth in pursuance of that conspiracy. The indictment was under sections 5508 and 5509, United States Revised Statutes. Henry Lancaster and Rich Lowry were not arrested. Lem Burch pleaded guilty, and the other five were tried jointly, and the jury found James Moore not guilty, and found Luther A. Hall, Wright Lancaster, and Charles Clements guilty as charged, and fixed the punishment at imprisonment for life in the Ohio penitentiary, and found John K. Lancaster	Pardon granted ..	Mar. 26

List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Laucaster .....	Georgia, southern ...	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>ter and Louis Knight guilty of conspiracy only, and they were sentenced to imprisonment for terms of years.</p> <p>Luther A. Hall died in the penitentiary, and the terms of John K. Laucaster and Louis Knight have expired, and they have been discharged, leaving only Wright Laucaster and Charles Clements still undergoing sentence, so that while the applications and recommendations for pardon included the others, we need to consider now only those with reference to these two.</p> <p>Historically, so far as is necessary to an understanding of the matters involved, the case, with its surroundings and what led up to it, may be, as of that time briefly stated thus: There is in Georgia a large pine belt used only for lumber, timber, shingles, turpentine, resin, etc., sparsely settled and peculiarly adapted for squatters and squatters' claims, where lines and boundaries were little known and where, so long as not known to be seriously interfering with the use of some known owner, a squatter might remain a long time undisturbed. In this way many titles by prescription have been acquired and many more claimed. There were also many fictitious titles, and many others that were despised, and often a good paper title was met by one by prescription, either, real or claimed.</p> <p>Norman W. Dodge, of the Dodge Lumber Company, had a good paper title to a large tract of this section of between 300,000 and 400,000 acres; but what is before said as to</p>	Pardon granted ...	1901. Mar. 26

the general uncertainty of titles there, was also true as to this tract, so far that there was probably but little of it the title to which was not in some way disputed. The most of the litigation in the Federal and State courts of the counties in which this pine belt lay was in regard to contested land titles, and this Dodge land furnished its full share of this litigation; and this, with the eviction of many occupants, many of whom really thought they had a good title, made Dodge and the Dodge Lumber Company peculiarly obnoxious to many of the people there, and this feeling was increased by the fact that Dodge was a nonresident, a citizen of New York.

The defendant, Luther A. Hall, was a very prominent, active, somewhat unscrupulous attorney for many of those contesting the Dodge titles, and opposing Dodge on his own account also, and his practices in these directions were not at all times such as the law warranted. John C. Forsyth was the general agent of Norman W. Dodge in the care, control, and management of these lands and of the litigation concerning them, and had in this way gotten the enmity of Luther A. Hall. It is not necessary here to go into the merits of this litigation or these controversies. It is sufficient to say that all this, with much indiscreet talk on the part of some of those contesting or opposing the Dodge titles and claims, furnished the occasion for saying that the acts charged against the defendants who were indicted were for the purpose of threatening and intimidating Norman W. Dodge in and because of his exercise of rights secured to him by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and thus bring the case within the jurisdiction of the Federal court. Whether this allegation was proven

List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>we need not now inquire, but this was the charge.</p> <p>Revised Statutes, sections 5508, 5509 under which the indictment in this case was found, provide in substance—the first, that if two or more persons conspire to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any citizen of the United States, in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same, they may be fined not more than ten years; and section 5509, that if, in violating the provisions of the preceding section any other felony or misdemeanor be committed, the offender shall be punished as the laws of the State where such offense is committed may prescribe for such offense.</p> <p>It will thus be seen that the gravamen of the indictment in this case was the particular conspiracy there charged, viz, to threaten, intimidate, etc., Norman W. Dodge in the exercise of, or because of his exercise of the right thus secured to him, to institute, conduct, and enforce his litigation with reference to his titles; for, without proof of this conspiracy and that the murder was committed in pursuance of it, the Federal court could have no jurisdiction, as it has no jurisdiction of murder cases pure and simple.</p> <p>The murder charged to have been committed in pursuance of this conspiracy, and of which three of the defendants were convicted, was the killing of John C. Forsyth,</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26

the agent of Norman W. Dodge, on October 7, 1890. The occasion and detail of the homicide are not disputed. Some three weeks before the homicide two of those indicted, Charles Clements and Rich Lowry, a mulatto, went to the house of another of the defendants, Lem Burch, for the avowed purpose of killing Mr. Forsyth when they could get an opportunity to do so. How they came to go to the house of Burch, or who sent or employed them, is a matter of dispute. But Burch agreed to keep them hidden there, to point out Forsyth to them, who was unknown to them, and to pay \$600 for killing him. Burch kept the assassins hidden in his house about three weeks and took means to point out Forsyth to them; one of which was the telling them the man with whom, on a certain occasion, he should cordially shake hands, was Forsyth. Having learned to know him, on the evening of October 7, 1890, these two men took their guns and left Burch's house for the house of Forsyth, some miles distant. A short distance from there Clements stopped at a deserted shanty and remained until Lowry's return. Lowry went on to the house, got upon the veranda of the house, and as Mr. Forsyth sat in his parlor with his back to the window, shot him through the head with a load of buckshot, which passed first through the glass of the window and killed him. The assassin, Lowry, then returned the way he came, and was joined by Clements at the point where the latter had waited, and both returned to the house of Burch and reported to him what had been done; and at different times Burch paid to the mulatto, Lowry, such portions of the \$600 blood money as he could get, and Lowry made his escape.

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>This is about the only material matter not in dispute. As to all matters affecting the complicity or connection of the other defendants with either the conspiracy or the murder, they were as explicitly and emphatically denied by the other defendants, and in their testimony, as they were affirmed by the prosecution.</p> <p>The defendant, Wright Lancaster, was from a good family, having himself, as shown by his testimony, an excellent reputation and character, and enjoying the respect and esteem of his neighbors and acquaintances. He was at that time the sheriff of his county, and was engaged to be married to a respectable and estimable young lady. It would seem difficult to find a person there less likely to engage in the cowardly, despicable, and foolish crime of hiring assassins to kill an innocent man. He appears to have been also a person of sufficient sense and intelligence to know full well the utterly foolish futility of such a murder to accomplish any of the ends which it is alleged the defendants sought. Upon the whole, with the nature of the crime itself, the case was one requiring more than ordinary evidence in order to inspire in the unprejudiced mind a real conviction that Wright Lancaster was guilty of such a crime. The proof sufficient for this purpose naturally varies with the character and heinousness of the crime charged and the character and standing of the accused. What would be sufficient for this purpose in one case might be wholly insufficient in another.</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26

But the only evidence which can for a moment be considered as connecting Wright Lancaster with either the conspiracy charged or the murder was that of Lem Burch, one who was himself not only an active accomplice and one of the perpetrators of the murder, but one who by his own story and the uncontradicted confession of Clements, is shown so utterly depraved and without moral conscience that the history of criminals affords few parallels, and whose statements, for this reason, were not calculated to inspire belief in anything. Indeed, it would seem difficult to get a witness whose testimony would be less sufficient for the conviction of an accused person than this one.

In saying that the testimony of this particeps criminis, Burch, was substantially all there was to connect Wright Lancaster with the crime charged I am not unmindful of the testimony of the witness Bohannon, who testified to various after statements of the defendant Moore, which, if competent and true, would implicate Lancaster. I shall speak later of this.

That the testimony of Burch was absolutely essential is shown also by the statement of the court. The court told the jury (Rec., p. 126),

"If, however, they do not believe the testimony of Burch they should discard it, and the prosecution must fail."

This accomplice, Burch, testified, among other things, that Wright Lancaster sent the two hired assassins to his (Burch's) house for the purpose of killing Forsyth, and to be concealed there until they had an opportunity to do so, and that he agreed to pay \$200 of the \$800 promised for the killing. He testified to many things quite sufficient, if true, to convict Lancaster



List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R.S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>and also the other defendants of the crime charged; but so far as material, except the payment of \$100 of the blood money by the defendant Hall, it was of conversations which he said he had with these accused persons. No evidence connected Wright Lancaster with the crime charged otherwise than by what it was alleged he had said. There was no claim that he was even in the neighborhood when the murder was committed, or had any connection with it except as accessory before the fact as above stated; nor was there any evidence of this except the conversations detailed by Burch and those said to have been told by Moore to Bohannon. Burch seems to have been a shrewd witness. While he testified to very many conversations with Lancaster and the other defendants, he never made the mistake of having anyone else present, by whom he might be contradicted. No two of the defendants were present at any conversation, nor was any third person; and in every material particular he was explicitly contradicted by the person with whom he said he talked.</p> <p>There is no doubt that the testimony of an accomplice is competent. But to be competent is one thing, while to be sufficient for conviction is quite another. And while the rule of the old common law did not go so far as to say that a jury might not convict upon the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice, yet it required the judge</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26

to advise the jury to not do so, and expected the jury to heed the advice. But in later years it may be said that the rule has become established that no person may be convicted of a heinous crime upon the unsupported testimony of an accomplice, and this rule requires the trial judge to so tell the jury, and that the jury shall heed it; and for an error of either in this respect the conviction may be set aside. The trial judge in this case, adopted the ancient rule above referred to, and while he told the jury they ought not to convict upon the unsupported testimony of the accomplice Burch, yet he plainly intimated to them, in effect, that they might do so if they chose. And, when we consider the very meager competent testimony to corroborate Burch in a material matter, referring to Wright Lancaster, it would seem that the jury availed themselves of the permission thus given.

There are few cases where the wisdom and necessity for the rule requiring corroboration of an accomplice is more apparent than this, for there are few cases where an accomplice would stand more in need of corroboration, in order to inspire belief, than did the witness Burch. And, if there be any case where this rule should be applied in all its strictness, surely it must be a case where the witness is shown to be so devoid of moral conscience as this witness.

The record contains about 1,100 type written pages, and it is impossible to refer to it here, except in the most general way. In the charge to the jury the court recited in detail all the evidence that was brought to connect the accused with the crime charged, including that which was claimed to corroborate Burch. From a careful examination of the evidence as

List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901.—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>thus stated, I am unable to see that there was any such corroboration of the testimony of Burch as would entitle the jury to rely upon it for the conviction of Lancaster.</p> <p>On an application for pardon, these matters are not viewed from the standpoint of a reviewing court. All that is here suggested might not be sufficient for the reversal of the judgment, and yet might, from the grave doubt it inspires of the justice of the conviction, be one of the grounds for the exercise of executive clemency.</p> <p>Besides the testimony of the accomplice Burch, the other principal evidence relied upon to connect Wright Lancaster with the crime charged is the testimony of the witness Bohannon, who testified to various statements made to him, after the murder, by James Moore, one of the defendants, in which Moore stated that Lancaster had told him of his connection with the murder, in procuring it to be done. And this testimony was greatly relied upon to also corroborate the testimony of Burch.</p> <p>It will be noted that there was no claim that Lancaster had anything to do with the murder except as accessory before the fact, and the only evidence of this is what he is said to have told Burch and Moore.</p> <p>This statement by Moore to Bohannon of what he said Lancaster had told him (Moore) was made a week or more after the murder, and was, in substance, that he (Lancaster) had sent Clements and Lowry to Burch to kill Forsyth</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 29

and that he was to pay part of the price for the killing. It was a mere narrative by Lancaster of what he had done more than a month before Moore related it, and related by Moore a week or over after the murder and after everything had been done in connection with this conspiracy charged. This was admitted on the ground that the declarations of one conspirator made in furtherance or in pursuance of the common design of conspiracy are evidence against the others. These declarations of Lancaster, if properly proven, were, of course, admissible as a confession against him, and in a proper case, would be admissible also against the others. But, how must they be first proven? Simply as other confessions or declarations are proven—by the testimony of some one who heard them. Lancaster swore positively he never said so, and so did Moore. Bohannon swore that Moore told him that Lancaster had said so. That was all. But it was Lancaster's declarations, and not Moore's, that were what were sought to be proved. Moore could have testified to them, but did not. Bohannon could not testify to them, and did not, for he did not hear them. He testified only that Moore told him that he had heard them. Now, the guilt of one alleged conspirator can not be established by the unsworn statements of another person, whether a co-conspirator or not. These declarations were offered and used chiefly, if not entirely, against Lancaster, as his confession and as corroborating the testimony of Burch against him, and were not so proven as to be competent for either purpose. Viewed as the declarations of Lancaster, they were not proved by the testimony of anyone who heard them, and, viewed as the declarations of

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R.S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>Moore, even if he were a coconspirator, they were not made by him to Bohannon in furtherance or in pursuance of any conspiracy, for, clearly, Moore did not tell this to Bohannon in pursuance or furtherance of any conspiracy. The evidence was therefore inadmissible.</p> <p>But, even if the unsworn declaration of one conspirator were competent to establish the guilt of another—that is, in this case, even if the statement of Moore, as a conspirator, of declarations made to him by Lancaster, were competent against Lancaster, it would be so simply because Moore was a coconspirator. But the jury acquitted Moore, thereby conclusively establishing that he was not a conspirator, and removing the only possible ground upon which this testimony could be claimed to be used against Lancaster.</p> <p>The court should have told the jury that if they found Moore was not a conspirator and therefore acquitted him they could not use his declarations against Lancaster or anyone else, or as corroborative of the testimony of Burch. And when the jury did acquit Moore, thereby rendering incompetent all that he had said, the court should have considered more carefully, upon a motion for a new trial, whether, as to Lancaster at least, there was sufficient evidence, under all the circumstances, for his conviction.</p> <p>There are several other instances in which it is strenuously insisted that the court fell into serious er-</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26

ror. But it is not important to notice them, for in so far as prejudicial errors upon the trial may be considered upon an application for pardon, these, if they are such, are as effective as would be others also.

Because, from a careful examination of the case, I think the competent evidence against him failed to show the guilt of Wright Lancaster, and because incompetent evidence, most material and prejudicial, was used against him, and especially now, after suffering 10 years of imprisonment, I would recommend his pardon upon these grounds, even if there were no other.

But there is another and a cogent reason why this application for pardon should be granted. The law has been already sufficiently vindicated the purpose of the conviction and sentence has been accomplished and neither justice nor the public good require a longer continuance of this terrible punishment. This ground I will leave the honorable judge who tried the case to state in his own way. Among the papers are a letter from him to you, and one from the district attorney who tried the case, in which they strongly urge the pardon of both Lancaster and Clements. The judge, among other things, says:

"The lawless environment which surrounded them has largely disappeared and has been succeeded by respect for law and order, and especially for the authority of the Federal courts. I, therefore, am persuaded that, as a punitive measure, the decade of penal servitude is adequate as affecting themselves, and that no public purpose is subserved by their longer confinement. It is not, I submit, the severity but the certainty of punishment which causes the criminal to withhold his

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Wright Lancaster .....	Georgia, southern ..	Conspiracy and murder (secs. 5508 and 5509, R. S.)	Imprisonment for life in Ohio penitentiary.	Jan. 6, 1891	<p>hand, and, on the whole, in this case, I now esteem it a privilege to be at liberty to ask you to temper the justice which has been measured out to these unfortunate men by mercy, which, permit me to say, is a well-known characteristic of your heart.</p> <p>"I may add that I am, moreover, persuaded that the pardon of these prisoners by the President will further tend to strengthen here the national authority, for it will remind the people that, even in the presence of crimes of the highest magnitude there resides in our national system that principle of benignity which, when the objects of the law have been accomplished, can and will accord mercy when severity no longer serves. Nor am I unmindful of the misery which friends and relatives of these men have suffered on their account for so many years, and of the happiness which will result from their enlargement." And this view is also strongly urged by the district attorney, and with which I concur.</p> <p>For the reasons stated I have no hesitation in recommending the immediate and unconditional pardon of Wright, Lancaster. The other prisoner, Clements, deserved all the punishment imposed, and ought not to be released.</p> <p>The petitioner was convicted of misapplying post-office funds, though it is conceded that he had no fraudulent intent in so doing. He has made restitution, and the judge and district attorney recommend that he be pardoned. I so advise.</p>	Pardon granted ..	1901. Mar. 26
John L. Bosley .....	Kentucky .....	Embezzlement of money-order funds.	(Suspended) .....	.....		Pardon granted ..	Mar. 26

Alexander Christie.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny of cattle (2 cases).	In one case 3 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth; in the other, 2 years in the same pen- itentiary.	Sept. 29, 1898	Pardon granted...	Mar. 26
Ed Leach .....	Indian Territory, central.	Larceny, and re- ceiving stolen property.	2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Sept. 21, 1899	.....do.....	Mar. 26
Calvin Sifax.....	.....do.....	Receiving stolen property.	3 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Apr. 16, 1900	.....do.....	Mar. 26
John McBride.....	Texas, western.....	Injuring a post- office letter box.	2 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	May 30, 1900	.....do.....	Mar. 26
Tom Allen.....	Indian Territory, central.	Arson .....	3 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Apr. 15, 1899	.....do.....	Mar. 26
Fred Cox.....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leaven- worth.	Dec. 9, 1897	.....do.....	Mar. 26

then that must be the case. Petitioner was sentenced to imprisonment for 3 years on this indictment and thereafter for 2 years on another indictment—the latter being a charge of stealing a cow. He served the first term, and it has been ascertained that the cow supposed to have been stolen was not stolen. I advise that Christie be pardoned on the latter charge.

This prisoner is critically ill with tuberculosis of the lungs and bowels. I advise that he be pardoned in order that he may go home to die. Prisoner is recommended for this pardon on account of critical and infectious illness.

Prisoner, while on a drunken spree, as a mere malicious freak, broke open a United States letter box, not stealing or intending to steal the contents. He was sentenced to two years' imprisonment "to give him a chance to sober up." He has served nearly a year, and has been sufficiently punished. I advise a pardon.

Application for the pardon of this prisoner is made by the warden, because the prisoner is developing a maniacal tendency, which is aggravated by his confinement. I incline to the belief that it will be wiser to release him than to transfer him to an asylum as an insane convict, and I therefore advise a pardon.

Petitioner has served more than 3 years in prison for horse theft in Indian Territory. Believing his punishment adequate, I advise that he be now pardoned.



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
George W. Dice.....	Georgia, northern..	Having in possession and passing counterfeit silver certificates.	8 years in Ohio penitentiary, fine of \$500 and costs.	Mar. 23, 1886	Petitioner having served his full term of 8 years, I recommend that the fine for which he is held be remitted.	Fine remitted .....	1901. Apr. 2
Henry Hyman, alias Hindman.	Arkansas, western..	Larceny .....	1 year in Detroit house of correction.	Feb. 7, 1891	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights. .....do	Apr. 2 Apr. 2
Camille Vives .....	Louisiana, eastern..	Embezzling money-order funds.	1 year in North Carolina penitentiary and fine of \$332.63.	May 10, 1888	.....do	.....do	Apr. 2
G. L. Gardner .....	Texas, eastern .....	Counterfeiting .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Jan. 16, 1886	.....do	.....do	Apr. 3
Linwood S. Pratt .....	Massachusetts .....	Using the mails to defraud.	9 months in jail at East Cambridge.	Jan. 10, 1901	I concur in the recommendation of the United States attorney and judge that a pardon be granted, because further confinement may cause insanity.	Pardon granted ..	Apr. 5
G. W. Yeagan .....	Indian Territory, central.	Horse stealing .....	5 years in Detroit house of correction.	Dec. 14, 1897	On account of the extreme illness of this prisoner, who is evidently in the last stages of consumption, I recommend that a pardon be granted.	.....do	Apr. 13
Benjamin J. Hamm....	Illinois, northern...	Using the mails to defraud.	2 years in Dupage County jail.	June 15, 1899	The crime of which the petitioner was convicted was the result of a disordered mental condition. He has served all but 2 months of a 2-year sentence, and is now confined in the Government Hospital for the Insane. The superintendent reports that he is recovering his mental health. I recommend that he be pardoned.	.....do	Apr. 18
Hoyt Custer .....	Kentucky .....	Embezzling funds of a national bank.	5 years in Ohio penitentiary.	Mar. 14, 1888	The petitioner, a young man, was individual bookkeeper of the Catlettsburg National Bank, of Catlettsburg, Ky., and was guilty of making false entries in the books in transferring a credit of several hundred dollars from the account of a depositor to his own account. He pleaded guilty, and was sen-	.....do	Apr. 20

Joseph N. Wolfson.....	Louisiana, eastern..	Violation of the national banking laws.	8 years in North Carolina, penitentiary and to pay the costs.	June 1, 1898	<p>tenced to imprisonment for 5 years, the minimum. About 2 years ago an application for his pardon was made, which was favorably recommended by the prosecuting attorney, trial judge, bank examiner, officials of the bank, and leading citizens of the vicinity. The Attorney-General was evidently favorably impressed with the application, but considered that the petitioner, having served only 16 months, had not been sufficiently punished. He has now served all but 3 months of a 5 years' sentence. All the money which was embezzled has been refunded. The bank officials and the leading citizens of the community recommend that he be pardoned now. In view of these recommendations, of the fact that the offense was a comparatively light one, and that in my opinion the petitioner has been sufficiently punished, I recommend his pardon.</p> <p>In accordance with your instructions I have examined with care all the papers on file in this department in relation to the application for pardon of Joseph N. Wolfson, and have considered them with much relevant and important information which was not before my predecessor. Wolfson's guilt may be conceded; although as to that, one of the judges of the United States circuit court of appeals (Judge Boardman), in a strongly reasoned dissenting opinion, maintains that it was not legally established. Be that as it may, his application is predicated on other grounds, entitled in my judgment to great consideration. After conviction, and pending an appeal of his case, Wolfson enlisted as a private of volunteers and served in the Spanish war. Later he was enlisted in the Regular Army and served, according to letters of his</p>	do.....	Apr. 23
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<p>Henry Gardes and W. W. Girault.</p>	<p>Louisiana, eastern.</p>	<p>Violation national-banking laws.</p>	<p>8 years in Ohio penitentiary and costs of prosecution.</p>	<p>July 2, 1897</p>	<p>Apr. 23.</p>
<p>.....do.....</p>					

records of our civil war where a good record as a soldier brought immunity from punishment for previous transgressions. Had Wolfson's name been untarnished, his military services and devotion to duty at the time of the Chinese crisis would doubtless have commended him to you for recognition. This is not my own deduction. It is so stated in Major Knight's letter above. If he has earned honor and advancement which it is not seemly to bestow, would it not be a peculiarly gracious act to remove from him, so far as you can, the consequences of his offense? It seems so to me, and therefore I recommend that the application for pardon be granted.

In accordance with your instructions I have made a careful examination of the applications for pardon of Henry Gardes and Walter W. Girault. The petitioners were tried at New Orleans for violation of the national banking laws, while officers of the American National Bank, were convicted on July 2, 1897, and each sentenced to imprisonment for 8 years in the Ohio penitentiary. They have now served all but 2 years of their sentence. My predecessor recommended a denial of these applications on July 28, 1899. At that time the district attorney and trial judge had recommended the denial of the applications. His recommendations were based largely upon these adverse reports. On January 5, 1901, he again examined the applications and made a second adverse report, stating that he could see no reason to change the report he had formerly made. Under date of December 31, 1900, the district attorney and trial judge made supplemental reports in which they strongly urged the exercise of Executive clemency.

These reports were received in the

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Henry Gardes and W. W. Girault.	Louisiana, eastern.	Violation national-banking laws.	8 years in Ohio penitentiary and costs of prosecution.	July 2, 1897	<p>Department on January 4, and although my predecessor's last report is dated January 5, I think from a perusal of his report in connection with the last recommendations of the attorney and judge, that these recommendations were not considered by him. Judge Parlings, in his statement, reports that there is no doubt as to Girault's guilt, but as to the entire fairness and regularity of the proceedings by which his guilt was determined. He says the questions now to be determined are, whether the punishment which he has already suffered is sufficient to satisfy the purposes of the law; whether his pardon would be detrimental to justice and to the proper administration of the criminal laws; and whether the sufferings of his family and the injury resulting to them from continued imprisonment should not be considered. He says that the conviction and imprisonment in the penitentiary for nearly 8 years of a man of the bearing and education of Girault is undoubtedly very great and heavy punishment, which in his case is intensified by the knowledge that his wife and 7 children, themselves innocent, must share in his humiliation and sufferings; that it is quite evident to him that a very large number of the highest executive and judicial officers of the State, of lawyers, and of men prominent in financial and business circles, believe that he should be pardoned, and that while this should not be a controlling consideration,</p>	Pardon granted.	1901. Apr. '23

get it is certainly entitled to much weight. It is evident that these men believe the law has been fully vindicated. He concludes by saying: "Believing therefore that the law is vindicated; that the further imprisonment of Mr. Girault can only continue the pain, hardships, and sufferings of his wife and children, who have him only to look to for support, I advise and recommend his pardon." He then takes up the case of Mr. Gardes and says that the cases should be considered together; that Girault was in fact the acting and active managing head of the bank, and that nearly all if not all of the criminal acts charged in the joint indictment were committed by Girault, but with Gardes's knowledge. He says that Gardes is a very old man, and is in feeble and declining health. He concludes by saying: "All the views which I have expressed in dealing with Mr. Girault's case as to the vindication of the law my reasons for believing that it has been satisfied in Mr. Girault's case, I now reiterate as to Mr. Gardes. I therefore recommend that Mr. Gardes be pardoned." The former United States attorney who prosecuted these cases in the trial court and the court of appeals, says that a very large portion of the most prominent and best people of the community who approve of the convictions and sentences now urge that they consider the law indicated, and justice satisfied. He says: "My views on the law and the facts of the case are still what I have heretofore expressed in my report of June 8, 1900, but I now yield to this appeal, and the moral sentiment supporting it, and therefore for the other reasons set forth by Judge Parlange, I join in the recommendation that both Mr. Girault and Mr. Gardes be par-

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Henry Gardes and W. W. Girault.	Louisiana, eastern..	Violation national-banking laws.	8 years in Ohio penitentiary and costs of prosecution.	July 2, 1897	done. I think both should be considered together and treated alike." An examination of the petitions, letters and other recommendations on file in these cases shows that there is a universal sentiment in the community that the law has been fully vindicated; that these petitioners have been sufficiently punished, and that the exercise of executive clemency at this time would be just and expedient. On account of this sentiment, and for the reasons urged by the trial judge and district attorney, I recommend that the petitions be granted.	Pardon granted...	1901. Apr. 23
John Polk and Thomas Clark.	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of cattle....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Dec. 9, 1897	The petitioners were sentenced in 1897 to 5 years' imprisonment for larceny of cattle. The district attorney and judge recommended that they be pardoned on the ground that they have been sufficiently punished. I concur and recommend pardon of both petitioners.	.....do.....	Apr. 27
Ransom Palmer.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling....	4 months in Fulton County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Mar. 11, 1901	The prisoner has served nearly half of a 4 months' sentence for illicit distilling. The application for pardon is forwarded by the district attorney and trial judge who ask an immediate pardon on account of the critical condition of the prisoner's wife. I concur with them, and recommend a pardon.	.....do.....	Apr. 27
Joseph W. Peckworth.	United States Navy.	Desertion.....	(Not convicted).....	.....	(Full and barrow) pardon recommended by the secretary of the Navy.	.....do.....	May 14
Louis Gallot.....	Louisiana, eastern..	Misapplying funds of national bank.	8 years at hard labor in Ohio Penitentiary, and costs of prosecution.	July 1, 1897	The petitioner was sentenced to 8 years' imprisonment for aiding and abetting in the misapplication of the funds of the Union National Bank of New Orleans. He was im-	.....do.....	May 17

Boyd Wallace.....	District of Columbia.	Murder.....	To be hanged April 12, 1901. (Case appealed and affirmed.)	Feb. 1, 1901.	<p>the parish prison he will have served the equivalent of a full 8 years' sentence on May 17 instant. The district attorney and trial judge both recommend that he be given credit for the time served in the parish prison, and I concur with them. I, therefore, recommend that he be pardoned to take effect May 17, 1901.</p> <p>The petitioner, Boyd Wallace, a negro, was convicted of murder of one Robert Stafford, his half-brother, in the District of Columbia, and is under sentence to be hanged on May 27 instant. It appears from the evidence that the killing was the result of a fight in which the condemned cut the deceased with a large knife, inflicting a wound in the abdomen which resulted in the death of deceased in about six hours. The quarrel and fight which terminated in the killing were occasioned by jealousy and rivalry between the deceased and the condemned concerning one Harriet Jackson, who had lived with the condemned as his wife for five or six years and until a short time before the killing. The evidence shows that the deceased followed the condemned and said Harriet Jackson from the house where all three resided into a shed in the rear of the yard and probably provoked the quarrel and fight. Under all the circumstances as shown by the testimony I concur with the district attorney and trial judge in believing that this is a case where the jury might reasonably have qualified the verdict by reporting, "Guilty without capital punishment," and I recommend that the sentence of death be commuted to imprisonment for life.</p>	Sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.	May 20
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List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Alexander McKenzie.	Alaska (Ninth judicial circuit).	Contempt of court (2 cases).	1 year in Alameda County jail.	Feb. 11, 1901	I have delayed report upon the application for pardon of Alexander McKenzie in order to make personal investigation as to wherein he is still in default, and in order that the effect of your act of clemency, should you be so disposed, might not be defeated as to contentions as to the fact of compliance by McKenzie with the court's orders. The court now advises me that McKenzie has today fully complied with all its orders. I, therefore, now make this report, in lieu of previous one prepared by me under mistaken information as to the fact of compliance. In view of McKenzie's ill health, and the recommendation by the judges of the court whose writs he disobeyed, I advise that his sentence be commuted to imprisonment to expire immediately.	Sentence commuted to expire May 24, 1901.	1901. May '24
Benjamin S. Chase	Massachusetts	Concealing assets while a bankrupt. Act of July 1, 1898.	1 year in the jail at East Cambridge. (Case appealed and judgment affirmed.)	May 4, 1900	The prisoner has served 4 months of a 1-year sentence. There is no merit in his application for pardon and no reason for the exercise of clemency, except the serious ill health of the prisoner. The jail physician and other reputable physicians have reported him to be in poor health. The prison physician in his supplemental report just received is very positive in stating his opinion that confinement has seriously impaired the prisoner's health, and that if his present condition continues he will not live out his sentence. Solely for this reason I recommend his pardon. The petitioner, a lad 16 years old, was sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment—the minimum penalty—for horse theft in Indian Territory. He	Pardon granted	May 31
J. C. Gilliam	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in United States Penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 10, 1899		.....do	May 31

W. A. Robinson.....	Kentucky .....	Acting as pilot without license.	To pay a fine of \$100, and to be committed until paid	Apr. 1, 1901	The petitioner pleaded guilty in the offense of acting as pilot without license, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100. At the time of sentence the judge and district attorney were not acquainted with the facts and circumstances of the case. They now recommend that the fine be remitted, in which recommendation I concur.	May 31	Fine remitted. ---
J. W. Hodges.....	North Carolina, eastern.	Retailing liquors without having paid the special tax.	1 year in Richmond County jail, fine of \$100 and costs.	Nov. 2, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and to be imprisoned for 1 year for selling spirituous liquors without having paid the special tax. On account of his poor health I recommend that sentence be commuted to 8 months' actual imprisonment.	May 31	Sentence commuted to 8 months' actual imprisonment.
Charles C. Covell .....	New York, western.	Reusing canceled postage stamps.	18 months in Erie County penitentiary.	Sept. 12, 1874	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	May 31	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.
Henry Choate .....	Arkansas, western..	Larceny (3 cases)...	3 years in Detroit House of Correction.	Dec. 4, 1880	.....do.....	May 31	.....do.....
Sam Jackson .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Disposing of intoxicating liquors in Indian Territory.	6 months in United States jail at Ardmore, Ind. T., and fine of \$100.	Oct. 7, 1898	.....do.....	May 31	.....do.....
Thomas Wall .....	Illinois, southern...	Counterfeiting .....	3 years in Illinois Penitentiary at Chester.	Mar. 5, 1887	.....do.....	May 31	.....do.....
James Patterson, alias John Demo.	New York, southern.	Perjury (sec. 5392 R. S.).	2 years in Erie County Penitentiary and \$1 fine.	Dec. 23, 1893	.....do.....	May 31	.....do.....
Richard Toulmin. ....	United States consular court, China.	Murder.....	Imprisonment for life in the prison for American convicts at Shanghai, China.	Dec. 13, 1888	The petitioner was convicted in the United States consular court at Canton, China, of the murder of a Chinese on board the American ship Dosing, in the harbor of Wuchow, on July 7, 1888, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life in the prison for American convicts at Shanghai, China. The petition is	June 6	Pardon granted, on condition that prisoner leave China never to return, to take effect July 26, 1901.

1 Prisoner died before pardon became effective.

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Richard Toulmin.....	United States consular court, China.	Murder.....	Imprisonment for life in the prison for American convicts at Shanghai, China.	Dec. 13, 1898	presented by the consul-general at Shanghai, who is thoroughly familiar with all the facts and circumstances of the case. For several reasons, chief among which are his belief that considering the circumstances of the killing the convict has been sufficiently punished, and the fact that the consul-general physician reports that further imprisonment will probably result in death or insanity, the consul-general recommends that the convict be pardoned, to take effect July 26, 1901 (at which time he will have suffered three full years' imprisonment), upon condition that the petitioner immediately leave China and never return. I concur with the consul-general and recommend that the pardon be granted upon the condition indicated.	Pardon granted on condition that prisoner leave China never to return, to take effect July 26, 1901.	1901. June 6
Harry E. Johnson.....	Ohio, southern.....	Embezzling post-office money-order funds.	18 months in Ohio Penitentiary, fine of \$800 and costs.	Oct. 4, 1900	The petitioner was sentenced to imprisonment for 18 months. He has already been imprisoned 5 months in jail and 8 months in the penitentiary. Bishop Arnett strongly urges a pardon, expressing the belief that the petitioner's guilt is more technical than real, and Judge Thompson and District Attorney Bundy both recommend pardon. I advise that pardon be granted.	Pardon granted ..	June 6
Randall Adams .....	Kentucky .....	Murder resulting from conspiracy to intimidate United States officers in the execution of process.	Imprisonment for life in Indiana State prison at Michigan City.	Feb. 23, 1895	The petitioner was convicted of conspiracy to intimidate United States officers in the execution of process, which resulted in the killing of a deputy United States marshal, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life. It is not contended by the Government that this petitioner did the actual killing, but only that he was a member of the party of illicit distillers who opposed the Fed-	Sentence commuted to expire June 15, 1901.	June 6

Harry H. Smith .....	Indiana .....	Counterfeiting .....	2 years in Ohio penitentiary, fine of \$10 and costs.	Dec. 7, 1900	<p>tion among all his neighbors. The former United States attorney who prosecuted this man thinks his sentence may be materially reduced, and a deputy United States marshal who was a member of the posse which took part in the battle strongly urges a pardon. Considering all the circumstances of the case, I think that a sentence of ten years' imprisonment would be ample punishment for the offense. The prisoner has already served, in jail and the penitentiary, an equivalent of a ten years' sentence, and I recommend that the sentence be commuted to expire June 15 instant.</p> <p>Petitioner was sentenced to 2 years' imprisonment for attempting to pass a single counterfeit dollar. The district attorney and judge recommend pardon. I think a sentence of one year with credits for good behavior would have been ample punishment, and recommend that the sentence be commuted to such term.</p> <p>Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.</p>	Sentence commuted to 1 year's imprisonment with allowances for good behavior.	June 6
J. R. Holland.....	North Carolina, western.	Embezzling funds of a national bank.	7 years in Albany county penitentiary, fine of \$10 and costs.	June 13, 1895		Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	June 6
William Dennis Logan	Arkansas, western..	Retailing liquor without having paid the special tax.	2 years in United States penitentiary and \$500 fine.	May 14, 1900	<p>The petitioner was sentenced to 2 years for retailing liquor without having paid the special tax. The district attorney and judge report that this severe sentence was imposed because it had been represented to them that the defendant was a very bad man and had been violating the internal-revenue laws for several years. They now state that they are fully persuaded that they were misled at the time of the trial and sentence, and recommend executive clemency. I believe that the petitioner will be sufficiently punished if his sentence be commuted to expire Oct. 1, 1901, and I so recommend.</p>	Sentence commuted to expire Oct. 1, 1901.	June 6

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Edward Ringland.....	Georgia, southern ..	Stealing mail from a mail bag.	Imprisonment in the Boys' Reform School, District of Columbia, until he should become 21 years of age.	July 1, 1899	The petitioner was a boy of 18 years and was reported to the United States authorities by his father, who desired that he be sent to a reformatory in order to remove him from evil associations. He had now been in the Reform School nearly 2 years, and his father having removed to a new locality asks that he be pardoned and returned to him. The board of trustees of the Reform School report that his conduct has been excellent and recommend his pardon. I concur.	Pardon granted .....	1901. June 6
William Moore .....	Pennsylvania, western.	Breaking into a post-office and stealing property of the United States.	5 years in Western penitentiary.	Sept. 8, 1897	The petitioner has been imprisoned for nearly 4 years, under a sentence of 5 years for post-office robbery. The trial judge, the United States attorney, and the former United States attorney who prosecuted him, all earnestly recommend his pardon on the ground that he has been sufficiently punished. It is reported that his conduct in the penitentiary has been exemplary, he having while there fitted himself as a teacher and employed himself in teaching other prisoners. I recommend that he be pardoned.	.....do .....	June 6
J. P. Gobel .....	Oklahoma .....	Disposing of liquors to Indians.	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Nov. 29, 1900	The petitioner is an old soldier, 65 years of age, and very feeble and infirm. He sold to Indians in Oklahoma a drink which was presented to him as being nonintoxicating. The proof on trial showed that the drink was intoxicating, and he was sentenced to imprisonment for a year and a day in the penitentiary. The district attorney and judge report that the defendant sold the drink openly and they are satisfied that he be-	.....do .....	June 6

Nicholas Politz.....	North Carolina, eastern.	Counterfeiting .....	6 years in North Carolina state prison, fine of \$500 and costs.	June 14, 1899	Heved the representations made to him by the wholesale houses from whom he bought the drink that it was not intoxicating. In view of all the facts and circumstances of this case I think the petitioner should be pardoned. Petitioner is foreigner unable to speak English, and probably did not realize the enormity of his crime. After arrest, and against the advice of counsel, he made a full confession, implicating the really guilty ringleaders. For these reasons the district attorney and judge recommend pardon. I recommend that his sentence be commuted to 2 full years imprisonment, which will expire June 18 instant.	Sentence commuted to expire June 18, 1901.	June 6
Charles Newton .....	District of Columbia	Assault .....	6 months in United States Jail, District of Columbia.	May 16, 1901	The trial judge transmits reports of the jail physician to the effect that the prisoner is in poor health, and that further imprisonment will jeopardize his life. He has served only a small portion of a 6 months' sentence, and solely on the ground of ill health I recommend a pardon.	Pardon granted ..	June 8
James Davis.....	Indian Territory, northern.	Larceny .....	18 months in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	June 23, 1900	Application for the pardon of this prisoner is made by the warden of the United States penitentiary on the ground of fatal ill health. He has a little more than 3 months to serve. On account of his condition, which is a menace to the health of the other prisoners, I recommend his pardon.	.....do.....	June 8
John Lee, alias James Riley.	United States Navy.	Desertion.....	(Not convicted) .....	.....	(Full and unconditional pardon recommended by the Secretary of the Navy.)	.....do.....	June 14
W. Williams.....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Oct. 9, 1899	The petitioner pleaded guilty with the honest belief that he would receive a 2-year sentence. The judge and district attorney recommend that his sentence be commuted to imprisonment for 2 years. I advise that sentence be commuted to imprisonment to expire August 1, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Aug. 1, 1901.	June 15

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
John Stuckey, Jr. ....	Arkansas, western.	Illicit distilling. ....	4 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, and fine of \$1,500.	Dec. 8, 1899	The prisoner received an unusually severe sentence for illicit distilling and the judge and district attorney think he has been sufficiently punished. In addition to other circumstances making the case a proper one for the exercise of executive clemency the prisoner's health is very poor. I advise that his sentence be commuted to imprisonment to expire October 1, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Oct. 1, 1901.	1901. June 15
O. D. Bray .....	Indian Territory, central.	Receiving stolen property.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Dec. 23, 1898	The district attorney and trial judge report that the case against this prisoner was not a very strong one, and recommended that his sentence be commuted to 3 years. The prison physician reports that the prisoner has incipient tuberculosis and that further confinement will hasten the progress of the disease. I recommend that the sentence be commuted to imprisonment for 3 years, with credits for good behavior.	Sentence commuted to 3 years, with credit for good behavior.	June 15
Isaac Warren Lewis ...	Mississippi, southern.	Embezzling from the mail.	1 year in Tennessee State prison and fine of \$100 and costs.	May 10, 1901	The petitioner was a 13-year old child at the time of his alleged offense, and should not have been prosecuted. The trial judge recognizing this has suspended the execution of sentence pending this application for clemency. I advise an immediate pardon.	Pardon granted ..	June 15
Wynn Bramble. ....	Illinois, southern ...	Stealing letters. ....	2 years in Southern Illinois penitentiary at Chester.	Apr. 24, 1900	The petitioner has served two-thirds of a 2-year sentence. The offense was his first. The sentiment of the community where he lived and committed the offense, as evidenced by the petitions of the leading citizens, is strongly in favor of clemency. The district judge, who was the prosecuting attorney, and the Assistant Attorney-General of the Post-Office De-	.....do .....	June 15

Charles Paudree .....	Texas, eastern .....	Manslaughter .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth and fine of \$10.	May 18, 1899	<p>partment, recommend pardon. In addition to these facts the prisoner is in poor health. I recommend an immediate pardon.</p> <p>The petitioner has served half of a 5-year sentence for manslaughter committed in the Indian Territory. The fight which resulted in the killing followed shortly upon an assault made by the deceased upon the wife and other members of the family of the petitioner. The deceased had also made threats to kill the petitioner at sight. The killing was done in protection of petitioner's family and in defense of his own life. I concur with the district attorney and judge in recommending a pardon.</p> <p>This petitioner was without counsel and was coerced into entering a plea of guilty. He was not proved to be guilty and should not have been sentenced. I advise a full and immediate pardon.</p> <p>It is clear in this case that there was no intention on the part of the prisoner to defraud the Government. His offense, which at most was technical, was the result of carelessness, and he immediately reimbursed the Government, which lost nothing even for a day. I concur with the judge and district attorney in recommending a full pardon.</p> <p>Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.</p>	do .....	June 15
Richard Young .....	Iowa, southern .....	Passing counterfeit money.	4 years in Iowa penitentiary at Anamosa.	Oct. 30, 1899	<p>Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.</p>	do .....	June 15
J. P. Greenwood .....	Colorado .....	Embezzling post-office money-order funds.	6 months in county jail of Arapahoe County and fine of \$643.98.	Apr. 13, 1901	<p>Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.</p>	do .....	June 15
Cornelius N. Boyer .....	Mississippi, northern.	Violation of the pension laws (two cases).	15 months in Kings County penitentiary; fine of \$350 and costs.	Jan. 15, 1895	<p>Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.</p>	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	June 15
John C. Graves .....	Tennessee, western.	Breaking into a building used as a post-office.	5 years in Tennessee State prison; fine of \$1,000 and costs.	Oct. 22, 1900	<p>Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.</p>	Pardon granted ..	June 21



*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
James Maness .....	North Carolina, western.	Illicit distilling ....	1 year and 1 day in the Tennessee State prison and fine of \$100.	Oct. 2, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to imprisonment for a year for illicit distilling. On account of the destitute condition of his family I concur with the district attorney and trial judge in recommending that sentence be commuted to imprisonment for 8 months.	Sentence commuted to imprisonment for 8 months.	1901. June 22
Will Jenkins .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Feb. 26, 1898	Petitioner received a sentence of 5 years — the minimum — for horse stealing. He has been in the penitentiary more than 3 years, and served 11 months in jail before sentence. On June 25, instant, he will have served the equivalent of his 5-year sentence. I therefore recommend that his sentence be commuted to expire June 25, 1901. (Full and unconditional pardon recommended by the Secretary of the Navy.)	Sentence commuted to expire June 25, 1901.	June 22
Calvin Joy Cressey .....	United States Navy.	Hazing .....	Dismissed from United States Navy.	.....		Pardon granted .....	June 25
Charles W. Mussey .....	Vermont .....	Misapplication of the funds of the Merchants' National Bank of Rutland.	7 years in the Vermont House of Correction.	May 23, 1900	The petitioner has served more than a year of a 7-year sentence for violation of the national-banking laws. The district attorney and trial judge recommend his immediate pardon, for the reasons that they believe from the facts developed since his sentence that he has been sufficiently punished, and that further imprisonment will endanger his life. The prison physician and two other physicians of high standing certify that the condition of the prisoner's health is critical. For the reasons above stated I recommend pardon.	.....do .....	June 25
L.J. Johnson .....	North Carolina, eastern.	Removing and concealing spirits.	12 months in Chatham County jail; fine of \$400, and double tax upon 5 gallons of distilled spirits.	Dec. 6, 1900	Petitioner was sentenced to 12 months imprisonment and to pay a fine and costs for violation of the internal revenue laws. He has served more than half of his term of imprisonment. Concurring with the dis-	Pardon granted upon payment of fine and costs.	June 28

William Ayres.....	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling .....	5 months in Fulton County jail; fine of \$100 and costs.	Mar. 26, 1901	<p>trict attorney and judge, I recommend that petitioner be pardoned on condition that he pay the fine and costs.</p> <p>Petitioner is serving a 5-months' sentence for illicit distilling. On account of the delicate condition of health of his wife and the destitute condition of his family I recommend that petitioner be commuted to expire July 1, 1901.</p>	Sentence commuted to expire July 1, 1901.	June 28
Charles J. Miller.....	Mississippi, southern.	Violation internal-revenue laws.	Fine of \$700 and costs.	Jan. 7, 1901	<p>Petitioner pleaded guilty to minor infractions of the revenue laws, which involved no loss to the Government. The judge imposed the minimum penalty, and now recommends that sentence be commuted to a fine of \$50 and costs. I concur.</p>	Sentence commuted to a fine of \$50 and costs.	June 28
William Wood..	Georgia, northern..	Retailing liquor without having paid the special tax.	4 months in Fulton County jail; fine of \$100 and costs.	Mar. 14, 1901	<p>Petitioner is guilty of retailing liquor without having paid the special tax required by law. He is a small farmer, and a reduction of his sentence by a few weeks will enable him to save this year's crop. I therefore recommend that sentence be commuted to expire July 1, 1901.</p>	Sentence commuted to expire July 1, 1901.	June 28
William Smith .....	District of Columbia	Assault and battery, carrying concealed weapons.	(1) Fine of \$30 or, in default, 120 days in the District jail; (2) \$50 fine or, in default, 120 days in jail.	Apr. 22, 1901	<p>The prisoner is serving a jail sentence for assault and battery and for carrying concealed weapons. Application for his pardon is made by the warden and physician of the jail on account of the serious ill health of the prisoner, and I recommend that the application be granted.</p>	Pardon granted ..	June 28
Commodore Robertson	Georgia, northern..	Illicit distilling .....	6 months in Fulton County jail; fine of \$100 and costs.	Mar. 13, 1901	<p>Petitioner is serving a 6-months' sentence for illicit distilling. On account of the deplorable condition of his family, as shown by the reports of the district attorney and judge, I recommend pardon.</p>	.....do.....	June 28
George Brock.....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in Missouri penitentiary.	Nov. 18, 1898	<p>This is a case of horse theft in the Indian Territory, where the minimum penalty for that offense is 5 years' imprisonment. The district attorney and judge think 3 years sufficient punishment, and I recommend that sentence, be commuted to imprisonment to expire Aug. 17, 1901.</p>	Sentence commuted to expire Aug. 17, 1901.	June 28

*List of pardons granted by the President during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901—Continued.*

Name.	District.	Offense.	Sentence.	Date of sentence.	Recommendation of Attorney-General.	Action of President.	Date of action.
Elmo Brashears .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny of a horse.	5 years in Missouri penitentiary.	Dec. 3, 1898	Another case of horse theft in the Indian Territory, for which petitioner received the minimum penalty of 3 years, which is considered by the district attorney and judge excessive. I concur with them in recommending that sentence be commuted to expire Dec. 1, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Dec. 1, 1901.	1901. June 28
Chick Baker .....	do .....	do .....	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth and fine of \$500.	May 23, 1898	The prisoner received the minimum sentence of 5 years for horse theft in Indian Territory. The district attorney and judge recommend a reduction of sentence for the reason that the minimum penalty appears excessive in this case. I recommend commutation of sentence to imprisonment to expire Sept. 1, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Sept. 1, 1901.	June 28
Lee Cunningham .....	Indian Territory, northern.	Assault with intent to commit robbery.	5 years in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.	Apr. 13, 1899	The petitioner has served about one-half of a 5-year sentence for assault with intent to commit robbery. The prison physician reports that he has tuberculosis. In order to permit him to return to the mild climate of his home before cold weather sets in, I recommend that his sentence be commuted to imprisonment to expire Oct. 1, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Oct. 1, 1901.	June 28
Virgil Weinberg .....	Indian Territory, southern.	Larceny .....	5 years in United States penitentiary.	Oct. 9, 1899	The prisoner was sentenced to 5 years for larceny of a few articles worth about \$15, and has served about 18 months of his term. The district attorney recommends clemency on the ground that the sentence was too severe. I agree with him and recommend commutation to imprisonment to expire Aug. 15, 1901.	Sentence commuted to expire Aug. 15, 1901.	June 28
David M. Boltz .....	Missouri, western ..	Stealing valuable mail matter while assistant postmaster.	1 year and 1 day in Missouri State penitentiary.	Oct. 17, 1899	Pardon recommended to restore civil rights.	Pardon granted to restore civil rights.	June 28

S. M. Taylor.....	Arkansas, eastern...	Illicit distilling.....	1 year and 1 day in United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth: fine of \$50 and costs.	Nov. 7, 1899	.....do.....	.....do.....	June 28
J. T. Pate.....	Alabama, middle.....	.....do.....	1 year and 1 day in Kings County penitentiary.	May 31, 1895	.....do.....	.....do.....	June 28
Wm. R. Lossen.....	Arkansas, western...	Larceny.....	11 months in Arkansas penitentiary.	May 30, 1879	.....do.....	.....do.....	June 28
Alman A. Redheffer.....	Pennsylvania, eastern.	Conspiracy and devising scheme to defraud by use of United States mails.	2 years in Eastern penitentiary, and fine of \$100 and costs.	Aug. 16, 1897	.....do.....	.....do.....	June 28
C. M. Tissue.....	Missouri, western...	Counterfeiting.....	1 year and 1 day in Missouri penitentiary: fine of \$50 and costs.	Oct. 17, 1899	.....do.....	.....do.....	June 28



**EXHIBIT Q.**—*Report of the special attorney for the Mission Indians.*RIVERSIDE, CAL., *October 23, 1901.*

Hon. P. C. KNOX,

*Attorney-General of the United States, Washington, D. C.*

Pursuant to your request of date October 4, 1901, I submit the following report of matters under my charge as special attorney for the Mission Indians of southern California:

**MATTERS IN LITIGATION.**

A cause of action entitled Roman Catholic Bishop of Monterey *v.* Solomon Cota and others, pending in the superior court of Santa Barbara County is still undisposed of. This action, as shown by my former reports, was brought by the Roman Catholic bishop for the purpose of adjusting the rights as between himself and a band of Mission Indians known as the Santa Ynez Indians, and residing at their village on the Canada de los Pinos, or College Rancho, situated in the county of Santa Barbara and State of California, and about 40 miles from the city of Santa Barbara.

This action is very largely a friendly proceeding, at least it has taken that form from the fact that a contract prior to my appointment was made between Mr. L. A. Wright, the Indian agent of the Consolidated Tule River Agency, and the plaintiff in the action, by which they agreed upon the amount of territory which was to be conceded to the Indians. This contract has been forwarded to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has been approved and recorded in his office, and when the action is in proper shape a decree is to be entered in accordance with the terms of said agreement. I consider it important that this matter be closed up at as early a day as possible, and since my last report, made November 3, 1900, I have visited Santa Barbara for the purpose of urging the final closing up of the case, and the preparation of such decree as might be submitted to your Department and to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for approval. On my visit I discovered that the matter was being delayed, partly on account of being unable to get completed service upon some minors, and partly on account of the press of business as urged by counsel on part of the plaintiff. I have made repeated efforts to have this matter closed up, and while there is no change in the situation, and our agreement still stands undisturbed, yet I have been met by these delays, but trust before long to be able to forward a decree prepared in accordance with the stipulation, which will dispose of the matter. We are greatly under obligations to Bishop Montgomery, of this diocese, for his willingness to make an agreement recognizing the rights of these Indians, regardless of legal rules or principles. While I am not thoroughly familiar with all the facts relating to the terms of the patents under which this ranch is held, yet so far as I understand the situation, the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Warner's ranch case would probably eject these Indians, or most of them, if the rights of the bishop were instituted. He takes, however, a charitable view of the situation, and is willing to deal with the Indians, not only as wards of the Government, but as his own parishioners, and for this commendable spirit deserves praise.

Some years ago there was a sale made of a portion of this same tract of land by the bishop, the dividing line between what was retained by the church and what was sold being the median line of the Santa Cota Creek, being the stream upon which the Indians reside, some on the northerly and some on the southerly side of the stream. The action above referred to in which the Bishop of Monterey is plaintiff, only affects that portion of the ranch retained by the bishop upon the southerly side of the stream, the land on the northerly side being controlled at present by Hon. P. T. Robinson, of San Francisco, and the title of the Indians to their land occupied by them on the northerly side of the stream is in the same precarious condition as that involved in the suit by the bishop.

On a visit to San Francisco during the month of September I called on Mr. Robinson for the purpose, at the suggestion of the Indian agent, Mr. L. A. Wright, of endeavoring to get an adjustment with reference to the rights of the Indians on the tract under his control, having been theretofore advised that he was at all times willing to treat the Indians fairly and even charitably. I found him very kindly disposed toward the Indians and willing to treat them as his wards and to do what he considered right by them, and he made an engagement to see me in southern California at an early date, and as soon as possible to visit the tract of land with me in order to arrive at a definite conclusion of the matter.

Pursuant to this arrangement he visited Riverside on Saturday last, October 19, and had a conference with the Indian agent and myself with reference to an adjustment—we having submitted to him the contract made by the bishop—and he has agreed to prepare a draft of an agreement on his own behalf, substantially the same as that with the bishop, for submission to us, with a further agreement that at the earliest possible moment he will visit Santa Ynez with us and establish the lines so that the Indians may be treated fairly. He seems to be perfectly willing to deal with the Indians, not merely from a legal standpoint, but charitably, and is thoroughly satisfied to so adjust matters that they may continue in the homes long occupied by them without being disturbed. I hope to be able at an early date to submit to the Department an agreement adjusting the rights of these Indians as between both the bishop and the parties represented by Mr. Robinson, so that not only the Indians of that village, but the property upon which they reside, can be so controlled as to justify the Government in not only providing them with a school and suitable school buildings, but furnish them such other aid as may be necessary.

It is well known to your Department that a judgment of the Supreme Court of the United States has been rendered in the case of *J. Downey Harvey, administrator, etc., v. Alejandro Barker et al.*, which in legal effect removes the Indians from their homes who have formerly occupied portions of a tract of land in San Diego County known as Warner's ranch. There is also another suit pending in the superior court of the county of San Diego entitled *San Felipe Land and Water Company, plaintiff, v. Paul Sentenac et al.*, defendants, being an action of ejectment brought by the owners of the San Felipe grant against a band of Indians residing upon that tract of land, being a tract of land lying easterly from Warner's ranch in San Diego County. I have never been connected with this litigation, the suit having been pending prior to my appointment, and having been in charge of Mr.

Shirley Ward and my predecessor, Mr. F. D. Lewis, but I am advised that the application of the same rule and the same principles applied in the Warner's ranch case will result in removing this band of between 30 and 50 Indians from the San Felipe ranch.

On the 11th day of May, 1901, I was instructed by your Department to take such steps as were necessary to settle a difficulty existing between the Palm Valley Water Company and the village of Indians at Aqua Caliente or Palm Springs, with reference to the water and water rights formerly enjoyed by that village of Indians, and was further instructed to report to your Department. I immediately took the matter up, and upon proposing litigation for the purpose of adjusting the matter, the parties in control of the Palm Valley Water Company immediately opened negotiations for an adjustment of the matter. After some delay I entered into negotiations with the president of this company, Mr. H. F. McCallum, and after a number of interviews at Los Angeles and considerable correspondence I prepared a draft of an agreement for an adjustment of the difficulty, under which provision was made for water for the Indians at that village in so far as I could see that their rights would justify, and the final draft of the agreement was forwarded to Mr. McCallum at Los Angeles for consideration on September 12, 1901. Before the agreement reached Mr. McCallum, he being temporarily in the city of Chicago, he died, and the contract was returned to me unopened. I am now compelled to take the matter up with other parties who will be his successors in interest, as I understand the stock which he held is pledged to parties in the city of Los Angeles, and the matter remains in that condition for the present. I am quite satisfied that as soon as proper successors in interest can be appointed to act with the company I can complete the arrangement and close the matter up, or at least put the agreement in such condition as that I may submit it to your Department and to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for consideration.

I may here suggest that on examining the matter of jurisdiction for the purpose of commencing an action in this particular case, I found myself involved in a very serious difficulty. The tract of land occupied by these Indians is Government land, set apart by Executive order under legislation, and by the terms of the act of January 12, 1901, was patented to the band, or village of Indians, but not yet allotted in any manner. While the Government holds the land in trust for the Indians, I was very much in doubt as to whether or not I could maintain an action in the United States circuit court at Los Angeles for the purpose of adjusting this difficulty, being also advised by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and by your Department that there were no funds by which to pay the expense, unless the action could be brought in the name of the United States as plaintiff. If possible, I would recommend such legislation as will authorize actions to protect the rights of these Indians of all classes to be brought in the Federal courts. I have not yet given the matter very extended examination and have no specific legislation to suggest, but there is a serious difficulty which should be in some way or other overcome in matters of this kind.

#### ALLOTMENTS.

By the act of Congress of date January 12, 1891, being an act appointing special commissioner of southern California, provision is made for



issuing patents to various bands or villages of Indians, and provision is also made for allotting these lands in severalty to individual Indians, which individual allotments take the place of the village allotment when accomplished. In either case the title remains in the Government in trust for either the village or band of Indians or the individual until the expiration of twenty-five years, when, if no individual allotments have been made, the title becomes absolute in the band or village of Indians, or if the land is allotted to certain individuals the title becomes absolute in the individual. And in a case of individual allotments there is a prohibition against any alienation of the allotted land, but it passes from the original allottee by descent according to the law governing such in the State of California.

There has been within this jurisdiction a number of small reservations allotted to individuals—five, as I now remember. In my judgment this method of dealing with the Indians is proving a failure in this locality. What I say in this report upon this subject has no reference whatever to other agencies or other lands, as the law may be entirely effective and to the advantage of the Indians in other places, but I am quite satisfied that it is not working and will not work successfully here, especially that feature of the law relating to individual allotments, and I would recommend that no further individual allotments be made in this jurisdiction for the following reasons:

I have now occupied this position nearly three years. I have been at all times ready to take up and settle the estate of any of the Indians who may have died and left property to be distributed according to the laws of descent of the State of California, and in that time, and at no other time, have I ever been called upon in a single instance to settle an estate, have the heirship determined, and have the land distributed according to the laws of the State of California. A great many of the Indians have died, and they are so poor in most cases that they do not have at any time in their possession money enough to pay even the amount of the clerk's fees necessary to be advanced, to wit, the sum of \$6, in order to commence one of these proceedings, to say nothing of some advertising expenses which necessarily follow the settlement of the estate. They are unbusinesslike in these methods, and I have tried to have them understand that it was necessary to so close up these estates, but they are entirely unable to comprehend the importance of the matter, and complications are arising from these circumstances very rapidly. Not only so, the Indians in this jurisdiction are scattered in small bands. These reservations are remote from the agencies. The Indians know nothing about our law which at present requires a ceremonial marriage after a license obtained from the county clerk. While they are reasonably faithful to one another when they consider the relations of husband and wife as existing between them, yet they very largely neglect the formalities required by the law in assuming the marriage relation, and there will be very great difficulty in determining under our law who the legal heirs of many of these Indians may be.

Further than this, as an illustration, during the incumbency of Mr. L. A. Wright, Indian agent of this consolidated agency, the patents for the Temecula Reservation were delivered to him by the Department to be turned over to the allottees of this reservation, eighty-five in number. He has endeavored industriously to deliver these patents to the parties entitled to them. It is now some two or three years

since they were delivered to him, yet he still has in his office nineteen of these patents for which he has been unable to find any one to receipt. Some were dead before the patents reached him, others had left the reservations and he is unable to find them. It can be readily seen from this state of affairs the difficulty that will grow out of these individual allotments on many of these reservations, and so far as I know now of the various localities not allotted individually in this jurisdiction, I do not believe there is a single one where it will be safe to allot with a hope of avoiding complications, but I do believe that it is far better and more economical for the Government to allow the matter to stand and the title to remain in trust for the band or village in the Government as provided for in this act of January 12, 1891.

I may say generally and further in this report that during the last year I have been called on frequently by the Indian agent for advice in regard to various legal matters which arise in his office and relating to the rights of the Indians under his jurisdiction, which advice I have continually furnished, and I have also investigated at his suggestion a number of cases where there is some evidence tending to show a violation of the law in selling liquor to the Indians, and have from time to time given attention to numerous matters which have arisen, both here in my office and throughout his jurisdiction, but they were largely matters of minor importance necessary to have attention and yet of a character of hardly sufficient importance to occupy a place in this report.

Very respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM COLLIER,  
*Special Attorney for the Mission Indians of Southern California.*

## EXHIBIT R.—Showing, by districts, the annual salaries of United States district attorneys, Department, for the

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
Alabama, northern .....				
William Vaughan .....	United States attorney .....	\$4,000.00		
Shelby S. Pleasants .....	Assistant attorney .....		\$1,500.00	
Julius M. Davidson .....	do .....			
William H. Standiver .....	do .....		1,300.00	
William A. Anderson .....	Clerk .....			\$900.00
Alabama, middle .....				
Warren S. Reese, jr. ....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
James H. Judkins .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Julius Sternfeld .....	do .....		1,200.00	
Alexander Sternfeld .....	Clerk .....			
William E. Elmore .....	do .....			
Alabama, southern .....				
Morris D. Wickersham .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
Lina W. Gazzam .....	Clerk .....			1,000.00
Alaska, first division .....				
Robert A. Friedrich .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
John G. Price .....	Assistant attorney .....		600.00	
Thomas R. Lyons .....	do .....		600.00	
Alaska, second division .....				
Joseph K. Wood .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
W. T. Hume .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,500.00	
C. A. S. Frost .....	do .....			
W. N. Landers .....	do .....			
William G. Palmer .....	do .....		2,500.00	
John L. McGinn .....	do .....			
Alaska, third division .....				
A. M. Post .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
George K. French .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Arizona .....				
Robert E. Morrison .....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
Thomas D. Bennett .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,800.00	
Allen Hill .....	do .....		900.00	
Arkansas, eastern .....				
Jacob Trieber .....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
William G. Whipple .....	do .....			
Ulysses S. Bratton .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Powell Clayton .....	Clerk .....			900.00
Thomas J. Doyle .....	do .....			
Arkansas, western .....				
James K. Barnes .....	United States attorney .....	5,000.00		
Frank A. Youmans .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,000.00	
Nancy Campbell .....	Clerk .....			900.00
California, northern .....				
Frank L. Coombs .....	United States attorney .....	4,500.00		
Marshall B. Woodworth .....	do .....			
Marshall B. Woodworth .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,500.00	
Edward J. Banning .....	do .....			
Duncan E. McKinley .....	do .....		2,000.00	
J. B. Sherrard .....	Clerk .....			1,800.00
Frederick M. Brown .....	do .....			1,200.00
Frank T. Thompson .....	do .....			
California, southern .....				
Frank P. Flint .....	United States attorney .....	3,500.00		
James R. Finlayson .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Thomas Lee Woolwine .....	Clerk .....			900.00
Andrew Reuter .....	do .....			

their regular assistants and clerks, the expenses claimed, and the expenses approved by this fiscal year 1901.

Expenses.				District totals.			Remarks.
Attorneys.		Assistants.		Salaries.	Expenses.		
Claimed.	Approved.	Claimed.	Ap- proved.		Claimed.	Approved.	
\$77.10	\$77.10			\$7,700.00	\$312.02	\$311.80	Vice Pleasants, whose salary was \$1,800 per annum.
		\$118.35 72.37	\$118.35 72.15				
		44.20	44.20				
107.18	106.83			6,700.00	152.50	149.86	Temporary employment, at rate of \$900 per annum.
		3.00 42.32	3.00 40.03				
68.50	68.00			4,000.00	68.50	68.00	Salary increased to \$1,500 July, 1, 1901. Salary increased to \$1,500 Aug. 1, 1901.
140.50	140.50			4,200.00	254.50	254.50	
		114.00	114.00				
3,077.75	2,212.50			8,000.00	4,226.31	3,210.56	Vice Hume. Vice Frost.  Vice Palmer.
		755.56 393.00	1605.06 393.00				
325.75	246.50			4,500.00	872.25	246.50	Vice Trieber.  Vice Clayton.
		546.50					
346.85	342.68			6,700.00	942.35	937.43	Vice Combs.  Salary increased to \$2,500 April 12, 1901.
		595.50	594.75				
275.10 136.90	275.10 136.90			6,400.00	447.09	447.09	Temporary employment, at rate of \$900 per annum.
		35.09	35.09				
112.51	112.51			7,900.00	162.38	162.38	Vice Woolwine.
		49.87	49.87				
123.62	123.32			12,000.00	185.57	185.27	Vice Woolwine.
		61.95	61.95				
280.31	274.40			5,900.00	363.61	355.00	Vice Woolwine.
		83.30	80.60				

<sup>1</sup>This amount excludes an account for \$62.50, action upon which was pending when this exhibit was prepared.

## EXHIBIT R.—Showing by districts the annual salaries of United States district

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
Colorado .....				
Greeley W. Whitford .....	United States attorney .....	\$4,000.00	\$1,500.00	\$720.00
Earl M. Cranston .....	do .....			
Thomas E. McClelland .....	Assistant attorney .....			
Edward Kent .....	do .....			
Samuel D. C. Hays .....	Clerk .....			
Connecticut .....				
Francis H. Parker .....	United States attorney .....	2,500.00		
Delaware .....				
William M. Byrne .....	United States attorney .....	2,000.00		
District of Columbia .....				
Thomas H. Anderson .....	United States attorney .....	1200.00	3,000.00	
Ashley M. Gould .....	do .....			
Hugh T. Taggart .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,800.00	
Thomas C. Taylor .....	do .....		2,400.00	
Ashley M. Gould .....	do .....			
Peyton Gordon .....	do .....			
Alexander R. Mullooney .....	do .....		1,800.00	
Ralph Given .....	Clerk .....			1,500.00
Harry Bingham .....	do .....			1,200.00
A. H. Semmes .....	do .....			1,200.00
J. C. Adkins .....	do .....			1,100.00
Miss E. Wilson .....	Stenographer .....			1,000.00
Richard A. West .....	Laborer and messenger .....			600.00
Florida, northern .....				
John Eagan .....	United States attorney .....	3,500.00	Temporary.	
J. Emmet Wolfe .....	Assistant attorney .....			
Henry Bellinger .....	do .....			
George P. Wentworth .....	Clerk .....			600.00
Florida, southern .....				
Joseph N. Stripling .....	United States attorney .....	3,500.00		
Isadore A. Zacharias .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,000.00	
Richard P. Marks .....	Clerk .....			720.00
Georgia, northern .....				
Edgar A. Angier .....	United States attorney .....	5,000.00		
Walter L. Massey .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,250.00	
George L. Bell .....	do .....		2,000.00	
C. D. Camp .....	Clerk .....			1,800.00
T. L. Galloway .....	do .....			1,200.00
Georgia, southern .....				
Marion Erwin .....	United States attorney .....	3,500.00		
William R. Leaken .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,800.00	
Alexander Akerman .....	do .....			
James N. Tally .....	Clerk .....			600.00
Hawaii .....				
John C. Baird .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
J. J. Dunne .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,000.00	
Byron K. Baird .....	Clerk .....			1,000.00
William S. Fleming .....	do .....			
Idaho .....				
R. V. Cozier .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
Marshall Cozier .....	Clerk .....			900.00
Illinois, northern .....				
Solomon H. Bethea .....	United States attorney .....	5,000.00		
Oliver E. Pagin .....	Assistant attorney .....		2,500.00	
C. J. Tisdell .....	do .....		2,200.00	
Charles B. Morrison .....	do .....		2,000.00	
Benjamin Davis .....	do .....		1,200.00	
William M. Malloy .....	Clerk .....			1,200.00
Miss Eva M. Franklin .....	do .....			

<sup>1</sup>In addition to this amount \$5,800, was paid from the emoluments of the office.

attorneys, their regular assistants and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

Expenses.				District totals.			Remarks.
Attorneys.		Assistants.		Salaries.	Expenses.		
Claimed.	Approved.	Claimed.	Ap- proved.		Claimed.	Approved.	
\$130.51	\$130.51			\$6,220.00	\$209.59	\$209.59	Vice Whitford. Vice McClelland.
15.33	15.33						
		63.75	63.75				
				2,500.00	90.35	90.35	
90.35	90.35						
				2,000.00			
				16,800.00	1,199.60	1,199.60	
1,031.32	1,031.32						Vice Anderson.
168.28	168.28						
							Vice Gould, now district attorney.
				4,100.00	185.16	185.16	
159.11	159.11						{Temporary employment, at rate of \$1,500 per annum.
		26.05	26.05				
				5,220.00	424.28	424.28	
256.08	256.08						
		168.20	168.20				
				12,250.00	188.95	188.55	
145.84	145.44						
		31.61	31.61				
		11.50	11.50				
				5,900.00	355.43	353.43	
298.05	298.05						Salary increased to \$2,000 July 1, 1901.
		57.38	55.38				
				6,000.00	87.50	87.00	
87.50	87.00						
							Vice Baird.
				3,900.00	282.33	282.13	
282.33	282.13						
				14,100.00	576.74	553.46	
537.49	514.21						
		11.00	11.00				
		28.25	28.25				
							{
							Vice Malloy.

## EXHIBIT R.—Showing by districts the annual salaries of United States district

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
Illinois, southern				
Otis J. Humphrey	United States attorney	\$5,000.00	{	\$720.00
Thomas Worthington	do			
Frank L. Hatch	Assistant attorney			
Reason H. McAnulty	do			
Miss Agnes Heimberger	Clerk			
Eleanor D. Kikendall	do			
Lina Epperson	do			
Indiana				
Albert W. Wishard	United States attorney	5,000.00	{	900.00
Joseph B. Kealing	do			
Jesse J. M. LaFollette	Assistant attorney			
Clarence W. Nichols	Clerk			
Indian Territory, northern				
Pliny L. Soper	United States attorney	4,000.00	{	1,200.00
Charles H. Sawyer	Assistant attorney			
J. H. Huckleberry, jr.	do			
Orion L. Rider	do			
Nathaniel L. Rider	Clerk			
Indian Territory, central				
John H. Wilkins	United States attorney	4,000.00	1,200.00	1,200.00
D. M. Brown	Assistant attorney			
James E. Gresham	Clerk			
Indian Territory, southern				
William B. Johnson	United States attorney	4,000.00	{	1,200.00
James E. Humphrey	Assistant attorney			
J. W. Ownby	do			
George F. Gates	Clerk			
Iowa, northern				
H. G. McMillan	United States attorney	4,500.00	1,200.00	1,000.00
DeWitt C. Cram	Assistant attorney			
C. M. Flagg	Clerk			
Iowa, southern				
Lewis Miles	United States attorney	4,500.00	1,200.00	1,000.00
George B. Stewart	Assistant attorney			
Horace H. Carter	Clerk			
Kansas				
Isaac E. Lambert	United States attorney	4,500.00	{	780.00
Harry J. Bone	Assistant attorney			
Franklin D. Adams	Clerk			
Daniel W. Hamer	do			
Kentucky				
Reuben D. Hill	United States attorney	5,000.00	{	900.00
John G. Fitzpatrick	Assistant attorney			
Maurice H. Thatcher	do			
Terry P. Smith	Clerk			
Henry C. Gillis	do			
Louisiana, eastern				
William Wirt Howe	United States attorney	3,500.00	2,500.00	
Charles P. Cocke	Assistant attorney			
Horace G. Dufour	do			
M. A. Homer	Clerk			1,200.00
Louisiana, western				
Milton C. Elstner	United States attorney	2,500.00		
Maine				
Isaac W. Dyer	United States attorney	3,000.00		
Maryland				
Jno. C. Rose	United States attorney	4,000.00	1,200.00	1,000.00
Morris A. Soper	Assistant attorney			
Thomas A. Hays	Clerk			

attorneys, their regular assistants and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

Expenses.				District totals.			Remarks.
Attorneys.		Assistants.		Salaries.	Expenses.		
Claimed.	Approved.	Claimed.	Ap- proved.		Claimed.	Approved.	
\$619. 29	\$619. 29			\$8, 420. 00	\$1, 061. 78	\$1, 061. 78	
		\$115. 33	\$115. 33				Vice Humphrey.
		327. 16	327. 16				
{							Vice Heimberger.
							Vice Kikendall.
135. 42	135. 42			7, 900. 00	427. 22	427. 22	
		291. 80	291. 80				Vice Wishard.
415. 04	412. 55			8, 400. 00	945. 34	942. 85	
		10. 50	10. 50				
		268. 85	268. 85				Vice Sawyer.
		250. 95	250. 95				
285. 04	248. 24			6, 400. 00	404. 09	367. 29	
		119. 05	119. 05				
405. 25	403. 80			8, 400. 00	746. 00	736. 55	
		340. 75	332. 75				
654. 58	654. 58			6, 700. 00	771. 63	771. 63	
		117. 05	117. 05				
359. 66	358. 91			6, 700. 00	590. 48	589. 73	
		230. 82	230. 82				
269. 62	266. 79			7, 280. 00	435. 62	432. 79	
{		166. 00	166. 00				
							Vice Adams.
304. 55	299. 48			8, 300. 00	426. 90	421. 48	
		82. 85	82. 85				Vice Fitzpatrick.
{		39. 50	39. 15				
							Vice Smith.
27. 80	26. 90			7, 200. 00	60. 45	59. 55	
		32. 65	32. 65				Temporary employment
							during sickness of
							Cocke.
				2, 500. 00			
				3, 000. 00	455. 16	455. 16	
455. 16	455. 16						
136. 25	136. 15			6, 200. 00	181. 94	179. 84	
		45. 69	43. 69				



EXHIBIT R.—*Showing by districts the annual salaries of United States district*

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
<b>Massachusetts</b>				
Boyd B. Jones	United States attorney	\$5,000.00	\$2,500.00	
Henry P. Moulton	do			
John H. Casey	Assistant attorney		1,800.00	
Albert H. Washburn	do			
William H. Garland	do			\$1,000.00
Emma P. Locke	Clerk			
<b>Michigan, eastern</b>				
William D. Gordon	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Jas. V. B. Wilcox	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
Chas. W. Smith	Clerk			1,000.00
<b>Michigan, western</b>				
George G. Covell	United States attorney	3,500.00		
Dwight Goss	Assistant attorney		1,600.00	
Stephen L. Newnham	Clerk			750.00
<b>Minnesota</b>				
Robert G. Evans	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Milton D. Purdy	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
Joel M. Dickey	do		1,800.00	
<b>Mississippi, northern</b>				
Mack A. Montgomery	United States attorney	3,500.00		
William D. Frazee	Assistant attorney		1,200.00	
Louise Sykes	Clerk			900.00
<b>Mississippi, southern</b>				
Albert M. Lea	United States attorney	3,500.00		
W. Bruce Banks	Assistant attorney		1,200.00	
Jeanie Ress Lea	Clerk			900.00
<b>Missouri, eastern</b>				
Edward A. Rozler	United States attorney	4,500.00		
William L. Morsey	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
G. C. Hitchcock	do		1,500.00	
Miss Jennie Schoekel	Clerk			720.00
<b>Missouri, western</b>				
William Warner	United States attorney	4,500.00		
A. S. Van Valkenburg	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
Eudora Vestal	Clerk			720.00
<b>Montana</b>				
William B. Rodgers	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Jno. C. English	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
Carl Rasch	do			
Henry G. Rodgers	Clerk			1,200.00
James B. Toughill	Additional clerk			
<b>Nebraska</b>				
Williamson S. Summers	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Sylvester R. Rush	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
John B. Lindsey	Clerk			1,200.00
<b>Nevada</b>				
Sardis Summerfield	United States attorney	3,000.00		
W. C. Lamb	Clerk			720.00
<b>New Hampshire</b>				
Chas. J. Hamblett	United States attorney	2,000.00		
Annie M. Prescott	Clerk			500.00
Lena T. Marsh	do			
<b>New Jersey</b>				
David O. Watkins	United States attorney	3,000.00		
Cortlandt Parker, Jr.	Assistant attorney		800.00	
Miss Virginia Andrews	Clerk			800.00
<b>New Mexico</b>				
William B. Childers	United States attorney	4,000.00		
George P. Money	Assistant attorney		1,800.00	
William C. Reid	do			
Edward L. Medler	Clerk			1,200.00

attorneys, their regular assistants and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

Expenses.				District totals.			Remarks.
Attorneys.		Assistants.		Salaries.	Expenses.		
Claimed.	Approved.	Claimed.	Ap- proved.		Claimed.	Approved.	
\$434.93	\$432.91			\$10,300.00	\$723.54	\$717.27	Vice Jones.
		\$168.18 120.43	\$163.93 120.43				
							Vice Washburn.
35.62	35.62	56.70	56.70	7,000.00	92.32	92.32	
373.19	373.19	429.32	429.32	5,850.00	802.51	802.51	
293.35	289.26	189.25 120.05	189.25 117.80	7,800.00	602.65	596.31	
121.71	121.64	37.00	37.00	5,600.00	158.71	158.64	
308.10	308.10	193.35	192.35	5,600.00	501.45	500.45	
				8,720.00	89.88	88.53	
		4.10 85.78	4.10 84.43				Salary increased to \$900 Aug. 1, 1901.
264.41	264.41	139.25	139.25	7,220.00	403.66	403.66	
248.29	247.12	609.95 44.20	609.82 44.20	6,700.00	902.44	901.14	Vice English.
							Temporary employment, \$100 per month.
98.55	97.62	19.13	19.13	6,700.00	117.68	116.75	
35.40	35.40			3,720.00	35.40	35.40	
				2,500.00			
							Vice Prescott.
126.02	121.52			4,600.00	126.02	121.52	
221.39	220.27	308.30 70.00	308.30 70.00	7,000.00	599.69	598.57	Vice Money.

## EXHIBIT R.—Showing, by districts, the annual salaries of United States district

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
New York, northern				
George B. Curtiss	United States attorney	\$4,500.00		
Henry E. Owen	Assistant attorney		\$2,000.00	
Taylor L. Arms	do		2,000.00	
New York, southern				
Henry L. Burnett	United States attorney	16,000.00		
Henry C. Platt	Assistant attorney		8,600.00	
Ernest E. Baldwin	do		8,600.00	
Arthur M. King	do		2,500.00	
Frank D. Lloyd	do		2,500.00	
Charles D. Baker	do		2,500.00	
Clarence S. Houghton	do		2,500.00	
Wm. Usher Parsons	do		2,000.00	
William S. Ball	Clerk			\$2,500.00
George N. Pike	do			2,500.00
Oliver C. Shaw	do			1,500.00
William J. Etgen	do			900.00
John V. Merritt	do			900.00
Lyman Ward	Messenger			720.00
Frederick L. Campbell	do			720.00
New York, eastern				
George H. Pettit	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Herbert B. Brush	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
Lloyd M. Howell	do		1,200.00	
Miss Grace Clark	Clerk			1,000.00
New York, western				
Charles H. Brown	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Wesley C. Dudley	Assistant attorney		2,500.00	
S. Wallace Dempsey	do		2,500.00	
Donald Bain	Clerk			1,200.00
North Carolina, eastern				
Claude M. Bernard	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Oscar J. Spears	Assistant attorney		1,250.00	
E. A. Johnson	Clerk			900.00
North Carolina, western				
Alfred E. Holton	United States attorney	4,500.00		
E. Spencer Blackburn	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
Augustus H. Price	do			
James Martin	Clerk			1,300.00
John E. Buxton	do			1,020.00
North Dakota				
Patrick H. Rourke	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Edward S. Allen	Assistant attorney		1,200.00	
Miss Sara R. Devine	Clerk			720.00
Ohio, northern				
John J. Sullivan	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Robert Tucker	Assistant attorney		1,200.00	
Benjamin Parmely, jr	do		600.00	
Charles M. Buss	Clerk			900.00
Edwin Drake	do			
Ohio, southern				
William E. Bundy	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Sherman T. McPherson	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
Edward P. Moulinier	do		1,200.00	
Harry F. Rabe	Clerk			720.00
Oklahoma				
Horace Speed	United States attorney	5,000.00		
John W. Scothorn	Assistant attorney		2,000.00	
B. S. McGuire	do		1,500.00	
Miss Marie E. Ketsch	Clerk			1,200.00
Oregon				
Jno. H. Hall	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Edwin Mays	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
Waldemar Seton	do			
Vicca Combs	Clerk			900.000

<sup>1</sup> In addition to this, accounts have been rendered amounting to \$64,680, under sec. 827, R. S.



EXHIBIT R.—*Showing, by districts, the annual salaries of United States district*

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
Pennsylvania, eastern				
James M. Beck	United States attorney	\$4,500.00		
James B. Holland	do			
Francis F. Kane	Assistant attorney		\$2,500.00	
Joseph W. Thompson	do			
William M. Stewart, jr.	do			
Algernon B. Roberts	do		2,000.00	
			300.00	
Mary K. Mason	Clerk			\$1,000.00
Pennsylvania, middle				
Samuel J. M. McCurrell	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Pennsylvania, western				
Daniel B. Heiner	United States attorney	4,500.00		
D. M. Miller	Assistant attorney		2,500.00	
John B. Myers	do			
J. N. Langham	do		1,200.00	
Robert M. Gibson	Clerk			1,000.00
Porto Rico				
Noah B. K. Pettingill	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Rhode Island				
Chas. O. Wilson	United States attorney	2,500.00		
Bertha Rose Lord	Clerk			500.00
South Carolina				
Abial Lathrop	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Benjamin A. Hagood	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
Ernest F. Cochran	do		1,200.00	
John L. Heidtman	Clerk			1,200.00
South Dakota				
James D. Elliott	United States attorney	4,000.00		
William G. Porter	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
Hattie Zitka	Clerk			600.00
Sidney L. Carter	do			
Tennessee, eastern				
William D. Wright	United States attorney	4,500.00		
John M. Sincerly	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
Margaret Rowan	Clerk			900.00
Tennessee, middle				
Abram M. Tillman	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Lee Brock	Assistant attorney		1,600.00	
Edward Traubue	Clerk			1,200.00
Tennessee, western				
George Randolph	United States attorney	4,500.00		
Frank P. Smith	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
Laura K. Morton	Clerk			600.00
Texas, northern				
William H. Atwell	United States attorney	3,500.00		
Miss Leah Snyder	Clerk			1,200.00
Texas, eastern				
Marcus C. McLemore	United States attorney	5,000.00		
Frank Lee	Assistant attorney		1,750.00	
Henry B. Birmingham	do		1,750.00	
Lemuel J. Selby	Clerk			1,600.00
Texas, western				
Henry Terrell	United States attorney	4,000.00		
Radford Sharp	Assistant attorney		1,500.00	
A. G. Foster	do		1,200.00	
Aloys Notzon	Clerk			600.00

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Expenses.				District totals.			Remarks.
Attorneys.		Assistants.		Salaries.	Expenses.		
Claimed.	Approved.	Claimed.	Ap- proved.			Claimed.	Approved.
\$22.02 630.48	\$22.02 627.48			\$10,300.00	\$718.43	\$715.43	Vice Beck.
		\$30.39 35.54	\$30.39 35.54				Vice Kane.
							\$1,800 per annum com- mencing July 1, 1901. Salary increased to \$1,200 Sept. 1, 1901.
38.16	33.02			4,500.00	38.16	33.02	
39.60	39.55	23.00 27.10	27.10	9,200.00	159.14	135.80	
		69.44	69.15				Resigned Mar. 14, 1901. Compensation, \$1,500 per annum.
				4,000.00			
				3,000.00			
283.06	283.06	158.92 100.38	158.92 100.38	8,400.00	542.36	542.36	
237.97	237.68	936.15	936.15	6,100.00	1,174.12	1,173.83	
{ .							Vice Zitka.
117.08	116.91	281.96	281.96	6,900.00	399.04	398.87	Salary increased to \$1,600 July 1, 1901.
1.65	1.65	4.90	4.90	7,300.00	6.55	6.55	
107.83	107.78	65.25	65.25	6,600.00	173.08	173.03	
218.88	218.20			4,700.00	218.88	218.20	
214.87	214.87	216.10 93.55	216.10 93.55	10,100.00	524.52	524.52	
411.65	409.44	214.95 107.85	212.55 107.85	7,300.00	733.85	729.84	Salary increased to \$720 Aug. 1, 1901.

EXHIBIT R.—*Showing, by districts, the annual salaries of United States district*

District and name.	Title.	Salaries.		
		Attorneys.	Assistants.	Clerks.
Utah.....				
Chas. O. Whittemore .....	United States attorney .....	\$4,000.00		
Pennel Cherrington .....	Assistant attorney .....		\$1,500.00	
Leonora Trent .....	Clerk .....			\$600.00
Vermont.....				
James L. Martin .....	United States attorney .....	3,000.00		
Annie M. Brown .....	Clerk .....			900.00
Virginia, eastern.....				
Edgar Allan .....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
J. D. C. De Jarnette .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Hugh Gordon Miller .....	do .....			
J. N. Whittaker .....	Clerk .....			900.00
Virginia, western.....				
Thos. M. Alderson .....	United States attorney .....	4,500.00		
Jno. C. Blair .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Thos. Gent Alderson .....	Clerk .....			1,200.00
Washington.....				
Wilson R. Gay .....	United States attorney .....	4,500.00		
Chas. E. Claypool .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,800.00	
Edward E. Cushman .....	do .....			
Alfred E. Gardner .....	Clerk .....			1,000.00
West Virginia.....				
Joseph H. Gaines .....	United States attorney .....	4,500.00		
Reese Blizzard .....	do .....			
Emmet M. Showalter .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Samuel C. Burdett .....	do .....		1,400.00	
Elliott Northcott .....	do .....		1,200.00	
S. B. Avis .....	Clerk .....			1,000.00
John B. Cunningham .....	do .....			
Wisconsin, eastern.....				
Milton C. Phillips .....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
H. K. Butterfield .....	do .....			
Chas. McC. Anderson .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,500.00	
Amelia J. Larson .....	Clerk .....			600.00
R. E. Martin .....	do .....			
Miss Charlotte Bugbee .....	do .....			
Wisconsin, western.....				
David F. Jones .....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
William G. Wheeler .....	do .....			
Henry T. Sheldon .....	Assistant attorney .....		1,200.00	
Sabina A. Warnes .....	Clerk .....			720.00
Wyoming.....				
Timothy F. Burke .....	United States attorney .....	4,000.00		
Benjamin F. Fowler .....	Assistant attorney .....		300.00	
Edward T. Clark .....	do .....			
Louise S. Smith .....	Clerk .....			900.00
Total United States .....		323,700.00	184,600.00	83,470.00

attorneys, their regular assistants and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

Expenses.				District totals.			Remarks.
Attorneys.		Assistants.		Salaries.	Expenses.		
Claimed.	Approved.	Claimed.	Ap- proved.		Claimed.	Approved.	
\$151.64	\$150.94	\$37.00	1\$31.75	\$6,100.00	\$188.64	\$182.69	Vice De Jarnette.
407.52	407.32			3,900.00	407.52	407.32	
150.03	149.53	104.50 33.50	104.20 33.50	6,400.00	288.03	287.23	
165.70	165.70	117.05	116.80	7,200.00	282.75	282.50	
744.76	742.43	637.65	637.65	7,300.00	1,382.41	1,380.08	
123.50	123.50	413.52 120.55	396.02 120.55	9,600.00	657.57	640.07	Vice Claypool.
144.67 13.95	135.04 13.74	168.21	167.71	6,100.00	326.83	316.49	Vice Gaines.
163.55 56.46	161.55 55.06	34.40	33.76	5,920.00	254.41	250.37	Vice Avis.
121.02	117.52	13.20	13.00	5,200.00	134.22	130.52	Vice Phillips.
23,957.43	22,849.72	14,782.26	13,991.97	591,770.00	38,739.69	36,841.69	Vice Larson. Vice Martin.
							Vice Jones.
							Vice Fowler,

<sup>1</sup>This excludes an account for \$5.25, action upon which was pending when this exhibit was prepared.



## SUMMARY.

EXHIBIT S.—Showing by districts the amounts paid for salaries to United States marshals, and as passed; the fees earned and compensation payable by the United States out of said deposit; for the fiscal year 1901.

Districts.	Salaries.	As claimed.	
		Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.
Alabama, northern	\$7,700.00	\$14,627.66	\$10,868.89
Alabama, middle	6,970.57	12,021.40	8,006.59
Alabama, southern	4,800.00	2,061.89	1,330.86
Alaska, first division	6,975.69	16,906.48	8,755.45
Alaska, second division	17,398.97	7,581.14	3,312.50
Alaska, third division <sup>1</sup>	9,098.61	615.45	
Arizona	7,854.46	15,496.55	1,040.25
Arkansas, eastern	10,900.00	11,843.22	4,338.33
Arkansas, western	9,700.00	11,806.05	7,072.21
California, northern	12,808.84	13,028.95	251.44
California, southern	6,413.90	3,490.08	308.01
Colorado	6,593.36	5,123.54	2,507.82
Connecticut	3,000.00	2,261.57	180.84
Delaware	4,000.00	1,998.43	
District of Columbia	26,657.39	15,351.57	
Florida, northern <sup>2</sup>	4,500.00	2,643.94	1,535.42
Florida, southern <sup>3</sup>	5,400.00	4,161.17	1,959.31
Georgia, northern	10,600.00	20,430.79	12,928.85
Georgia, southern	6,282.00	8,118.79	4,448.75
Hawaii	5,091.89	1,519.83	20.15
Idaho <sup>4</sup>	6,000.00	3,227.83	
Illinois, northern	20,297.78	10,979.70	
Illinois, southern	9,500.00	13,089.65	6,672.17
Indiana	9,300.00	6,596.11	1,510.84
Indian Territory, northern	13,775.54	21,208.60	12,511.55
Indian Territory, central <sup>5</sup>	11,977.67	16,604.36	10,617.76
Indian Territory, southern <sup>6</sup>	13,819.99	21,804.66	10,922.05
Iowa, northern	6,775.00	6,843.87	4,379.17
Iowa, southern	6,900.00	6,528.39	4,110.18
Kansas	6,320.00	6,975.49	3,862.34
Kentucky	10,500.00	19,803.63	12,948.78
Louisiana, eastern <sup>7</sup>	6,700.00	2,884.95	
Louisiana, western <sup>8</sup>	3,700.00	1,031.22	249.80
Maine	10,900.00	4,134.58	
Maryland	8,020.00	4,489.95	545.10
Massachusetts	12,192.97	7,633.99	
Michigan, eastern	7,600.00	4,585.57	412.82
Michigan, western	5,720.00	2,408.98	
Minnesota	10,900.00	11,470.33	2,975.95
Mississippi, northern	4,200.00	7,416.70	5,061.42
Mississippi, southern	4,200.00	10,549.08	7,029.92
Missouri, eastern	8,200.00	9,959.63	3,566.53
Missouri, western	7,000.00	10,568.19	5,730.38
Montana	8,539.05	5,370.90	
Nebraska	8,600.00	7,876.02	1,441.96
Nevada	3,900.00	2,998.64	15.00
New Hampshire	2,800.00	2,352.78	
New Jersey	5,100.00	5,485.54	1,261.57
New Mexico	8,716.00	11,306.69	
New York, northern	7,777.52	7,644.53	4,272.07
New York, eastern	8,800.00	3,842.72	
New York, southern	29,453.04	16,170.38	
New York, western	10,706.79	8,897.94	4,576.32
North Carolina, eastern	7,700.00	10,978.53	7,065.57

<sup>1</sup> The figures given for this district represent only the first two quarters of the fiscal year, in so far as the expenses of said quarters have been reported. The account for the quarter ended March 31 was not in such condition as to enable the Department to include the amounts herein when the exhibit was prepared and the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, had not been received.

<sup>2</sup> The figures for this district represent only three quarters of the fiscal year. The account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, had not been rendered when this exhibit was prepared.

<sup>3</sup> The figures for this district represent only three quarters of the fiscal year. The account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, was not rendered in time to be included in this exhibit.

<sup>4</sup> The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three quarters of the fiscal year, action upon the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, having been pending when this exhibit was prepared.

<sup>5</sup> The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, exclude an account for \$14.72, action upon which was pending when exhibit was prepared.

## SUMMARY.

*their deputies, and clerks; their expenses chargeable against the United States, as claimed fees, as claimed and as passed, and the amounts paid to clerks of United States courts for*

As claimed.		As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$3,479.12	\$27.54	\$14,509.32	\$10,695.92	\$3,363.90	\$27.45	\$463.44
2,892.70	19.34	11,838.54	7,899.47	2,848.14	19.13	260.54
456.86	2.50	1,991.89	1,278.35	450.07	250.00	255.84
2,669.25	1.06	16,906.38	8,489.95	2,669.25	1.00	
9,439.28		7,560.64	3,122.96	9,319.78		
2,222.02		588.45		1,806.97		
5,361.20	319.97	15,109.81	1,017.51	5,283.70	312.36	149.24
4,779.84	98.82	11,624.25	4,308.61	4,696.90	98.82	1,040.40
2,260.69	48.25	11,765.39	6,999.98	2,255.59	48.25	358.76
2,490.78	306.89	12,943.05	249.94	2,448.98	306.89	2,901.75
1,717.99	146.78	3,500.08	308.01	1,712.69	146.78	564.99
2,009.97	153.14	5,056.12	2,425.79	1,873.97	152.84	1,512.69
142.18		2,243.54	180.57	137.09		431.14
54.81	97.55	1,998.43		54.81	97.55	
41.05	2,652.69	15,209.80		41.05	2,652.69	4,291.99
827.16	32.25	2,633.72	1,527.76	825.43	32.25	179.34
1,206.65	9.98	4,146.08	1,948.76	1,993.50	9.98	976.46
3,267.47	85.50	20,428.01	12,927.15	3,259.03	85.50	446.04
2,357.45	30.13	8,080.15	4,419.78	2,351.64	30.13	1,382.73
141.00	223.20	1,515.43	20.15	78.00	223.20	158.26
1,917.05	21.57	1,998.33		1,030.25	11.75	500.70
1,379.04	632.25	10,916.86		1,372.69	632.25	2,282.30
1,872.65	88.19	12,824.34	6,559.99	1,854.36	86.78	784.92
2,572.47	137.37	6,458.04	1,510.84	2,547.78	137.37	1,536.04
15,014.48	1,829.76	19,211.10	11,029.62	15,001.45	1,820.41	1,679.90
10,854.40	777.31	15,414.88	9,725.75	10,628.96	759.65	863.85
12,913.49	103.87	14,914.26	7,284.41	9,529.93	53.42	2,788.37
1,598.38	4.70	6,788.96	4,339.49	1,572.38	4.20	778.01
714.80	87.57	6,419.67	4,028.70	707.51	87.57	602.15
769.46	25.77	6,826.08	3,837.40	758.86	25.70	1,957.96
2,978.71	110.12	19,435.55	12,754.79	2,933.39	110.12	1,740.03
268.35	91.80	2,781.78		264.65	91.75	1,006.78
864.93	.56	556.48	181.25	355.90	.56	252.58
1,475.95	253.46	4,022.34		1,475.60	253.11	373.03
530.36	.73	4,473.95	538.35	526.86	.73	1,331.32
1,045.16	585.23	7,585.48		1,030.98	585.23	2,511.51
863.53	98.40	4,582.65	410.63	842.49	98.40	775.30
1,672.09	52.37	2,408.98		1,672.09	52.37	721.65
2,447.86	249.74	10,756.81	2,838.56	2,146.31	249.59	1,203.69
1,134.70	12.75	7,268.15	4,979.63	1,103.82	12.75	230.01
1,869.09	14.67	10,479.04	6,995.29	1,863.59	14.67	993.37
2,296.43	124.59	9,909.05	3,551.22	2,293.93	124.58	957.30
1,074.35	150.73	10,237.74	5,641.90	1,062.25	150.73	1,068.63
5,045.57	61.20	5,308.80		4,849.79	58.90	555.38
2,593.08	137.67	7,632.91	1,316.85	2,541.71	137.17	2,196.15
910.62	5.53	2,891.97	15.00	906.35	5.32	630.57
464.69	2.52	2,151.75		450.56	2.17	255.04
865.70	98.47	5,474.82	1,235.54	865.70	98.47	2,302.68
5,624.04	254.76	11,271.18		5,363.58	239.75	58.00
739.31	71.45	7,502.56	3,795.33	717.43	69.90	647.07
556.09	114.25	3,805.66		554.89	114.25	1,732.67
1,319.22	607.45	15,053.35		1,319.22	607.45	5,671.67
2,016.20	122.54	8,431.15	4,349.01	1,998.42	111.95	763.13
3,837.51	17.50	10,869.38	6,983.80	3,822.69	17.06	1,269.49

\* The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three quarters of the fiscal year and exclude an account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, action upon which was pending when exhibit was prepared; said account claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$5,324.07; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$2,535.74; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$3,320.22; other expenses payable by United States, \$48.42.

† The figures given for this district represent only three quarters of the fiscal year. The account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, had not been received when this exhibit was prepared.

‡ The figures given for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three quarters of the fiscal year. Action upon the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, was pending at the time this exhibit was prepared, said account claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$415.24; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$68.10; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$465.48.

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing by districts the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts.	Salaries.	As claimed.	
		Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.
North Carolina, western.....	\$10,100.00	\$17,464.18	\$11,711.41
North Dakota.....	7,900.00	9,090.44	999.85
Ohio, northern.....	9,407.20	5,839.55	
Ohio, southern.....	13,270.00	10,453.14	361.29
Oklahoma.....	11,800.00	13,895.40	6,551.20
Oregon.....	9,900.00	11,258.31	
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	9,657.10	7,416.28	
Pennsylvania, middle.....	615.41	541.73	
Pennsylvania, western (old) <sup>1</sup> .....	5,753.91	4,732.38	1,639.73
Pennsylvania, western (new).....	1,207.69	597.36	
Rhode Island.....	3,000.00	2,130.49	
South Carolina.....	8,900.00	7,874.08	4,268.59
South Dakota.....	8,408.83	6,796.51	1,793.66
Tennessee, eastern.....	7,639.40	6,576.70	4,266.26
Tennessee, middle.....	6,400.00	5,675.26	3,345.89
Tennessee, western.....	6,624.40	3,723.64	1,408.60
Texas, northern.....	5,600.00	8,210.31	4,686.91
Texas, eastern.....	11,800.00	7,921.59	2,828.20
Texas, western.....	7,293.48	7,174.73	4,061.44
Utah.....	6,700.00	1,181.31	5.61
Vermont.....	3,500.00	2,684.36	1,112.12
Virginia, eastern.....	6,440.00	5,066.20	1,708.94
Virginia, western.....	8,200.00	12,564.41	8,707.27
Washington.....	14,850.00	12,398.37	
West Virginia <sup>2</sup> .....	8,444.78	14,811.80	9,540.81
Wisconsin, eastern.....	8,200.00	3,750.81	
Wisconsin, western.....	7,724.47	15,723.95	
Wyoming.....	6,200.00	3,958.12	129.82
The United States.....	695,988.36	674,308.54	249,732.52

<sup>1</sup>The figures given for this district, showing amounts as passed, do not include an account for the period from April 1 to May 6, 1901, action upon which was pending when this exhibit was prepared; said account claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$235.40; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$176.57; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$79.32.

shoals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.		As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Salaries of clerks and other expenses payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$4,731.96	\$701.75	\$17,343.38	\$11,638.74	\$3,761.06	\$699.65	\$467.09
2,779.96	53.78	8,789.10	981.95	2,156.66	53.78	348.62
1,610.53	175.01	5,529.23	-----	1,644.43	174.81	2,691.03
3,613.81	99.87	10,453.14	361.29	3,612.21	99.87	3,167.10
3,636.79	432.37	13,764.16	6,466.43	5,602.57	429.19	180.03
2,600.48	105.18	10,929.22	-----	2,661.78	104.29	1,265.41
901.83	62.00	7,172.02	-----	892.40	31.85	2,309.63
292.94	-----	496.10	-----	241.19	-----	62.73
902.20	6.00	4,374.11	1,441.74	869.08	6.00	962.84
66.26	.31	576.58	-----	66.26	.31	189.97
112.00	60.00	2,086.08	-----	112.00	60.00	350.55
1,709.30	23.19	7,747.80	4,183.81	1,695.20	23.19	397.82
3,678.52	81.19	6,864.26	1,764.59	3,553.57	81.63	455.21
1,801.71	68.12	6,058.04	3,924.93	1,739.62	67.66	332.12
1,453.68	97.93	5,590.87	3,308.75	1,452.59	97.93	218.25
1,136.99	21.45	3,297.63	1,394.20	1,067.89	21.45	359.57
2,376.83	111.70	8,067.03	4,580.98	2,349.31	111.65	2,263.24
2,704.21	78.93	7,704.98	2,808.13	2,701.06	78.56	2,175.53
2,371.83	47.60	6,825.41	3,938.52	2,271.68	47.60	927.27
849.61	233.25	1,156.11	5.61	836.56	232.05	342.45
472.54	136.21	2,424.44	993.94	450.40	135.75	608.18
1,397.83	59.56	4,728.69	1,615.06	1,380.90	58.79	779.61
1,652.12	13.71	12,541.47	8,675.08	1,643.39	14.79	799.80
3,826.01	214.83	12,398.37	-----	3,761.91	214.83	1,643.23
1,307.75	65.01	8,278.88	5,250.86	764.75	36.56	824.67
845.15	84.10	3,624.65	-----	823.45	84.10	400.21
3,926.26	20.80	15,344.33	-----	3,924.71	20.80	571.46
1,018.60	101.60	3,891.06	133.20	1,016.60	99.60	388.01
192,146.93	14,357.89	644,370.27	235,191.82	185,690.04	14,160.09	83,751.49

<sup>2</sup>The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three-quarters of the fiscal year, and exclude two accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, action upon which was pending when exhibit was prepared; said accounts claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$6,407.71; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$4,251.95; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$666; other expenses payable by United States, \$23.45.

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States marshals, and as passed; the fees earned, and compensation payable by the United States out of said deposit, for the fiscal year 1901.*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Alabama, northern:</b>			
D. N. Cooper	Marshal	Fiscal year	\$4,000.00
James W. Bruce	Chief office deputy	July 1, 1900, to Feb. 28, 1901	995.80
Pope M. Long	do	Mar. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901	470.60
John L. White	Office deputy	Fiscal year	1,200.00
H. G. Ashley	do	do	1,033.60
W. W. Battle	Field deputy	Oath, Oct. 9, 1899	
Isaac Campbell	do	Oath, Jan. 8, 1901	
George B. Davidson	do	Oath, Nov. 30, 1898	
Jeptha Edwards	do	Oath, Jan. 26, 1898	
Wm. A. Godsey	do	Oath, Feb. 19, 1900	
W. C. Guest	do	Oath, Jan. 27, 1898	
Oakley B. Harris	do	Oath, June 22, 1898	
J. M. Nelson	do	Oath, Feb. 22, 1900	
R. A. Smith	do	Oath, May 13, 1899	
Robt. B. Thompson	do	Oath, Mar. 21, 1898	
C. M. Tompkins	do	Oath, Jan. 27, 1898	
J. N. Vaughn	do	Oath, Jan. 25, 1898	
George A. Wald	do	Oath, Aug. 17, 1900	
L. W. Willis	do	Oath, Jan. 18, 1901	
A. L. Wilson	do	Oath, July 2, 1900	
Charles V. Chaney	do	Oath, Sept. 7, 1900; service terminated Nov. 29, 1900	
A. H. Fowler	do	Oath, Jan. 28, 1898; service terminated Jan. 1, 1901	
J. N. Holsonback	do	Oath, Jan. 26, 1898; service terminated Jan. 12, 1901	
John A. Gaser	do	Oath, Jan. 18, 1901; service terminated May 13, 1901	
Total			7,700.00
<b>Alabama, middle:</b>			
Leander J. Bryan	Marshal	Fiscal year	4,000.00
Nenlan L. Steele	Chief office deputy	do	1,433.70
P. H. Owen	Office deputy	do	1,316.80
A. C. Smith	Stenographer and typewriter	July 1, 1900, to Nov. 12, 1900	220.07
J. W. Barnes	Field deputy	Oath, Dec. 19, 1900	
A. J. Collier	do	Oath, Feb. 8, 1900	
F. O. Dudley	do	Oath, July 2, 1900	
H. R. Gay	do	Oath, Jan. 3, 1901	
Hiram Gibson	do	Oath, Jan. 17, 1899	
J. F. Greene	do	Oath, Feb. 6, 1901	
W. B. Jackson	do	Oath, July 28, 1898	
Abijah Payne	do	Oath, Aug. 20, 1900	
W. C. S. Robertson	do	Oath, Feb. 19, 1898	
Byron Trammell	do	Oath, Mar. 20, 1900; service terminated July 28, 1900	
H. C. Willis	do	Oath, Dec. 19, 1899; service terminated Sept. 6, 1900	
James P. Stoneroad	do	Oath, Aug. 2, 1900; service terminated Sept. 14, 1900	
E. R. Pittard	do	Oath, Sept. 6, 1900; service terminated Oct. 22, 1900	
L. W. Mason	do	Oath, Mar. 7, 1898; service terminated Nov. 1, 1900	
D. E. Dickerson	do	Oath, Sept. 14, 1900; service terminated Dec. 16, 1900	
B. G. Burnett	do	Oath, Nov. 13, 1900; service terminated Feb. 5, 1901	
Total			6,970.57
<b>Alabama, southern:</b>			
Frank Simmons	Marshal	Fiscal year	3,000.00
Charles D. Henderson	Chief office deputy	do	1,800.00
Albert M. Ball	Field deputy	Oath, Jan. 29, 1900	
John H. Gates	do	Oath, Jan. 25, 1901	
Thomas M. Salter, jr	do	Oath, Mar. 2, 1901	
Robert E. Scheil	do	Oath, Mar. 20, 1901	
John W. Scheil	do	Oath, Feb. 2, 1900; service terminated Mar. 20, 1901	
Total			4,800.00

*their deputies, and clerks; their expenses chargeable against the United States, as claimed fees, as claimed and as passed; and the amounts paid to clerks of United States courts for*

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$34.00	-----	\$153.80	\$27.54	\$34.00	-----	\$67.90	\$27.45	\$463.44
12.00	-----	41.10	-----	12.00	-----	41.10	-----	-----
3.50	-----	-----	-----	3.50	-----	-----	-----	-----
137.50	-----	-----	-----	137.50	-----	-----	-----	-----
15.50	-----	507.38	-----	15.50	-----	503.38	-----	-----
791.69	\$598.77	139.06	-----	793.59	\$594.85	137.90	-----	-----
681.12	510.84	96.22	-----	680.52	510.39	96.22	-----	-----
2,044.74	1,654.87	350.45	-----	2,033.82	1,491.81	344.85	-----	-----
839.00	629.25	278.70	-----	834.56	625.92	275.80	-----	-----
670.62	502.97	164.50	-----	670.60	502.95	163.00	-----	-----
962.80	722.10	242.30	-----	962.80	722.10	242.30	-----	-----
547.22	410.42	112.58	-----	548.68	411.52	110.58	-----	-----
273.30	204.97	46.88	-----	251.40	188.55	46.88	-----	-----
246.56	184.92	66.15	-----	246.44	184.83	66.15	-----	-----
863.42	647.57	238.55	-----	860.48	645.37	238.55	-----	-----
594.52	445.89	143.78	-----	592.52	444.39	143.75	-----	-----
1,222.71	916.72	143.20	-----	1,222.71	916.72	143.20	-----	-----
1,467.10	1,100.33	281.10	-----	1,466.40	1,099.81	276.85	-----	-----
561.44	421.09	41.57	-----	560.84	420.64	41.57	-----	-----
1,901.34	1,455.01	282.88	-----	1,892.34	1,419.24	282.61	-----	-----
74.26	55.69	15.12	-----	24.12	18.09	10.00	-----	-----
305.38	229.04	78.55	-----	305.38	229.04	78.55	-----	-----
237.98	178.48	37.51	-----	219.66	164.74	35.51	-----	-----
139.96	104.96	17.75	-----	139.96	104.96	17.75	-----	-----
14,627.66	10,868.89	3,479.12	27.54	14,509.32	10,695.92	3,363.90	27.45	463.44
1,277.11	-----	114.15	19.34	1,277.11	-----	114.05	19.13	260.54
22.17	-----	159.22	-----	22.17	-----	159.22	-----	-----
46.66	-----	4.20	-----	46.66	-----	4.20	-----	-----
986.92	740.19	198.59	-----	941.92	706.44	196.59	-----	-----
1,998.22	1,498.68	462.68	-----	1,997.22	1,497.93	455.22	-----	-----
1,619.71	1,214.78	405.77	-----	1,579.29	1,214.47	404.02	-----	-----
587.56	440.67	95.03	-----	572.66	429.50	91.28	-----	-----
1,498.66	1,123.99	370.90	-----	1,498.66	1,123.99	370.90	-----	-----
404.14	303.10	161.92	-----	396.54	297.40	161.92	-----	-----
540.94	405.71	157.48	-----	538.94	404.21	157.48	-----	-----
1,678.14	1,258.60	427.66	-----	1,659.68	1,244.76	423.96	-----	-----
646.96	485.22	200.85	-----	643.54	482.66	192.30	-----	-----
13.64	10.23	4.00	-----	13.64	10.23	4.00	-----	-----
45.42	34.07	6.17	-----	45.42	34.07	6.17	-----	-----
38.42	28.81	7.50	-----	38.42	28.81	7.50	-----	-----
82.42	61.81	12.25	-----	51.16	38.37	7.75	-----	-----
337.42	253.06	82.86	-----	337.42	253.06	70.11	-----	-----
136.81	102.61	12.18	-----	118.01	88.51	12.18	-----	-----
60.08	45.06	9.29	-----	60.08	45.06	9.29	-----	-----
12,021.40	8,006.59	2,892.70	19.34	11,838.54	7,899.47	2,848.14	19.13	260.54
74.65	-----	136.83	2.50	74.65	-----	136.80	2.50	255.84
212.74	-----	5.65	-----	212.74	-----	5.65	-----	-----
1,316.36	987.27	211.96	-----	1,249.66	937.24	208.26	-----	-----
253.54	190.16	33.97	-----	250.24	187.68	30.91	-----	-----
72.66	54.47	24.68	-----	72.66	54.47	24.68	-----	-----
101.06	75.80	37.54	-----	101.06	75.80	37.54	-----	-----
30.88	23.16	6.23	-----	30.88	23.16	6.23	-----	-----
2,061.89	1,330.86	456.86	2.50	1,991.89	1,278.35	450.07	2.50	255.84

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names	Titles	Periods	Salaries
<b>Alaska, second div.—Civil</b>			
Frank H. Richards	Marshal	June 4 to June 30, 1901	\$246.77
John F. Mercer	Chief office deputy	June 4, 1901, to June 30, 1901	215.98
George A. Leckley	Office deputy	do.	175.00
Albert C. Griggs	do.	do.	150.00
Adam W. Johnson	do.	do.	200.00
Otto Zwickert	do.	do.	200.00
John H. D. Bous	do.	do.	200.00
Isaac Evans	do.	June 17, 1901, to June 30, 1901	96.17
A. V. Dedrick	Field deputy	Oath June 10, 1901	
W. F. P. Ellis	Special field deputy	do.	
F. W. Davis	Field deputy	Oath June 4, 1901	
J. J. Jolley	do.	Oath June 6, 1901	
T. M. Loun	do.	do.	
Total			17,389.97
<b>Alaska, third division</b>			
George G. Perry	Marshal	Fiscal year	4,000.00
E. E. Raymondson	Chief office deputy	Aug. 17, 1900, to June 30, 1901	1,767.77
Edgar W. Kershman	Office deputy	Aug. 7, 1900, to June 30, 1901	1,729.57
Godfrey Gmelin	do.	Sept. 24, 1900, to June 30, 1901	1,538.00
E. A. Austin	Deputy	do.	
Baker and Austin	do.	do.	
Total			9,035.34
<b>Arizona</b>			
Wm. M. Griffith	Marshal	July 1, 1900, to June 18, 1901	3,868.11
Justin P. Welles	Chief office deputy	do.	1,547.50
Geo. F. Smith	Office deputy	do.	1,166.44
John M. Tate	do.	do.	1,035.24
William W. Fawcett	Field deputy	Oath, Feb. 7, 1899	
Taylor Frisk	do.	Oath, Aug. 21, 1900	
Dayton Graham	do.	Oath, Dec. 21, 1897	
J. A. Portner	do.	Oath, July 27, 1897	
Jefferson D. Templeman	do.	Oath, Feb. 6, 1901	
Wm. O. Tuttle	do.	Oath, Nov. 10, 1900	
U. G. Wedder	do.	Oath, Aug. 16, 1897	
C. L. Wilson	do.	Oath, Dec. 11, 1899; service terminated Jan. 10, 1901	
M. H. McGord	Marshal	June 19, 1901, to June 30, 1901	187.84
Justin P. Welles	Chief office deputy	do.	2,300.32
Francis R. Gorman	Office deputy	June 20, 1901, to June 30, 1901	125.00
George F. Smith	do.	June 22, 1901, to June 30, 1901	71.25
J. A. Portner	Field deputy	Oath, June 21, 1901	
Jefferson D. Templeman	do.	Oath, June 22, 1901	
J. H. Thompson	do.	Oath, July 5, 1901	
U. G. Wedder	do.	Oath, June 28, 1901	
William W. Fawcett	do.	Oath, November 10, 1900	
Total			7,565.47
<b>Arizona, Civil</b>			
Henry M. Copeland	Marshal	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 30, 1901	\$2,420.00
George H. Bozard	Chief office deputy	do.	1,478.00
F. D. Lanning	Office deputy	do.	1,248.00
John McCarty	do.	do.	998.00
John T. Harris	do.	do.	998.00
Fred E. Johnson	do.	do.	998.00
U. G. Copeland	Field deputy	Oath, Aug. 15, 1900; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	
J. F. Huddleston	do.	Oath, June 14, 1897; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	
William Hudson	do.	Oath, Jan. 15, 1900; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	
C. F. Suddeth	do.	Oath, Oct. 14, 1899; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	

figures given for this district represent only the first two quarters of the fiscal year, in so far as those of said quarters have been reported. The account for the quarter ended March 31 was conditionally included in the Department to include the amounts herein where the exhibit, and the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, had not been received.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
		\$113.00				\$113.00		
		108.00				108.00		
		108.00				108.00		
		71.00				71.00		
\$39.00	\$21.00			\$39.00	\$21.00			
13.00	13.00	91.50		13.00	13.00	91.50		
127.78	31.00	11.00		127.78	31.00	11.00		
50.25	50.25			50.25	50.25			
19.25	19.25			19.25	19.25			
7,581.14	3,312.50	9,439.28		7,560.64	3,122.96	9,319.78		
348.10		588.12		348.10		246.22		
212.60		1,544.90		212.60		1,531.75		
27.75		29.00		27.75		29.00		
27.00								
		60.00						
615.45		2,222.02		588.45		1,806.97		
3,270.52		634.75	296.50	3,270.52		634.75	\$288.89	\$141.24
1,884.24		913.70		1,831.44		887.70		
2,747.59		1,320.35		2,617.51		1,275.35		
4,109.80		2,125.75		3,995.02		2,119.25		
410.80	154.05	2.00		410.80	154.05	2.00		
30.00	11.25			30.00	11.25			
61.60	23.09	6.00		61.60	23.09	6.00		
529.24	198.46	7.50		501.22	187.58	7.50		
171.96	64.48	4.50		171.96	64.48	4.50		
7.92	2.97			7.92	2.97			
735.72	272.15	5.00		735.72	272.15	5.00		
375.46	178.30	5.95		343.86	166.44	5.95		
223.21		30.45	23.47	223.21		30.45	23.47	8.00
286.70		161.50		257.90		161.50		
76.00				76.00				
214.47		138.75		213.81		138.75		
81.72	30.65	2.00		81.72	30.65	2.00		
103.94	38.98	3.00		103.94	38.98	3.00		
11.00	4.13			11.00	4.13			
31.66	11.87			31.66	11.87			
6.00	2.25			6.00	2.25			
127.00	47.62			127.00	47.62			
15,496.55	1,040.25	5,361.20	319.97	15,109.81	1,017.51	5,283.70	312.36	149.24
1,641.25			75.13	1,641.25			75.13	885.55
67.42		45.70		66.92		45.70		
498.05		173.78		397.06		173.78		
573.33		395.98		549.42		395.88		
1,358.13		1,093.52		1,329.91		1,064.01		
1,245.04		1,062.70		1,240.66		1,062.20		
1,589.16	1,191.87	371.68		1,561.35	1,171.01	351.50		
929.76	697.31	220.80		923.64	692.73	203.80		
1,437.66	1,078.23	227.85		1,435.38	1,076.52	224.60		
808.02	602.25	243.07		800.96	600.71	233.57		



EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Alaska, second div.—C't'd.</b>			
Frank H. Richards	Marshal	June 4 to June 30, 1901	\$296.73
John F. Mercer	Chief office deputy	June 4, 1901, to June 30, 1901	203.98
George A. Leekley	Office deputy	do	178.02
Albert C. Griggs	do	do	133.52
Adam W. Johnson	do	do	203.98
Otto Zoekler	do	do	203.98
John H. D. Bouse	do	do	203.98
Issac Evans	do	June 17, 1901, to June 30, 1901	96.15
A. V. Dedrick	Field deputy	Oath June 10, 1901	
W. F. P. Ellis	Special field deputy		
F. W. Davis	Field deputy	Oath June 4, 1901	
J. J. Jolley	do	Oath June 6, 1901	
T. M. Long	do		
Total			17,398.97
<b>Alaska, third division:<sup>1</sup></b>			
George G. Perry	Marshal	Fiscal year	4,000.00
E. E. Reyvoldson	Chief office deputy	Aug. 17, 1900, to June 30, 1901	1,761.70
Edgar Wickersham	Office deputy	Aug. 7, 1900, to June 30, 1901	1,798.87
Godfrey Gmehle	do	Sept. 24, 1900, to June 30, 1901	1,538.04
E. A. Austin	Deputy		
Baker and Austin			
Total			9,098.61
<b>Arizona:</b>			
Wm. M. Griffith	Marshal	July 1, 1900, to June 18, 1901	3,868.10
Justus P. Welles	Chief office deputy	do	1,541.51
Geo. F. Smullin	Office deputy	do	1,160.44
John Mets	do	do	1,031.24
William W. Flewelling	Field deputy	Oath, Feb. 7, 1899	
Taylor Frush	do	Oath, Aug. 21, 1900	
Dayton Graham	do	Oath, Dec. 21, 1897	
J. A. Porterie	do	Oath, July 27, 1897	
Jefferson D. Templeman	do	Oath, Feb. 6, 1901	
Wm. O. Tuttle	do	Oath, Nov. 10, 1900	
U. G. Wilder	do	Oath, Aug. 16, 1897	
C. L. Wilson	do	Oath, Dec. 11, 1899; service terminated Jan. 10, 1901	
M. H. McCord	Marshal	June 19, 1901, to June 30, 1901	131.90
Justus P. Welles	Chief office deputy	do	59.34
Francis Reno	Office deputy	June 20, 1901, to June 30, 1901	36.26
George F. Smullin	do	June 22, 1901, to June 30, 1901	29.67
J. A. Porterie	Field deputy	Oath, June 21, 1901	
Jefferson D. Templeman	do	Oath, June 22, 1901	
J. H. Thompson	do	Oath, July 5, 1901	
U. G. Wilder	do	Oath, June 28, 1901	
William O. Tuttle	do	Oath, November 10, 1900	
William W. Flewelling	do		
Total			7,858.46
<b>Arkansas, eastern:</b>			
Henry M. Cooper	Marshal	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 30, 1901	3,329.70
George H. Hozier	Chief office deputy	do	1,498.30
F. D. Leaming	Office deputy	do	1,248.60
John McClure, jr.	do	do	998.90
John T. Burris	do	do	998.90
Fred E. Johnson	do	do	998.90
U. G. Copeland	Field deputy	Oath, Aug. 15, 1900; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	
J. F. Huddleston	do	Oath, June 14, 1897; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	
William Hudson	do	Oath, Jan. 15, 1900; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	
R. D. Suddeth	do	Oath, Oct. 14, 1899; service terminated Apr. 30, 1901	

<sup>1</sup> The figures given for this district represent only the first two quarters of the fiscal year, in so far as the expenses of said quarters have been reported. The account for the quarter ended March 31 was not in such condition as to enable the Department to include the amounts herein when the exhibit was prepared, and the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, had not been received.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$8.00	\$6.00	-----	-----	\$8.00	\$6.00	-----	-----	-----
391.35	-----	-----	\$23.69	391.35	-----	-----	\$23.69	\$154.85
12.00	-----	\$24.17	-----	5.50	-----	\$24.17	-----	-----
51.84	-----	176.65	-----	50.04	-----	176.15	-----	-----
111.93	-----	191.24	-----	103.93	-----	189.89	-----	-----
108.36	-----	369.16	-----	103.34	-----	369.06	-----	-----
380.62	285.46	84.30	-----	381.22	285.91	83.30	-----	-----
144.78	108.58	52.20	-----	144.78	108.58	52.20	-----	-----
221.06	165.79	33.84	-----	220.88	165.66	33.84	-----	-----
270.46	202.84	23.25	-----	268.66	201.49	23.25	-----	-----
11,843.22	4,338.33	4,779.84	98.82	11,624.25	4,308.61	4,696.90	98.82	1,040.40
2,302.51	-----	41.06	48.25	2,292.51	-----	41.06	48.25	358.76
53.04	-----	557.39	-----	43.04	-----	557.39	-----	-----
39.00	-----	-----	-----	39.00	-----	-----	-----	-----
96.50	-----	282.26	-----	53.50	-----	282.26	-----	-----
125.26	93.93	17.00	-----	125.26	93.93	17.00	-----	-----
292.24	219.18	22.25	-----	292.24	219.18	22.25	-----	-----
1,540.14	1,184.15	212.00	-----	1,540.14	1,155.11	212.00	-----	-----
984.48	738.36	163.70	-----	983.98	734.99	163.70	-----	-----
390.88	298.15	73.00	-----	390.88	293.15	73.00	-----	-----
2,479.04	1,901.99	311.51	-----	2,483.36	1,862.53	307.16	-----	-----
100.68	75.51	13.80	-----	100.68	75.51	13.80	-----	-----
644.84	483.62	145.42	-----	644.84	483.62	144.67	-----	-----
355.48	266.61	39.85	-----	355.48	266.61	39.85	-----	-----
482.14	361.59	103.05	-----	482.14	361.59	103.05	-----	-----
1,271.12	953.35	200.20	-----	1,270.64	952.99	200.20	-----	-----
278.74	209.06	14.20	-----	278.74	209.06	14.20	-----	-----
205.02	153.76	50.85	-----	205.02	153.76	50.85	-----	-----
183.94	137.95	13.15	-----	183.94	137.95	13.15	-----	-----
11,805.05	7,072.21	2,260.69	48.25	11,765.39	6,999.98	2,255.59	48.25	358.76
6,734.60	-----	663.72	306.89	6,724.60	-----	662.52	306.89	2,901.75
787.10	-----	10	-----	787.10	-----	10	-----	-----
2,592.91	-----	995.61	-----	2,592.91	-----	995.51	-----	-----
791.23	-----	198.75	-----	760.63	-----	186.50	-----	-----
407.56	-----	158.45	-----	407.56	-----	158.45	-----	-----
882.89	-----	324.40	-----	857.49	-----	308.20	-----	-----
497.41	-----	81.25	-----	479.51	-----	69.20	-----	-----
15.59	11.70	-----	-----	15.59	11.70	-----	-----	-----
319.66	239.74	68.50	-----	317.66	238.24	68.50	-----	-----
13,028.95	251.44	2,490.78	306.89	12,943.05	249.94	2,448.98	306.89	2,901.75
1,366.45	-----	227.32	146.78	1,366.45	-----	227.32	146.78	564.99
610.82	-----	458.15	-----	620.82	-----	453.35	-----	-----
1,006.21	-----	583.00	-----	1,006.21	-----	582.50	-----	-----
95.92	-----	125.32	-----	95.92	-----	125.32	-----	-----
23.10	17.33	6.00	-----	23.10	17.33	6.00	-----	-----
323.90	242.92	301.60	-----	323.90	242.92	301.60	-----	-----
54.68	41.01	12.60	-----	54.68	41.01	12.60	-----	-----
9.00	6.75	4.00	-----	9.00	6.75	4.00	-----	-----
3,490.08	308.01	1,717.99	146.78	3,500.08	308.01	1,712.69	146.78	564.99
1,070.84	-----	401.60	138.57	1,070.84	-----	269.10	138.27	1,512.69
477.46	-----	124.52	14.57	434.46	-----	123.52	14.57	-----
96.00	-----	60.00	-----	96.00	-----	59.40	-----	-----
126.50	-----	146.50	-----	126.50	-----	146.50	-----	-----
8.00	-----	.30	-----	8.00	-----	.30	-----	-----

## EXHIBIT B.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Arkansas, eastern—Cont'd.</b>			
Ed. Jefferson .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, June 5, 1899; service terminated Sept. 24, 1900.	.....
Henry M. Cooper .....	Marshal .....	May 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	\$670. 30
Geo. H. Hozier .....	Chief office deputy .....	do.	301. 70
F. D. Leaming .....	Office deputy .....	do.	251. 40
John McClure, jr .....	do .....	do.	201. 10
John T. Burris .....	do .....	do.	201. 10
Fred E. Johnson .....	do .....	do.	201. 10
U. G. Copeland .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, May 1, 1901	.....
J. H. Demby .....	do .....	Oath, May 3, 1901	.....
J. F. Huddleston .....	do .....	Oath, May 1, 1901	.....
William Hudson .....	do .....	do.	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	10, 900. 00
<b>Arkansas, western:</b>			
Solomon F. Stahl .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.	5, 000. 00
W. C. Chynowith .....	Chief office deputy .....	do.	2, 500. 00
J. R. Hammond .....	Office deputy .....	do.	1, 600. 00
A. S. Eshelman .....	do .....	do.	600. 00
James Baker .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Nov. 22, 1897.	.....
Addis Bryan .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 24, 1901	.....
M. Carlton .....	do .....	Oath, June 14, 1897.	.....
Sam. Gibson .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 19, 1899	.....
Geo. F. Hammack .....	do .....	Oath, June 10, 1897.	.....
H. B. Holman .....	do .....	Oath, June 12, 1897.	.....
James L. Holt .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 27, 1901	.....
Jesse S. Lunsford .....	do .....	Oath, June 9, 1897.	.....
J. C. McCallister .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 18, 1900.	.....
F. M. Stroud .....	do .....	Oath, June 16, 1897.	.....
Thomas H. Tate .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 18, 1900.	.....
J. W. Tow .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 17, 1900.	.....
James Daniel .....	do .....	Oath, May 1, 1899; service terminated Apr. 10, 1901.	.....
J. F. Hinchel .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 8, 1897; service terminated Dec. 12, 1900.	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	9, 700. 00
<b>California, northern:</b>			
John H. Shine .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.	4, 000. 00
Anthony L. Farrish .....	Chief office deputy .....	do.	2, 500. 00
George H. Burnham .....	Office deputy .....	do.	1, 500. 00
Richard De Lancey .....	do .....	do.	1, 400. 00
William P. Gamble .....	do .....	Jan. 9, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	668. 84
Edward A. Morse .....	do .....	Fiscal year.	1, 200. 00
Sheldon P. Monckton .....	do .....	July 1, 1900, to Dec. 31, 1900.	700. 00
Charlotte A. Schrage .....	Stenographer .....	Fiscal year.	840. 00
Charles H. Hurt .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, June 15, 1898.	.....
Geo. W. Rager .....	do .....	Oath, June 16, 1898.	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	12, 808. 84
<b>California, southern:</b>			
Henry Z. Osborne .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.	3, 000. 00
H. T. Christian .....	Chief office deputy .....	do.	1, 800. 00
G. F. McCulloch .....	Office deputy .....	do.	1, 200. 00
L. P. Timmins .....	do .....	Feb. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	413. 90
James W. Cook .....	Field deputy .....	.....	.....
Chas. J. Oswald .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 21, 1899; service terminated Jan. 30, 1901.	.....
H. J. Place .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 26, 1898.	.....
W. H. Puleston .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 11, 1899; service terminated Aug. 1, 1900.	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	6, 413. 90
<b>Colorado:</b>			
Dewey C. Bailey .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.	4, 000. 00
Melvin Edwards .....	Chief office deputy .....	do.	2, 000. 00
William A. Williams .....	Office deputy and stenographer.	Jan. 1, 1901, to May 31, 1901.	250. 50
Everett S. Chapman .....	Office deputy .....	July 1, 1900, to Dec. 31, 1900.	300. 00
Dewey C. Bailey, jr .....	do .....	June 5, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	42. 88

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$1,373.98	\$1,029.75	\$647.25	.....	\$1,349.56	\$947.72	\$647.05	.....	.....
1,970.76	1,478.07	629.80	.....	1,970.76	1,478.07	628.10	.....	.....
5,123.54	2,507.82	2,009.97	\$153.14	5,056.12	2,425.79	1,873.97	\$152.84	\$1,512.69
1,486.16	.....	45.13	.....	1,468.49	.....	41.84	.....	431.14
534.28	.....	84.86	.....	534.28	.....	83.41	.....	.....
122.82	92.12	11.39	.....	122.46	91.85	11.04	.....	.....
103.69	77.76	.80	.....	103.69	77.76	.80	.....	.....
14.62	10.96	.....	.....	14.62	10.96	.....	.....	.....
2,261.57	180.84	142.18	.....	2,243.54	180.57	137.09	.....	431.14
1,621.29	.....	5.40	97.55	1,621.29	.....	5.40	97.55	.....
377.14	.....	49.41	.....	377.14	.....	49.41	.....	.....
1,998.43	.....	54.81	97.55	1,998.43	.....	54.81	97.55	.....
3,254.50	.....	.....	2,652.69	3,254.50	.....	.....	2,652.69	4,291.99
816.17	.....	.....	.....	811.17	.....	.....	.....	.....
1.00	.....	.....	.....	1.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
244.67	.....	.....	.....	244.67	.....	.....	.....	.....
179.33	.....	.....	.....	179.33	.....	.....	.....	.....
988.25	.....	.....	.....	880.75	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,766.64	.....	.....	.....	1,766.64	.....	.....	.....	.....
373.84	.....	.....	.....	372.84	.....	.....	.....	.....
318.50	.....	.....	.....	318.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
309.83	.....	.....	.....	309.83	.....	.....	.....	.....
177.50	.....	.....	.....	177.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
367.33	.....	.....	.....	367.33	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,237.09	.....	.....	.....	1,237.09	.....	.....	.....	.....
25.00	.....	.....	.....	25.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
315.83	.....	.....	.....	315.83	.....	.....	.....	.....
463.16	.....	.....	.....	463.16	.....	.....	.....	.....
228.33	.....	.....	.....	228.33	.....	.....	.....	.....
491.83	.....	.....	.....	491.83	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,030.10	.....	41.05	.....	1,001.84	.....	41.05	.....	.....
1,285.83	.....	.....	.....	1,285.83	.....	.....	.....	.....
218.84	.....	.....	.....	218.83	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,258.00	.....	.....	.....	1,258.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15,351.57	.....	41.05	2,652.69	15,209.80	.....	41.05	2,652.69	4,291.99
482.14	.....	5,234.41	32.25	482.14	.....	523.38	32.25	179.34
114.50	.....	26.95	.....	114.50	.....	26.45	.....	.....
221.75	166.29	42.10	.....	221.75	166.29	42.10	.....	.....
113.53	85.14	38.65	.....	113.53	85.14	38.65	.....	.....
708.61	531.45	71.25	.....	708.61	531.45	70.75	.....	.....
274.46	205.84	39.50	.....	272.46	204.34	38.80	.....	.....
660.41	495.30	71.65	.....	652.19	489.14	71.65	.....	.....
68.54	51.40	13.65	.....	68.54	51.40	13.65	.....	.....
2,643.94	1,535.42	827.16	32.25	2,633.72	1,527.76	825.43	32.25	179.34
779.69	.....	599.15	9.98	779.69	.....	599.15	9.98	976.46
154.19	.....	237.65	.....	154.19	.....	237.65	.....	.....
577.70	.....	45.15	.....	577.70	.....	37.50	.....	.....
37.16	.....	52.80	.....	37.17	.....	52.80	.....	.....
7.12	5.34	2.00	.....	7.12	5.34	2.00	.....	.....

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Colorado—Continued.</b>			
William Crocker	Field deputy	Oath, July 1, 1896	
Edwin H. Davis	do	do	
Total			\$6,593.36
<b>Connecticut:</b>			
Edson S. Bishop	Marshal	Fiscal year	2,000.00
Philip E. Bowen	Chief office deputy	do	1,000.00
Wm. L. Parmelee	Field deputy	Oath, Nov. 12, 1900	
H. E. Wood	do	Oath, Sept. 24, 1898	
John H. Clarke	do	Oath, Dec. 15, 1898; service terminated Aug. 21, 1900.	
Total			3,000.00
<b>Delaware:</b>			
John C. Short	Marshal	Fiscal year	2,000.00
Wm. G. Mahaffy	Chief office deputy	do	1,000.00
James H. Clark	Office deputy	do	1,000.00
Total			4,000.00
<b>District of Columbia:</b>			
Aulick Palmer	Marshal	Fiscal year	5,500.00
William B. Robinson	Chief office deputy	do	2,700.00
Brooke M. Baker	Office deputy	July 1, 1900, to Nov. 19, 1900; Jan. 2, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	1,589.58
Buchanan Beale	do	Fiscal year	2,000.00
Joseph Bonn	do	Mar. 18, 1901, to June 30, 1901	260.00
Thomas F. Cook	do	Fiscal year	1,100.00
Patrick F. Cusick	do	do	1,100.00
M. S. Farmer	do	do	1,000.00
William T. Garrison	do	do	1,000.00
James A. Hartsock	do	Jan. 19, 1901, to June 30, 1901	450.00
Henry Johnson	Special deputy	Paid by District	
Frederick A. Kraft	Office deputy	Fiscal year	900.00
John S. Lacey	do	do	1,183.34
George E. Loweree	do	do	1,179.89
Harwood E. Read, jr.	do	Jan. 16, 1901, to June 30, 1901	327.80
W. Jesse Roberts	do	Fiscal year	1,000.00
James W. Springmann	do	do	1,100.00
Omar G. Stutler	do	do	900.00
Edgar L. Turner	do	do	1,000.00
William A. Wilkerson	do	July 1 to Oct. 8, 1900, and Oct. 26, 1900, to June 30, 1901.	963.84
J. S. B. Hartsock	do	July 1, 1900, to Jan. 18, 1901	550.00
V. H. McCormick	do	July 1, 1900, to Jan. 15, 1901	758.33
Frank E. Cunningham	do	Nov. 27, 1900, to Dec. 31, 1900	104.66
Total			26,657.39
<b>Florida, northern:<sup>1</sup></b>			
Thomas F. McGourin	Marshal	Fiscal year	3,000.00
Herman Wolf	Chief office deputy	do	1,500.00
J. M. Forbes	Field deputy	Oath, July 31, 1900	
Elisha Walker	do	Oath, Nov. 5, 1900	
T. Y. Watts	do	Oath, Feb. 1, 1899	
R. P. Wharton	do	Oath, May 17, 1899	
L. Wiselogel	do	Oath, Feb. 2, 1899	
C. Armstrong	do	Oath, May 7, 1900; service terminated Oct. 22, 1900.	
Total			4,500.00
<b>Florida, southern:<sup>2</sup></b>			
John F. Horr	Marshal	Fiscal year	3,000.00
Percy C. Stickney	Chief office deputy	do	1,200.00
Frederick W. Johnson	Office deputy	do	600.00
Catharine Pillsbury	do	do	600.00
W. C. Bull	Field deputy	Oath, Jan. 29, 1901; service terminated Jan. 30, 1901.	

<sup>1</sup> The figures for this district represent only three quarters of the fiscal year. The account for the quarter ending June 30, 1901, had not been rendered when this exhibit was prepared.

<sup>2</sup> The figures for this district represent only three quarters of the fiscal year. The account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, was not rendered in time to be included in this exhibit.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$370.97	\$278.22	\$60.30	-----	\$370.97	\$278.23	\$60.30	-----	-----
974.05	730.53	91.00	-----	972.43	729.32	91.00	-----	-----
828.38	621.29	107.40	-----	821.90	616.43	101.90	-----	-----
121.30	90.98	6.10	-----	121.30	90.98	6.10	-----	-----
288.05	216.03	5.10	-----	281.05	211.54	5.10	-----	-----
22.56	16.92	-----	-----	22.56	16.92	-----	-----	-----
4,161.17	1,959.31	1,206.65	\$9.98	4,146.08	1,948.76	1,193.50	\$9.98	\$976.46
2,028.35	-----	9.16	85.50	2,028.35	-----	9.16	85.50	446.04
1,063.31	-----	312.26	-----	1,063.31	-----	310.91	-----	-----
106.67	-----	108.52	-----	106.67	-----	108.52	-----	-----
498.72	374.03	74.13	-----	498.72	374.03	74.13	-----	-----
121.46	91.09	10.00	-----	121.46	91.09	10.00	-----	-----
436.99	327.73	110.00	-----	436.99	327.73	110.00	-----	-----
908.79	681.58	199.90	-----	908.29	681.20	199.90	-----	-----
722.14	541.59	202.71	-----	720.64	540.47	201.71	-----	-----
263.52	197.63	42.37	-----	263.52	197.63	42.37	-----	-----
869.74	652.29	121.40	-----	869.74	652.29	120.90	-----	-----
716.22	537.16	64.60	-----	716.22	537.16	64.50	-----	-----
932.33	699.23	145.20	-----	932.33	699.23	145.20	-----	-----
994.86	746.13	130.70	-----	994.86	746.15	130.70	-----	-----
163.54	122.65	39.75	-----	163.54	122.65	39.75	-----	-----
93.77	70.32	16.00	-----	93.77	70.32	16.00	-----	-----
683.96	512.95	87.75	-----	683.46	512.57	87.75	-----	-----
970.41	727.79	131.44	-----	968.91	726.67	131.39	-----	-----
603.41	452.55	156.98	-----	603.41	452.55	156.98	-----	-----
1,067.00	800.23	155.74	-----	1,067.00	800.23	155.74	-----	-----
394.54	295.89	72.25	-----	394.54	295.89	72.25	-----	-----
481.13	360.84	117.14	-----	481.13	360.84	117.14	-----	-----
1,177.08	882.79	230.14	-----	1,176.58	882.42	230.14	-----	-----
374.90	281.16	59.80	-----	374.90	281.16	59.80	-----	-----
818.10	618.56	120.96	-----	820.32	615.23	117.52	-----	-----
957.81	718.33	141.71	-----	957.81	718.33	139.71	-----	-----
1,830.10	1,369.90	248.15	-----	1,829.60	1,369.90	248.15	-----	-----
882.46	661.83	126.65	-----	882.46	661.83	126.65	-----	-----
279.48	209.60	32.10	-----	279.48	209.60	32.10	-----	-----
20,430.79	12,928.85	3,267.47	85.50	20,428.01	12,927.15	3,259.03	85.50	446.04
1,375.75	-----	149.06	30.13	1,375.75	-----	149.06	30.13	1,382.73
149.01	-----	242.69	-----	149.01	-----	242.39	-----	-----
629.07	-----	95.41	-----	629.07	-----	95.41	-----	-----
33.33	-----	218.62	-----	33.33	-----	218.62	-----	-----
631.26	473.46	168.80	-----	631.26	473.46	168.80	-----	-----
941.52	706.14	276.09	-----	939.52	704.64	276.09	-----	-----
388.95	291.72	59.60	-----	376.75	282.57	59.60	-----	-----
2.00	1.50	6.86	-----	2.00	1.50	6.86	-----	-----
247.46	185.60	184.70	-----	247.46	185.60	182.70	-----	-----
1,146.50	859.87	345.59	-----	1,146.46	859.84	344.09	-----	-----
1,717.94	1,288.46	470.27	-----	1,712.94	1,284.71	470.26	-----	-----
23.00	17.25	3.72	-----	23.00	17.25	3.72	-----	-----
833.00	624.75	136.04	-----	813.60	610.21	134.04	-----	-----
8,118.79	4,448.75	2,357.45	30.13	8,080.15	4,419.78	2,351.64	30.13	1,382.73
699.12	-----	52.00	223.20	699.12	-----	52.00	223.20	158.26
793.85	-----	75.50	-----	789.45	-----	12.50	-----	-----
26.86	20.15	13.50	-----	26.86	20.15	13.50	-----	-----
1,519.83	20.15	141.00	223.20	1,515.43	20.15	78.00	223.20	158.26

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[illegible]

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$1,135.42	.....	\$600.40	\$21.57	\$652.80	.....	\$258.15	\$11.75	\$500.70
1,198.92	.....	865.50	.....	552.96	.....	501.15	.....	.....
893.49	.....	451.15	.....	792.57	.....	270.95	.....	.....
3,227.83	.....	1,917.05	21.57	1,998.35	.....	1,030.25	11.75	500.70
2,061.30	.....	15.84	632.25	2,061.28	.....	15.84	632.25	2,282.32
1,089.92	.....	102.43	.....	1,089.92	.....	102.43	.....	.....
97.32	.....	50.75	.....	97.26	.....	50.75	.....	.....
840.24	.....	72.12	.....	838.18	.....	72.12	.....	.....
258.66	.....	36.81	.....	258.66	.....	36.81	.....	.....
695.89	.....	84.05	.....	695.01	.....	84.05	.....	.....
539.74	.....	67.29	.....	535.24	.....	65.69	.....	.....
2,234.00	.....	423.92	.....	2,220.38	.....	422.40	.....	.....
600.05	.....	164.19	.....	597.97	.....	164.19	.....	.....
144.20	.....	78.23	.....	143.20	.....	78.23	.....	.....
223.71	.....	23.77	.....	223.71	.....	23.77	.....	.....
339.18	.....	36.10	.....	337.18	.....	36.10	.....	.....
501.62	.....	42.59	.....	491.22	.....	42.59	.....	.....
156.48	.....	9.60	.....	156.18	.....	9.60	.....	.....
1,095.10	.....	162.71	.....	1,072.02	.....	159.48	.....	.....
102.29	.....	8.64	.....	99.45	.....	8.64	.....	.....
10,979.70	.....	1,379.04	632.25	10,916.86	.....	1,372.69	632.25	2,282.32
1,751.59	.....	19.00	88.19	1,691.60	.....	19.00	86.78	784.94
1,832.03	.....	1,000.65	.....	1,810.85	.....	993.52	.....	.....
301.15	.....	339.58	.....	298.25	.....	336.92	.....	.....
281.32	.....	149.26	.....	274.32	.....	148.76	.....	.....
.50	.....	.....	.....	.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
2,509.08	\$1,867.44	63.55	.....	2,484.32	\$1,863.23	63.55	.....	.....
1,262.92	947.18	47.10	.....	1,188.00	890.99	44.85	.....	.....
1,665.28	1,248.95	86.95	.....	1,658.84	1,244.13	86.95	.....	.....
42.16	31.62	.....	.....	42.16	31.62	.....	.....	.....
1,562.94	1,172.19	121.86	.....	1,523.50	1,142.61	116.61	.....	.....
1,880.68	1,404.79	44.70	.....	1,857.50	1,387.41	41.26	.....	.....
13,089.65	6,672.17	1,872.65	88.19	12,824.34	6,559.99	1,854.36	86.78	784.94
868.89	.....	17.30	88.90	868.85	.....	17.30	88.90	1,247.73
118.30	.....	11.85	.....	118.30	.....	11.85	.....	.....
955.52	.....	560.68	14.50	955.52	.....	560.68	14.50	.....
962.24	.....	837.63	.....	962.24	.....	837.63	.....	.....
223.56	167.68	13.77	.....	223.56	167.68	13.77	.....	.....
1,226.66	919.99	233.63	.....	1,226.66	919.99	208.94	.....	.....
145.80	109.35	33.81	.....	145.80	109.35	33.81	.....	.....
665.85	.....	55.90	33.97	610.15	.....	55.90	33.97	288.27
230.18	.....	96.65	.....	228.18	.....	96.65	.....	.....
444.90	.....	228.47	.....	381.20	.....	228.47	.....	.....
345.79	.....	326.15	.....	329.12	.....	326.15	.....	.....
21.56	16.17	4.18	.....	21.56	16.17	4.18	.....	.....
329.82	247.37	93.60	.....	329.82	247.37	93.60	.....	.....
67.04	50.28	58.85	.....	67.04	50.28	58.85	.....	.....
6,596.11	1,510.84	2,572.47	137.37	6,458.04	1,510.84	2,547.78	137.37	1,536.00
3,562.94	.....	1,724.87	1,829.76	3,562.94	.....	1,724.87	1,820.41	1,679.95
590.10	.....	8,426.31	.....	590.10	.....	8,420.53	.....	.....



EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Idaho:</b> <sup>1</sup>			
Frank C. Ramsey.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	\$3,000.00
Joseph Pinkham.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
C. A. Forseman.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
Total.....			6,000.00
<b>Illinois, northern:</b>			
John C. Ames.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	5,000.00
Peter A. Rowe.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2,000.00
George Q. Allen.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,000.00
William E. Cass.....	do.....	do.....	810.00
Darwin A. Fraley.....	do.....	do.....	1,150.00
B. E. Robinson.....	do.....	do.....	1,425.10
Edward St. Clair.....	do.....	Oct. 19, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	701.13
S. O. Tripp.....	do.....	Fiscal year.....	1,200.00
Thomas Middleton.....	do.....	do.....	810.00
M. E. Patterson.....	do.....	do.....	1,000.00
E. H. Pedersen.....	do.....	do.....	810.00
Asad Udell.....	do.....	July 17, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	778.75
G. H. Voss.....	do.....	Fiscal year.....	810.00
Harry C. Wade.....	do.....	do.....	1,050.00
George M. Wherritt.....	do.....	do.....	1,500.00
Israel C. Cope.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Aug. 31, 1900.....	252.80
Total.....			20,297.78
<b>Illinois, southern:</b>			
Charles P. Hitch.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4,500.00
Edward E. Watts.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2,000.00
Charles E. Flinn.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
John Edwards.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
A. J. Babcock.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
William L. Davies.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
T. L. Dowell.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, July 6, 1897.....	
E. M. Eaton.....	do.....	do.....	
Archibald Spring.....	do.....	do.....	
Harry Swimmer.....	do.....	Oath, July 21, 1897.....	
Miller Weir.....	do.....	Oath, July 6, 1897.....	
D. G. Williams.....	do.....	Oath, July 8, 1897.....	
Total.....			9,500.00
<b>Indiana:</b>			
Samuel E. Kercheval.....	Marshal.....	July 1, 1900, to Mar. 22, 1901.....	3,262.50
John E. Foley.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,450.02
Alonzo Boyd.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	870.03
George E. Branham.....	do.....	do.....	725.01
Mamie Baker, Miss.....	Clerk and stenographer.....	do.....	434.97
Andrew Fite.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 17, 1897; service terminated Mar. 1901.....	
J. T. Peck.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 10, 1897; service terminated Mar. 1901.....	
Elias O. Rose.....	do.....	Oath, May 6, 1897.....	
Henry C. Pettit.....	Marshal.....	Mar. 22, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	1,237.50
John E. Foley.....	Chief office deputy.....	Mar. 23, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	549.98
Alonzo Boyd.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	329.97
George E. Branham.....	do.....	do.....	274.99
Mamie Baker, Miss.....	Clerk and stenographer.....	Mar. 23, 1901, to Mar. 26, 1901.....	6.67
Nerve Thurston.....	do.....	Mar. 27, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	158.36
Andrew Fite.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 12, 1901.....	
J. T. Peck.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 25, 1901.....	
John E. Rigney.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 5, 1901.....	
Total.....			9,300.00
<b>Indian Territory, northern:</b>			
Leo E. Bennett.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
Frank C. Hubbard.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2,500.00

<sup>1</sup>The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three quarters of the fiscal year, action upon the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, having been pending when this exhibit was prepared.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
		\$651.83				\$651.83		
\$4.79		178.05		\$4.79		178.05		
194.05		26.30		194.05		26.30		
53.22		15.75		47.72		15.75		
78.80		47.75		62.85		47.75		
42.25		32.45		42.25		2.45		
		2,447.10				2,446.60		
848.85	\$636.63	230.50		749.50	\$562.12	229.25		
93.75	70.31	23.75		93.75	70.31	23.75		
402.26	301.69	155.50		359.23	269.43	155.50		
462.87	347.14	175.25		315.49	236.60	175.00		
246.62	184.96	43.50		234.51	175.88	43.50		
598.30	448.72	229.70		549.92	412.44	229.70		
417.94	313.43	39.75		394.76	296.05	39.75		
774.91	581.16	331.50		709.21	531.89	331.50		
591.62	443.71	99.00		564.27	423.20	99.00		
375.56	281.65	92.75		336.98	252.72	92.75		
380.76	285.56	68.75		304.01	228.01	68.75		
957.59	718.18	509.10		837.43	628.07	505.85		
675.34	506.48	298.75		597.44	448.06	298.75		
766.66	574.99	259.00		717.86	538.39	259.00		
1,500.28	1,125.19	191.34		1,302.94	977.18	191.34		
1,796.43	1,347.32	828.45		1,585.10	1,188.83	826.45		
473.99	355.49	257.30		455.74	341.81	257.30		
1,576.06	1,182.04	814.90		1,319.58	989.68	814.90		
922.08	691.54	494.75		846.51	634.86	494.75		
1,096.94	822.70	676.98		940.77	706.57	676.98		
1,122.08	841.55	507.50		1,022.81	767.10	507.50		
246.86	185.13	37.30		245.86	184.38	37.30		
245.88	184.41	85.75		123.24	92.43	85.75		
104.46	78.34	13.00		95.18	71.88	13.00		
4.31	3.23			4.31	3.23			
21,208.60	12,511.55	15,014.48	\$1,829.76	19,211.10	11,029.62	15,001.45	\$1,820.41	\$1,679.95
1,352.06		.50	605.62	1,352.06		.50	591.10	745.13
298.70		2,978.45		298.70		2,959.65		
.50		660.20		.50		660.20		
116.94		119.55		116.94		112.85		
63.15		168.13		63.15		165.87		
3.00		1,314.35		3.00		1,314.00		
22.82		1.50		22.82		1.50		
100.90	75.68	101.65		100.90	75.68	101.65		
183.06	137.29	47.15		156.08	117.06	44.65		
98.36	73.77	6.00		94.36	70.77	6.00		
475.06	356.30	190.65		474.56	355.93	178.70		
317.37	238.03	144.05		298.85	224.14	134.05		
476.34	357.25	134.55		398.54	298.90	130.00		
129.73	97.30	55.90		113.39	85.04	51.25		
254.48	190.87	149.50		242.38	181.80	146.80		
780.34	585.26	97.25		767.23	575.43	86.05		
475.65	356.74	147.85		428.27	321.21	147.85		

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Ind. Ter., northern—C't'd.</b>			
E. L. Berry.....	Office deputy.....	Fiscal year.....	\$1,600.00
K. L. Bills.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
G. S. White.....	do.....	do.....	900.00
George D. Story.....	do.....	do.....	900.00
John C. Dannenberg.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
C. L. Long.....	do.....	Nov. 16, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	375.04
R. M. J. Schriver.....	do.....	Fiscal year.....	600.00
E. H. Hubbard.....	Office deputy and stenographer.....	do.....	900.00
Russell Wiggins.....	Office deputy.....	July 1, 1900, to Nov. 15, 1900.....	200.50
David Adams.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898.....	
Sam Baker.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 23, 1901; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.....	
J. L. Brown.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 20, 1898.....	
E. F. Cochran.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 15, 1899.....	
Geo. R. Davis.....	do.....	Oath, July 16, 1898.....	
Orlando Dobson.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898.....	
Jacob Harrison.....	do.....	do.....	
L. E. Hogan.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 2, 1900.....	
Henry Kaase.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 13, 1900.....	
Grant Johnson.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898.....	
W. F. Jones.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; oath, Jan. 26, 1901.....	
J. S. O'Brien.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 4, 1898.....	
Joseph Payne.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898.....	
Bass Reeves.....	do.....	do.....	
J. C. C. Rogers.....	do.....	do.....	
W. E. Shipley.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 16, 1899.....	
W. N. Stannard.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; services terminated June 30, 1901.....	
P. Talbert.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898.....	
Plea C. Thompson.....	do.....	do.....	
A. J. Trail.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 9, 1898.....	
David M. Webb.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898.....	
Jno. C. West.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 25, 1898.....	
Wm. Buckner.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; services terminated Oct. 13, 1900.....	
James Colby.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; services terminated Oct. 1, 1900.....	
A. M. Lewis.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; services terminated Aug. 1, 1900.....	
Total.....			13,775.54
<b>Indian Territory, central:<sup>1</sup></b>			
Jasper P. Grady.....	Marshal.....	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 21, 1901.....	3,230.77
Frank S. Genung.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2,019.23
Geo. L. Miller.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	969.23
Aurelius M. Chetwood.....	do.....	do.....	726.92
James W. Hale.....	do.....	do.....	726.92
Mike Conlin.....	do.....	do.....	726.92
A. A. Billingsley.....	do.....	do.....	1,292.31
William Agee.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Nov. 1, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
James Berry.....	do.....	Oath, June 1, 1898; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
W. H. Cox.....	do.....	Oath, May 8, 1898; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
B. O. Criswell.....	do.....	Oath, May 17, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
J. E. Emmert.....	do.....	Oath, July 21, 1897; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
J. M. Ennis.....	do.....	Oath, May 7, 1898; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
J. H. Everidge.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 21, 1898; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
Henry T. Fannin.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 1, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
Robert Fortune.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 8, 1899; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	
Edward Foster.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 20, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.....	

<sup>1</sup> The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, exclude an account for \$14.72, action upon which was pending when exhibit was prepared.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
		\$651.83				\$651.83		
\$4.79		178.05		\$4.79		178.05		
194.05		26.30		194.05		26.30		
53.22		15.75		47.72		15.75		
78.85		47.75		62.85		47.75		
42.25		32.45		42.25		2.45		
		2,447.10				2,446.60		
848.85	\$636.63	230.50		749.50	\$562.12	229.25		
93.75	70.31	23.75		93.75	70.31	23.75		
402.26	301.69	155.50		359.23	269.43	155.50		
462.87	347.14	175.25		315.49	236.60	175.00		
246.62	184.96	43.50		234.51	175.88	43.50		
598.30	448.72	229.70		549.92	412.44	229.70		
417.94	313.43	39.75		394.76	296.05	39.75		
774.91	581.16	331.50		709.21	531.89	331.50		
591.62	443.71	99.00		564.27	423.20	99.00		
875.56	281.65	92.75		336.98	252.72	92.75		
380.76	285.56	68.75		304.01	228.01	68.75		
957.59	718.18	509.10		837.43	628.07	505.85		
675.34	506.48	298.75		597.44	448.06	298.75		
766.66	574.99	259.00		717.86	533.39	259.00		
1,500.28	1,125.19	191.34		1,302.94	977.18	191.34		
1,796.43	1,347.32	828.45		1,585.10	1,188.83	826.45		
473.99	355.49	257.30		455.74	341.81	257.30		
1,576.06	1,182.04	814.90		1,319.58	989.68	814.90		
922.08	691.54	494.75		846.51	634.86	494.75		
1,096.94	822.70	676.98		940.77	705.57	676.98		
1,122.08	841.65	507.50		1,022.81	767.10	507.50		
246.86	185.13	37.30		245.86	184.38	37.30		
245.88	184.41	85.75		123.24	92.43	85.75		
104.46	78.34	13.00		95.18	71.88	13.00		
4.31	3.23			4.31	3.23			
21,208.60	12,511.55	15,014.48	\$1,829.76	19,211.10	11,029.62	15,001.45	\$1,820.41	\$1,679.95
1,352.06		.50	605.62	1,352.06		.50	591.10	745.13
298.70		2,978.45		298.70		2,959.65		
.50		660.20		.50		660.20		
116.94		119.55		116.94		112.85		
63.15		168.13		63.15		165.87		
3.00		1,314.35		3.00		1,314.00		
22.82		1.50		22.82		1.50		
100.90	75.68	101.65		100.90	75.68	101.65		
183.06	137.29	47.15		156.08	117.06	44.65		
98.36	73.77	6.00		94.36	70.77	6.00		
475.06	356.30	190.65		474.56	355.93	178.70		
317.37	238.03	144.05		298.85	224.14	134.05		
476.34	357.25	134.55		398.54	298.90	130.00		
129.73	97.30	55.90		113.39	85.04	51.25		
254.48	190.87	149.50		242.38	181.80	146.80		
780.34	585.26	97.25		767.23	575.43	86.05		
475.65	356.74	147.85		428.27	321.21	147.85		

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL

EXHIBIT F.—*Showing, by district, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Persons and offices	Title	Periods	Salaries
<b>Said Territory—District 4.</b>			
P. M. (State) was	Field deputy	Oath, June 4, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
Geo. Holvey	do	Oath, May 1, 1897; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
George W. La Plante	do	Oath, Aug. 2, 1899; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
J. B. Lee	do	Oath, Apr. 16, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
R. C. Lee	do	Oath, Aug. 12, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
T. B. McMurray	do	Oath, Dec. 8, 1899; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
H. E. Miller	do	Oath, May 2, 1897; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
Geo. E. Parker	do	Oath, Apr. 26, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
James R. Cole	do	Oath, May 29, 1899; service terminated Oct. 31, 1900.	
L. R. Stacey	do	Oath, Oct. 5, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
H. K. Wall	do	Oath, May 2, 1897; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
W. C. York	do	Oath, Jan. 1, 1900; service terminated Apr. 21, 1901.	
H. F. Donathan	do	Oath, July 16, 1897; service terminated Aug. 30, 1900.	
H. M. Gockard	do	Oath, July 8, 1899; service terminated Aug. 15, 1900.	
Benjamin F. Hackett	Marshal	Apr. 22, 1901, to June 30, 1901	\$769.23
Frank H. Gernung	Chief office deputy	do	480.77
Geo. E. Miller	Office deputy	do	269.22
M. M. Lindly	do	do	269.22
John T. Hackett	do	do	173.06
Aurelius M. Chitwood	do	do	173.06
Thomas F. Hackett	do	Apr. 23, 1901, to June 30, 1901	150.80
Cal. W. Berry	Field deputy	Oath, Apr. 22, 1901	
Geo. H. Clay	do	do	
Henry T. Fennin	do	do	
Robert Fortune	do	do	
R. W. Hinds	do	Oath, May 3, 1901	
George Holvey	do	Oath, Apr. 22, 1901	
W. P. Hopkins	do	Apr. 22, 1901, to May 2, 1901	
Edward V. Howell	do	Oath, Apr. 22, 1901	
John A. Hunt	do	Oath, May 16, 1901	
J. B. Lee	do	Oath, Apr. 22, 1901	
R. C. Lee	do	do	
T. B. McMurray	do	Oath, April 26, 1901; service terminated May 15, 1901.	
H. E. Miller	do	Oath, Apr. 24, 1901	
James E. Norvell	do	Oath, Apr. 22, 1901	
R. D. Robuck	do	do	
William Russell	do	do	
Z. R. Stacey	do	do	
James H. Thompson	do	do	
Ans M. Wade	do	do	
H. K. Wall	do	do	
A. N. Wilcox	do	do	
W. C. York	do	Oath, April 24, 1901; service terminated May 31, 1901.	
John McMurtry	do	Oath, June 4, 1901	
Total			11,977.67
<b>Indian Territory, southern:</b>			
Jno. S. Hammer	Marshal	Fiscal year.	4,000.00
Raymond Herz	Chief office deputy	do	2,500.00
George S. Hammer	Office deputy	do	1,600.00
Herbert E. Foster	do	do	1,200.00
Arthur M. Foss	do	do	1,200.00

<sup>1</sup> The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three quarters of the fiscal year and exclude an account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, action upon which was pending when exhibit was prepared, said account claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$5,324.07; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$2,585.74; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$1,320.22; other expenses payable by United States, \$48.42.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$375.99	\$281.99	\$77.95	.....	\$321.84	\$241.38	\$75.57	.....	.....
826.50	619.87	293.78	.....	730.06	547.55	283.01	.....	.....
310.12	232.60	123.15	.....	295.90	221.93	123.15	.....	.....
962.63	721.98	336.80	.....	800.70	600.54	328.95	.....	.....
649.74	487.32	142.05	.....	614.22	460.68	141.80	.....	.....
1,470.18	1,102.65	627.59	.....	1,303.91	977.95	598.23	.....	.....
340.46	255.35	114.80	.....	330.96	248.23	112.30	.....	.....
460.64	345.48	284.27	.....	378.92	284.19	276.77	.....	.....
170.14	127.61	51.25	.....	115.17	86.39	51.25	.....	.....
440.06	330.05	144.92	.....	440.06	330.05	144.92	.....	.....
814.33	610.76	264.70	.....	785.87	589.42	261.25	.....	.....
306.33	229.74	114.20	.....	293.19	219.89	114.20	.....	.....
62.40	46.80	12.00	.....	26.70	20.03	12.00	.....	.....
174.84	131.13	75.42	.....	110.04	82.53	75.42	.....	.....
519.94	.....	16.32	\$171.69	519.94	.....	5.20	\$168.55	\$118.74
65.40	.....	198.92	.....	65.40	.....	198.92	.....	.....
1.00	.....	1.30	.....	1.00	.....	1.30	.....	.....
4.00	.....	259.55	.....	4.00	.....	258.55	.....	.....
.....	.....	75.20	.....	.....	.....	71.60	.....	.....
.....	.....	7.05	.....	.....	.....	7.05	.....	.....
135.57	101.68	103.34	.....	130.79	98.10	103.34	.....	.....
283.08	212.31	67.75	.....	283.08	212.31	67.75	.....	.....
198.56	148.92	56.00	.....	188.76	141.57	55.00	.....	.....
382.22	286.67	59.65	.....	376.42	282.32	56.75	.....	.....
225.79	169.34	112.78	.....	216.29	162.22	105.43	.....	.....
249.28	186.96	110.55	.....	187.74	140.81	92.20	.....	.....
.50	.38	20.90	.....	.50	.38	20.90	.....	.....
41.66	31.25	43.15	.....	37.76	28.33	43.15	.....	.....
55.40	41.55	23.50	.....	55.40	41.55	23.50	.....	.....
122.62	91.97	49.50	.....	120.62	90.47	49.50	.....	.....
319.49	239.62	80.35	.....	319.49	239.62	79.05	.....	.....
24.00	18.00	11.00	.....	24.00	18.00	11.00	.....	.....
232.34	174.26	99.05	.....	224.86	168.65	94.45	.....	.....
276.26	207.20	112.85	.....	274.46	205.85	105.60	.....	.....
29.32	21.99	2.00	.....	28.82	21.62	2.00	.....	.....
22.90	17.18	8.40	.....	22.90	17.18	8.40	.....	.....
169.24	126.93	74.98	.....	164.24	123.18	70.48	.....	.....
209.92	157.44	59.65	.....	181.15	135.87	45.20	.....	.....
152.72	114.54	83.75	.....	152.72	114.54	83.75	.....	.....
49.48	37.11	15.60	.....	46.48	34.86	15.60	.....	.....
213.85	160.39	92.05	.....	205.29	153.97	85.05	.....	.....
48.88	36.66	21.50	.....	48.88	36.66	21.50	.....	.....
58.12	43.59	7.65	.....	54.62	40.97	6.35	.....	.....
16,604.36	10,617.76	10,854.40	777.31	15,414.88	9,725.75	10,628.96	759.65	863.87
5,365.98	.....	2,084.94	103.87	3,943.14	.....	1,908.44	53.42	2,783.31
321.38	.....	3,304.70	.....	229.80	.....	2,308.86	.....	.....
53.50	.....	4.25	.....	42.00	.....	4.20	.....	.....
99.67	.....	.....	.....	81.17	.....	.....	.....	.....
332.22	.....	400.12	.....	265.68	.....	14.10	.....	.....

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

District and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Ind. Ter., southern—C't'd.</b>			
J. H. Letherman	Office deputy	Fiscal year	\$900. 00
John A. Tucker	do	do	900. 00
Frank O. Schneider	Office deputy and stenographer and typewriter.	Oct. 12, 1900, to June 30, 1901	576. 08
William Green Brown.	Office deputy	Fiscal year	720. 00
Emma Norris (Miss)	Stenographer	July 1, 1900, to Oct. 11, 1900.	223. 91
Henry A. Blackburn	Field deputy	Oath, July 23, 1900; service terminated May 1, 1901.	
D. E. Booker	do	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898; service terminated May 1, 1901.	
Wm. C. Boyer	do	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898.	
Jas. H. Bridges	do	Oath, July 27, 1899.	
Z. Brock	do	Oath, Jan. 10, 1900.	
Jno. F. Clemens	do	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898.	
Robert M. Cummings	do	Oath, Oct. 16, 1899.	
James B. Davis	do	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898.	
Buck Garrett	do	do	
J. W. Gaylord	do	Oath, July 21, 1900.	
J. C. Grisham	do	Oath, Feb. 1, 1901.	
B. V. Henson	do	Oath, July 21, 1900.	
C. Madsen	do	Oath, Mar. 8, 1898.	
W. E. McLemore	do	Oath, July 27, 1899.	
Robert Nester	do	Oath, June 23, 1898.	
John Poe	do	Oath, Dec. 17, 1900.	
W. W. Powers	do	Oath, Feb. 20, 1901.	
Joseph A. Schrimsher	do	Oath, Apr. 6, 1900.	
J. M. Stephens	do	Oath, July 14, 1900.	
Jack Walters	do	Oath, July 23, 1900.	
James R. Hutchins	do	Oath, Oct. 7, 1899; service terminated Feb. 18, 1901.	
Charles A. Burns	do	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898; service terminated Feb. 1, 1901.	
L. D. Dickerson	do	Oath, June 23, 1898; service terminated July 18, 1900.	
Selden T. Lindsey	do	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898; service terminated July 20, 1900.	
J. W. Martin	do	Oath, May 6, 1901.	
Total			13, 819. 99
<b>Iowa, northern:</b>			
Edward Knott	Marshal	Fiscal year	4, 000. 00
Benjamin F. Bean	Chief office deputy	do	1, 500. 00
Horace Poole	Office deputy	Aug. 28, 1900, to June 30, 1901.	1, 085. 86
Do.	Clerk	July 1, 1900, to Aug. 27, 1900.	189. 14
Gustaf F. Gustafson	Field deputy	Oath, Oct. 2, 1899.	
Michael L. Healey	do	Oath, Mar. 31, 1899.	
Jacob A. Tracey	do	Oath, Mar. 23, 1898.	
Total			6, 775. 00
<b>Iowa, southern:</b>			
George M. Christian	Marshal	Fiscal year	4, 000. 00
Howard L. Hedrick	Chief office deputy	do	2, 000. 00
Jessie I. Christian	Office deputy	do	900. 00
Harry Fulton	Field deputy	Oath, Nov. 21, 1899.	
Geo. W. McNaught	do	Oath, Mar. 2, 1898.	
W. A. Richards	do	Oath, Mar. 22, 1898.	
A. E. Willis	do	Oath, Mar. 2, 1898.	
Total			6, 900. 00
<b>Kansas:</b>			
William Edgar Sterne	Marshal	Fiscal year	4, 000. 00
Donald L. Willits	Chief office deputy	do	1, 600. 00
J. E. Brown	Office deputy	do	720. 00
C. E. Carroll	Field deputy	Oath, Jan. 7, 1901.	
W. C. Mooney	do	Oath, Mar. 26, 1898.	
E. A. Prescott	do	Oath, Mar. 1, 1898.	
Fred C. Trigg	do	Oath, Feb. 19, 1898; service terminated Jan. 1, 1901.	
Total			6, 320. 00

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$155.14	-----	\$16.94	-----	\$95.34	-----	\$12.34	-----	-----
704.91	-----	254.85	-----	463.65	-----	155.75	-----	-----
72.33	-----	10.10	-----	22.50	-----	-----	-----	-----
137.07	-----	37.55	-----	88.50	-----	10.75	-----	-----
478.44	\$358.84	246.50	-----	410.06	\$307.56	245.00	-----	-----
461.08	345.81	96.75	-----	413.80	310.35	96.75	-----	-----
551.80	413.86	256.25	-----	341.13	255.86	210.85	-----	-----
993.96	745.48	555.00	-----	724.90	543.69	403.75	-----	-----
517.59	388.21	280.00	-----	370.17	277.65	255.75	-----	-----
446.39	334.80	428.30	-----	337.92	253.43	324.30	-----	-----
634.16	475.62	431.80	-----	466.31	349.54	300.30	-----	-----
671.98	504.00	336.45	-----	386.93	290.21	246.50	-----	-----
1,021.42	766.08	190.25	-----	767.12	575.35	153.75	-----	-----
538.94	404.21	327.60	-----	366.84	275.14	241.70	-----	-----
203.84	152.89	104.35	-----	61.84	46.39	28.25	-----	-----
975.51	731.65	271.85	-----	521.64	391.25	192.75	-----	-----
1,196.46	897.36	517.04	-----	934.06	723.06	479.99	-----	-----
1,068.02	801.04	440.56	-----	663.75	497.81	290.25	-----	-----
1,054.15	790.59	652.60	-----	665.45	499.09	453.70	-----	-----
399.90	299.92	222.75	-----	102.14	76.61	116.75	-----	-----
294.23	220.68	134.95	-----	131.33	98.51	41.90	-----	-----
433.68	325.27	285.30	-----	294.81	221.12	226.65	-----	-----
1,366.29	1,024.72	401.50	-----	832.73	624.56	291.50	-----	-----
293.42	220.08	99.60	-----	160.76	120.59	73.50	-----	-----
560.04	420.04	228.25	-----	462.26	346.72	226.75	-----	-----
295.30	221.49	211.75	-----	261.53	196.16	208.35	-----	-----
3.50	2.63	6.50	-----	3.50	2.63	6.50	-----	-----
1.50	1.13	-----	-----	1.50	1.13	-----	-----	-----
100.86	75.65	74.30	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
21,804.66	10,922.05	12,913.49	\$103.87	14,914.26	7,284.41	9,529.93	\$53.42	\$2,783.31
649.85	-----	97.55	4.70	644.86	-----	97.55	4.20	678.05
355.12	-----	289.84	-----	353.12	-----	289.29	-----	-----
-----	-----	182.93	-----	5.00	-----	182.53	-----	-----
2,005.86	1,504.39	351.53	-----	1,985.16	1,488.87	328.22	-----	-----
1,935.60	1,451.70	300.96	-----	1,908.26	1,431.20	299.22	-----	-----
1,897.44	1,423.08	375.57	-----	1,892.56	1,419.42	375.57	-----	-----
6,843.87	4,379.17	1,598.38	4.70	6,788.96	4,339.49	1,572.38	4.20	678.05
907.98	-----	172.56	87.57	907.92	-----	172.56	87.57	602.16
140.10	-----	94.31	-----	140.10	-----	94.31	-----	-----
-----	-----	121.82	-----	-----	-----	121.42	-----	-----
1,294.74	971.04	65.00	-----	1,285.58	964.18	64.50	-----	-----
837.34	628.00	44.44	-----	785.78	589.33	41.65	-----	-----
2,257.70	1,693.26	90.94	-----	2,228.26	1,671.18	88.09	-----	-----
1,090.53	817.88	125.73	-----	1,072.03	804.01	124.98	-----	-----
6,528.39	4,110.18	714.80	87.57	6,419.67	4,028.70	707.51	87.57	602.16
1,537.94	-----	230.34	25.77	1,474.94	-----	230.34	25.70	1,957.93
131.97	-----	185.92	-----	78.00	-----	185.92	-----	-----
133.00	-----	59.31	-----	132.50	-----	59.31	-----	-----
806.50	604.87	24.00	-----	792.32	594.24	24.00	-----	-----
1,416.36	1,062.26	21.30	-----	1,409.40	1,057.05	21.30	-----	-----
2,429.66	1,805.17	158.54	-----	2,407.28	1,788.40	158.44	-----	-----
520.06	390.04	90.05	-----	531.64	397.71	79.55	-----	-----
6,975.49	3,862.34	769.46	25.77	6,826.08	3,837.40	758.86	25.70	1,957.93



## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Kentucky:</b>			
Addison D. James.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	\$5,000.00
Thomas A. Mitchell.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Walter A. Blackburn.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,500.00
Melvin C. James.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
Hortense Horton.....	do.....	do.....	1,000.00
J. A. Coleman.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Jan. 6, 1899.....	
Jno. D. Compton.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 6, 1897.....	
Lincoln Denton.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 21, 1898.....	
Mose E. Dixon.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 2, 1900.....	
B. A. Fuson.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 28, 1899.....	
George W. Gilliland.....	do.....	Oath, Nov. 1, 1900.....	
Henry T. Gose.....	do.....	Oath, May 11, 1899.....	
Thomas Hollifield.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 4, 1900.....	
John A. Hooper.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 31, 1900.....	
Presley Jackson.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 12, 1898.....	
J. F. Justice.....	do.....	Oath, June 4, 1900.....	
M. W. La Rue.....	do.....	Oath, July 14, 1897.....	
Sherman Lewis.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 28, 1900.....	
Con. McCarty.....	do.....	Oath, July 9, 1897.....	
E. B. Long.....	do.....	Oath, May 1, 1900.....	
John C. Morgan.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 18, 1899.....	
A. B. Patrick.....	do.....	Oath, May 13, 1899.....	
Thomas S. Salyer.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 2, 1900.....	
Geo. Wm. Saunders.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 22, 1901.....	
George C. Thompson.....	do.....	Oath, July 19, 1897.....	
Lawrence Yonts.....	do.....	Oath, June 7, 1900.....	
George M. York.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 24, 1900.....	
Howard J. Wilson.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 16, 1899; service terminated July 8, 1900.....	
Fred N. Isbell.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 16, 1898; service terminated Aug. 1, 1900.....	
John B. Rogers.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 13, 1899; service terminated Jan. 3, 1901.....	
Boyd Kelly.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 13, 1900; service terminated Mar. 1, 1901.....	
James W. Huff.....	do.....	Oath, May 12, 1900; service terminated Mar. 1, 1901.....	
W. T. Short.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 31, 1897; service terminated May 20, 1901.....	
Total.....			10,500.00
<b>Louisiana, eastern:<sup>1</sup></b>			
Charles Fontellieu.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	3,000.00
John E. Boehler.....	Chief office deputy.....	May 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	251.40
Felix Bienvenu.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 30, 1901.....	1,248.60
T. I. Galbreath.....	Office deputy.....	Fiscal year.....	1,200.00
Joseph H. Patin.....	do.....	do.....	1,000.00
Total.....			6,700.00
<b>Louisiana, western:<sup>2</sup></b>			
Lemuel Gustine.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	2,500.00
Alexander H. Bernstein.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
J. H. Crawford.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Jan. 14, 1901.....	
D. S. A. Harmon.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 22, 1900.....	
Leonce Jacobs.....	do.....	Oath, June 15, 1900; service terminated June 3, 1901.....	
B. D. Loper.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 11, 1901.....	
Lee McAlpin.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 25, 1900.....	
Nathan L. Stewart.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 20, 1900.....	
W. C. Farrington.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 20, 1900; service terminated Jan. 6, 1901.....	
Total.....			3,700.00

<sup>1</sup> The figures given for this district represent only three-quarters of the fiscal year. The account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, had not been received when this exhibit was prepared.

<sup>2</sup> The figures given for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three-quarters of the fiscal year. Action upon the account for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, was pending at the time this exhibit was prepared, said account claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$415.24; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$68.10; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$465.48.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$1,775.45		\$87.70	\$110.12	\$1,775.45		\$86.70	\$110.12	\$1,740.08
53.56		59.05		53.56		59.05		
43.20		65.25		43.20		65.25		
515.00		483.35		513.00		482.05		
151.00		9.30		76.34		9.30		
636.20	\$477.14	106.46		634.60	\$475.94	106.46		
606.12	454.58	41.05		550.02	435.01	41.05		
263.20	197.39	43.60		263.20	197.39	43.60		
138.34	103.74	14.10		136.34	102.24	14.00		
1,467.16	1,100.35	68.49		1,467.16	1,100.35	68.32		
401.65	301.23	70.74		390.65	292.98	70.74		
1,502.33	1,126.74	293.17		1,491.93	1,118.95	289.07		
1,510.08	1,132.55	151.55		1,506.08	1,131.68	132.35		
909.18	681.88	41.92		817.38	613.03	41.67		
623.00	467.24	99.90		621.52	466.14	99.90		
941.53	706.13	42.95		901.58	676.13	42.88		
672.92	504.68	148.54		664.92	498.68	147.71		
309.08	231.81	18.55		308.72	231.54	18.55		
911.55	683.65	249.77		911.55	683.65	249.77		
706.18	529.62	58.50		701.80	526.34	56.05		
701.11	525.81	169.45		701.11	525.81	169.45		
1,140.00	854.99	81.40		1,117.80	833.34	75.90		
563.44	422.57	62.90		562.92	422.19	62.90		
424.11	318.07	49.66		420.11	315.07	49.66		
363.30	272.46	39.98		356.50	267.36	39.98		
371.57	278.67	98.56		367.19	275.38	98.06		
382.38	286.78	39.81		383.38	287.53	37.71		
8.06	6.04			8.06	6.04			
16.58	12.43	6.05		16.58	12.43	6.05		
195.95	146.96	35.96		195.95	146.96	35.96		
726.60	544.94	43.49		726.60	544.94	43.49		
244.00	182.99	53.78		220.60	165.45	46.03		
529.80	397.34	143.73		529.80	397.34	143.73		
19,803.63	12,948.78	2,978.71	110.12	19,435.55	12,754.79	2,933.39	* 110.12	1,740.08
1,161.55		11.30	91.80	1,159.05		11.10	91.75	1,006.78
614.93		61.40		589.76		61.35		
579.38		50.80		558.16		50.80		
529.09		144.85		474.81		141.40		
2,884.95		268.35	91.80	2,781.78		264.65	91.75	1,006.78
225.87		83.20	.56	152.12		49.60	.56	252.53
472.30		570.85		162.70		179.55		
2.08	1.56							
44.52	33.40	6.40		39.42	29.57	6.40		
64.69	48.53	37.85		20.70	15.53	18.65		
7.50	5.63	4.90		7.50	5.63	4.90		
35.84	26.87	19.50		33.84	25.37	19.50		
85.02	68.76	54.61		66.96	50.22	28.90		
93.40	70.05	87.62		73.24	54.93	58.40		
1,031.22	249.80	864.93	.56	556.48	181.25	355.90	.56	252.53

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Maine:</b>			
Hutson B. Saunders...	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	\$3,000.00
Burton Smith .....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
B. O. Norton.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
Winfield S. Hasty.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
<b>Total .....</b>			<b>10,900.00</b>
<b>Maryland:</b>			
William F. Airey.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	3,500.00
William Coath .....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Edward Biddleman.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,000.00
Charles Kohlmann.....	do.....	do.....	1,000.00
Jacob P. Amendt.....	do.....	do.....	720.00
William J. Biery.....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Aug. 15, 1898.....	
William A. Britton.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 30, 1898.....	
George D. Brust.....	do.....	Oath, July 10, 1900.....	
William Chrissinger.....	do.....	Oath, July 21, 1898.....	
Oliver S. League.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 9, 1900.....	
Charles F. Newnan.....	do.....	Oath, July 26, 1898.....	
James M. Stoner.....	do.....	Oath, Nov. 16, 1898.....	
John P. Owens.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 30, 1898; service terminated May 29, 1901.....	
<b>Total .....</b>			<b>8,020.00</b>
<b>Massachusetts:</b>			
Charles K. Darling.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	5,000.00
F. X. Macdonald.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2,000.00
Fritz H. Raddin.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
James H. Waters.....	do.....	do.....	1,500.00
Albert Tuttle.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
Benj. P. Pickering.....	do.....	Oct. 22, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	692.97
<b>Total .....</b>			<b>12,192.97</b>
<b>Michigan, eastern:</b>			
Wm. R. Bates.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
Thomas E. Matthews.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Cassius P. Taylor.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
Lucious W. Tobias.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
Warren S. Abels.....	Field deputy .....	Oath, July 15, 1898.....	
Henry Hayden.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 13, 1900.....	
Thomas M. Lomasney.....	do.....	Oath, July 15, 1898.....	
Joseph Weinhold.....	do.....	Oath, July 21, 1900; service terminated Dec. 12, 1900.....	
<b>Total .....</b>			<b>7,600.00</b>
<b>Michigan, western:</b>			
A. Oren Wheeler.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	3,000.00
Edward O'Donnell.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,400.00
Horace W. Davis.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	720.00
Jacob Dolf.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
<b>Total .....</b>			<b>5,720.00</b>
<b>Minnesota:</b>			
William H. Grimshaw.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
Stephen J. Picha.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Timothy J. Sheehan.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Charles A. Nimocks.....	do.....	do.....	1,800.00
William G. Bunde.....	do.....	do.....	600.00
Paul Sharvy.....	do.....	Apr. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	300.00
Frank W. Tufts.....	do.....	do.....	300.00
Robert Morrison.....	do.....	do.....	300.00
Paul Sharvy.....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Jan. 1, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.....	
Robert Morrison.....	do.....	do.....	
E. L. Warren.....	do.....	do.....	
Frank W. Tufts.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 2, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.....	
<b>Total .....</b>			<b>10,900.00</b>

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$1,554.31	.....	\$30.73	\$248.46	\$1,457.31	.....	\$30.73	\$248.11	\$373.02
121.78	.....	46.60	.....	121.78	.....	46.60	.....	.....
1,267.74	.....	718.36	.....	1,265.74	.....	718.01	.....	.....
1,190.75	.....	680.26	5.00	1,177.51	.....	680.26	5.00	.....
4,134.58	.....	1,475.95	2 3.46	4,022.84	.....	1,475.60	253.11	373.02
1,492.24	.....	.....	.73	1,492.24	.....	.....	.73	1,331.31
.40	.....	.....	.....	.40	.....	.....	.....	.....
839.09	.....	270.11	.....	839.09	.....	270.11	.....	.....
410.17	.....	17.75	.....	407.17	.....	17.75	.....	.....
1,021.14	.....	101.06	.....	1,019.16	.....	98.56	.....	.....
10.50	\$7.87	13.11	.....	10.50	\$7.87	13.11	.....	.....
58.18	43.62	12.25	.....	58.18	43.62	12.25	.....	.....
150.50	112.86	38.59	.....	150.50	112.86	38.59	.....	.....
129.50	97.11	16.00	.....	122.50	91.86	16.00	.....	.....
219.27	164.44	30.00	.....	215.27	162.94	29.00	.....	.....
108.32	81.24	28.45	.....	108.32	81.24	28.45	.....	.....
2.00	1.50	.....	.....	2.00	1.50	.....	.....	.....
48.62	36.46	3.04	.....	48.62	36.46	3.04	.....	.....
4,489.95	545.10	530.36	.73	4,473.95	538.35	526.86	.73	1,331.31
3,522.01	.....	202.50	585.23	3,512.13	.....	193.00	585.23	2,511.50
907.92	.....	31.58	.....	893.92	.....	31.58	.....	.....
50.34	.....	.20	.....	48.34	.....	.20	.....	.....
1,352.10	.....	378.72	.....	1,338.77	.....	375.72	.....	.....
1,083.76	.....	274.77	.....	1,029.76	.....	274.50	.....	.....
767.86	.....	157.89	.....	762.56	.....	155.93	.....	.....
7,633.99	.....	1,045.16	585.23	7,585.48	.....	1,030.98	585.23	2,511.50
1,984.58	.....	210.81	98.40	1,984.58	.....	204.77	98.40	775.35
334.84	.....	112.23	.....	334.84	.....	110.23	.....	.....
1,326.72	.....	336.05	.....	1,326.72	.....	336.05	.....	.....
388.97	.....	168.56	.....	388.97	.....	168.56	.....	.....
152.58	114.43	12.73	.....	152.26	114.19	12.73	.....	.....
202.94	152.20	6.33	.....	202.94	152.20	5.33	.....	.....
136.42	102.31	.....	.....	135.82	100.36	.....	.....	.....
58.52	43.88	6.82	.....	58.52	43.88	4.82	.....	.....
4,585.57	412.82	853.53	98.40	4,582.65	410.63	842.49	98.40	775.35
1,362.84	.....	155.11	52.37	1,362.84	.....	155.11	52.37	721.69
588.08	.....	597.43	.....	588.08	.....	597.43	.....	.....
174.26	.....	219.46	.....	174.26	.....	219.46	.....	.....
283.80	.....	700.09	.....	283.80	.....	700.09	.....	.....
2,408.98	.....	1,672.09	52.37	2,408.98	.....	1,672.09	52.37	721.69
2,613.20	.....	151.45	249.74	2,608.14	.....	151.45	249.59	1,203.61
837.26	.....	110.76	.....	800.26	.....	110.76	.....	.....
1,140.46	.....	299.76	.....	967.62	.....	290.21	.....	.....
1,479.44	.....	360.74	.....	1,330.90	.....	352.29	.....	.....
683.02	.....	161.42	.....	515.62	.....	161.12	.....	.....
87.70	.....	21.30	.....	87.70	.....	21.30	.....	.....
388.94	.....	183.88	.....	388.94	.....	183.88	.....	.....
272.86	.....	165.20	.....	272.86	.....	165.20	.....	.....
280.87	210.65	2.00	.....	273.87	205.40	2.00	.....	.....
1,041.60	781.19	392.75	.....	1,021.20	765.89	390.75	.....	.....
1,208.84	906.63	289.00	.....	1,168.24	876.18	101.00	.....	.....
1,436.64	1,077.48	309.60	.....	1,321.46	991.09	216.35	.....	.....
11,470.83	2,975.96	2,447.86	249.74	10,756.81	2,838.56	2,146.31	249.59	1,203.61

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Mississippi, northern:</b>			
George M. Buchanan.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	\$3,000.00
John W. Cooke.....	Chief office deputy.....	July 1, 1900, to Aug. 31, 1900.....	202.20
John F. Matthews.....	do.....	Sept. 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	997.80
John O. Askew.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Mar. 18, 1900.....	
N. M. Bynum.....	do.....	do.....	
F. C. Johnson.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 12, 1900.....	
W. D. McMillan.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 14, 1900.....	
Hugh Montgomery.....	do.....	Oath, May 21, 1900.....	
D. J. Rogers.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 17, 1900.....	
R. J. Warren.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 21, 1900.....	
<b>Total</b> .....			4,200.00
<b>Mississippi, southern:</b>			
Frederick W. Collins.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	3,000.00
Walter A. Collins.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
R. O. Edwards.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Feb. 10, 1898.....	
W. O. Ligon.....	do.....	do.....	
John F. Williams.....	do.....	do.....	
Edward C. Yellowley.....	do.....	Oath, May 22, 1901.....	
Henry C. Griffin.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 1, 1900; service terminated May 22, 1901.....	
Thomas S. Easterling.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 10, 1898; service terminated Sept. 30, 1900.....	
<b>Total</b> .....			4,200.00
<b>Missouri, eastern:</b>			
Louis C. Bohle.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
Walter W. Nall.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Edward J. Brennan.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
Edmund J. Watson.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
William L. Dougherty.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 18, 1898.....	
William H. Osmer.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 6, 1898.....	
George Straszer.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 5, 1899.....	
<b>Total</b> .....			8,200.00
<b>Missouri, western:</b>			
Edwin R. Durham.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
C. C. Colt.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,800.00
Harry E. Kirk.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
Joseph H. Graham.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Nov. 8, 1900.....	
Joseph Huffman.....	do.....	Oath, July 1, 1898; service terminated June 5, 1901.....	
Thomas H. McKenna.....	do.....	Oath, July 1, 1898.....	
John E. Morrison.....	do.....	do.....	
Henry W. Pyatt.....	do.....	Oath, May 6, 1901.....	
George F. Wilkerson.....	do.....	Oath, July 1, 1898.....	
Henry C. Miller.....	do.....	Oath, July 1, 1898; service terminated Nov. 15, 1900.....	
James R. Means.....	do.....	Oath, July 1, 1898; service terminated Aug. 31, 1900.....	
<b>Total</b> .....			7,000.00
<b>Montana:</b>			
Joseph P. Woolman.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	3,500.00
Samuel K. McDowell.....	Chief office deputy.....	July 1, 1900, to Dec. 31, 1900.....	900.00
George W. Faust.....	do.....	Jan. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	900.00
Michael H. Wall.....	Office deputy.....	Fiscal year.....	1,200.00
David Meiklejohn.....	do.....	do.....	900.00
Samuel Jackson.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Oct. 25, 1900.....	381.52
Charles F. Gaze.....	do.....	Nov. 14, 1900.....	757.53
<b>Total</b> .....			8,539.05
<b>Nebraska:</b>			
T. L. Mathews.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	3,500.00
Charles W. Pearsall.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,500.00
Henry A. Homan.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
John O. Moore.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
James Walling.....	do.....	do.....	1,200.00
James Allan.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Aug. 10, 1900.....	
<b>Total</b> .....			8,600.00

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$649.10	-----	\$31.50	\$12.75	\$607.53	-----	\$31.50	\$12.75	\$230.07
11.42	-----	128.30	-----	11.42	-----	128.30	-----	-----
428.92	\$317.94	96.50	-----	422.02	\$309.24	98.75	-----	-----
1,446.41	1,084.80	166.08	-----	1,398.49	1,048.87	162.75	-----	-----
788.17	591.12	64.15	-----	776.49	582.36	64.15	-----	-----
938.72	704.03	112.80	-----	919.42	689.56	109.25	-----	-----
1,438.26	1,072.99	209.30	-----	1,418.18	1,063.64	196.55	-----	-----
386.48	289.87	61.60	-----	386.30	289.74	55.10	-----	-----
1,334.22	1,000.67	264.47	-----	1,328.30	996.22	262.47	-----	-----
7,416.70	5,061.42	1,134.70	12.75	7,268.15	4,979.63	1,103.82	12.75	230.07
798.62	-----	102.45	14.67	794.62	-----	101.75	14.67	993.30
2.00	-----	605.55	-----	2.00	-----	604.75	-----	-----
3,381.58	2,500.00	326.43	-----	3,354.24	2,490.66	323.43	-----	-----
3,387.77	2,500.00	495.60	-----	3,383.77	2,500.00	495.10	-----	-----
2,272.54	1,500.00	267.41	-----	2,270.62	1,500.00	267.41	-----	-----
49.41	37.05	20.75	-----	48.33	36.24	20.75	-----	-----
443.27	332.46	28.00	-----	426.57	319.23	28.00	-----	-----
213.89	160.41	22.90	-----	198.89	149.16	22.40	-----	-----
10,549.08	7,029.92	1,869.09	14.67	10,479.04	6,995.29	1,863.59	14.67	993.30
3,499.55	-----	720.69	124.59	3,461.55	-----	720.69	124.58	937.33
413.44	-----	256.69	-----	413.44	-----	256.69	-----	-----
246.00	-----	116.48	-----	246.00	-----	116.48	-----	-----
1,045.23	-----	267.24	-----	1,044.25	-----	267.24	-----	-----
431.75	323.81	206.84	-----	431.09	323.31	206.84	-----	-----
2,605.04	1,953.77	346.93	-----	2,601.04	1,944.17	344.93	-----	-----
1,718.62	1,288.95	381.56	-----	1,711.68	1,283.74	381.06	-----	-----
9,959.63	3,566.53	2,296.43	124.59	9,909.05	3,551.22	2,293.93	124.58	937.33
2,368.87	-----	286.64	150.73	2,155.50	-----	283.49	150.73	1,068.68
285.54	-----	76.33	-----	286.34	-----	76.28	-----	-----
273.30	-----	132.58	-----	272.80	-----	132.58	-----	-----
801.52	601.15	30.05	-----	782.92	587.18	29.30	-----	-----
504.98	378.73	91.15	-----	503.18	377.38	90.40	-----	-----
1,679.58	1,259.68	196.15	-----	1,635.38	1,226.52	190.65	-----	-----
2,530.62	1,897.97	95.50	-----	2,508.42	1,880.93	98.60	-----	-----
41.40	31.05	9.50	-----	41.40	31.05	9.50	-----	-----
1,386.90	1,040.18	133.00	-----	1,366.74	1,025.05	133.00	-----	-----
447.48	385.62	14.20	-----	438.14	328.60	14.20	-----	-----
248.00	186.00	9.25	-----	246.92	185.19	9.25	-----	-----
10,568.19	5,730.38	1,074.35	150.73	10,237.74	5,641.90	1,062.25	150.73	1,068.68
1,515.23	-----	106.85	61.20	1,515.23	-----	106.65	58.90	555.35
138.00	-----	324.60	-----	123.50	-----	324.00	-----	-----
244.69	-----	258.15	-----	244.69	-----	258.15	-----	-----
1,948.32	-----	2,308.75	-----	1,932.12	-----	2,271.85	-----	-----
468.99	-----	510.87	-----	468.99	-----	369.32	-----	-----
476.86	-----	693.25	-----	476.86	-----	693.25	-----	-----
578.81	-----	843.10	-----	547.41	-----	826.57	-----	-----
5,370.90	-----	5,045.57	61.20	5,308.80	-----	4,849.79	58.90	555.35
1,944.33	-----	171.40	137.67	1,905.68	-----	171.40	137.17	2,196.10
131.76	-----	249.71	-----	131.76	-----	249.71	-----	-----
854.92	-----	187.52	-----	835.48	-----	187.39	-----	-----
1,665.69	-----	940.16	-----	1,646.51	-----	931.27	-----	-----
1,356.72	-----	684.98	-----	1,263.86	-----	643.94	-----	-----
1,922.60	1,441.96	359.31	-----	1,849.62	1,316.85	358.00	-----	-----
7,876.02	1,441.96	2,593.08	137.67	7,632.91	1,316.85	2,541.71	137.17	2,196.10

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Nevada:</b>			
J. F. Emmitt.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	\$2,500.00
H. J. Humphreys.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,400.00
William Easton.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Dec. 7, 1900.....	
Joseph F. Triplett.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 21, 1901.....	
Total.....			3,900.00
<b>New Hampshire:</b>			
E. P. Nute.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	2,000.00
Frank E. Horner.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	800.00
Total.....			2,800.00
<b>New Jersey:</b>			
Thomas J. Alcott.....	Marshal.....	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 14, 1901.....	2,365.38
Edwin R. Semple.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	946.15
George D. Bower.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	709.62
William J. Burns.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, June 23, 1897; service terminated Apr. 14, 1901.....	
John J. Garside.....	do.....	Oath, July 1, 1897; service terminated Apr. 14, 1901.....	
R. A. Haggerty.....	do.....	Oath, June 22, 1897; service terminated Apr. 14, 1901.....	
H. C. Garrison.....	do.....	Oath, July 3, 1897; service terminated Apr. 13, 1901.....	
Thomas J. Alcott.....	Marshal.....	Apr. 15, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	624.62
Edwin R. Semple.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	253.85
George D. Bower.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	190.38
William J. Burns.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 15, 1901.....	
John J. Garside.....	do.....	do.....	
John Welch.....	do.....	do.....	
H. C. Garrison.....	do.....	Oath, July 3, 1897; service terminated Apr. 13, 1901.....	
Total.....			5,100.00
<b>New Mexico:</b>			
Creighton M. Foraker.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
John H. Campbell.....	Chief office deputy.....	Apr. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	450.00
Fred B. McKeenan.....	do.....	Dec. 1, 1900, to Mar. 31, 1901.....	1,182.00
James J. Sheridan.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Nov. 23, 1900.....	714.10
Frank W. Hall.....	Office deputy.....	Fiscal year.....	951.95
Fred. Fornoff.....	do.....	Nov. 7, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	609.50
Al. F. Codrington.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Sept. 5, 1900.....	218.50
Edgar B. Pickard.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Oct. 15, 1900.....	261.68
Mark Knabenshue.....	do.....	Dec. 1, 1900, to Mar. 31, 1901.....	300.80
Roy H. Leatherman.....	do.....	June 21, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	27.47
Total.....			8,716.00
<b>New York, northern:</b>			
Theodore L. Poole.....	Marshal.....	July 1, 1900 to Dec. 23, 1900.....	2,391.30
Moses D. Rubin.....	Chief office deputy.....	July 1, 1900, to Jan. 20, 1901.....	833.33
A. W. Wilkin.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	666.67
Hiram W. Baker.....	do.....		
Elmer E. Belden.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, July 30, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
James M. Bennett.....	do.....	Oath, July 9, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
S. Foster Black.....	do.....	Oath, June 23, 1900, service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
Wm. S. Cole.....	do.....	Oath, July 16, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
P. D. Condon.....	do.....	Oath, June 23, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
Warren Dow.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 7, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
William C. Irving.....	do.....	Oath, July 2, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
Edwin C. J. Smith.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 4, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
Frank G. Roby.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 19, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	
Hiram W. Baker.....	do.....	Oath, July 17, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.....	

marshals, their deputies and, clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$1,980.78	-----	\$358.92	\$5.53	\$1,908.33	-----	\$356.15	\$5.32	\$630.57
1,047.91	-----	551.70	-----	963.64	-----	550.20	-----	-----
14.00	\$10.50	-----	-----	14.00	\$10.50	-----	-----	-----
6.00	4.50	-----	-----	6.00	4.50	-----	-----	-----
2,998.64	15.00	910.62	5.53	2,891.97	15.00	906.35	5.32	630.57
989.89	-----	154.62	2.52	991.41	-----	142.74	2.17	255.04
1,363.89	-----	310.07	-----	1,160.34	-----	307.82	-----	-----
2,352.78	-----	464.69	2.52	2,151.75	-----	450.56	2.17	255.04
2,415.89	-----	557.73	75.40	2,415.89	-----	557.73	75.40	1,650.18
199.97	-----	65.64	-----	199.97	-----	65.64	-----	-----
122.78	-----	34.02	-----	122.78	-----	34.02	-----	-----
512.58	384.42	-----	-----	505.08	378.80	-----	-----	-----
429.24	321.92	37.35	-----	428.52	321.38	37.35	-----	-----
436.92	327.69	1.09	-----	435.60	326.70	1.09	-----	-----
923.92	-----	110.65	23.07	923.92	-----	110.65	23.07	652.50
38.66	-----	22.25	-----	38.66	-----	22.25	-----	-----
102.18	-----	36.97	-----	102.18	-----	36.97	-----	-----
136.28	102.21	-----	-----	136.28	102.21	-----	-----	-----
77.62	58.21	-----	-----	76.62	57.46	-----	-----	-----
61.84	46.38	-----	-----	61.84	46.38	-----	-----	-----
27.66	20.74	-----	-----	27.48	20.61	-----	-----	-----
5,485.54	1,261.57	865.70	98.47	5,474.82	1,235.54	865.70	98.47	2,309.68
2,583.78	-----	912.75	253.59	2,728.27	-----	870.20	238.58	58.00
42.00	-----	38.40	-----	42.00	-----	38.40	-----	-----
1,259.88	-----	699.81	1.17	1,228.64	-----	697.86	1.17	-----
692.58	-----	434.20	-----	638.35	-----	343.20	-----	-----
2,344.31	-----	1,354.35	-----	2,388.59	-----	1,314.44	-----	-----
3,019.70	-----	1,908.18	-----	2,985.16	-----	1,279.48	-----	-----
425.08	-----	328.55	-----	423.28	-----	307.05	-----	-----
279.60	-----	260.30	-----	227.61	-----	225.70	-----	-----
658.76	-----	287.50	-----	609.28	-----	287.25	-----	-----
11,305.69	-----	5,624.04	254.76	11,271.18	-----	5,363.58	239.75	58.00
160.31	-----	33.73	37.69	160.31	-----	33.73	37.64	356.69
100.56	-----	156.21	-----	99.88	-----	150.31	-----	-----
10.00	-----	18.87	-----	7.50	-----	18.87	-----	-----
8.36	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
36.36	27.27	13.68	-----	33.12	24.84	13.68	-----	-----
137.23	102.92	11.46	-----	136.75	102.56	11.46	-----	-----
71.56	53.68	6.68	-----	64.78	48.59	3.80	-----	-----
53.50	40.13	12.77	-----	53.00	39.76	12.77	-----	-----
184.76	138.57	7.16	-----	177.90	133.42	7.16	-----	-----
86.76	65.06	1.35	-----	86.56	64.91	1.35	-----	-----
215.10	161.32	6.84	-----	208.68	156.50	6.74	-----	-----
22.34	16.76	-----	-----	22.34	16.76	-----	-----	-----
500.94	375.70	30.00	-----	472.84	325.72	20.00	-----	-----
54.98	41.19	-----	-----	48.82	36.57	-----	-----	-----



EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>New York, northern—C't'd.</b>			
George W. Ketchum.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, June 23, 1900; service terminated Dec. 23, 1900.	.....
Clinton D. Macdougall.....	Marshal.....	Jan. 21, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	\$2, 222. 18
Moses D. Rubin.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	666. 67
A. W. Wilkin.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	583. 37
Frank G. Roby.....	do.....	Mar. 21, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	202. 00
George F. De Venny.....	Office deputy and stenographer.	Mar. 16, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	212. 00
Elmer E. Belden.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Jan. 24, 1901.....	.....
James M. Bennett.....	do.....	do.....	.....
S. Foster Black.....	do.....	do.....	.....
William S. Cole.....	do.....	do.....	.....
P. D. Condon.....	do.....	do.....	.....
Warren Dow.....	do.....	do.....	.....
William C. Irving.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 25, 1901.....	.....
Edwin C. J. Smith.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 24, 1901.....	.....
James C. Spaulding.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 23, 1901.....	.....
Frank G. Roby.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 24, 1901; service terminated Mar. 20, 1901.	.....
Total.....	.....	.....	7, 777. 52
<b>New York, southern:</b>			
William Henkel.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	5, 000. 00
Denis Shea.....	Chief office deputy.....	July 1, 1900, to Feb. 5, 1901.....	1, 649. 99
John Stiebling.....	do.....	Feb. 12, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	1, 054. 16
Abram Adler.....	Office deputy.....	Fiscal year.....	720. 00
John J. Ankner.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
Friedrich Bernhard.....	do.....	do.....	250. 00
J. B. Bostwick.....	do.....	do.....	1, 000. 00
Michael H. Blake.....	do.....	do.....	1, 500. 00
William Churchill.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
Frank H. Daly.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
John E. Dowley.....	do.....	do.....	1, 800. 00
Robert Gardiner.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
John Gebhard.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
Lillie Henkel (Miss).....	do.....	Jan. 21, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	333. 32
George W. Hermann.....	do.....	Fiscal year.....	720. 00
George H. Holmes.....	do.....	do.....	1, 500. 00
John Kannengieser.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
James P. Kelker.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
George D. Knight.....	do.....	do.....	1, 000. 00
Michael Kopp.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
Joseph J. Kumb.....	do.....	do.....	650. 00
John E. McAviney.....	do.....	do.....	720. 00
J. G. McCarty.....	do.....	do.....	1, 000. 00
Axel J. Murberg.....	do.....	Jan. 26, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	430. 57
John Noon.....	do.....	Fiscal year.....	650. 00
John A. Stewart.....	do.....	do.....	2, 000. 00
Emilie E. Dixon.....	Stenographer.....	do.....	1, 000. 00
Amy Wilde.....	do.....	do.....	750. 00
Frederick Bartels.....	Office deputy.....	July 1, 1900, to Jan. 9, 1901.....	525. 00
Total.....	.....	.....	29, 453. 04
<b>New York, western:</b>			
William E. Compton.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	5, 000. 00
Henry L. Fassett.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2, 000. 00
Norris M. Compton.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1, 200. 00
Robert D. Burns.....	do.....	do.....	900. 00
Charles F. Hurlburt.....	do.....	Sept. 18, 1900, to June 30, 1901.....	706. 79
Sanford F. Deved.....	Office deputy and stenographer.	Fiscal year.....	900. 00
Howard Conkling.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, June 8, 1900.....	.....
Wilbur J. Manley.....	do.....	do.....	.....
Charles F. Sturm.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 27, 1900.....	.....
Thomas M. Weaver.....	do.....	Oath, June 8, 1900.....	.....
William H. Watts.....	do.....	Oath, June 9, 1900; service terminated Nov. 21, 1900.	.....
Total.....	.....	.....	10, 706. 79
<b>New York, eastern:</b>			
Charles J. Haubert.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4, 000. 00
William H. Caldwell.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1, 800. 00

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$532.40	\$398.98	\$4.00	.....	\$523.90	\$309.87	\$4.00	.....	.....
447.08	.....	42.47	33.76	447.08	.....	42.47	\$832.26	\$291.38
76.61	.....	4.76	.....	74.28	.....	4.76	.....	.....
9.50	.....	59.21	.....	9.50	.....	59.21	.....	.....
8.50	.....	15.30	.....	7.50	.....	15.30	.....	.....
16.76	12.57	.....	.....	16.76	12.57	.....	.....	.....
60.14	45.10	3.00	.....	54.14	40.60	3.00	.....	.....
338.99	254.24	37.33	.....	334.99	251.24	37.33	.....	.....
272.86	204.64	13.66	.....	272.86	204.64	13.66	.....	.....
152.16	114.12	12.88	.....	151.44	113.58	12.88	.....	.....
972.56	729.41	11.00	.....	966.56	724.91	11.00	.....	.....
489.00	366.74	7.86	.....	479.00	359.24	7.86	.....	.....
566.56	424.92	19.31	.....	563.86	422.89	19.31	.....	.....
116.62	87.46	12.63	.....	102.71	77.03	12.63	.....	.....
1,942.03	611.34	197.15	.....	1,925.50	329.13	194.15	.....	.....
7,644.53	4,272.07	739.31	71.45	7,502.56	3,795.33	717.43	69.90	647.07
2,099.78	.....	.25	607.45	2,099.78	.....	.25	607.45	5,671.67
21.22	.....	.....	.....	21.22	.....	.....	.....	.....
67.98	.....	20.55	.....	67.98	.....	20.55	.....	.....
455.10	.....	66.70	.....	455.10	.....	66.70	.....	.....
235.18	.....	.....	.....	204.18	.....	.....	.....	.....
664.89	.....	5.40	.....	611.21	.....	5.40	.....	.....
1,100.39	.....	65.08	.....	1,011.89	.....	65.08	.....	.....
124.20	.....	.25	.....	124.20	.....	.25	.....	.....
1,292.16	.....	9.89	.....	808.56	.....	9.89	.....	.....
860.70	.....	1.88	.....	821.66	.....	1.88	.....	.....
341.56	.....	7.35	.....	327.31	.....	7.35	.....	.....
476.85	.....	10.25	.....	474.85	.....	10.25	.....	.....
675.88	.....	10.25	.....	673.88	.....	10.25	.....	.....
1,026.63	.....	7.39	.....	969.03	.....	7.39	.....	.....
971.07	.....	189.34	.....	896.82	.....	189.34	.....	.....
1,923.00	.....	684.65	.....	1,919.00	.....	684.65	.....	.....
590.81	.....	50.52	.....	580.56	.....	50.52	.....	.....
343.74	.....	4.90	.....	317.74	.....	4.90	.....	.....
989.58	.....	114.55	.....	902.58	.....	114.55	.....	.....
878.99	.....	34.41	.....	821.74	.....	34.41	.....	.....
39.55	.....	2.55	.....	39.55	.....	2.55	.....	.....
56.56	.....	.....	.....	56.56	.....	.....	.....	.....
27.46	.....	.....	.....	27.46	.....	.....	.....	.....
514.28	.....	15.32	.....	492.27	.....	15.32	.....	.....
392.82	.....	17.74	.....	308.22	.....	17.74	.....	.....
16,170.38	.....	1,319.22	607.45	15,053.35	.....	1,319.22	607.45	5,671.67
732.26	.....	325.83	122.54	732.26	.....	325.58	111.95	763.13
374.06	.....	188.23	.....	324.06	.....	186.93	.....	.....
77.33	.....	50.06	.....	63.65	.....	50.06	.....	.....
985.73	.....	262.31	.....	975.71	.....	262.31	.....	.....
129.24	.....	87.68	.....	129.24	.....	87.68	.....	.....
497.60	.....	359.04	.....	407.54	.....	358.54	.....	.....
1,584.58	1,188.44	143.67	.....	1,566.48	1,174.86	141.67	.....	.....
2,796.90	2,097.69	550.70	.....	2,544.24	1,908.17	538.07	.....	.....
315.63	236.72	17.23	.....	300.32	225.24	17.23	.....	.....
1,058.68	794.02	31.45	.....	1,052.86	789.65	30.35	.....	.....
345.93	259.45	.....	.....	334.79	251.09	.....	.....	.....
8,897.94	4,576.32	2,016.20	122.54	8,431.15	4,349.01	1,998.42	111.95	763.13
1,305.47	.....	.....	114.25	1,305.47	.....	.....	114.25	1,732.67
1,490.21	.....	187.08	.....	1,467.60	.....	186.88	.....	.....

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>New York, eastern—C't'd.</b>			
John E. Thorne.....	Office deputy.....	Fiscal year.....	\$1,000.00
John Heydinger, jr.....	do.....	do.....	1,000.00
Henry R. Everts.....	do.....	do.....	1,000.00
Total.....			8,800.00
<b>North Carolina, eastern:</b>			
Henry C. Dockery.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4,000.00
John T. Sharp.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,600.00
Henry F. Brown.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,200.00
Palo A. Mitchell.....	do.....	do.....	900.00
Charles A. Banks.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Jan. 11, 1899.....	
James B. Barnett.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 4, 1898.....	
Hayes B. Everett.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 7, 1900.....	
S. L. Gibson.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 4, 1901.....	
J. M. Hammock.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 19, 1898.....	
C. O. Knox.....	do.....	Oath, May 31, 1900.....	
Duncan J. McKenzie.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 25, 1900.....	
Lewis W. Mangum.....	do.....	Oath, June 14, 1900.....	
Council Meares.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 1, 1898.....	
David A. Moore.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 7, 1898.....	
James A. McNeill.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 1, 1898.....	
Kemp P. Merritt.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 15, 1898.....	
J. C. Parish.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 22, 1898.....	
Henry C. Reece.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 3, 1898.....	
L. H. Stogner.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 11, 1898.....	
Albert F. Surles.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 2, 1898.....	
John Thompson.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 10, 1900.....	
C. A. Wallace.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 10, 1900.....	
T. O. Bunting.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 11, 1898; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
Total.....			7,700.00
<b>North Carolina, western:</b>			
James M. Millikan.....	Marshal.....	July 1, 1900, to Mar. 31, 1901.....	3,375.00
Theodore E. McCrary.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1,500.00
James M. Baley.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1,125.00
James A. Logan.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to July 10, 1900; Aug. 11, 1900, to Mar. 31, 1901.....	798.90
Joseph T. Millikan.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Mar. 31, 1901.....	675.00
Seth W. Laughlin.....	do.....	July 11, 1900, to Aug. 10, 1900.....	101.10
J. L. Blackburn.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Jan. 30, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
J. W. Bradshaw.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 15, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
T. L. Brim.....	do.....	Oath, May 29, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
A. F. Brown.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 22, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
A. C. Bryan.....	do.....	Oath, May 3, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
J. M. Chambers.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 13, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
E. A. Cooper.....	do.....	Oath, May 10, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
E. M. Coward.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 20, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
B. L. Cox.....	do.....	Oath, May 1, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
R. J. Crawford.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 11, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
E. N. Elliott.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 16, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
H. G. Foster.....	do.....	Oath, Jan. 27, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
J. S. Free.....	do.....	Oath, June 14, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
T. H. D. Gillispie.....	do.....	Oath, May 3, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
Levi Gheen.....	do.....	Oath, June 23, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
Albert O. Griffin.....	do.....	Oath, Feb. 14, 1898; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$506.82	.....	\$345.23	.....	\$494.87	.....	\$344.23	.....	.....
18.85	.....	.85	.....	18.85	.....	.85	.....	.....
521.37	.....	22.93	.....	519.37	.....	22.93	.....	.....
3,842.72	.....	556.09	\$114.25	3,805.66	.....	554.89	\$114.25	\$1,732.67
1,198.26	.....	2,076.72	17.50	1,198.26	.....	2,076.72	17.06	1,269.49
83.00	.....	543.80	.....	83.00	.....	541.72	.....	.....
14.00	.....	66.25	.....	14.00	.....	66.25	.....	.....
262.50	.....	29.95	.....	262.50	.....	29.95	.....	.....
602.77	\$452.08	68.10	.....	596.50	\$447.89	67.00	.....	.....
259.72	194.79	67.50	.....	259.72	194.79	67.50	.....	.....
1,280.70	960.53	58.80	.....	1,257.34	943.02	58.30	.....	.....
243.52	182.64	44.40	.....	242.72	182.04	43.16	.....	.....
297.18	222.88	27.10	.....	292.68	219.51	27.10	.....	.....
12.50	9.37	.....	.....	12.50	9.37	.....	.....	.....
297.76	223.32	18.05	.....	297.76	223.32	18.05	.....	.....
574.30	430.72	62.10	.....	561.80	421.35	62.10	.....	.....
166.58	124.93	19.25	.....	166.10	124.57	19.25	.....	.....
532.22	399.18	55.90	.....	528.94	396.72	55.90	.....	.....
470.56	352.93	54.40	.....	467.68	350.78	54.40	.....	.....
1,063.34	797.50	210.10	.....	1,060.94	795.71	207.85	.....	.....
1,118.31	838.74	120.85	.....	1,111.45	838.60	120.85	.....	.....
109.74	82.31	5.25	.....	109.74	82.31	5.25	.....	.....
744.18	558.13	85.90	.....	741.10	555.83	85.90	.....	.....
455.07	341.30	81.60	.....	450.37	337.78	80.10	.....	.....
759.51	569.63	96.40	.....	723.17	542.39	95.15	.....	.....
349.51	262.13	35.15	.....	348.11	261.08	30.25	.....	.....
83.30	62.46	9.94	.....	83.00	62.24	9.94	.....	.....
10,978.53	7,065.57	3,837.51	17.50	10,869.38	6,983.80	3,822.69	17.06	1,269.49
863.27	.....	234.80	479.02	843.27	.....	234.80	478.42	398.19
4.20	.....	18.75	.....	4.20	.....	18.75	.....	.....
120.80	.....	69.45	.....	120.80	.....	69.45	.....	.....
174.73	.....	597.40	.....	174.73	.....	597.40	.....	.....
156.06	.....	129.35	.....	152.26	.....	129.35	.....	.....
187.49	140.61	38.75	.....	187.49	140.61	38.75	.....	.....
.50	.37	1.00	.....	.50	.37	1.00	.....	.....
716.31	536.47	76.50	.....	714.51	535.87	76.50	.....	.....
217.74	163.29	16.00	.....	217.74	163.29	16.00	.....	.....
720.10	540.07	66.05	.....	718.10	538.57	66.05	.....	.....
376.66	282.49	32.85	.....	374.66	280.99	32.85	.....	.....
530.60	397.95	85.65	.....	526.84	395.14	85.15	.....	.....
172.00	128.99	27.00	.....	172.00	128.99	27.00	.....	.....
403.55	302.66	102.45	.....	397.55	298.16	99.95	.....	.....
166.22	124.66	19.25	.....	163.72	122.79	19.25	.....	.....
167.75	125.81	26.25	.....	166.75	125.06	26.25	.....	.....
256.22	192.15	36.00	.....	255.22	191.40	36.00	.....	.....
356.51	267.38	67.00	.....	352.61	264.46	67.00	.....	.....
125.74	94.30	19.25	.....	125.74	94.30	19.25	.....	.....
84.98	63.73	20.85	.....	84.98	63.73	20.85	.....	.....
325.08	243.80	38.05	.....	319.66	239.74	30.65	.....	.....

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
N. Carolina, east'n—C't'd.			
B. N. Hampton .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, July 5, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
W. P. Harris .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 15, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
T. C. Israel .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 27, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
W. H. Jarrett .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 5, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
J. C. Jenkins .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 17, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Wm. C. Lineberry .....	.....do .....	Oath, Jan. 14, 1901; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
H. R. Loyd .....	.....do .....	Oath, June 14, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
R. L. Patterson .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 24, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Louis T. Priddy .....	.....do .....	Oath, Feb. 25, 1901; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
D. C. Ragan .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 25, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Enoch Rector, jr. ....	.....do .....	Oath, Feb. 24, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
William P. Rose .....	.....do .....	Oath, Mar. 4, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
William A. Royal .....	.....do .....	Oath, Jan. 24, 1901; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Vance Scoggin .....	.....do .....	Oath, Sept. 6, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
T. V. Shope .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 5, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
T. A. Silver .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 24, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
John L. Sloop .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 19, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Hiram Tipton .....	.....do .....	Oath, June 2, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
David V. Waugh .....	.....do .....	Oath, Dec. 10, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
W. J. West .....	.....do .....	Oath, Jan. 22, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
J. S. Justin .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 24, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Jack Blalock .....	.....do .....	Oath, Nov. 23, 1899; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
W. K. Ray .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 5, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
H. E. Whitmire .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 3, 1897; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
Joseph T. Merrell .....	.....do .....	Oath, Jan. 19, 1901; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	.....
C. E. Carter .....	.....do .....	Oath, June 7, 1897; service terminated Mar. 15, 1901.	.....
W. J. Patterson .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 10, 1897; service terminated Feb. 27, 1901.	.....
J. S. Shearer .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 6, 1897; service terminated Mar. 9, 1901.	.....
Thomas A. Royal .....	.....do .....	Oath, May 25, 1897; service terminated Jan. 16, 1901.	.....
George H. Priddy .....	.....do .....	Oath, June 14, 1897; service terminated Jan. 5, 1901.	.....
George A. Daniely .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 5, 1898; service terminated Nov. 30, 1900.	.....
William M. King .....	.....do .....	Oath, June 2, 1898; service terminated Nov. 23, 1900.	.....
P. D. Atwell .....	.....do .....	Oath, Jan. 7, 1898; service terminated Oct. 1, 1900.	.....
James M. Millikan .....	Marshal .....	Apr. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	\$1, 125. 00
Theodore E. McCrary ..	Chief office deputy.	.....do .....	500. 00
James M. Baley .....	Office deputy .....	.....do .....	375. 00
James A. Logan .....	.....do .....	.....do .....	300. 00
Joseph T. Melikan .....	.....do .....	.....do .....	225. 00
J. L. Blackburn .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901	.....
J. H. Bradshaw .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 4, 1901	.....
T. L. Brim .....	.....do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901	.....

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$451.86	\$323.88	\$70.85	.....	\$426.46	\$319.83	\$69.65	.....	.....
294.98	221.22	30.50	.....	294.98	221.22	29.50	.....	.....
534.84	401.12	48.25	.....	534.34	400.75	48.25	.....	.....
253.02	189.76	23.95	.....	253.02	189.76	23.95	.....	.....
993.52	745.13	102.10	.....	991.02	743.26	102.10	.....	.....
48.10	36.07	6.50	.....	48.10	36.07	6.50	.....	.....
113.28	84.96	22.75	.....	113.28	84.96	22.75	.....	.....
543.80	407.84	49.35	.....	533.08	399.81	47.08	.....	.....
38.90	29.17	9.75	.....	38.90	29.17	9.75	.....	.....
298.16	223.61	37.05	.....	298.16	223.61	37.05	.....	.....
342.80	257.09	76.45	.....	342.32	256.73	76.45	.....	.....
195.19	146.38	22.75	.....	190.61	142.95	21.75	.....	.....
93.18	69.88	21.00	.....	93.18	69.88	21.00	.....	.....
475.42	356.56	48.00	.....	474.92	356.19	48.00	.....	.....
247.55	185.65	28.50	.....	247.55	185.65	28.50	.....	.....
563.90	422.92	90.35	.....	548.60	411.45	89.85	.....	.....
29.84	22.37	5.50	.....	29.84	22.37	5.50	.....	.....
142.86	107.14	8.25	.....	142.86	107.14	8.25	.....	.....
33.10	24.82	6.25	.....	33.10	24.82	6.25	.....	.....
164.00	122.99	18.25	.....	164.00	122.99	18.25	.....	.....
28.00	21.00	3.50	.....	28.00	21.00	3.50	.....	.....
35.32	26.48	8.25	.....	35.32	26.48	8.25	.....	.....
26.18	19.63	2.85	.....	26.18	19.63	2.85	.....	.....
32.24	24.17	2.00	.....	32.24	24.17	2.00	.....	.....
36.28	27.21	7.75	.....	36.28	27.21	7.75	.....	.....
113.94	85.45	16.75	.....	113.94	85.45	16.75	.....	.....
157.36	118.01	24.25	.....	157.36	118.01	24.25	.....	.....
254.24	190.67	24.65	.....	254.24	190.67	24.65	.....	.....
335.45	251.58	28.00	.....	333.45	250.08	28.00	.....	.....
130.32	97.74	27.75	.....	120.72	90.54	27.75	.....	.....
52.62	39.46	7.50	.....	52.62	39.46	7.50	.....	.....
15.50	11.62	6.30	.....	15.50	11.62	6.30	.....	.....
61.94	46.45	14.00	.....	61.94	46.45	14.00	.....	.....
466.39	.....	211.06	\$222.73	466.39	.....	211.06	.....	.....
.....	.....	221.90	.....	.....	.....	216.77	\$221.23	\$68.90
26.94	.....	41.10	.....	26.94	.....	40.75	.....	.....
31.99	.....	30.20	.....	31.99	.....	30.20	.....	.....
4.00	.....	134.85	.....	4.00	.....	131.65	.....	.....
50.90	38.17	7.90	.....	50.90	38.17	7.90	.....	.....
9.90	7.42	3.25	.....	9.90	7.42	3.25	.....	.....
167.92	125.94	6.50	.....	167.92	125.94	6.50	.....	.....

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>N. Carolina, east'n—C't'd.</b>			
A. F. Brown .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Apr. 6, 1901; service terminated May 16, 1901.	
A. C. Bryan .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901 .....	
J. M. Chambers .....	do .....	do .....	
E. A. Cooper .....	do .....	do .....	
E. M. Coward .....	do .....	do .....	
B. L. Cox .....	do .....	do .....	
R. J. Crawford .....	do .....	do .....	
E. N. Elliott .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901; service terminated May 31, 1901.	
H. G. Foster .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901 .....	
J. S. Free .....	do .....	do .....	
Levi Gheen .....	do .....	do .....	
Albert O. Griffin .....	do .....	do .....	
B. N. Hampton .....	do .....	do .....	
W. P. Harris .....	do .....	do .....	
T. C. Israel .....	do .....	do .....	
W. H. Jarrett .....	do .....	do .....	
J. C. Jenkins .....	do .....	do .....	
H. R. Loyd .....	do .....	do .....	
J. A. Parsons .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 11, 1901 .....	
R. L. Patterson .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901 .....	
Louis T. Priddy .....	do .....	do .....	
Enoch Rector, jr. ....	do .....	do .....	
Wm. P. Rose .....	do .....	do .....	
Wm. A. Royal .....	do .....	do .....	
Vance Scoggin .....	do .....	do .....	
T. V. Shope .....	do .....	do .....	
T. A. Silver .....	do .....	do .....	
W. J. West .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 4, 1901 .....	
Joseph T. Merrell .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901; service terminated June 30, 1901.	
P. L. Bean .....	do .....	Oath, May 11, 1901 .....	
L. R. Fisher .....	do .....	Oath, June 3, 1901 .....	
L. J. Joiner .....	do .....	Oath, June 8, 1901 .....	
Robert C. Meadows .....	do .....	Oath, May 16, 1901 .....	
Z. T. Phillips .....	do .....	Oath, May 13, 1901 .....	
J. H. Turner .....	do .....	Oath, May 31, 1901 .....	
Total .....			\$10,100.00
<b>North Dakota:</b>			
John E. Haggart .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
David B. Shotwell .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1,800.00
Nehemiah Davis .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	900.00
Fred W. Schindler .....	do .....	do .....	1,200.00
Louis S. Champine .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Jan. 11, 1901 .....	
Frank Donnelly .....	do .....	Oath, May 23, 1900 .....	
Wm. J. Hurst .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 29, 1898 .....	
A. Martin Walsh .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 26, 1900 .....	
Total .....			7,900.00
<b>Ohio, northern:</b>			
Frank M. Chandler .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
Harry R. Young .....	Chief office deputy .....	July 1, 1900, to July 15, 1900 .....	78.37
William R. Hopkins .....	do .....	July 16, 1900, to June 30, 1901 .....	1,726.63
John J. Keeley .....	Office deputy .....	July 1, 1900, to Aug. 31, 1900 .....	252.80
Fred M. Fanning .....	do .....	Sept. 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901 .....	1,247.20
Edward A. Clobitz .....	do .....	Fiscal year .....	1,200.00
Bernard J. Wagner .....	do .....	do .....	900.00
David T. Winders .....	do .....	do .....	7.20
Harry D. Harmon .....	Bailiff .....	do .....	
Total .....			9,407.20
<b>Ohio, southern:</b>			
Vivian J. Fagin .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
Daniel Lawrence .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1,800.00
W. J. Sanderson .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1,200.00
Louis J. Huwe .....	do .....	do .....	1,500.00
Morris H. Spillard .....	do .....	do .....	1,000.00
Albert Bauer .....	do .....	do .....	900.00
John F. Von Muegge .....	do .....	Apr. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	225.00

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$38.36	\$28.77			\$38.36	\$28.77			
182.17	136.62	\$13.00		182.17	136.62	\$13.00		
53.50	40.12	1.95		53.50	40.12	1.95		
279.59	209.69	59.10		279.59	209.69	59.10		
2.60	1.95	1.50		2.60	1.95	1.50		
41.56	31.17	22.60		41.56	31.17	22.35		
48.62	36.46	10.50		48.62	36.46	10.50		
12.53	9.39	1.00		12.53	9.39	1.00		
24.99	18.74	4.50		24.99	18.74	4.50		
119.20	89.40	28.55		118.70	89.03	28.55		
17.76	13.32	.40		17.76	13.32	.40		
94.01	70.50	3.60		94.01	70.50	3.60		
105.07	78.80	46.70		104.33	78.25	46.70		
72.22	54.16	7.50		72.22	54.16	7.25		
172.80	129.60	84.05		172.80	129.60	83.70		
56.16	42.12	1.50		55.16	41.37	1.50		
443.23	332.42	23.95		443.23	332.42	23.95		
13.80	10.35	7.20		13.80	10.35	7.20		
93.58	70.18	13.85		93.58	70.18	13.85		
242.88	182.16	21.05		240.38	180.29	21.05		
113.82	85.36	13.50		106.32	79.74	13.50		
114.28	85.71	32.55		114.28	85.71	32.55		
66.08	49.56	7.00		66.08	49.56	7.00		
97.57	73.17	7.40		97.57	73.17	7.40		
264.54	198.40	28.00		264.54	198.40	28.00		
131.04	98.28	12.75		129.04	96.78	12.75		
137.48	103.11	19.55		137.48	103.11	19.55		
294.00	220.50	16.25		291.20	218.40	16.25		
28.30	21.22	4.00		28.30	21.22	4.00		
23.62	17.71	3.25		23.62	17.71	3.25		
2.00	1.50	1.50		2.00	1.50	1.50		
40.06	30.04	3.00		40.06	30.04	3.00		
6.00	4.50	2.40		6.00	4.50	2.40		
12.32	9.24	2.50		12.32	9.24	2.50		
17.20	12.90	1.50		17.20	12.90	1.50		
17,464.18	11,711.41	3,781.96	\$701.75	17,343.38	11,638.74	3,761.06	\$699.65	\$467.09
2,126.30		45.25	53.78	1,925.90		45.25	53.78	348.62
206.16		116.26		206.16		115.21		
1,449.32		569.97		1,396.12		568.47		
2,642.14		943.10		2,642.14		939.25		
16.00	6.00	8.66		16.00	6.00	8.66		
290.28	108.85	100.20		290.28	108.85	86.00		
1,399.64	524.80	283.65		1,376.70	516.19	282.15		
960.60	360.20	112.87		935.80	350.91	111.67		
9,090.44	999.85	2,179.96	53.78	8,789.10	981.95	2,156.66	53.78	348.62
1,881.97		348.45	175.01				174.81	2,691.03
370.30		86.40		337.30		86.40		
279.52		99.50		241.17		98.75		
1,419.82		535.72		1,313.12		535.72		
560.03		81.40		535.73		81.25		
768.44		311.29		717.39		311.29		
557.37		182.57		502.55		182.57		
2.10		1.20						
5,839.55		1,646.53	175.01	5,529.23		1,644.43	174.81	2,691.03
6,203.40		1,103.00	99.87	6,203.40		1,102.90	99.87	3,167.10
106.10		18.60		106.10		18.60		
1,011.25		267.10		1,011.25		267.10		
1,809.23		1,378.26		1,809.23		1,378.26		
45.76		13.45		45.76		13.45		
547.78		152.70		547.78		152.70		
34.40		23.35		34.40		23.35		



## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Ohio, southern—Cont'd.</b>			
John L. Cochnower	Office deputy	Fiscal year	\$685.00
Wesley H. Rolason	do	do	650.00
Geo. W. Hays	do	do	650.00
Jennie Norrish	Stenographer	do	660.00
Chas. S. Reifsnider	Office deputy		
William T. Harness	Field deputy	Oath, Apr. 1, 1899	
John F. Von Muegge	do	Oath Mar. 8, 1901; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901.	
Total			13,270.00
<b>Oklahoma:</b>			
Canada H. Thompson	Marshal	Fiscal year	5,000.00
W. D. Fossett	Chief office deputy	do	2,000.00
N. E. Sisson	Office deputy	do	1,500.00
C. B. Hunt	do	do	1,200.00
M. O. Billings	do	do	1,200.00
Mrs. E. V. Billings	do	do	900.00
Warren Bennett	Field deputy	Oath, May 7, 1898	
George A. Foster	do	Oath, Nov. 8, 1900	
J. P. Gandy	do	Oath, Mar. 15, 1899	
W. W. Graves	do	Oath, Oct. 1, 1900	
R. R. Hikox	do	Oath, Feb. 11, 1898	
John P. Jones	do	Oath, July 6, 1899	
Leander T. Shockey	do	Oath, May 1, 1899	
H. A. Thomas	do	Oath, Feb. 11, 1898	
Jas. S. Thompson	do	Oath, Apr. 1, 1901	
Wm. Tilghman	do	Oath, Feb. 11, 1898	
Warren V. Willingham	do	Oath, Oct. 5, 1899	
J. A. Trotter	do	Oath, May 9, 1898; service terminated Apr. 1, 1901	
T. J. Taylor	do	Oath, Feb. 17, 1898; service terminated Oct. 13, 1900	
J. S. Walton	do	Oath, Mar. 7, 1898; service terminated Oct. 1, 1900	
Total			11,800.00
<b>Oregon:</b>			
Zoeth Houser	Marshal	Fiscal year	4,000.00
Preston A. Worthington	Chief office deputy	do	2,000.00
J. A. Wilson	Office deputy	do	1,500.00
S. L. Morse	do	do	1,200.00
A. A. Roberts	do	do	1,200.00
Total			9,900.00
<b>Pennsylvania, eastern:</b>			
John B. Robinson	Marshal	Fiscal year	4,000.00
Thomas Marple	Chief office deputy	do	2,000.00
Abraham B. Myers	Office deputy	do	1,500.00
Joseph H. Huddell	do	do	1,350.00
Peter D. Helms	do	Aug. 8, 1900, to June 30, 1901	807.10
Total			9,657.10
<b>Pennsylvania, middle:</b>			
Frederick C. Leonard	Marshal	May 6, 1901, to June 30, 1901	(1)
Harry S. Laurish	Chief office deputy	do	246.19
Samuel Lapp	Office deputy	do	184.61
James W. Snyder	do	do	184.61
Total			615.41
<b>Pennsylvania, western (old):<sup>2</sup></b>			
Frederick C. Leonard	Marshal	July 1, 1900, to May 5, 1901	3,384.65
Joe H. Irons	Chief office deputy	do	1,353.88
James W. Snyder	Office deputy	do	1,015.38

<sup>1</sup>No payment for salary had been made when exhibit was prepared.

<sup>2</sup>The figures given for this district, showing amounts as passed, do not include an account for the period from April 1 to May 6, 1901, action upon which was pending when this exhibit was prepared; said account claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$235.40; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$176.57; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$79.32.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$208.54		\$50.55		\$208.54		\$50.55		
		100.45				100.45		
		108.85				108.85		
4.96				4.96				
461.64	\$346.23	388.40		461.64	\$346.23	386.90		
20.08	15.06	9.10		20.08	15.06	9.10		
10,453.14	361.29	3,613.81	\$99.87	10,453.14	361.29	3,612.21	\$99.87	\$3,167.10
1,530.99		46.33	432.37	1,530.99		46.33	429.19	180.03
783.43		741.60		783.43		741.50		
813.68		620.64		813.68		613.12		
1,930.46		864.24		1,929.07		862.14		
101.90		66.06		101.90		66.06		
1,518.07	1,138.55	610.35		1,516.07	1,137.05	610.35		
260.79	195.59	92.50		259.40	194.55	92.50		
57.10	42.82	164.75		45.44	34.08	164.75		
885.64	664.23	251.75		883.84	662.88	241.75		
621.68	466.27	221.40		621.68	466.27	221.40		
641.92	481.44	494.65		635.92	476.94	494.65		
778.26	583.69	423.75		713.82	535.36	419.00		
2,543.12	1,907.34	447.57		2,523.00	1,904.86	439.72		
597.26	447.94	129.40		591.64	443.72	128.40		
356.85	267.64	144.60		356.85	267.64	143.60		
28.30	21.23	11.05		28.30	21.23	11.05		
135.56	101.67	130.00		135.56	101.67	130.00		
117.62	88.21	72.75		112.42	84.31	72.75		
192.77	144.58	103.50		181.13	135.87	103.50		
13,895.40	6,551.20	5,636.79	432.37	13,764.16	6,466.43	5,602.57	429.19	180.03
4,338.50		99.35	105.18	4,336.41		97.35	104.29	1,265.41
258.48		47.85		212.48		47.85		
634.74		63.55		620.74		63.55		
2,058.76		764.80		1,891.16		762.60		
3,967.83		1,690.93		3,868.43		1,690.43		
11,258.31		2,666.48	105.18	10,929.22		2,661.78	104.29	1,265.41
2,245.28			62.00	2,074.98			31.85	2,309.63
577.45				568.93				
2,143.33		415.74		2,136.45		408.66		
1,543.58		131.63		1,530.94		131.63		
906.64		354.46		860.72		352.11		
7,416.28		901.83	62.00	7,172.02		892.40	31.85	2,309.63
295.09		115.92		276.42		115.92		62.73
14.92		23.38		14.92		23.38		
97.62		30.82		97.62		27.17		
134.10		88.32		107.14		74.72		
541.78		252.94		496.10		241.19		62.73
1,473.14		194.23	6.00	1,389.85		194.23	6.00	962.84
438.64		78.75		438.14		78.75		
634.42		259.09		623.92		255.29		

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Pennsylvania, western (old)—Continued.</b>			
Bert. Beatty .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Feb. 28, 1898; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
Joseph C. Stewart .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 17, 1898; service terminated Jan. 23, 1901.	
W. S. Blair .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 20, 1898; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
Charles Hall .....	do .....	Oath, July 24, 1899; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
Guy C. Hollon .....	do .....	Oath, July 6, 1899; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
A. R. Jackson .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 23, 1901; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
Clark Lowry .....	do .....	Oath, July 6, 1899; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
Alexander McBeth .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 23, 1900; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
John L. Roe .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 4, 1898; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
W. L. S. Thompson .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 17, 1898; service terminated May 5, 1901.	
Total .....			\$5,753.91
<b>Pennsylvania, western (new):</b>			
Stephen P. Stone .....	Marshal .....	May 6, 1901, to June 30, 1901.	615.35
Joe H. Irons .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	246.19
W. M. Henry .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	184.61
Preston F. Brown .....	do .....	do .....	161.54
Total .....			1,207.69
<b>Rhode Island:</b>			
Jno. E. Kendrick .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	2,000.00
Richmond J. Stone .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1,000.00
Total .....			3,000.00
<b>South Carolina:</b>			
Lawson D. Melton .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,500.00
Virgil P. Clayton .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	2,000.00
C. M. Graham .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1,200.00
E. Brooks Sleigh .....	do .....	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 30, 1901 .....	998.90
George S. McCravy .....	do .....	May 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	201.10
C. H. Alexander .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Apr. 2, 1898 .....	
Pierce P. Avant .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 22, 1900 .....	
Green B. Barrett .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 11, 1901 .....	
J. W. Bates .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898 .....	
W. J. Beck .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 16, 1901 .....	
W. H. Bruton .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898 .....	
John B. Carr .....	do .....	Oath, May 18, 1901 .....	
C. A. Carson .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898 .....	
W. B. F. Corbin .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 5, 1898 .....	
Joseph H. Dais .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 6, 1901 .....	
James R. Davidson .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 19, 1900 .....	
R. H. Dobson .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898 .....	
A. B. Ellis, jr. ....	do .....	Oath, May 17, 1901 .....	
J. S. Fisher .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 30, 1901 .....	
H. F. Floyd .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898 .....	
Grady W. Lawson .....	do .....	Oath, July 27, 1900 .....	
J. B. McAdams .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 20, 1901 .....	
J. T. McKinney .....	do .....	Oath, Oct. 28, 1898 .....	
Jones H. McLane .....	do .....	Oath, May 29, 1899 .....	
Henry Mew .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 4, 1898 .....	
A. A. Phillips .....	do .....	Oath, June 20, 1899 .....	
Joseph M. Pouncy .....	do .....	Oath, July 28, 1900 .....	
F. M. Prickett .....	do .....	Oath, June 13, 1899 .....	
J. W. Reece .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898 .....	
Robt. B. Roark .....	do .....	Oath, Mar. 29, 1901 .....	
W. F. Swaringen .....	do .....	Oath, July 16, 1898 .....	
Hamlet M. Tolbert .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 6, 1901 .....	
R. Webster .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 18, 1898 .....	
Henry W. Holloway .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 26, 1900; service terminated Apr. 11, 1901.	

*marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.*

As claimed.				As passed				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$5.50	\$4.13	\$5.09	.....	\$5.50	\$4.13	\$5.09	.....	.....
233.34	175.01	56.99	.....	233.34	175.01	56.99	.....	.....
389.24	291.94	46.51	.....	383.70	287.79	36.61	.....	.....
122.76	92.08	33.33	.....	116.76	87.58	26.83	.....	.....
131.54	98.67	49.72	.....	95.84	71.89	32.36	.....	.....
33.34	25.01	18.93	.....	33.34	25.01	18.93	.....	.....
814.48	610.87	64.22	.....	677.62	508.23	32.62	.....	.....
128.90	96.69	79.21	.....	108.04	81.04	68.86	.....	.....
226.10	169.59	45.77	.....	183.08	137.32	42.16	.....	.....
100.98	75.74	20.36	.....	84.98	63.74	20.36	.....	.....
4,732.38	1,639.73	952.20	\$6.00	4,374.11	1,441.74	869.08	\$6.00	\$962.84
340.76	.....	4.00	.31	340.76	.....	4.00	.31	189.97
55.88	.....	1.40	.....	41.88	.....	1.40	.....	.....
139.24	.....	26.15	.....	139.24	.....	26.15	.....	.....
61.48	.....	34.71	.....	54.70	.....	34.71	.....	.....
597.36	.....	66.26	.31	576.58	.....	66.26	.31	189.97
1,609.77	.....	44.45	60.00	1,606.82	.....	44.45	60.00	350.55
520.72	.....	67.55	.....	479.26	.....	67.55	.....	.....
2,130.49	.....	112.00	60.00	2,086.08	.....	112.00	60.00	350.55
1,714.92	.....	170.11	23.19	1,714.92	.....	170.11	23.19	397.82
151.67	.....	126.36	.....	151.67	.....	126.36	.....	.....
1.00	.....	50.28	.....	1.00	.....	50.28	.....	.....
229.24	.....	596.61	.....	229.24	.....	589.43	.....	.....
85.46	.....	56.68	.....	73.86	.....	56.68	.....	.....
31.40	23.55	.....	.....	28.90	23.18	.....	.....	.....
117.06	87.79	14.34	.....	117.06	87.79	14.34	.....	.....
40.34	30.25	7.25	.....	40.34	30.25	7.25	.....	.....
22.26	16.69	.....	.....	22.26	16.69	.....	.....	.....
176.76	132.57	22.00	.....	176.76	132.57	22.00	.....	.....
187.44	140.57	13.75	.....	185.94	139.44	13.75	.....	.....
18.84	13.75	2.25	.....	18.84	13.75	2.25	.....	.....
351.30	263.46	28.97	.....	347.86	260.68	28.97	.....	.....
651.30	488.46	65.50	.....	650.80	488.09	65.75	.....	.....
43.18	32.38	18.62	.....	43.18	32.38	18.62	.....	.....
82.16	61.61	14.93	.....	82.16	61.61	14.93	.....	.....
81.50	61.12	.....	.....	4.90	3.67	.....	.....	.....
7.22	5.41	.....	.....	7.22	5.41	.....	.....	.....
154.24	115.67	10.95	.....	154.24	115.67	10.95	.....	.....
78.32	58.73	16.77	.....	78.32	58.73	16.77	.....	.....
79.25	59.43	20.69	.....	78.47	58.85	20.69	.....	.....
68.86	51.64	8.30	.....	68.86	51.64	8.30	.....	.....
807.78	606.82	88.00	.....	803.98	602.97	88.00	.....	.....
444.20	333.14	76.70	.....	442.70	332.02	76.70	.....	.....
51.44	38.58	15.72	.....	51.44	38.58	14.80	.....	.....
341.76	256.32	29.50	.....	341.76	256.22	29.50	.....	.....
13.30	9.96	3.00	.....	13.30	9.96	3.00	.....	.....
287.18	215.37	49.33	.....	287.18	215.37	49.33	.....	.....
129.88	97.40	1.90	.....	126.88	96.15	1.90	.....	.....
88.44	66.33	12.25	.....	88.44	66.33	12.25	.....	.....
70.72	53.03	.25	.....	70.72	53.03	.25	.....	.....
20.96	15.72	5.10	.....	20.96	15.72	5.10	.....	.....
404.86	303.63	55.20	.....	398.86	299.13	55.20	.....	.....
23.52	17.64	3.24	.....	23.52	17.64	3.24	.....	.....

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>South Carolina—Cont'd.</b>			
F. M. Butler .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Apr. 14, 1900; service terminated Apr. 18, 1901.	.....
W. H. Hubbard .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 2, 1898; service terminated Mar. 30, 1901.	.....
John M. Dansby .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 5, 1900; service terminated Dec. 30, 1900.	.....
John Latham .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 2, 1898; service terminated Jan. 25, 1901.	.....
Geo. W. Hoesh .....	do .....	Oath, May 17, 1900; service terminated Jan. 7, 1901.	.....
James C. Alexander .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 19, 1899; service terminated Jan. 7, 1901.	.....
J. T. Thornton .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; service terminated Dec. 13, 1900.	.....
M. C. Durham .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 2, 1898; service terminated Nov. 13, 1900.	.....
J. F. Miller .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 1, 1898; service terminated Sept. 25, 1900.	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	\$8,900.00
<b>South Dakota:</b>			
Edward G. Kennedy ..	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
Jerry Carleton .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1,800.00
Arthur H. Gipson .....	Office deputy .....	July 1, 1900, to June 25, 1901 <sup>1</sup> .....	1,101.10
John P. Belding .....	do .....	Jan. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	500.00
D. D. Collins .....	do .....	do .....	500.00
R. H. Somers .....	do .....	Jan. 1, 1901, to May 26, 1901 .....	408.83
John R. Petrie .....	do .....	June 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	57.70
J. W. Laughlin .....	do .....	do .....	41.20
John P. Belding .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Jan. 12, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900.	.....
Daniel D. Collins .....	do .....	Oath, May 25, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900.	.....
Geo. A. Ludlow .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 12, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900.	.....
R. H. Somers .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 13, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900.	.....
Samuel Strayer .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 14, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900.	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	8,408.83
<b>Tennessee, eastern:</b>			
Richard W. Austin ....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
Millard F. Caldwell ...	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1,200.00
Joseph Edgar Brown ..	Office deputy .....	Aug. 1, 1900, to Feb. 21, 1901 .....	403.40
John J. Graham .....	do .....	Mar. 4, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	236.00
Allen G. Mathews .....	do .....	Fiscal year .....	900.00
Luther M. Parker .....	do .....	do .....	900.00
M. L. Anderson .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Apr. 9, 1900 .....	.....
James T. Beckner .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 9, 1900 .....	.....
John A. Baughard .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 17, 1899 .....	.....
John W. Cates .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 24, 1897 .....	.....
Robert Dennis .....	do .....	Oath, Mar. 18, 1901 .....	.....
J. M. Dowell .....	do .....	Oath, June 24, 1898 .....	.....
Calvin T. Duff .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 8, 1901 .....	.....
M. F. Maples .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 18, 1900 .....	.....
Charles W. McCall .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 12, 1898 .....	.....
James A. Nave .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 5, 1898 .....	.....
W. B. Thomas .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 6, 1901 .....	.....
James A. Thompson .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 15, 1899 .....	.....
R. M. Watkins .....	do .....	Oath, July 23, 1900 .....	.....
S. J. Watts .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 5, 1898 .....	.....
Samuel O. Welch .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 8, 1900 .....	.....
W. H. Whitehead .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 2, 1899 .....	.....
George M. Williams .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 30, 1900 .....	.....
Mark S. York .....	do .....	Oath, May 13, 1899 .....	.....
J. W. Justice .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 20, 1899; service terminated Mar. 19, 1901.	.....
G. A. Williams .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 24, 1897; service terminated Feb. 11, 1901.	.....

<sup>1</sup>Salary from June 1 to 25; unpaid when exhibit was prepared.

marshals, their deputies and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposits.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$349.76	\$262.31	\$57.75	.....	\$346.44	\$259.83	\$55.75	.....	
81.84	61.87	20.50	.....	81.84	61.87	19.75	.....	
62.92	47.19	4.50	.....	62.92	47.19	4.50	.....	
7.58	5.68	.....	.....	7.58	5.68	.....	.....	
26.68	20.00	4.50	.....	26.68	20.00	4.50	.....	
212.20	159.15	37.50	.....	200.46	150.35	36.00	.....	
2.00	1.50	.....	.....	2.00	1.50	.....	.....	
65.84	49.37	.....	.....	65.84	49.37	.....	.....	
8.00	6.00	.....	.....	8.00	6.00	.....	.....	
7,874.08	4,268.59	1,709.30	\$23.19	7,747.80	4,183.81	1,695.20	\$23.19	\$397.82
1,417.84	.....	342.10	81.19	1,403.51	.....	342.10	81.13	455.21
342.23	.....	419.60	.....	451.57	.....	417.60	.50	
212.06	.....	241.83	.....	212.06	.....	237.08	.....	
1,167.04	.....	682.30	.....	1,171.04	.....	674.30	.....	
945.46	.....	591.60	.....	947.46	.....	591.60	.....	
314.30	.....	257.30	.....	319.80	.....	257.30	.....	
6.00	.....	22.00	.....	6.00	.....	22.00	.....	
569.50	427.12	159.80	.....	569.50	427.12	159.80	.....	
990.38	742.78	139.11	.....	968.38	726.28	139.11	.....	
406.10	304.57	86.50	.....	399.30	299.47	76.30	.....	
182.32	136.74	321.03	.....	172.36	129.27	321.03	.....	
243.28	182.45	315.35	.....	243.28	182.45	315.35	.....	
6,796.51	1,793.66	3,578.52	81.19	6,864.26	1,764.59	3,553.57	81.63	455.21
696.19	.....	194.20	68.12	631.90	.....	194.20	67.66	332.12
88.00	.....	57.05	.....	88.00	.....	57.05	.....	
2.50	.....	.....	.....	2.50	.....	.....	.....	
65.82	.....	168.35	.....	65.82	.....	168.35	.....	
36.00	.....	79.78	.....	35.50	.....	79.78	.....	
482.18	361.65	129.64	.....	451.78	338.09	126.14	.....	
155.28	116.46	10.35	.....	152.44	114.32	11.85	.....	
425.22	318.92	88.78	.....	416.72	312.54	86.63	.....	
563.34	415.01	193.88	.....	521.96	391.46	172.71	.....	
172.74	129.56	16.65	.....	170.32	127.74	16.65	.....	
102.56	76.93	6.75	.....	100.26	75.19	6.75	.....	
63.82	47.87	6.11	.....	63.32	47.49	5.86	.....	
708.70	531.54	219.55	.....	697.72	523.28	214.60	.....	
685.00	513.76	196.88	.....	403.20	302.39	177.46	.....	
524.68	393.52	68.69	.....	489.90	367.41	65.29	.....	
148.06	111.05	13.50	.....	146.56	109.92	11.75	.....	
115.57	86.69	9.00	.....	108.79	81.60	8.00	.....	
6.50	4.88	.....	.....	6.50	4.88	.....	.....	
489.10	366.83	163.85	.....	461.88	346.40	159.35	.....	
256.50	192.88	17.85	.....	253.50	190.13	17.85	.....	
79.00	59.25	21.05	.....	78.40	58.80	20.05	.....	
147.80	110.85	17.95	.....	146.54	109.90	17.95	.....	
323.28	246.21	90.50	.....	327.28	245.46	90.50	.....	
113.12	88.59	5.50	.....	117.40	88.05	5.50	.....	
60.80	45.60	11.75	.....	54.91	41.17	11.75	.....	

## EXHIBIT S.—Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Tennessee, eastern—C't'd.</b>			
Charles Ross.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Aug. 24, 1897; service terminated Jan. 16, 1901.	
William T. Tindall.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 4, 1900; service terminated Dec. 10, 1900.	
Total.....			\$7, 639. 40
<b>Tennessee, middle:</b>			
John W. Overall.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4, 000. 00
John E. Patton.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1, 500. 00
H. A. Bratten.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	900. 00
W. C. Adcock.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, May 11, 1900.....	
S. F. Anderson.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 7, 1899.....	
T. G. Brown.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 28, 1898.....	
F. P. Colbert.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 5, 1898.....	
Samuel L. Deck.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 8, 1898.....	
M. J. Dixon.....	do.....	Oath, May 17, 1901.....	
J. M. Duggan.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 28, 1898.....	
E. J. Hall.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 9, 1899; service terminated May 26, 1901.	
W. B. Hollis.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 12, 1899.....	
E. G. Lawson.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 14, 1898.....	
W. C. Morgan.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 26, 1898.....	
Thomas Price.....	do.....	do.....	
E. S. Robertson.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 10, 1898.....	
W. B. Scott.....	do.....	do.....	
F. R. Sharp.....	do.....	Oath, Apr. 4, 1898.....	
J. P. Burroughs.....	do.....	Oath, Sept. 27, 1899; service terminated Apr. 6, 1901.	
Total.....			6, 400. 00
<b>Tennessee, western:</b>			
Thomas H. Baker.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	4, 000. 00
Thomas H. Baker, jr.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1, 500. 00
Robert B. Fanning.....	Office deputy.....	Feb. 14, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	377. 77
Daniel F. Elliotte.....	do.....	July 1, 1900, to Feb. 13, 1901.....	746. 63
Newton J. Arnold.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 4, 1898.....	
J. E. Burrass.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 1, 1900.....	
Henry P. Gaines.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 25, 1898.....	
George W. Hawkins.....	do.....	Oath, July 28, 1899.....	
David M. Kirby.....	do.....	Oath, Mar. 31, 1898.....	
G. B. Whitehorn.....	do.....	Oath, June 22, 1900.....	
A. L. Story.....	do.....	Oath, May 30, 1899; service terminated Nov. 20, 1900.	
Wm. M. Brown.....	do.....	Oath, Oct. 17, 1900; declined.....	
Robert M. Cain.....	do.....	Oath, Aug. 31, 1898; service terminated Oct. 11, 1900.	
Total.....			6, 624. 40
<b>Texas, northern:</b>			
George H. Green.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	3, 000. 00
David A. Robinson.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	1, 500. 00
Larkin B. Farrish.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1, 000. 00
Emma C. Van Dusen.....	Clerk.....	July 1, 1900, to Jan. 31, 1901.....	58. 60
Willie A. Porter.....	do.....	Feb. 1, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	41. 40
John T. Black.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Jan. 2, 1899.....	
Whit Dryden.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 31, 1898.....	
John B. Girand.....	do.....	Oath, May 18, 1901.....	
D. R. Hodges.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 31, 1898.....	
Robert M. Warden.....	do.....	do.....	
Ralph O. Rector.....	do.....	Oath, Dec. 31, 1898; service terminated May 18, 1901.	
Total.....			5, 600. 00
<b>Texas, eastern:</b>			
John Grant.....	Marshal.....	Fiscal year.....	5, 000. 00
John B. Walter.....	Chief office deputy.....	do.....	2, 500. 00
A. I. Sutherland.....	Office deputy.....	do.....	1, 800. 00
Burton L. Richards.....	do.....	do.....	1, 600. 00
W. C. Bernard.....	Clerk.....	do.....	900. 00
J. W. Butler.....	Field deputy.....	Oath, Apr. 2, 1898.....	

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$17.54	\$13.16	\$3.75	.....	\$17.54	\$13.16	\$3.75	.....	.....
47.40	35.55	10.35	.....	47.40	35.55	10.35	.....	.....
6,576.70	4,266.26	1,801.71	\$68.12	6,058.04	3,924.93	1,739.62	\$67.66	\$332.12
1,178.07	.....	3.05	97.93	1,129.40	.....	3.05	97.93	218.25
5.00	.....	.....	.....	5.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
31.00	.....	7.96	.....	31.00	.....	7.96	.....	.....
169.89	127.42	64.00	.....	169.89	127.42	64.00	.....	.....
1,416.10	1,062.08	255.07	.....	1,405.48	1,054.11	258.66	.....	.....
229.72	172.28	86.75	.....	228.82	171.61	86.75	.....	.....
88.08	66.07	140.90	.....	86.88	65.17	138.65	.....	.....
33.10	24.82	10.50	.....	32.02	24.01	10.50	.....	.....
31.10	23.33	5.25	.....	31.10	23.33	5.25	.....	.....
961.08	720.81	343.05	.....	952.84	714.62	341.05	.....	.....
41.03	30.78	8.00	.....	38.63	18.66	16.32	.....	.....
163.20	122.38	51.95	.....	159.78	119.82	51.95	.....	.....
383.96	287.98	107.85	.....	380.36	285.27	104.85	.....	.....
111.56	83.66	12.00	.....	111.56	83.66	10.00	.....	.....
102.51	76.89	20.40	.....	101.51	76.13	20.40	.....	.....
26.35	19.76	4.00	.....	26.35	19.76	4.00	.....	.....
460.86	345.64	265.20	.....	458.68	344.00	263.45	.....	.....
126.93	95.20	56.00	.....	126.93	95.20	54.00	.....	.....
115.72	86.79	11.75	.....	114.64	85.98	11.75	.....	.....
5,675.26	3,345.89	1,453.68	97.93	5,590.87	3,308.75	1,452.59	97.93	218.25
1,214.08	.....	463.83	21.45	807.60	.....	461.83	21.45	359.57
231.04	.....	79.70	.....	232.04	.....	56.70	.....	.....
220.26	.....	91.90	.....	220.26	.....	91.90	.....	.....
180.09	.....	116.25	.....	178.75	.....	115.25	.....	.....
293.02	219.76	47.50	.....	285.50	214.11	44.50	.....	.....
163.59	122.70	23.85	.....	161.09	120.82	22.85	.....	.....
169.38	127.03	77.68	.....	168.86	126.27	72.58	.....	.....
679.63	509.71	137.50	.....	676.46	507.34	109.50	.....	.....
236.37	177.28	30.25	.....	233.71	175.28	30.25	.....	.....
174.00	130.49	49.95	.....	172.04	129.02	43.95	.....	.....
90.54	67.90	10.25	.....	90.18	67.63	10.25	.....	.....
14.40	10.80	.....	.....	14.40	10.80	.....	.....	.....
57.24	42.93	8.33	.....	57.24	42.93	8.33	.....	.....
3,723.64	1,408.60	1,136.99	21.45	3,297.63	1,394.20	1,067.89	21.45	359.57
1,231.41	.....	271.75	111.70	1,231.41	.....	271.75	111.65	2,263.24
163.38	.....	273.95	.....	161.38	.....	272.38	.....	.....
576.36	.....	1,077.75	.....	576.36	.....	1,077.75	.....	.....
1,374.23	1,030.68	195.70	.....	1,258.97	944.24	193.45	.....	.....
1,822.52	1,366.90	86.05	.....	1,815.26	1,361.47	83.05	.....	.....
50.00	37.50	20.65	.....	50.00	37.50	20.65	.....	.....
505.98	379.49	129.53	.....	491.76	368.83	118.28	.....	.....
1,996.24	1,497.19	153.65	.....	1,991.70	1,493.79	147.55	.....	.....
500.19	375.15	167.80	.....	500.19	375.15	164.45	.....	.....
8,210.31	4,686.91	2,376.83	111.70	8,067.03	4,580.98	2,349.31	111.65	2,263.24
1,054.50	.....	114.30	78.93	1,036.88	.....	114.30	78.56	2,175.53
1,429.91	.....	763.63	.....	1,384.41	.....	762.33	.....	.....
1,054.47	.....	614.20	.....	963.13	.....	612.35	.....	.....
611.72	.....	721.63	.....	576.38	.....	721.63	.....	.....
805.18	603.88	60.90	.....	800.18	600.13	60.90	.....	.....



EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Texas, eastern—Cont'd.</b>			
E. T. Dorough .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Mar. 10, 1898 .....	.....
H. H. Haley .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 31, 1900 .....	.....
W. P. Harris .....	do .....	Sept. 25, 1899 .....	.....
J. M. Reynolds .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 2, 1901 .....	.....
W. D. Waters .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 16, 1898 .....	.....
J. W. Wood .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 14, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900 .....	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	\$11, 800. 00
<b>Texas, western:</b>			
George Louis Siebrecht .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4, 000. 00
Herman C. Heilig .....	Chief office deputy .....	Apr. 22, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	379. 16
John C. Schermack .....	(Chief office deputy Office deputy) .....	July 1, 1900, to Apr. 20, 1901 .....	2, 196. 90
B. W. Varnell .....	do .....	May 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901 .....	717. 42
W. E. Clark .....	Field deputy .....	July 14, 1900, to Apr. 30, 1901 .....	.....
W. M. Hanson .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 9, 1900 .....	.....
John M. Haynes .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 4, 1898 .....	.....
H. R. Hillebrand .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 2, 1898 .....	.....
John E. Kennerly .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 31, 1898 .....	.....
F. H. Lancaster .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 24, 1899 .....	.....
J. A. Poole .....	do .....	Oath, Jan. 28, 1898 .....	.....
Robt. W. McMillan .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 13, 1900 .....	.....
.....	.....	Oath, Jan. 31, 1900; service terminated Nov. 29, 1900 .....	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	7, 293. 48
<b>Utah:</b>			
Glen Miller .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	3, 500. 00
Lucien H. Smyth .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	2, 000. 00
John K. Hardy .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1, 200. 00
S. L. Calton .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Aug. 28, 1900 .....	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	6, 700. 00
<b>Vermont:</b>			
Fred. A. Field .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	2, 500. 00
Joseph M. Stoddard .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1, 000. 00
L. A. Drew .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Sept. 7, 1898 .....	.....
Luke Pariah .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 17, 1898 .....	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	3, 500. 00
<b>Virginia, eastern:</b>			
Morgan Treat .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	3, 500. 00
Malcolm A. Coles .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1, 500. 00
Samuel Bendit .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	720. 00
U. M. Bland .....	do .....	do .....	720. 00
Joseph F. Glover .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Apr. 14, 1898 .....	.....
Julius West .....	do .....	Oath, Apr. 21, 1898 .....	.....
Total .....	.....	.....	6, 440. 00
<b>Virginia, western:</b>			
S. Brown Allen .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4, 000. 00
Heber Ker .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1, 600. 00
R. A. Fulwiler .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1, 400. 00
Emmett R. Kinney .....	do .....	do .....	1, 200. 00
W. B. Adington .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, May 31, 1898 .....	.....
R. M. Baldwin .....	do .....	Oath, June 20, 1898 .....	.....
J. W. Carpenter .....	do .....	Oath, May 28, 1898; service terminated June 30, 1901 .....	.....
Cloyd Childress .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 16, 1898 .....	.....
H. F. Cox .....	do .....	Oath, Sept. 19, 1900; service terminated June 30, 1901 .....	.....
R. L. Crockett .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 20, 1900; service terminated June 30, 1901 .....	.....
Jennings Baker Ep- person .....	do .....	Oath, Mar. 18, 1901 .....	.....
T. L. Felts .....	do .....	Oath, Mar. 29, 1898 .....	.....
D. G. George .....	do .....	Oath, Sept. 20, 1900 .....	.....
J. B. Hawley .....	do .....	Oath, May 28, 1898 .....	.....
G. W. Kilbourne .....	do .....	Oath, July 2, 1900 .....	.....

*marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.*

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$1,058.28	\$793.66	\$104.60	.....	\$1,045.23	\$783.91	\$104.60	.....	.....
637.97	478.47	6.20	.....	631.97	473.97	6.20	.....	.....
702.79	527.09	118.85	.....	702.79	527.09	118.85	.....	.....
132.70	99.52	112.25	.....	129.94	97.45	112.25	.....	.....
266.60	199.94	42.00	.....	266.60	199.94	42.00	.....	.....
167.62	125.64	45.65	.....	167.62	125.64	45.65	.....	.....
7,921.59	2,823.20	2,704.21	\$78.93	7,704.98	2,808.13	2,701.06	\$78.56	\$2,175.53
1,623.86	.....	818.80	47.60	1,435.96	.....	743.30	47.60	927.27
.50	.....	.....	.....	.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
133.02	.....	51.70	.....	133.02	.....	50.75	.....	.....
2.50	.....	12.60	.....	2.50	.....	12.60	.....	.....
948.90	710.16	122.25	.....	939.70	704.76	120.50	.....	.....
1,663.46	1,249.83	727.43	.....	1,648.68	1,236.50	722.48	.....	.....
506.21	379.65	143.95	.....	486.71	365.03	139.45	.....	.....
545.64	409.23	4.50	.....	471.94	353.96	3.75	.....	.....
834.69	261.01	150.90	.....	827.73	245.79	150.90	.....	.....
1,214.25	910.67	283.20	.....	1,177.47	883.09	271.45	.....	.....
17.98	13.48	49.50	.....	17.98	13.48	49.50	.....	.....
183.22	137.41	7.00	.....	183.22	135.91	7.00	.....	.....
7,174.73	4,061.44	2,371.83	47.60	6,825.41	3,938.52	2,271.68	47.60	927.27
507.95	.....	172.34	233.25	507.95	.....	161.54	232.05	342.45
493.08	.....	456.35	.....	477.58	.....	453.10	.....	.....
167.78	.....	181.92	.....	163.08	.....	182.92	.....	.....
7.50	5.61	39.00	.....	7.50	5.61	39.00	.....	.....
1,181.81	5.61	849.61	233.25	1,156.11	5.61	836.56	232.05	342.45
927.72	.....	261.49	136.21	752.43	.....	254.33	135.75	608.18
287.17	.....	144.59	.....	254.37	.....	135.41	.....	.....
1,337.75	1,013.32	21.79	.....	1,318.08	919.26	15.54	.....	.....
131.72	98.80	44.67	.....	99.56	74.68	45.12	.....	.....
2,684.36	1,112.12	472.54	136.21	2,424.44	993.94	450.40	135.75	608.18
1,887.96	.....	260.05	59.56	1,804.11	.....	260.05	58.79	779.61
173.03	.....	2.00	.....	173.03	.....	2.00	.....	.....
379.32	.....	391.75	.....	379.32	.....	386.57	.....	.....
187.30	.....	611.38	.....	187.30	.....	607.13	.....	.....
296.87	224.15	23.90	.....	255.07	191.30	23.90	.....	.....
2,129.72	1,484.79	108.75	.....	1,929.86	1,423.76	101.25	.....	.....
5,056.20	1,708.94	1,397.83	59.56	4,728.69	1,615.06	1,380.90	58.79	779.61
954.31	.....	110.78	13.71	954.31	.....	109.55	14.79	799.80
.....	.....	109.78	.....	.....	.....	109.78	.....	.....
.....	.....	78.80	.....	.....	.....	78.80	.....	.....
1,075.51	806.62	90.10	.....	1,074.91	806.17	89.10	.....	.....
218.67	163.99	12.50	.....	218.67	163.99	12.50	.....	.....
95.88	71.86	12.75	.....	95.88	71.86	12.75	.....	.....
1,343.12	1,007.32	69.80	.....	1,343.12	1,007.32	69.80	.....	.....
169.00	126.74	28.35	.....	169.00	126.74	28.35	.....	.....
46.03	34.52	2.00	.....	46.03	34.52	2.00	.....	.....
6.00	4.50	4.00	.....	6.00	4.50	4.00	.....	.....
480.54	360.39	106.65	.....	480.54	345.39	106.65	.....	.....
259.90	194.91	159.57	.....	259.90	194.91	159.57	.....	.....
849.70	637.27	20.00	.....	848.80	636.60	20.00	.....	.....
223.20	167.39	14.75	.....	223.20	167.39	14.75	.....	.....

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Virginia, western—Cont'd.</b>			
J. B. Kiser .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Sept. 6, 1899 .....	
Stephen C. Lindsey .....	do .....	Oath, May 27, 1898 .....	
J. W. Patton .....	do .....	Oath, May 30, 1898 .....	
W. M. Puckett .....	do .....	Oath, Mar. 8, 1898 .....	
J. H. Rhodes .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 20, 1900 .....	
Jno. D. Rogers .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 22, 1898 .....	
W. A. Wroe .....	do .....	Oath, May 23, 1898; service terminated June 30, 1901 .....	
J. B. Shufflebarger .....	do .....	Oath, May 23, 1898 .....	
A. H. Staples .....	do .....	Oath, Dec. 21, 1900 .....	
B. F. Stultz .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 25, 1898 .....	
J. J. Todd .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 18, 1898 .....	
Z. B. Wade .....	do .....	Oath, May 4, 1900 .....	
Ebenezer H. Witten .....	do .....	Oath, June 23, 1898 .....	
Charles O. Hamilton .....	do .....	Oath, Mar. 17, 1898; service terminated Feb. 19, 1901 .....	
George S. Fitzwater .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 30, 1899; service terminated Feb. 9, 1901 .....	
James E. Owen .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 23, 1898; service terminated Dec. 31, 1900 .....	
Richard T. Waller .....	do .....	Oath, Sept. 12, 1899; service terminated Jan. 1, 1901 .....	
J. W. Wilson .....	do .....	Oath, Feb. 8, 1901 .....	
Total .....			\$8,200.00
<b>Washington:</b>			
Clarence W. Ide .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
Frank L. Crosby .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	2,250.00
A. L. Dilley .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1,500.00
Ira S. Davisson .....	do .....	do .....	1,500.00
George L. Ide .....	do .....	do .....	1,000.00
H. W. Tyler .....	do .....	do .....	1,500.00
John Stringer .....	do .....	do .....	1,000.00
Felix M. Pugh .....	do .....	do .....	1,500.00
Ernest L. Scott .....	Stenographer .....	do .....	600.00
Total .....			14,850.00
<b>West Virginia:<sup>1</sup></b>			
John K. Thompson .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
B. L. Priddle .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1,800.00
Charles M. Shrewsbury .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1,215.63
Douglas E. Hughes .....	do .....	June 15, 1901, to June 30, 1901 .....	52.75
Wilton Randolph .....	do .....	July 1, 1900, to May 31, 1901 .....	1,376.40
Jno. P. Austin .....	Field deputy .....	Oath, July 12, 1897; service terminated June 15, 1901 .....	
W. C. Bartram .....	do .....	Oath, July 1, 1897 .....	
D. W. Cunningham .....	do .....	do .....	
W. G. Hickel .....	do .....	do .....	
A. C. Hufford .....	do .....	Oath, July 1, 1899 .....	
D. R. Jackson .....	do .....	Oath, July 5, 1897 .....	
C. W. Law .....	do .....	Oath, July 1, 1897 .....	
Jno. T. Paulding .....	do .....	Oath, Nov. 5, 1897 .....	
Granville Stout .....	do .....	Oath, July 1, 1897 .....	
Andrew J. Young .....	do .....	Oath, Aug. 26, 1897 .....	
John Effier .....	do .....	Oath, Sept. 22, 1900; service terminated Mar. 31, 1901 .....	
Total .....			8,444.78
<b>Wisconsin, eastern:</b>			
Thomas B. Reid .....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year .....	4,000.00
Albion Johnson .....	Chief office deputy .....	do .....	1,800.00
Edward H. Glantz .....	Office deputy .....	do .....	1,200.00
Walter N. Durbin .....	do .....	do .....	1,200.00
Total .....			8,200.00

<sup>1</sup>The figures for this district, showing amounts as passed, represent only three quarters of the fiscal year, and exclude two accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 1901, action upon which was pending when exhibit was prepared, said accounts claiming as follows: Gross fees earned, \$6,407.71; proportion of fees payable by United States, \$4,251.95; expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States, \$585; other expenses payable by United States, \$28.45.

marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$256.00	\$191.99	\$33.50	.....	\$256.00	\$191.99	\$33.50	.....	.....
289.76	217.31	9.75	.....	289.76	217.31	9.75	.....	.....
359.49	254.61	97.45	.....	339.49	254.61	97.45	.....	.....
442.43	331.80	52.85	.....	436.97	327.71	52.85	.....	.....
89.36	67.01	8.50	.....	89.36	67.01	8.50	.....	.....
770.01	577.48	80.90	.....	770.01	577.48	78.90	.....	.....
5.48	4.10	2.00	.....	5.48	4.10	2.00	.....	.....
156.35	117.25	15.89	.....	152.35	114.25	15.89	.....	.....
751.28	563.46	61.75	.....	751.28	563.46	61.75	.....	.....
750.98	563.23	191.60	.....	750.98	562.78	189.75	.....	.....
450.54	337.89	36.50	.....	450.54	337.89	36.50	.....	.....
906.55	679.90	43.25	.....	905.15	678.85	43.25	.....	.....
695.74	521.79	57.10	.....	695.74	521.79	57.10	.....	.....
112.33	84.24	7.10	.....	110.95	83.21	6.45	.....	.....
321.56	241.17	20.00	.....	312.96	234.72	18.00	.....	.....
20.00	15.00	2.40	.....	20.00	15.00	2.40	.....	.....
250.30	187.71	7.25	.....	250.30	187.71	7.25	.....	.....
234.44	175.82	104.50	.....	234.44	175.82	104.50	.....	.....
12,564.41	8,707.27	1,652.12	\$13.71	12,541.47	8,675.08	1,643.39	\$14.79	\$799.80
1,851.17	.....	946.29	214.83	1,851.17	.....	946.29	214.83	1,643.23
507.79	.....	132.65	.....	507.79	.....	132.65	.....	.....
1,726.34	.....	513.75	.....	1,726.34	.....	513.75	.....	.....
1,565.53	.....	452.50	.....	1,565.53	.....	412.50	.....	.....
1,991.33	.....	746.37	.....	1,991.33	.....	745.62	.....	.....
2,248.16	.....	291.70	.....	2,248.16	.....	286.70	.....	.....
1,347.93	.....	281.40	.....	1,347.93	.....	276.40	.....	.....
1,160.12	.....	461.35	.....	1,160.12	.....	448.00	.....	.....
12,398.37	.....	3,826.01	214.83	12,398.37	.....	3,761.91	214.83	1,643.23
2,043.53	.....	337.95	65.01	1,245.69	.....	180.15	36.56	824.67
20.00	.....	337.35	.....	18.00	.....	206.80	.....	.....
6.62	.....	169.30	.....	.....	.....	57.00	.....	.....
20.50	.....	15.20	.....	14.00	.....	143.95	.....	.....
.50	.37	143.95	.....	.50	.37	1.00	.....	.....
1,832.94	1,374.70	22.25	.....	1,101.06	825.80	12.75	.....	.....
2,876.98	2,157.72	126.15	.....	1,533.70	1,150.27	83.05	.....	.....
894.00	670.50	71.80	.....	275.12	206.33	20.75	.....	.....
2,307.91	1,730.93	5.00	.....	870.20	652.65	2.00	.....	.....
997.52	748.14	12.25	.....	892.12	669.09	9.50	.....	.....
296.29	222.22	2.80	.....	234.85	176.14	2.80	.....	.....
28.34	21.25	.....	.....	28.34	21.25	.....	.....	.....
724.13	543.08	19.60	.....	619.86	464.89	19.60	.....	.....
2,070.82	1,553.11	29.60	.....	753.72	565.28	12.85	.....	.....
691.72	518.79	13.55	.....	691.72	518.79	12.55	.....	.....
14,811.80	9,540.81	1,307.75	65.01	8,278.88	5,250.86	764.75	36.56	824.67
1,298.19	.....	49.75	84.10	1,238.47	.....	47.25	84.10	400.21
633.57	.....	230.73	.....	606.07	.....	211.53	.....	.....
1,341.90	.....	380.58	.....	1,306.74	.....	380.58	.....	.....
477.15	.....	184.09	.....	473.37	.....	184.09	.....	.....
3,750.81	.....	845.15	84.10	3,624.65	.....	823.45	84.10	400.21

EXHIBIT S.—*Showing, by districts, the amounts paid for salaries to United States*

Districts and names.	Titles.	Periods.	Salaries.
<b>Wisconsin, western:</b>			
Charles Lewiston.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	\$4,000. 00
William T. Pugh.....	Chief office deputy.....	.....do.....	1,800. 00
Herman O. Jonas.....	Office deputy .....	July 2, 1900, to June 30, 1901 .....	1,196. 73
Fred W. French.....	.....do .....	Feb. 7, 1901, to June 30, 1901.....	476. 63
Frank P. Meehan.....	.....do .....	July 1, 1900, to Sept. 15, 1900.....	251. 11
John H. Langdon.....	Special deputy .....	.....do.....	
Total .....			7,724. 47
<b>Wyoming:</b>			
Frank A. Hadsell.....	Marshal .....	Fiscal year.....	3,500. 00
Paul Bailey.....	Chief office deputy.....	.....do.....	1,500. 00
Joseph Lefors.....	Office deputy .....	.....do.....	1,200. 00
James G. Morrison.....	Field deputy .....	Oath, Oct. 17, 1898.....	
Total .....			6,200. 00

*marshals, their deputies, and clerks, etc., for the fiscal year 1901—Continued.*

As claimed.				As passed.				Amounts paid to clerks of courts for deposit.
Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	Gross fees earned.	Proportion of fees payable by United States.	Expenses of travel and subsistence payable by United States.	Other expenses.	
\$4,541.76	.....	\$636.82	\$20.80	\$4,334.20	.....	\$636.32	\$20.80	\$571.46
4,238.95	.....	1,281.82	.....	4,089.35	.....	1,281.07	.....	.....
5,666.24	.....	1,655.94	.....	5,593.78	.....	1,655.64	.....	.....
368.02	.....	64.31	.....	368.02	.....	64.31	.....	.....
903.26	.....	287.37	.....	903.26	.....	287.37	.....	.....
5.72	.....	.....	.....	5.72	.....	.....	.....	.....
15,723.95	.....	3,926.26	20.80	15,344.33	.....	3,924.71	20.80	571.46
909.27	.....	186.25	101.60	906.63	.....	184.25	99.60	388.01
221.21	.....	34.15	.....	187.87	.....	34.15	.....	.....
2,472.44	.....	794.20	.....	2,441.36	.....	794.20	.....	.....
355.20	\$129.82	4.00	.....	355.20	\$133.20	4.00	.....	.....
3,958.12	129.82	1,018.60	101.60	3,891.06	133.20	1,016.60	99.60	388.01

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

EXHIBIT T.—Statement showing for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, emoluments and office expenses of clerks of United States courts, as indicated by their emolument returns and accounts, as approved by the Department of Justice.

District.	Name of clerk.	Location.	Fees.			Expenses.				Net emoluments from which clerks are paid.	Mileage.	Amount payable from "Fees of Clerks, United States courts."
			Earned from United States.	Earned from individuals.	Total earnings.	Clerk hire.	Stationery.	Other items.	Total expenses.			
Circuit courts.												
Alabama, northern	Charles J. Allison	Birmingham	\$4,178.27	\$2,160.52	\$6,338.79	\$1,920.00	\$18.50		\$1,938.50	\$4,400.29	\$22.20	\$3,300.18
Alabama, middle	J. W. Dimmick	Montgomery	413.75	299.70	713.45	327.00	6.75		333.75	379.70		413.75
Alabama, southern	Richard Jones	Mobile	406.95	614.25	1,021.20	400.00			400.00	621.20		406.95
Arkansas, eastern	William P. Field	Little Rock	1,388.93	2,474.00	3,862.93	379.05	38.45	\$8.00	425.50	3,437.43		1,388.93
Do	Emerson R. Crum	Helena	23.65	470.65	494.31					494.31		23.65
Do	Joseph W. Parse	Batesville	16.25	61.70	77.95					77.95		16.25
Arkansas, western	Thomas Holes	Fort Smith	1,355.56	319.79	1,675.35	240.00			240.00	1,435.35		1,355.56
Do	John M. Somervell	Texasarkana	12.14	407.50	419.64					419.64		12.14
California, northern	Southard Hoffman	San Francisco	4,249.37	5,116.24	9,365.61	3,360.00	44.78	185.00	3,545.78	5,775.83		4,249.37
California, southern	William M. Van Dyke	Los Angeles	1,872.65	4,027.92	5,900.57	2,031.08	123.69	132.00	2,266.77	3,613.80	82.50	1,955.15
Colorado	Robert Bailey	Denver	347.36	6,762.39	7,109.75	3,685.65	244.05		3,929.70	3,180.05		347.36
Connecticut	E. E. Marvin	Hartford	898.91	1,872.66	2,771.57	817.14	18.77	58.44	889.35	1,882.22	76.00	974.91
Delaware	S. Rodmond Smith	Wilmington	1,323.05	1,022.51	2,345.56					2,345.56		1,323.05
Florida, northern	F. W. Marsh	Pensacola	1,662.44	699.15	2,361.59					2,361.59		1,662.44
Florida, southern	Eugene O. Locke	Jacksonville	606.32	1,798.77	2,405.07	1,261.73	44.90		1,306.63	1,098.78	54.00	660.64
Georgia, northern	O. C. Fuller	Atlanta	5,647.40	3,085.49	8,732.89	3,950.05	265.20	42.00	4,257.25	4,429.56	56.70	4,728.46
Georgia, southern	H. H. King	Savannah	2,641.60	1,327.70	3,969.30	1,516.70	21.12		1,537.82	4,372.28	19.80	2,667.20
Idaho	A. L. Richardson	Boise	202.95	2,641.60	2,844.55	1,080.00			1,080.00	1,764.55	73.20	276.15
Illinois, northern	S. W. Burnham	Chicago	2,425.00	15,474.56	17,899.56	9,333.37	351.12	187.00	9,871.49	8,028.07		2,425.00
Illinois, southern	James T. Jones	Springfield	1,130.15	2,792.76	3,922.91	960.00			960.00	2,962.91		1,130.15
Indiana	Noble C. Butler	Indianapolis	7,386.24	4,561.18	11,947.42	3,696.55	223.50	70.00	3,990.05	7,907.37	31.40	7,960.27
Iowa, northern	A. J. Van Duzee	Dubuque	763.10	3,392.47	4,155.57	760.83	31.12		791.95	3,963.62	59.90	3,959.38
Iowa, southern	Edward R. Mason	Des Moines	235.93	1,993.25	2,229.18	695.32			695.32	3,983.86	54.40	290.33
Kansas	George F. Sharlitt	Topeka	496.30	9,003.16	9,499.46	5,135.21	94.17	86.75	5,264.13	3,793.03	82.40	496.30
Kentucky	Thomas Speed	Louisville	3,305.31	3,801.61	7,106.92	1,477.80	3.75		1,481.55	2,320.08		28.93
Do	Walter G. Chapman	Frankfort	28.93	281.85	310.78					310.78		28.93
Do	Edward R. Hunt	Covington	24.20	2,530.49	2,554.69	600.00	26.30	30.00	656.30	1,898.39		24.20
Do	Joseph C. Finnell	Paducah		2,327.35	2,327.35					2,327.35		
Louisiana, eastern	J. B. Beattie	New Orleans	1,648.00	4,360.33	6,008.33	2,880.00	96.75	6.00	2,982.75	3,025.58		1,648.00
Louisiana, western	Edward R. Hunt	Shreveport		821.70	1,525.81					1,525.81		
Maine	A. H. Davis	Portland	704.11	2,316.38	3,020.49	1,192.75	12.10		1,204.85	1,820.96		704.11
Massachusetts	J. W. Chew	Baltimore	655.82	2,316.38	2,972.20	1,000.00	23.48		1,023.48	1,948.72		655.82
Massachusetts	Alex. H. Trowbridge	Boston	1,824.95	8,152.33	9,977.28	3,123.50	285.80	2.96	3,412.26	6,065.06		1,824.95
Michigan, eastern	Walter S. Harsha	Detroit	1,671.72	3,661.18	5,332.90	2,745.85			2,745.85	2,587.05	44.00	1,715.72
Michigan, western	Charles J. Fitch	Grand Rapids	1,220.36	2,148.26	3,368.62	214.60	16.00		230.60	3,138.02		1,220.36
Minnesota	Henry D. Lang	St. Paul	2,046.20	5,389.52	7,435.72	3,746.83	382.26		4,129.09	3,306.63	180.70	2,226.90

## REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

Mississippi, northern	G. B. Hill	197.83	479.45	677.28	248.55	7.00	31.40	255.55	431.73	31.10	107.93
Mississippi, southern	L. E. Moreley	234.83	387.72	2,672.66	622.00	29.52	20.10	1,989.07	1,989.07		2,317.88
Missouri, eastern	T. L. Crawford	93.70	377.72	5,312.04	531.04	70.70		6,011.76	3,203.56		462.20
Do	James R. May	93.70	4,451.31	5,312.04	1,887.20	277.25		6,011.76	3,203.56		462.20
Do	George L. Moore	68.13	5,526.42	5,526.42	5,526.42			5,526.42	5,526.42		50.73
Missouri, western	A. G. Leavelle	1,088.32	5,103.51	6,191.83	1,287.00	347.29		1,634.29	4,557.54		30.78
Do	S. A. Leath	68.48	3,392.23	3,392.23	3,392.23			3,392.23	3,392.23		48.48
Do	H. C. Geisberg	70.20	324.16	394.56	38.25			114.40	280.26		70.20
Do	Charles A. Pollock		291.99	291.99	38.25			291.99	291.99		
Do	George W. Sprinkle	590.00	2,488.78	3,078.78	900.00	34.05		934.05	2,144.73	18.75	608.75
Nebraska	George H. Thummel	1,407.74	3,250.58	9,563.82	4,976.92	394.12		5,450.64	4,207.68	59.10	769.10
Do	T. J. Edwards	802.90	3,250.58	9,563.82	4,976.92			5,450.64	4,207.68		769.10
New Hampshire	Fremont E. Shurtliff	121.65	25.00	1,736.45	1,146.65			1,146.65	1,146.65		121.65
Do	Burns P. Hodgman	618.90	624.27	1,243.17	1,243.17			1,243.17	1,243.17		618.90
New Jersey	S. D. Oliphant	1,155.00	6,841.05	7,992.05	3,007.25	274.00		3,410.97	4,586.08	23.60	642.50
New York, northern	W. S. Doobittle	409.38	1,572.65	1,962.03	780.00	38.80		3,410.97	4,586.08	23.60	642.50
New York, eastern	B. Lincoln Benedict	1,925.33	2,083.60	4,098.38	1,463.00	97.68		1,560.68	2,448.25	20.10	429.48
New York, southern	John A. Shields	936.50	34,259.11	35,195.61	10,500.00	620.80		11,387.40	23,808.21		1,925.33
New York, western	Harris S. Williams	438.15	718.97	1,545.12	1,545.12			1,545.12	1,545.12		
North Carolina, eastern	N. J. Riddick	336.57	1,208.87	1,545.12	1,545.12			1,545.12	1,545.12		
North Carolina, western	Samuel L. Trogdon	1,013.16	136.90	1,150.06	115.79	46.97		1,627.76	987.30		336.57
Do	Henry C. Cowles	693.12	82.25	775.37	275.20	23.27		2,098.47	476.90		1,013.16
Do	C. B. Moore	1,172.45	1,009.23	1,450.01	255.00	20.87		2,775.87	1,174.14		693.12
North Dakota	J. A. Montgomery	2,344.52	1,172.45	3,516.97	600.00			600.00	2,916.97		2,344.52
Ohio, northern	Irvin Bedford	6,967.35	11,241.74	18,209.07	5,067.77	616.43		5,854.20	12,524.87	38.80	3,883.32
Ohio, southern	B. R. Cowen	924.85	8,009.32	8,934.17	4,471.00			4,483.55	8,690.82	121.35	
Oregon	Joseph A. Sladen	3,907.15	6,871.81	6,878.96	4,188.26	40.15		4,568.41	5,720.55		3,907.15
Pennsylvania, eastern	Samuel Bell	1,360.00	8,178.83	10,178.83	4,200.00	249.90		4,952.90	5,568.38		1,360.00
Pennsylvania, middle	W. D. Crocker	30.00	41.20	71.20				71.20	71.20		
Pennsylvania, western	H. D. Gamble	1,213.80	2,424.70	3,638.50	910.80	42.10		952.90	2,685.60		1,213.80
Rhode Island	William P. Cross	1,376.63	2,483.71	3,860.24	900.00	84.55		1,014.55	1,860.24	24.40	1,376.63
South Carolina	J. E. Hagood	1,562.69	1,500.10	3,062.79	900.00			1,014.55	2,048.24		1,562.69
South Dakota	Henry S. Doka	896.62	1,908.94	2,775.25	475.00			1,800.25	1,800.25		896.62
Tennessee, eastern	Oliver O. Ewing	886.62	1,908.94	2,775.25	475.00			1,800.25	1,800.25		886.62
Tennessee, middle	H. M. Doak	1,371.25	1,944.00	3,316.25	635.00	20.13		1,415.25	1,415.25		1,371.25
Tennessee, western	John B. Clough	1,646.75	1,856.95	3,503.70	635.00			600.00	2,863.70		1,646.75
Texas, eastern	J. H. Finks	2,562.67	9,229.07	11,204.03	3,398.28	5.00		8,647.98	2,707.87		2,562.67
Texas, western	C. Dart	2,051.02	6,103.18	7,157.20	3,398.28	254.70		8,647.98	2,707.87		2,051.02
Utah	D. H. Hart	622.71	1,485.52	1,997.28	1,691.52	40.14		1,844.76	1,698.94	117.70	1,794.47
Utah	Jerrold R. Letcher	211.76	430.50	665.50	379.17			379.17	1,318.11	211.76	211.76
Vermont	George E. Johnson	234.90	275.82	469.52	680.00			680.00	680.00		234.90
Virginia, eastern	M. F. Pleasant	1,755.35	1,404.85	3,159.58	50.00			60.00	343.34		1,755.35
Virginia, western	Stanley W. Martin	344.95	58.39	403.34	50.00			60.00	343.34		344.95
Do	William McCauley	188.23	1,203.27	1,391.50					75.70		188.23
Do	A. K. Fletcher	350.50	1,404.85	3,159.58	50.00			200.00	1,555.35		350.50
Do	I. C. Fletcher	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	A. Reeves Ayres	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.59	6,059.58	3,250.00	34.50		3,449.85	2,609.73		2,462.42
Do	L. B. Dellicker	2,462.42	3,968.								

<sup>4</sup>Sept. 21, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

<sup>5</sup> July 1 to Aug. 31, 1900.

<sup>6</sup>Sept. 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

<sup>1</sup> July 1 to Dec. 31, 1900.  
<sup>2</sup> No returns for period covered by this report.

<sup>2</sup>No returns for period c

<sup>8</sup>July 1 to Sept. 16, 1900.



EXHIBIT T.—Statement showing for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, emoluments and office expenses of clerks of United States courts, as indicated by their emolument returns and accounts, as approved by the Department of Justice—Continued.

District.	Name of clerk.	Location.	Fees.		Total earnings.	Expenses.			Net emoluments from which clerks are paid.	Mileage.	Amount payable from "Fees of Clerks, United States courts."
			Earned from United States.	Earned from individuals.		Clerk hire.	Stationery.	Other items.			
Circuit courts—Continued.											
Wisconsin, eastern	Edward Kurtz.	Milwaukee.	\$499.20	\$1,613.08	\$2,112.28	\$558.00	\$16.75		\$574.75	\$1,537.53	\$499.20
Wisconsin, western	Alfred Harrison.	La Crosse.	47.10	61.82	108.92					108.92	47.10
Do	F. W. Oakley.	Madison.	343.39	1,450.70	1,794.09	425.00			425.00	1,369.09	343.39
Wyoming	Louis Kirk.	Cheyenne									
Total			96,957.45	256,930.88	353,888.33	125,727.94	7,038.38	\$1,910.89	134,677.21	219,211.12	75,014.62
District court.											
Alabama, northern	Charles J. Allison.	Birmingham.	2,207.66	4,577.32	6,784.98	2,440.00	138.00		2,578.00	4,206.98	1,500.68
Alabama, middle	J. W. Dimmick.	Montgomery.	2,603.55	1,309.05	3,912.60	1,773.00	34.00		1,807.00	2,005.60	2,603.55
Alabama, southern	Richard Jones.	Mobile.	1,533.85	1,867.20	3,400.95	800.00			800.00	1,700.95	1,533.85
Arkansas, eastern	O. M. Spellman.	Little Rock.	1,382.11	1,046.60	2,428.71	900.00		8.00	908.00	1,522.71	1,382.11
Do	S. B. Redding.	do	884.24	323.35	1,207.59	300.00	11.55	15.00	326.55	881.04	884.24
Do	E. R. Crum.	Helena.	449.66	315.45	765.11					765.11	449.66
Do	J. W. Farse.	Batesville.	507.83	214.10	721.93					721.93	507.83
Do	H. B. Armistead.	Fort Smith.	3,075.01	484.45	3,559.46	565.00	35.40		600.40	2,959.06	3,075.01
Arkansas, western	J. M. Somervell.	Texas.	752.95		752.95					752.95	752.95
California, northern	Geo. E. Morse.	San Francisco.	5,454.42	9,067.97	14,522.39	5,200.00	374.58	386.90	5,961.43	8,560.96	8,983.46
California, southern	E. H. Owen.	Los Angeles.	2,142.10	1,636.51	3,778.61	255.77	17.53		273.30	3,505.31	2,224.60
Colorado	C. W. Bishop.	Denver.	1,715.12	3,663.10	5,378.22	1,876.75	177.05	7.50	2,061.30	3,314.92	1,741.62
Connecticut	E. E. Marvin.	Hartford.	820.08	2,967.74	3,787.82	1,837.34	40.83		1,933.64	1,854.18	888.48
Delaware	S. R. Smith.	Wilmington.	604.30	1,974.65	2,478.95					2,478.95	604.30
Florida, northern	F. W. Marsh.	Pensacola.	661.64	777.87	1,439.51					1,439.51	661.64
Florida, southern	E. O. Locke.	Jacksonville.	1,890.09	2,349.94	4,240.03	1,627.09	69.18		1,696.27	3,541.76	1,921.39
Georgia, northern	W. C. Carter.	Atlanta.	7,158.90	2,637.70	9,796.60	5,570.00	123.20	512.00	6,205.20	3,493.40	7,262.40
Georgia, southern	H. H. King.	Savannah.	1,114.55	2,804.42	3,918.97	1,862.55	14.68		1,877.23	541.74	1,154.55
Idaho	A. L. Richardson.	Boise.	1,286.76	220.00	1,506.76					1,506.76	1,286.76
Illinois, northern	T. C. MacMillan.	Chicago.	2,478.40	23,298.00	25,776.40	9,285.00	507.98	624.60	10,417.58	15,348.82	82.20
Illinois, southern	M. B. Converse.	Springfield.	3,273.46	2,945.60	6,219.06	2,400.00	52.90		2,452.90	3,766.06	3,029.00
Indiana	N. C. Butler.	Indianapolis.	1,436.54	4,481.13	5,917.67	2,085.05	49.40	40.00	2,124.45	3,793.22	1,187.92
Iowa, northern	A. J. Van Duzee.	Dubuque.	1,370.77	4,313.39	5,684.16	1,695.83	100.45		1,796.28	3,887.88	59.90
Iowa, southern	W. C. Steadman.	Council Bluffs.	754.25	3,645.61	4,399.86	1,219.29	11.69		1,230.98	3,068.88	56.50
Do	W. C. McArthur.	do	527.88	1,725.90	2,253.78	1,149.01	52.50	3.20	1,204.71	1,049.07	810.75
Kansas	F. L. Brown.	Topeka.	1,994.50	2,609.57	4,604.07	1,851.09	69.50	86.00	1,956.59	2,647.48	2,082.20
Kentucky	Thos. Speed.	Louisville.	3,824.24	3,985.46	7,809.72	3,087.00	110.10	81.75	3,278.85	4,080.87	2,763.87

Do	W. G. Chapman	Frankfort	694.36	1,401.45	2,095.81	66.66	20.30	66.66	2,029.15	694.36
Do	J. C. Fennell	Covington	704.25	1,569.25	1,569.25	20.30	20.30	20.30	1,548.95	865.00
Do	J. R. Puryear	Paducah	1,478.15	4,178.15	1,648.10	114.60	114.60	2,214.60	1,648.10	1,648.10
Louisiana, eastern	F. H. Mortimer	New Orleans	4,973.80	6,171.45	6,171.45	2,100.00	2,100.00	2,100.00	8,956.85	749.80
Louisiana, western	J. B. Beattie	Shreveport	3,627.30	7,019.12	7,019.12	1,120.25	66.45	1,259.75	5,848.37	1,180.52
Maine	A. H. Davis	Portland	5,924.20	21,089.12	21,089.12	1,600.00	55.49	1,655.49	12,071.04	1,385.72
Massachusetts	J. H. Mason	Baltimore	18,783.52	21,089.12	21,089.12	8,220.00	656.18	9,017.04	12,071.04	1,385.72
Michigan, eastern	D. J. Davison	Boston	2,524.12	2,524.12	2,524.12	1,013.10	656.18	1,013.10	2,660.02	1,535.00
Michigan, western	John McQueen	Detroit	786.21	786.21	786.21	1,516.66	29.75	414.75	1,516.66	786.21
Do	J. C. Potter	Grand Rapids	1,172.00	1,172.00	1,172.00	385.00	29.75	414.75	1,516.66	786.21
Minnesota	C. L. Spencer	St. Paul	3,539.00	4,620.23	4,620.23	4,651.15	690.95	5,312.10	4,689.13	196.40
Mississippi, northern	J. S. Burton	Oxford	4,517.74	320.80	4,838.54	1,800.00	55.25	1,855.25	2,983.29	25.40
Mississippi, southern	L. B. Moseley	Jackson	3,596.64	1,468.31	5,064.95	2,160.19	71.48	2,780.67	2,786.28	3,596.64
Missouri, eastern	W. M. Morgan	St. Louis	1,837.78	2,347.94	4,185.72	840.00	65.75	840.00	3,345.72	1,837.78
Do	G. C. Moore	Hannibal	137.45	464.55	602.00	65.75	65.75	65.75	536.25	137.45
Missouri, western	J. M. Nuckols	Kansas City	1,731.60	3,533.44	5,265.04	900.00	7.35	1,062.10	2,471.34	1,801.84
Do	S. A. Latham	Springfield	397.10	397.10	1,048.04	28.25	7.35	35.60	1,012.44	685.94
Do	H. C. Geisburg	Jefferson City	420.39	387.00	817.39	63.55	23.25	86.80	1,780.59	420.39
Do	G. A. Pollock	St. Joseph	182.65	479.15	661.80	500.00	71.15	571.15	2,807.14	182.65
Montana	C. W. Sproule	Helena	1,724.44	1,653.85	3,378.29	1,300.00	225.19	1,570.19	3,302.97	1,724.44
Nebraska	R. C. Hoyt	Omaha	2,710.06	2,163.10	4,873.16	1,300.00	225.19	1,570.19	3,302.97	2,710.06
Nevada	T. J. Edwards	Carson City	1,025.70	279.05	1,304.75	1,300.00	225.19	1,570.19	3,302.97	1,025.70
New Hampshire	F. E. Shurtleff	Concord	185.00	185.00	321.56	1,300.00	225.19	1,570.19	3,302.97	185.00
Do	B. P. Hodgman	do	388.14	1,820.25	1,718.39	1,050.00	247.04	1,335.45	3,510.12	388.14
New Jersey	G. T. Cranmer	Trenton	535.63	4,309.94	4,845.57	2,220.00	290.52	2,510.52	4,500.06	535.63
New York, northern	W. S. Doolittle	Utica	1,040.76	5,969.82	7,010.58	5,400.00	206.19	5,792.91	6,850.63	1,040.76
New York, eastern	R. P. Morie	Brooklyn	1,622.15	11,021.39	12,643.54	6,400.00	229.55	6,792.91	12,643.54	1,622.15
New York, western	G. B. Keating	Buffalo	1,150.00	6,258.60	7,408.60	2,894.76	377.54	3,272.30	4,228.79	1,150.00
New York, southern	S. H. Lyman	New York	1,070.00	26,439.62	27,509.62	11,210.00	383.40	11,885.34	15,624.28	1,070.00
North Carolina, eastern	H. L. Grant	Raleigh	4,286.27	2,226.00	5,512.27	1,738.00	33.40	1,771.40	3,740.87	4,286.27
North Carolina, western	S. L. Trogon	Greensboro	3,001.90	201.40	3,203.30	678.00	44.80	719.80	2,483.50	3,001.90
Do	H. C. Cowles	Statesville	3,007.76	240.62	3,248.38	924.10	55.62	979.72	2,268.66	3,007.76
Do	C. B. Moore	Asheville	1,775.56	273.50	3,049.06	975.00	25.85	1,000.85	2,297.46	1,775.56
North Dakota	J. A. Montgomery	Fargo	2,117.96	1,121.90	3,239.86	600.00	186.21	600.00	3,293.70	2,117.96
Ohio, northern	H. F. Carleton	Cleveland	2,367.75	6,348.20	8,715.95	2,940.00	197.40	3,262.46	5,203.70	2,367.75
Ohio, southern	B. R. Cowen	Cincinnati	2,367.75	4,575.30	6,942.05	3,447.11	9.35	3,456.46	5,203.70	2,367.75
Oregon	E. D. McKee	Portland	3,882.11	2,002.03	5,884.14	900.00	76.66	909.35	6,892.21	3,882.11
Pennsylvania, eastern	C. S. Lincoln	Philadelphia	1,607.00	9,732.64	11,339.64	4,290.77	15.40	4,447.43	6,892.21	1,607.00
Do	W. W. Craig	do	472.80	3,185.45	3,658.25	1,003.33	37.10	1,018.73	2,636.32	472.80
Pennsylvania, middle	E. R. W. Searle	Scranton	316.50	233.05	549.55	140.00	37.10	180.35	369.20	316.50
Pennsylvania, western	W. T. Lindsey	Pittsburg	2,001.15	14,692.87	16,694.02	4,107.15	114.58	5,426.73	11,267.29	2,001.15
Rhode Island	W. P. Cross	Providence	1,090.65	1,306.35	2,397.00	1,500.00	54.55	1,554.55	2,991.82	1,090.65
South Carolina	C. J. C. Hudson	Charleston	2,846.45	1,699.92	4,546.37	1,500.00	54.55	1,554.55	2,991.82	2,846.45
North Dakota	O. S. Pender	Sioux Falls	2,132.63	1,522.42	3,655.05	1,500.00	47.63	2,184.21	3,310.05	2,132.63
Tennessee, eastern	H. O. Ewing	Chattanooga	2,849.36	2,376.77	5,226.13	2,087.66	34.00	2,121.66	3,041.92	2,849.36
Tennessee, middle	H. M. Doak	Nashville	352.18	2,552.65	2,904.83	600.00	34.00	600.00	2,904.83	352.18
Tennessee, western	J. B. Clough	Memphis	2,117.15	2,091.20	4,208.35	877.65	34.00	980.55	8,277.80	2,117.15

1 No returns for period covered by this report.  
 2 July 1, 1900, to Mar. 31, 1901.  
 3 Apr. 1 to June 30, 1901.

4 July 1 to Dec. 31, 1900.  
 5 Jan. 1 to June 30, 1901.  
 6 July 1 to Aug. 31, 1900.

7 Sept. 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.  
 8 July 1, 1900, to Apr. 12, 1901.  
 9 Apr. 22 to June 30, 1901.



	A. M. Bergere	Santa Fe	98.20	890.60	.....	890.60	.....	787.40
New Mexico—								
First district	H. P. Owen	Albuquerque	948.60	2,536.90	.....	2,536.90	.....	1,573.20
Second district	J. P. Mitchell	Silver City	145.90	1,080.74	.....	1,080.74	.....	934.84
Third district	Secondino Romero	Las Vegas	183.20	846.46	.....	846.46	.....	662.26
Fourth district	J. E. Griffith	Socorro	76.50	578.82	.....	578.82	.....	502.32
Fifth district	M. C. Hart	Guthrie	645.55	2,149.65	.....	2,149.65	.....	1,504.10
Oklahoma—								
First district	E. M. Hegler	El Reno	943.60	1,998.70	.....	1,998.70	.....	1,504.10
Second district	B. D. Shick	Oklahoma City	451.40	2,168.10	.....	2,168.10	.....	1,100.30
Third district	J. E. Peckard	Perry	1,029.35	4,235.18	.....	4,235.18	.....	1,750.40
Fourth district	J. P. Renshaw	Enid	1,471.45	2,381.55	.....	2,381.55	.....	3,290.00
Fifth district			910.10	2,381.55	.....	2,381.55	.....	951.20
Total.....			9,896.70	32,605.35	.....	32,605.35	.....	22,907.82

<sup>1</sup> No returns for period covered by this report.

<sup>2</sup> Apr. 29 to June 30, 1901.

## SUMMARY:

Courts.	Fees.			Expenses.				Net emolument from which clerk's are paid.	Mileage.	Amount payable from "Fees of clerks, United States courts."
	Earned from United States.	Earned from individuals.	Total earnings.	Clerk hire.	Stationery.	Other items.	Total expenses.			
Circuit courts.....	\$96,957.45	\$256,930.88	\$353,888.33	\$125,727.94	\$7,038.38	\$1,910.89	\$134,677.21	\$219,211.12	\$2,226.10	\$75,014.62
District courts.....	152,765.80	283,922.77	436,688.57	142,326.85	7,808.94	3,458.61	153,594.40	283,094.17	2,062.15	131,638.02
Territorial courts.....	22,708.65	9,896.70	32,605.35	2,500.00	.....	.....	2,500.00	80,105.35	199.17	22,907.82
Aggregate .....	272,431.90	550,750.35	823,182.25	270,554.79	14,847.32	5,369.50	290,771.61	532,410.64	4,477.42	229,560.46

EXHIBIT T—SUPPLEMENT.—Schedules of receipts from licenses; also statement showing funds available for school and other purposes in incorporated towns and available for school purposes outside of incorporated towns for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, in the district of Alaska.

Divisions and towns.	Receipts from licenses.				Available to incorporated towns for school and other purposes.	Available outside of incorporated towns for school purposes. <sup>1</sup>	Disbursed for incidental expenses of court.	Deposited to the credit of the United States.
	Quarter ended Sept. 30, 1900.	Quarter ended Dec. 31, 1900.	Quarter ended Mar. 31, 1901.	Quarter ended June 30, 1901.				
<i>First division</i>								
Juneau	\$14,485.50	\$3,395.00	\$445.00	\$25.00	\$9,175.25		\$11,402.70	\$59,083.72
Skagway	15,200.00	8,425.57	220.00	2,145.00	12,995.28			
Ketchikan	1,345.00	1,655.00	1,030.00	1,718.96	2,874.48			
Outside incorporated towns	19,059.00	9,241.00	13,692.44	24,212.74		\$4,083.71		
<i>Second division</i>								
Nome				8,826.30	4,413.15			
Outside incorporated towns	97,060.85	13,917.75	2,901.83	8,253.07			49,167.75	82,441.90
<i>Third division</i>								
Bagley City	10,170.00	2,165.00	2,600.00	649.16			13,407.51	
Outside incorporated towns								
Total	157,319.85	38,799.32	20,839.27	45,830.23	29,458.16	4,083.71	73,977.96	141,525.62

<sup>1</sup> One-half of amount received for licenses outside of incorporated towns since March 3, 1901, and covered into the Treasury of the United States.

EXHIBIT U.—*Report on bankruptcy matters.*

NOVEMBER 15, 1901.

## THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

SIR: The present law "establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," which was enacted July 1, 1898, has now been in force a little more than three years, this being longer than the operation of either the act of 1800 or 1841, and but eight years shorter than the act of 1867, which remained in force about eleven years notwithstanding its many inherent defects. The causes attending the repeal of the earlier laws are well known and need here no comment. The present law has materially profited by the experience gained under the earlier laws, and as a consequence contains the good features of all while avoiding many of their weak points.

In compliance with sections 53 and 54 of the law, I have the honor to report that blanks for semiannual reports were sent to the clerks of the various courts of bankruptcy for their own use and also for the use of the referees in their respective districts. With the exception of two or three instances, returns have been received from the clerks of every bankruptcy court in the United States, in addition to the courts in Porto Rico and Hawaii, thus enabling a fairly accurate statement of the status of this class of business pending and disposed of in the Federal courts. In addition to the clerks' reports, the Department has also received data from about 600 referees. The present returns are a material improvement over the earlier reports and contain information of much greater value and of more benefit than was earlier obtainable, and it may be safely stated that the result amply compensates for the great labor incident to their tabulation, which, as heretofore, has been enormous.

## VOLUNTARY CASES.

The grand total of petitions in bankruptcy filed in the United States for the year ending September 30, 1901, is 17,015, this being made up of 9,787 petitions filed during the first six months and 7,228 during the last six months, thus showing a material falling off, as was anticipated in our several earlier reports as likely to occur. Furthermore, the number filed during the past year was about 3,000 less than the year preceding and about 2,000 less than the year ending September 30, 1899.

The States showing the greatest number of petitions filed during the year are as follows: Illinois, with 2,003 petitions in the northern district and 263 in the southern district, making a total of 2,266 for the State; New York, with 467 in the northern district, 937 in the southern district, 290 in the eastern district, and 493 in the western district, making a total of 2,187 for the State; Massachusetts, with 1,673; Alabama, with 774 in the northern district, 133 in the middle, and 27 in the southern, making a total of 904 for the State; Ohio, with 446 in the northern and 320 in the southern, making a total of 766 for the State; Iowa, with 396 for the northern and 305 for the southern, making a total of 701 for the State.

The smallest number of voluntary petitions filed during the year were in the following States and Territories: Hawaii, 5; Arizona, 6;



any definite information showing the exact amount of fees chargeable in the administration of the bankruptcy business. A careful inspection, however, of the various reports as filed discloses the fact that this charge is reduced to a minimum, and it may be safely said that it is materially less than the amount usually incurred in the settlement of an insolvent's estate in accordance with the ordinary procedure under the State assignment or insolvency laws. Of the voluntary cases that were filed, it appears that in 2,587 the fees were not paid, but the petitions were filed in forma pauperis, while in 799 the fee was paid after the filing of the petition.

#### THE PRACTICAL OPERATION OF THE LAW.

The past year discloses the fact, as was anticipated in the earlier reports upon the practical operation of the bankruptcy law, that the number of voluntary petitions would shortly decrease in view of the belief that a good proportion of those filed during its earlier operation were those of old insolvents seeking to avail themselves of its advantages by securing a discharge coextensive with the limits of the United States. The present report shows that but 17,015 voluntary petitions were filed, which is more than 3,000 less than were filed during either of the two preceding years' operation of the law. It may be safely said that these reports are a fair criterion of business conditions, and the fact that more persons have not seen fit to take advantage of the law is clearly indicative of the continued business prosperity which has prevailed for the past few years.

The number of involuntary petitions filed during the year was 1,992, as against 1,810 filed during the year ending September 30, 1900, and 1,452 filed during the year ending September 30, 1899. While this comparison shows a slight increase in the number of petitions, it is not to be considered as in anywise contradicting the statement made with reference to the voluntary petitions, but may safely be said to be attributable to the greater familiarity of the legal fraternity with the advantages of the Federal bankruptcy law over the State insolvency laws, and instead of utilizing the latter they are availing themselves of the more extensive privileges of the former.

Several important opinions construing the law have been rendered during the past year by the Supreme Court of the United States. The most important and far-reaching is that of *Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. v. The Chicago Title and Trust Company*. In this case the question involved was as to whether or not a creditor who had received a payment on account was obliged to surrender the same before proving his claim for the balance, and the Supreme Court by a vote of 5 to 4 held that this should be done. As this decision reaches the very foundation of our commercial credit system it has received considerable criticism pro and con, and various recommendations have been suggested with reference to amending the law in this respect. While the feeling is almost universal that this provision of the law should receive the attention of Congress, yet a difference of opinion exists, even among the commercial community, as to what the amendment should be.

A bill was introduced in Congress by Representative Ray suggesting various amendments of the law, all of which have received the most careful and detailed attention on the part of the merchants of the country, as well as various legal associations, and on the whole, if



enacted, would materially strengthen the weak points which the practical operation of the law has developed, with the result that the United States would have one of the most equitable bankruptcy laws, so far as all classes—debtor and creditor—are concerned, that exists in any country on the globe.

While it is perhaps not in the province of this Department to make recommendations, yet it is suggested that if Congress decides to undertake the extensive amendment of the law, then the Ray bill would certainly remove most of the weak points which the practical operation of the law has developed. If, however, Congress does not intend to make such extensive amendments, but prefers that they should be limited, then it seems to us that, as recommended in our previous reports, section 14, with reference to the question of discharges, should be amended by making it more difficult to secure a discharge on the part of a dishonest debtor. Secondly, that section 23, which was held by the Supreme Court, in the case of *Bardes v. Hawarden Bank*, to restrict the trustee in instituting suit for the purpose of recovering fraudulent transfers or preference to the State court unless by consent of the defendant, be amended by giving the Federal court jurisdiction of such actions without the consent of the defendant. This will result in substituting the much more expeditious machinery of the Federal court, in which bankruptcy matters are entitled to priority, for that of the State court, in which the action of the trustee is more or less dependent upon the grace of the court, it being recognized that Congress has no authority to impose any jurisdiction upon a State court, and that therefore it lies within the power of such courts to delay such proceedings or entertain or refuse jurisdiction as they see fit. Thirdly, that section 57*g* of the law, which is interpreted by the Supreme Court as requiring a creditor to surrender any payment received on account prior to the proving of his claim for the balance, whether received innocently or not, should be amended by authorizing the creditor to retain any payment innocently received on account and prove his claim for the balance without surrendering such payment, but to receive no dividends on the balance until other creditors, who had not received payments on account, and thus less favored, had received a percentage equal in amount to that received by the favored creditor, and then all to share *pari passu*. If, however, this should not be deemed wise, an amendment which also meets with favor is to authorize a creditor to retain any payment that may have been received on account, provided it was innocently received, and prove for the balance.

It might be suggested in this connection that the fees as now allowed by the law are reduced to a minimum, and that in order to maintain the high standard of the referees, many of whose ability is unsurpassed and whose attainments might in another line demand a greater return, the fees should be revised so that they shall receive compensation commensurate with the amount of labor and skill required of them. Many of these referees are the peers of the judges of the Federal bench, and to secure a proper administration of the law such men should be retained in office. It would therefore seem wise that Congress should amend the law by fixing their fees at some reasonable amount, and thus avoid the serious conflict now arising, whereby one judge construes the law liberally relating to the question of fees and allows a number of miscellaneous charges, realizing that the referee

is underpaid and expecting through this means to some extent compensate him for his labors, while the judge in an adjoining district may be a strict constructionist and allow nothing except such as is specifically provided by the law. This results in great hardship, and Congress should make the fees uniform instead of leaving them to the discretion of the various courts.

That the bankruptcy law is meeting with approval on all hands is best attested by the fact that the American Bar Association in its recent convention at Denver, and the National Association of Credit Men at its convention at Buffalo, and other organizations have by resolution reiterated their belief in the advantages of the law and recommended that it be kept upon our statute books. There are, of course, isolated cases where exception is taken, but when sifted it usually develops that such opposition grows out of its operation in some way working injuriously to an individual and not because the law is not advantageous to the community of the United States as a whole.

Attached thereto are the following exhibits:

Exhibit A is a summary of reports from the clerks of the various courts of bankruptcy.

Exhibit B is a summary of the reports of referees in voluntary cases closed during the year.

Exhibit C is a summary of the reports of referees in involuntary cases closed during the year.

Very respectfully,

E. C. BRANDENBURG,  
*In charge of Bankruptcy Matters.*

EXHIBIT A.—Summary of reports from clerks of courts of bankruptcy for the year ending September 30, 1901.

District.	Voluntary petitions filed.			Involuntary petitions filed.			Petitions filed since passage of act.		Adjudications.		Cases dismissed.		Discharges.			Compositions confirmed.		Filing fees, voluntary cases.		
	For 6 months ending—		Total for year ending Sept. 30, 1901.	For 6 months ending—		Total for year ending Sept. 30, 1901.	Voluntary.	Involuntary.	Voluntary.	Involuntary.	Voluntary.	Involuntary.	Granted.	Refused.		Voluntary.	Involuntary.	Paid.	Not paid.	Paid after petition filed.
	Mar. 31, 1901.	Sept. 30, 1901.		Mar. 31, 1901.	Sept. 30, 1901.									Voluntary.	Involuntary.					
Alabama, northern.....	351	393	744	8	9	17	2,229	83	746	17	4	108	2	1	1	4	181	563	90	
Alabama, middle.....	61	72	133	8	5	13	618	37	133	7	2	86	2	1	1	1	96	37	51	
Alabama, southern.....	10	17	27	1	1	2	93	3	27	1	3	23	1	1	1	1	25	2	2	
Alaska.....	2	4	6	3	2	5	10	16	13	1	6	8	3	3	1	1	1	1	4	
Arizona.....	69	67	136	20	5	25	380	47	135	17	1	50	4	2	2	2	108	28	4	
Arkansas, eastern.....	21	18	39	14	9	23	117	49	41	15	1	26	5	1	1	2	39	60	17	
Arkansas, western.....	137	161	298	7	14	21	920	68	271	18	6	227	3	3	1	2	248	160	11	
California, northern.....	52	52	104	2	4	6	359	43	97	6	8	69	5	1	1	7	73	81	11	
California, southern.....	99	72	171	16	20	26	686	86	165	20	8	13	188	7	1	2	168	3	1	
Colorado.....	109	105	214	13	9	22	674	53	215	17	1	183	7	2	2	2	165	49	15	
Connecticut.....	5	9	14	2	3	5	31	12	12	1	2	13	1	1	1	1	14	7	1	
Delaware.....	21	9	30	7	7	14	158	42	32	3	1	23	1	1	1	2	23	23	5	
District of Columbia.....	24	6	30	1	1	2	117	5	30	5	1	33	3	1	1	1	25	5	8	
Florida, northern.....	18	23	41	5	8	13	114	28	40	5	1	32	4	1	2	2	41	5	1	
Florida, southern.....	114	122	236	16	13	29	706	110	247	23	4	202	6	1	1	2	174	62	24	
Georgia, northern.....	115	65	180	32	26	58	563	131	187	50	3	141	19	9	9	1	171	9	2	
Georgia, southern.....	2	3	5	1	1	2	87	2	7	2	2	13	1	1	1	1	20	5	1	
Hawaii.....	10	10	20	5	2	7	87	9	24	1	2	13	1	1	1	1	20	5	1	
Idaho.....	1,163	840	2,003	20	62	127	6,583	302	98	98	28	1,891	12	12	10	6	1,872	131	46	
Illinois, northern.....	149	114	263	65	28	14	842	72	263	10	2	652	12	12	2	2	248	15	7	
Illinois, southern.....	199	171	370	25	28	53	1,117	185	370	35	1	161	4	1	6	8	326	44	3	
Indiana.....	19	13	32	1	2	2	85	14	32	2	2	80	2	1	1	1	32	12	5	
Indian Territory, northern.....	7	5	12	1	1	1	52	3	93	4	1	27	1	1	1	1	12	2	1	
Indian Territory, central.....	16	13	29	1	2	3	144	14	27	8	1	27	1	1	1	1	27	2	1	
Indian Territory, southern.....	285	131	396	6	8	14	1,197	52	398	9	8	888	6	1	1	1	864	32	11	
Iowa, northern.....	195	110	305	12	11	23	1,204	62	285	16	3	287	5	1	1	1	303	2	3	
Iowa, southern.....	75	77	152	50	37	10	671	105	143	6	2	182	10	2	3	1	147	3	18	
Kansas.....	246	211	457	8	37	87	1,393	97	445	60	9	414	23	1	3	1	419	38	18	
Kentucky.....	56	64	120	3	3	3	363	15	120	1	1	93	1	1	1	1	82	88	12	
Louisiana, eastern.....	392	99	382	7	5	7	1,725	28	381	7	1	274	1	1	1	1	232	160	37	
Louisiana, western.....	101	101	200	13	18	18	668	51	199	12	5	103	4	1	1	1	129	71	39	
Maine.....	101	99	200	13	5	5	1,274	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	129	71	39	

Massachusetts.....	1,000	673	1,673	52	51	103	4,487	266	1,673	53	120	39	1,270	23	8	44	5	1,821	352	148	
Michigan, eastern.....	98	68	166	10	6	16	4,487	58	166	10	1	4	119	4	1	.....	.....	157	9	3	
Michigan, western <sup>1</sup> .....	33	33	66	15	15	15	157	66	66	23	4	1	31	2	.....	.....	.....	183	.....	.....	
Minnesota.....	327	559	886	19	8	27	2,277	66	554	23	4	1	5	486	5	4	1	511	48	12	
Mississippi, northern.....	7	232	239	16	5	11	59	25	65	6	2	1	44	9	.....	.....	.....	71	2	.....	
Mississippi, southern.....	35	38	73	12	6	18	286	66	65	6	2	1	44	9	.....	.....	.....	71	2	.....	
Missouri, eastern.....	46	58	104	23	17	40	380	111	94	21	1	15	108	6	.....	.....	.....	98	6	.....	
Missouri, western.....	121	109	230	26	14	40	886	92	248	8	4	.....	230	4	.....	.....	.....	230	.....	.....	
Montana.....	45	58	103	5	3	14	360	24	103	7	2	2	94	8	.....	.....	.....	95	8	7	
Nebraska.....	85	66	151	11	4	15	708	54	156	16	2	5	151	6	.....	.....	.....	145	6	5	
Nevada <sup>1</sup> .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
New Hampshire.....	80	58	168	3	4	7	470	27	162	5	.....	.....	101	3	.....	.....	.....	125	43	16	
New Jersey.....	112	92	204	34	27	61	608	155	204	54	3	5	175	19	.....	.....	.....	175	19	.....	
New Mexico.....	4	4	8	1	.....	5	47	94	94	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	
New York, northern.....	269	198	467	33	22	55	627	77	463	82	1	6	460	23	4	.....	.....	457	10	.....	
New York, southern.....	535	492	937	143	101	244	8,610	576	937	148	49	36	831	59	31	.....	.....	880	57	11	
New York, eastern.....	160	130	290	37	28	85	990	192	289	42	.....	.....	259	16	.....	.....	.....	290	.....	.....	
New York, western.....	299	194	493	17	21	98	2,228	196	477	17	4	6	479	3	1	.....	.....	490	3	.....	
North Carolina, eastern.....	28	24	52	8	.....	13	173	82	162	17	.....	.....	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	.....	.....	
North Carolina, western.....	20	18	38	5	6	11	133	24	102	20	1	1	38	17	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	.....	
North Dakota.....	66	41	107	2	3	5	311	12	107	.....	.....	.....	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	1	.....	
Ohio, northern.....	251	135	446	19	18	37	1,300	121	389	19	3	.....	304	12	.....	.....	.....	406	40	5	
Ohio, southern.....	188	132	320	21	13	94	1,164	100	318	21	5	7	236	12	.....	.....	.....	297	23	4	
Oklahoma.....	19	12	27	11	7	18	71	37	155	21	6	5	40	5	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	.....	
Oregon.....	92	77	169	2	8	10	491	23	155	6	1	2	134	78	.....	.....	.....	111	58	14	
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	168	92	260	84	33	117	802	308	260	105	3	20	283	78	.....	.....	.....	290	.....	.....	
Pennsylvania, western.....	242	169	401	48	37	85	1,417	237	366	67	.....	.....	361	22	.....	.....	.....	365	86	9	
Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Rhode Island <sup>2</sup> .....	31	29	49	15	11	11	186	33	29	9	.....	.....	33	3	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	
South Carolina.....	62	39	101	3	5	20	135	53	47	12	.....	.....	32	7	.....	.....	.....	46	3	.....	
Tennessee, eastern.....	90	86	176	7	8	9	273	22	97	2	2	1	61	1	.....	.....	.....	101	.....	.....	
Tennessee, middle.....	106	73	179	1	.....	8	652	27	103	6	11	2	137	6	.....	.....	.....	125	51	33	
Tennessee, western.....	118	80	198	18	12	19	601	44	179	7	2	2	125	2	.....	.....	.....	166	32	.....	
Texas, northern.....	119	82	201	19	13	20	330	48	198	18	.....	.....	86	10	.....	.....	.....	196	6	4	
Texas, eastern.....	85	53	138	24	14	38	791	89	136	26	3	3	201	18	.....	.....	.....	196	6	4	
Texas, western.....	61	34	95	9	3	12	443	94	96	12	2	4	95	1	.....	.....	.....	132	3	.....	
Utah.....	40	44	84	9	5	14	262	25	82	9	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	10	.....	
Vermont.....	137	115	252	3	2	5	830	17	252	5	1	.....	205	1	.....	.....	.....	178	74	19	
Virginia, eastern.....	1	1	2	.....	1	1	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	
Virginia, western.....	117	88	205	4	.....	4	508	13	211	3	.....	.....	166	4	.....	.....	.....	112	98	10	
Washington.....	62	39	101	9	1	10	389	39	93	6	2	1	101	3	.....	.....	.....	95	6	1	
West Virginia.....	136	84	220	5	1	6	740	15	219	3	.....	.....	141	1	.....	.....	.....	162	58	8	
Wisconsin, eastern.....	100	86	186	11	10	21	502	58	184	17	2	2	156	1	.....	.....	.....	160	26	5	
Wisconsin, western.....	84	51	135	5	5	10	435	40	131	9	8	.....	122	1	.....	.....	.....	131	4	3	
Wyoming.....	5	5	10	1	.....	1	29	3	10	1	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	1	.....	
Total.....	9,787	7,228	17,015	1,129	863	1,982	57,817	5,318	16,659	1,370	353	307	13,762	527	72	14	166	78	14,428	2,587	799

<sup>1</sup> First six months only.<sup>2</sup> Second six months only.

## EXHIBIT B.—Grand total for United States,

## SUMMARY OF REFEREES' REPORTS—

District.	Number of cases.	Assets.				Liabilities.							
		Total.	Cases with assets.	Cases with no assets.	Less than \$500.	Total.	Less than \$100.	Less than \$500.	Less than \$1,000.	Less than \$5,000.	Less than \$10,000.	Less than \$20,000.	More than \$20,000.
Alabama:													
Northern .....	99	\$60,515.66	80	19	52	\$266,051.43	2	33	21	26	10	5	1
Middle .....	75	9,690.44	36	39	28	420,872.44	2	24	11	25	4	5	4
Southern .....	25	48,076.95	17	8	13	181,044.74		10	2	8	1	1	3
Alaska .....	3			3		35,866.88					2	1	
Arizona .....	10	10,157.37	5	5	8	55,285.73			3	2	3	2	
Arkansas:													
Eastern .....	48	29,182.10	31	17	17	269,842.82	1	8	6	20	6	4	2
Western .....	38	61,243.74	25	13	8	198,334.09		3	2	18	10	4	
California:													
Northern .....	212	80,145.61	74	138	38	1,560,487.66		18	41	105	19	12	17
Southern .....	59	17,631.96	25	34	21	359,834.14		7	11	26	4	4	4
Colorado .....	182	23,964.35	45	137	27	3,369,048.33		17	21	71	24	19	30
Connecticut .....	203	93,698.73	154	49	108	1,832,072.56	1	4	21	106	33	21	17
Delaware .....	9	5,863.41	7	2	4	90,885.12				5	1	1	2
Dist. Columbia .....	20	3,408.12	14	6	12	159,303.35			1	9	7	1	2
Florida:													
Northern .....	25	20,095.48	16	9	4	99,071.83			5	15	5		
Southern .....	27	2,098.86	5	22	3	333,728.11		1		14	2	5	4
Georgia:													
Northern .....	194	85,706.53	45	149	21	1,085,573.45		25	33	85	26	10	12
Southern .....	125	76,937.91	40	85	24	972,938.33		6	14	76	9	7	13
Hawaii .....													
Idaho .....	11	4,759.25	5	6	1	61,750.70			2	6	1	2	
Illinois:													
Northern .....	2,016	560,397.83	1,408	613	1,361	26,462,963.99	1	276	328	791	265	137	211
Southern .....	198	105,893.85	167	31	121	867,847.99		13	33	101	35	9	6
Indiana .....	324	204,362.46	203	121	130	2,942,978.49		16	38	166	52	25	25
Indian Territory:													
Northern .....	23	39,197.14	19	4	14	199,698.83		4	2	10	2	1	4
Central .....	19	24,541.26	15	4	6	83,246.78		1	3	11	1	2	
Southern .....	10	5,585.12	1	9		448,423.54		1	1	2	2		2
Iowa:													
Northern .....	335	77,038.85	106	229	76	1,437,530.27		25	62	184	39	9	10
Southern .....	282	156,115.60	168	114	113	1,013,692.84		21	38	176	30	13	4
Kansas .....	131	72,785.27	63	68	39	2,483,779.96		15	19	60	21	6	10
Kentucky .....	394	276,910.90	129	265	56	3,182,903.18		73	67	146	47	25	27
Louisiana:													
Eastern .....	88	54,698.20	58	30	33	474,989.59		2	8	46	18	10	4
Western .....													
Maine .....	373	15,890.88	94	279	86	531,945.38		134	109	110	6	8	6
Maryland .....	160	31,459.58	27	133	13	732,548.92	1	48	26	55	13	6	11
Massachusetts .....	1,250	1,877,319.01	665	585	463	10,655,016.34	2	88	169	569	177	136	104
Michigan:													
Eastern .....	128	46,955.00	32	96	13	1,153,798.13		1	6	69	27	15	10
Western .....	37	27,898.36	19	18	12	473,986.15			1	21	7	4	3
Minnesota .....	526	257,728.30	346	180	202	7,711,006.46		40	80	274	48	31	47
Mississippi:													
Northern .....	7	2,025.00	3	4	1	39,095.35			2	2	2	1	
Southern .....	39	16,937.38	13	26	5	316,647.85	1	2	4	15	7	4	4
Missouri:													
Eastern .....	43	47,134.30	39	4	28	373,849.85		1	2	18	13	3	4
Western .....	261	197,086.46	178	83	130	4,134,166.16		20	27	112	43	22	34
Montana .....	77	11,267.24	19	58	11	301,673.86		7	19	99	7	1	
Nebraska .....	133	41,377.96	67	66	52	1,502,767.35		4	16	50	21	18	20
Nevada .....													
New Hampshire .....	118	38,828.25	74	44	62	378,480.91		25	27	55	5	4	3
New Jersey .....	100	26,352.64	47	53	31	2,398,443.77		1	6	32	24	13	24
New Mexico .....	4	165.25	1	3	1	4,871.29				3			
New York:													
Northern .....	463	176,980.56	267	196	211	5,226,105.00		11	40	228	61	37	58
Southern .....	690	100,890.27	165	525	112	25,299,261.31	1	9	29	273	132	94	146
Eastern .....	241	9,883.99	86	155	84	4,493,425.13		4	18	108	37	34	40
Western .....	437	269,705.75	263	174	222	4,608,191.91		12	42	218	75	39	43

by districts, year ending September 30, 1901.

## VOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY—CASES CLOSED.

Dividends.		Amounts set apart.		Total fees, commissions, and expenses.	Number of cases.	When insolvent prior to year—			Nature of business.							Number of pauper cases.	Number of pending cases not closed.
Total.	Cases.	As exempt.	To pay priority secured, or lien claimants.			1890.	1895.	1897.	Farmer.	Wage-earner.	Merchant.	Manufacturer.	Professional.	Miscellaneous.			
\$11,859.30	15	\$20,402	\$21,663	\$4,954.33	98	1	3	14	47	33	2	1	2	2	454		
12,036		12,036	94	2,061.00	75	1	2	10	43	18	1		3	21	505		
40,965.09	4	4,979	1,029	1,877.37	26	1	1	2	14	8			1	2	16		
3,836.98	1	2,518	223	1,441.48	6					5			5		9		
2,532.78	3	17,612	265	3,241.25	47	1	2	1	13	28		1	5	5	115		
35,062.84	15	14,851	8,623	6,928.89	38		4	2	12	21		1	2		43		
24,502.21	26	71,791	23,372	13,544.10	147		1	28	120	28	2	13	21	16	298		
13,666.11	11	17,523	1,102	3,386.52	49			5	30	11		4	9	15	71		
8,862.22	13	25,382	6,254	9,599.58	182		1	11	111	32	1	12	15	4	139		
59,839.77	94	12,441	8,527	23,629.58	202	1	3	8	90	57	11	1	26	36	255		
1,494.43	2	495	3,163	1,300.29	9	1	2	1		7			1		11		
544.19	1	2,155	140	969.58	19				12	3		1	4	6	25		
2,559.71	4	8,251	1,289	1,540.47	23	1	4		6	15	1	1	2		11		
1,285.53	4	3,078	86	910.87	24	2	4	2	3	18			6		28		
12,162.50	9	20,837	44,528	11,160.71	183	2	1	2	20	107	55	3	5	4	29		
658.86	2	24,417	8,720	6,497.25	123		5	3	16	37	61		2	9	4		
		12,992	2,800	378.65	8			1	4	3	3			1	2		
176,630.63	50	307,927	85,216	69,572.01	1,640	5	13	7	35	1,497	141	31	74	238	99		
19,418.51	15	48,841	18,546	12,529.42	198			1	59	79	37	3	7	13	4		
68,859.83	39	83,887	41,720	17,628.14	304	7	21	6	46	146	93	6	13	20	32		
		8,247	23,548	1,450.25	23	2	3	4	7	5	8			3			
2,107.08	2	6,894	981	13,718.23	15						15		2	2	5		
		3,771		235.20	10				2	3	4			1			
11,083.92	9	97,879	21,138	10,674.61	324	10	31	17	136	125	45	1	9	19	21		
41,264.91	14	113,075	24,334	9,685.34	269	6	35	28	116	85	54	3	8	16	10		
15,435.54	21	51,916	30,744	31,223.05	131		8	7	41	44	36		5	5			
57,785.99	31	62,555	88,663	67,355.51	368	10	20	17	93	183	67	3	9	39	22		
6,389.96	19	460,201	39,003	788,413.96	82	1			2	27	45	2	1	11	20		
5,575.76	23	33,797	1,290	7,847.46	364	2	2	5	58	286	15	5	2	7	99		
2,352.11	11	2,489	14,704	10,397.00	135	1	1	3	12	106	24	2	2	14	62		
302,278.20	171	135,182	376,605	51,827.48	1,159	24	90	107	17	773	222	38	60	140	108		
16,912.96	20	70,133	3,384	11,879.93	128	1		1	3	50	45	4	2	24			
7,500.47	5	13,234	12,877	2,174.38	37		6	1	4	15	8	4	6				
39,994.97	46	215,071	36,010	31,797.64	401		1		118	267	77	6	12	46	5		
		250	60	176.64	6						6			1	2		
7,609.94	5	8,986	170	4,477.70	36		3		5	7	19		1	7			
3,729.23	6	6,441	4,579	2,675.31	43	3	10	4	3	18	18		2	2	2		
33,263.83	31	53,721	92,637	11,766.19	257	2	11	5	18	112	84	4	8	35	8		
454.22	2	28,066	1,067	1,395.24	77				5	48	7		5	12	2		
4,756.97	7	30,469	13,896	6,179.02	133	2	9	3	28	65	20		3	17	6		
24,394.50	23	8,169	4,993	6,008.26	111			1	14	71	23	2	5	3	13		
3,513.75	11	7,246	3,733	5,297.89	87	2	9	2	1	28	34	3	3	31	1		
157.99	1			41.65	4					1				3	1		
88,121.54	59	36,367	28,108	31,117.12	332	9	14	19	60	186	117	31	8	61	4		
57,811.77	21	50,970	13,000	35,309.66	642	7	17	9	1	324	152	16	21	176	23		
2,692.77	11	15,954	79	6,465.35	241	8	19	14		131	41	3	4	62	1		
166,182.00	54	36,515	43,206	36,396.04	306		6	2	46	185	93	4	13	96			

## EXHIBIT B.—Grand total for United States,

## SUMMARY OF REFEREES' REPORTS—

District.	Number of cases.	Assets.				Liabilities.							
		Total.	Cases with assets.	Cases with no assets.	Less than \$500.	Total.	Less than \$100.	Less than \$500.	Less than \$1,000.	Less than \$5,000.	Less than \$10,000.	Less than \$20,000.	More than \$20,000.
North Carolina:													
Eastern .....	36	\$18,946.25	14	22	6	\$191,089.71	1	1	16	4	3	2	
Western .....	36	21,400.54	18	18	8	2,136,130.24	3	1	9	7	4	11	
North Dakota .....	82	116,102.92	72	10	14	610,177.58	3	7	41	17	6	5	
Ohio:													
Northern .....	356	220,212.04	168	188	105	5,080,113.63	1	14	41	161	60	35	41
Southern .....	254	123,344.13	126	128	77	3,216,336.46	16	25	108	41	17	29	
Oklahoma .....	19	4,709.00	6	13	1	70,657.98	1	2	7	8	2		
Oregon .....	125	9,752.31	30	95	24	774,673.53	9	15	62	18	10	8	
Pennsylvania:													
Eastern .....	266	105,920.13	186	80	154	10,614,066.82	7	83	51	52	73		
Western .....	364	115,751.06	123	241	70	6,821,118.36	2	5	13	144	67	62	53
Porto Rico .....													
Rhode Island .....	54	28,153.80	36	18	27	479,926.93	8	24	10	8	4		
South Carolina .....	32	50,527.28	17	15	5	302,428.41	14	9	5	3			
South Dakota .....	84	52,459.43	52	32	26	682,123.19	4	10	37	22	4	9	
Tennessee:													
Eastern .....	151	40,596.70	59	92	45	741,432.19	57	24	43	10	6	8	
Middle .....	213	9,892.13	41	172	36	522,263.68	105	26	61	10	6	4	
Western .....	46	6,829.38	6	40	3	173,730.72	1	5	6	6	1	3	
Texas:													
Northern .....	235	318,978.78	146	89	36	2,537,803.87	1	16	93	61	24	35	
Eastern .....	54	55,520.07	21	33	8	486,838.89	5	3	20	8	9	8	
Western .....	51	19,685.82	7	44	2	934,824.86	2	4	21	6	7	10	
Utah .....	77	24,486.26	23	54	13	491,861.30	8	18	32	10	5	4	
Vermont .....	208	64,473.81	125	83	97	390,253.17	1	80	39	69	10	4	2
Virginia:													
Eastern .....	1			1		32,916.00							1
Western .....	161	13,190.97	44	117	14	665,117.99	4	56	30	54	6	3	8
Washington .....	52	44,330.23	20	32	5	1,140,735.00			4	25	8	5	10
West Virginia .....	196	19,750.51	106	90	99	729,449.06	76	33	61	11	6	4	
Wisconsin:													
Eastern .....	121	90,432.56	75	46	48	810,947.52	5	19	53	15	18	9	
Western .....	140	313,537.61	100	40	51	735,345.26	11	13	64	27	14	8	
Wyoming .....	2			2		3,467.63	1		1				
Total .....	13,688	7,275,664.84	6,982	6,706	4,944	162,635,658.22	20	1,466	1,809	5,870	1,881	1,128	1,325

by districts, year ending September 30, 1901—Continued.

VOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY—CASES CLOSED—Continued.

Dividends.		Amounts set apart—		Total fees, commissions, and expenses.	Number of cases.	When insolvent prior to years—			Nature of business.						Number of pauper cases.	Number of pending cases not closed.
Total.	Cases.	As exempt.	To pay priority, secured, or lien claimants.			1890.	1895.	1897.	Farmer.	Wage-earner.	Merchant.	Manufacturer.	Professional.	Miscellaneous.		
\$9,390.06	8	\$8,921	\$1,100	\$1,875.06	36	2	...	...	2	7	23	1	...	3	...	44
7,192.47	5	25,602	7,801	3,153.89	31	...	...	2	...	9	23	1	...	3	...	40
814.63	4	65,728	2,639	2,807.29	79	...	...	...	41	22	6	...	4	9	...	41
33 730.62	28	40,660	58,933	27,574.83	334	12	33	30	43	149	91	10	18	45	3	509
28,881.56	24	42,755	46,422	16,205.11	227	3	27	22	23	120	75	5	8	23	7	213
3,241.56	4	11,497	495	1,052.24	16	...	...	...	1	4	11	...	...	3	2	20
1,218.34	5	18,985	2,327	1,814.40	45	...	4	1	19	27	13	...	2	64	10	79
32,589.15	29	34,161	30,946	22,353.25	263	26	53	33	5	86	137	21	2	25	...	415
95,907.55	37	49,533	30,972	20,599.77	317	3	14	8	28	158	99	5	10	64	8	480
18,598.52	21	2,937	681	4,628.21	54	...	...	...	...	22	13	6	...	13	2	101
11,285.53	7	10,635	5,598	3,351.68	22	...	2	...	4	4	22	...	2	...	1	20
1,919.40	4	63,816	15,975	2,088.38	66	...	3	3	34	31	11	2	2	4	1	73
15,038.35	17	27,618	30,523	6,473.56	137	...	1	1	14	109	16	...	8	4	1	60
5,997.91	8	...	19	8,696.30	213	...	...	...	16	154	31	...	1	11	1	279
3,549.96	3	1,000	1,421	1,437.68	46	...	1	1	3	23	9	...	...	11	4	134
6,818.06	7	364,047	23,834	10,930.01	225	1	3	3	49	62	80	...	9	35	3	403
1,410.62	2	87,184	6,612	2,275.07	51	1	6	4	9	11	29	...	1	4	...	65
11,915.02	6	95,690	5,478	3,080.11	49	4	8	5	5	25	14	...	2	5	...	86
10,537.52	8	26,762	955	1,348.30	74	1	...	...	4	27	10	1	1	34	3	80
12,666.13	31	30,815	17,375	10,411.40	208	...	...	...	44	128	28	1	3	4	67	423
...	...	...	...	4.00	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
1,266.83	8	21,133	2,256	3,047.23	147	3	3	3	16	107	23	...	4	11	5	74
13,035.00	1	31,998	8,251	6,167.12	49	...	11	...	14	21	13	...	...	4	...	43
2,107.37	6	13,611	10,525	6,594.95	182	...	...	...	8	133	33	...	6	16	70	202
19,513.99	18	67,699	4,857	10,179.21	52	1	7	3	5	58	40	1	2	15	15	82
21,659.66	18	31,744	3,822	12,117.96	140	...	...	...	20	55	47	2	4	12	...	97
...	...	351	...	55.00	2	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	7
1,750,894.69	1,212	3,238,864	1,476,324	1,568,471.61	12,161	168	532	399	1,459	7,068	2,852	248	416	1,645	883	17,061



## EXHIBIT C.—Grand total for United States,

## SUMMARY OF REFEREES' REPORTS—

District.	Number of cases.	Assets.				Liabilities.							
		Total.	Cases with assets.	Cases with no assets.	Less \$500.	Total.	Less \$100.	Less \$500.	Less \$1,000.	Less \$5,000.	Less \$10,000.	Less \$20,000.	More than \$20,000.
Alabama:													
Northern .....	7	\$12,712.24	7	.....	1	\$71,167.40	.....	.....	.....	1	3	2	1
Middle .....	1	6,785.00	1	.....	.....	23,355.01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Southern .....	1	5,672.30	1	.....	.....	12,053.53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Alaska .....	1	1,849.14	1	.....	.....	9,231.75	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Arizona .....	2	2,939.14	2	.....	.....	12,080.36	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Arkansas:													
Eastern .....	6	14,961.51	6	.....	.....	24,355.05	.....	.....	.....	4	1	1	.....
Western .....	20	49,203.65	17	3	2	134,731.76	.....	.....	1	8	5	3	1
California:													
Northern .....	31	37,947.16	22	9	14	178,987.70	.....	3	8	16	1	.....	3
Southern .....	8	4,910.07	4	4	.....	34,353.81	.....	1	.....	3	2	2	.....
Colorado .....	16	47,832.03	10	6	5	231,938.59	.....	.....	2	5	3	4	2
Connecticut .....	8	16,281.44	7	1	1	263,305.36	.....	.....	1	.....	2	2	3
Delaware .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dist. Columbia .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida:													
Northern .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Southern .....	2	3,361.67	2	.....	.....	21,643.26	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....
Georgia:													
Northern .....	15	44,395.57	12	3	4	163,476.05	.....	5	1	6	5	.....	1
Southern .....	17	37,001.67	12	5	2	276,539.29	.....	.....	2	7	3	2	2
Hawaii .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Idaho .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois:													
Northern .....	55	201,877.23	45	10	10	1,335,939.90	.....	.....	.....	14	11	12	13
Southern .....	12	43,554.29	12	.....	1	120,205.07	.....	.....	.....	3	5	2	2
Indiana .....	21	65,639.18	15	6	2	259,856.58	.....	.....	.....	8	3	7	2
Indian Territory:													
Northern .....	2	473.45	1	1	1	12,757.70	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1
Central .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Southern .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa:													
Northern .....	7	9,651.34	5	2	.....	44,781.89	.....	.....	.....	5	1	.....	1
Southern .....	40	8,347.40	7	33	3	272,655.53	.....	2	4	16	11	4	2
Kansas .....	17	25,052.29	16	1	3	59,330.54	.....	.....	.....	12	3	.....	1
Kentucky .....	22	309,633.84	21	1	2	429,371.15	.....	.....	.....	7	9	5	1
Louisiana:													
Eastern .....	1	3,182.82	1	.....	.....	91,708.20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Western .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maine .....	2	4,351.04	2	.....	.....	13,419.34	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Maryland .....	3	3,597.10	3	.....	1	30,721.92	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1
Massachusetts .....	40	119,895.01	30	10	15	1,364,298.23	.....	1	.....	8	11	10	8
Michigan:													
Eastern .....	5	20,344.62	3	2	.....	74,968.46	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	2
Western .....	2	33,853.15	2	.....	.....	36,281.84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Minnesota .....	10	27,100.48	9	1	2	91,580.30	.....	1	.....	2	2	2	2
Mississippi:													
Northern .....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	26,320.83	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Southern .....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	3,483.75	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Missouri:													
Eastern .....	16	44,535.28	14	2	2	143,241.21	.....	.....	1	4	3	5	1
Western .....	25	36,884.95	19	6	5	125,874.55	.....	2	.....	13	6	2	1
Montana .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska .....	7	5,561.63	6	1	4	267,117.41	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	5
Nevada .....	1	1,721.10	1	.....	.....	9,769.10	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
New Hampshire .....	4	7,536.76	4	.....	1	49,826.07	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	.....
New Jersey .....	12	24,609.85	10	2	2	235,815.86	.....	.....	.....	3	2	5	2
New Mexico .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York:													
Northern .....	27	316,622.52	23	4	5	520,402.94	.....	.....	.....	5	9	5	6
Southern .....	54	54,523.25	39	15	20	962,684.54	.....	.....	.....	20	16	6	11
Eastern .....	18	13,900.52	16	2	7	174,551.59	.....	.....	.....	7	5	3	2
Western .....	15	77,052.87	13	2	3	222,902.46	.....	.....	.....	4	4	5	1
North Carolina:													
Eastern .....	1	2,019.67	1	.....	.....	4,899.29	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Western .....	2	499.85	2	.....	2	5,617.75	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
North Dakota .....	2	2,567.25	2	.....	.....	9,882.72	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....

by districts, year ending September 30, 1901.

## INVOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY—CASES CLOSED.

Dividends.		Amount set apart—		Total fees, commissions, and expenses.	Number of cases.	When insolvent prior to years—			Nature of business.					Number of pauper cases.	Number of pending cases not closed.	
Total.	Cases.	As exempt.	To pay priority secured, or lien claimants.			1890.	1895.	1897.	Farmer.	Wage earner.	Merchant.	Manufacturer.	Professional.			Miscellaneous.
\$8,168.69	6		\$5,188	\$2,287.94	6					6	1				22	7
4,306.37	1	\$333	6,500	285.00	1					1					4	4
950.37	1		851	47.74	1					1						
1,773.97	2	85	1,675	314.14	2					1		1			3	
		1,000	729	3,522.43	6					6					26	
32,524.42	16	6,662	4,895	7,855.50	18					1	16	1		2	31	
23,736.55	11	9,212	6,091	6,334.11	30			1	17	5			8	2	100	
4,228.73	3	550	439	1,515.47	8				2	4			2		71	
53,256.74	11	1,010	2,709	8,413.59	15				1	12			3		30	
7,929.57	4	336	1,392	1,550.18	7					4	2		2	3	85	
															4	
															4	
391.89	1	2,100		441.30	2					2					4	17
35,254.60	5		4,383	1,752.10	11					2	13				50	
2,556.55	4	2,538	194	2,384.55	13					2	14		1		39	
															1	6
130,367.86	34	6,427	14,327	42,473.54	52				10	14	5		26		262	
17,333.00	6	1,459	7,227	4,717.60	12					11			1		9	
11,632.95	10	6,232	47,029	4,843.63	20		1		2	14	2		3		64	
		377		132.95	2					2					11	4
															4	5
4,411.23	4	590	897	4,917.54	6					7				1	40	
1,677.92	5	16,149	598	2,481.33	38	2	9	3	3	14	12	4	2	5	44	
12,990.00	15	5,875	1,470	4,624.42	17					16				1	74	
10,432.97	14	8,075	11,300	83,179.98	22	1			3	15	1			3	70	
145,552.00	1		32,500	1,477.30	1					1					4	
3,598.31	2	326	74	907.46	2					1	1				43	
1,754.21	1	165	136	457.74	3					1	1		1		53	
57,224.41	20	1,915	50,074	3,060.01	32	1	1	5		6	12	6		16	102	
16,624.61	3	824	1,175	1,893.42	5					2	3				22	
13,250.87	4	1,405	3,596	5,184.37	9					1	7	1	1		19	28
				41.24	1							2			6	
592.85	1			367.50	1						1				32	
18,527.92	11	2,756	207	6,387.99	14					2	10		2	2	79	
26,912.29	19	4,979	1,207	6,366.66	22				1		22	1		1	69	
3,612.69	4	1,005	2,037	1,977.54	7					1	5			1	9	
1,081.50	1	510	672	735.70	1						1				2	
4,507.13	3	50	1,043	1,936.66	3					2	2				28	
7,938.49	5	800	10,325	2,510.81	12					2	5	4	1		4	71
248,663.71	15	2,354	1,732	20,668.84	25					3	17	3	1	3	82	
17,551.56	22	1,801	33,273	12,251.66	52		1			3	25	9		17	262	
12,649.48	13	533	407	2,396.43	17					2	4			12	86	
64,882.82	9	440	3,204	9,197.29	15						8			7	251	
1,676.24	1	500	101	242.78	1						1				18	
		1,100		224.42	1						2				19	
116.27	1	15	244	606.73	2						2					

## EXHIBIT C.—Grand total for United States,

## SUMMARY OF REFEREES' REPORTS—

District.	Number of cases.	Assets.				Liabilities.							
		Total.	Cases with assets.	Cases with no assets.	Less \$500.	Total.	Less \$100.	Less \$500.	Less \$1,000.	Less \$5,000.	Less \$10,000.	Less \$20,000.	More than \$20,000
Ohio:													
Northern .....	17	\$43,085.06	14	3	2	\$169,861.76				7	3	5	1
Southern .....	22	41,460.62	17	5	1	146,560.81		1	1	8	4	4	1
Oklahoma .....	4	6,947.98	4			16,146.30				3	1		
Oregon .....													
Pennsylvania:													
Eastern .....	55	171,147.25	53	2	10	1,019,562.32		1	1	13	10	16	13
Western .....	34	48,410.78	24	10	8	307,309.53			1	9	12	4	4
Porto Rico .....													
Rhode Island .....	8	49,600.74	8		3	115,060.37				5	1		2
South Carolina .....	6	18,414.75	5	1		44,230.32				3	1	2	
South Dakota .....	1			1		5,120.16					1		
Tennessee:													
Eastern .....	3	112,616.61	3		1	160,053.19					1		2
Middle .....	5	4,089.27	2	3		17,941.85				2		1	
Western .....	7	4,845.33	5	2	1	10,742.00				6			
Texas:													
Northern .....	18	49,209.28	16	2	2	163,731.00				6	5	3	3
Eastern .....	4	4,494.04	3	1	1	40,968.33				3			1
Western .....	3	8,967.85	2	1		26,662.71				1	1	1	
Utah .....	5	6,585.65	2	3		51,167.66				2	2		1
Vermont .....	2	2,319.48	2			17,941.35						1	
Virginia:													
Eastern .....				1		4,723.54				1			
Western .....	1			1		32,988.32					2		1
Washington .....	5	7,267.35	4	1	1	23,506.88				2	1	3	
West Virginia .....	6	22,046.77	6										
Wisconsin:													
Eastern .....	6	96,725.47	5	1	1	276,297.68					1		4
Western .....	13	85,691.08	11	2		202,647.40				5	2	2	3
Wyoming .....													
Total .....	786	2,534,266.79	612	174	143	11,316,689.03	...	17	23	270	197	138	116

by districts, year ending September 30, 1901—Continued.

INVOLUNTARY BANKRUPTCY—CASES CLOSED—Continued.

Dividends.		Amount set apart—		Total fees, commissions, and expenses.	Number of cases.	When insolvent prior to years—			Nature of business.					Number of pauper cases.	Number of pending cases not closed.	
Total.	Cases.	As exempt.	To pay priority, secured, or lien claimants.			1890.	1895.	1897.	Farmer.	Wage-earner.	Merchant.	Manufacturer.	Professional.			Miscellaneous.
\$19,450.33	9	\$4,305	\$4,980	\$8,445.63	11	...	...	...	...	3	11	...	...	3	...	96
16,980.88	9	3,500	3,453	8,269.88	16	...	...	...	...	1	15	...	...	6	...	49
1,178.12	3	1,915	...	1,522.56	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
104,557.35	38	7,567	25,454	27,746.78	52	...	1	...	...	6	33	7	...	9	...	258
142,399.86	16	3,579	16,852	6,690.47	27	...	...	1	...	4	19	...	...	11	...	120
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
7,733.77	12	347	9,212	3,363.03	8	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	11
9,051.10	4	400	6,958	2,776.77	4	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	25
...	...	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
8,394.11	2	2,340	8,662	1,998.81	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	10
3,345.15	2	...	...	800.11	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	32
870.10	1	...	105	1,318.15	6	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,795.02	3	15,010	11,114	4,562.49	18	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	1	...	87
1,052.80	1	700	856	445.25	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	23
1,003.35	1	10,547	7,378	652.27	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	16
6,586.51	5	14,119	176	1,329.67	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	18
324.47	1	...	...	262.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,678.67	3	463	302	2,103.82	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	11
8,415.70	5	461	14,563	3,453.22	6	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
68,312.73	4	400	1,873	16,774.00	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	...	22
5,096.56	5	200	8,709	10,180.62	12	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	...	3	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
1,423,249.25	414	157,666	380,724	366,923.39	698	4	13	9	5	96	463	56	10	156	5	3,264

EXHIBIT V.—*Report of the attorney-general of Porto Rico.*

SAN JUAN, P. R., November 7, 1901.

SIR: Section 21 of the act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An act to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," approved April 12, 1900, requires the attorney-general of Porto Rico to "make such reports, through the governor, to the Attorney-General of the United States as he may require, which shall annually be transmitted to the Congress."

In compliance with this provision of law I have the honor herewith to present to you a report of the acts and doings of the Department of Justice of Porto Rico, as well as a report as to the work and proceedings of the judicial system of the island, for the year beginning October 1, 1900, and ending September 30, 1901.

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Prior to February 11, 1898, when by royal decree the government of this island was reorganized and five departments of government created, among which was the department of *gracia justicia y gobernation*, the general duties that are now performed in this office pertained to the functions of the presiding judge of one of the three insular courts of general jurisdiction. As a separate department this office has therefore a history of only three years and one-half. By General Orders, No. 12, of the series of 1899, there was created by the general in command of the military forces of the United States in this island the Department of Justice, with a secretary of justice at its head. Subsequently that office was discontinued and the department was put under the control of a judicial board of five members of the legal profession, serving without salary and assisted by a solicitor-general. Later, and in contemplation of the organization of the present civil government, the department was continued in force and, by military order, the office of attorney-general was created.

To this official, whose status was more definitely defined in section 21 of the organic act, are delegated all the powers and duties customarily exercised by an attorney-general of a Territory of the United States. He is required also to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law.

This provision of law, while rather broad in its requirements, does not fully disclose all the duties of the attorney-general of this island or indicate with clearness the extent of the functions of the Department of Justice. For, besides being a member of the executive council, which is the upper house of the insular legislature, in which he is required to perform laborious legislative and administrative duties, the attorney-general has inherited, under the Spanish law, official labors analogous to those exercised by the secretary and minister of justice under the autonomic constitution granted by Spain under the royal decree above mentioned.

One rather curious group of such inherited functions is the examination and disposition of petitions for dispensation of the right to cousins to contract matrimony, or, as they may be more accurately defined, petitions for a waiver of the impediment placed by law in the way of the marriage of cousins or those related in a closer degree of consan-

guinity. On assuming charge of this office I found that since the promulgation of the autonomic constitution it had become the practice to address such petitions to the Department of Justice, and that almost without exception and as a matter of course these petitions had been granted by the head of the department. A close examination of the law developed the fact that the power to grant such petitions was lodged in the government and not in a single member of the government. I have, therefore, with the concurrence of the governor and the executive council, transferred these duties to the judiciary committee for its report to and action by the executive council. This department, however, continues to make the examinations necessary as the foundation for such reports by that committee.

Under the terms of General Order No. 16, of the series of 1899, which still has the force of law, there was delegated to the department, among other duties, that of recommending the repeal of laws that were unnecessary or that interfered unnecessarily with personal liberty. While during the past year this department has had no opportunity of recommending amendments of laws to the legislature, it has had occasion and has not hesitated to declare certain laws of that nature to be no longer in force on the ground of their general inconsistency with the form of government now established in this island.

The same general order makes it the duty of the head of this department to prepare laws and systems in accordance with those in vogue in the United States. The department has, however, been relieved of this duty by the appointment of a code commission, which has now under consideration a general revision of the whole body of laws.

In addition to those functions, the attorney-general is the legal adviser of the insular government and of the heads of departments; and during the past year much of the time of the department has been consumed in the preparation of opinions for the guidance of other departments and in the preparation of contracts and other documents in which they were interested.

Among the more important duties which I am called upon by law to perform is that of investigating claims against the insular government, and of investigating the title to its public lands; and during the past year at least one important suit involving the title to public lands of considerable value has been carefully investigated by the department and is now about to come on for trial in one of the insular courts.

Besides being the legal adviser of the various branches of the government, the Department of Justice to some extent seems also to be the legal adviser of the public at large. In the time of the Spanish domination the practice of securing redress and enforcement of individual wrongs or rights by means of an attorney retained by the parties in interest seems not to have been so firmly established as it is in the United States; the result is that this department, rather more frequently than the other departments of the insular government, has been applied to for relief in cases of alleged private wrongs. This is a duty which in no way comes within my official functions as defined in the Foraker Act or in the local law; but the belief seems to be widely entertained that such petitions will have attention, and this office has rendered aid when it seemed proper to do so. As an instance, I may refer to the recent adjustment by the department of a dispute between adjoining property owners arising out of the closing of an ancient pathway. Another complaint was from a naturalized citizen of the

United States and resulted in the collection by the department and the transmission to Europe of the remainder of a decedent's estate. In another instance it seemed necessary for my department to take up and adjust a dispute between an attorney and his client. I have, however, so far as seemed to be proper, endeavored to relieve the department of matters of this nature, and to put them in the hands of attorneys, where under our system they seem properly to belong. In this connection it may be well to refer also to the fact that the principle in the written constitution of the Spanish monarchy that personal liability is incurred by a magistrate who errs in the discharge of his judicial duties has been the occasion of appeals almost without number to this department. It is to the credit, however, of the reorganized judicial system of Porto Rico that such communications are now less numerous, and that a reference to the proper judicial officer usually results in a rational and satisfactory explanation.

The attorney-general is required by law to take charge also of the prosecution of subordinate judicial and other insular employees for official malfeasance. This duty becomes an extensive one by reason of the provision contained in section 16 of General Order No. 98, of 1899, which gives to any resident of the island the right to file with this department an information against any magistrate, judge, or judicial officer for misconduct in office or for immorality in private life unbecoming his official position. There have been during the past year a number of complaints of this kind, each one of which has had careful investigation. In several instances, where the complaints have been verified, the resignation of the officials involved resulted when requested by the department. In other cases such charges were carried into the courts, where either acquittal or conviction was obtained according to what seemed to be the weight of the evidence. I regret in this connection to have to report that I have been compelled to prefer before the supreme court charges of a grave nature affecting the official and personal honor of one of the prosecuting attorneys of the island. The case is now pending.

The board of prison control was formerly attached to the Department of Justice under the terms of an order issued by the military authorities. This board, however, was abolished by an act of the legislative assembly, and the office of director of prisons was created. By administrative order this officer and all the prisons of the island were placed under the administrative supervision of the attorney-general. This duty is, from its nature, an important one, and an effort is now being made by the department to examine thoroughly into the conditions which prevail in the penal institutions, with a view to their improvement.

In this connection the investigation of applications for pardon and a report thereon to the governor of the island is one of the duties of this office. During the past year nearly 600 applications of this nature have been examined and reported upon.

Besides the duties above enumerated, the department during the past year has had charge of the initiation of trial by jury in criminal cases, to which further reference will be made in these pages.

Under the rules of the executive council, the attorney-general, besides being a member of the committee on municipal and private corporations, is the chairman of the committee on judiciary, the committee on harbors, ports, and mines, and of the committee on fran-

chises, privileges, and concessions. The work of the latter committee is in itself equivalent to a separate bureau. All franchises, after being considered by the committee and acted upon by the council, are drafted by the attorney-general.

#### JUDICIAL SYSTEM.

In a report rendered by me to the Hon. Charles H. Allen, lately governor of Porto Rico, on the 1st day of April last, which was incorporated by him in a report submitted to the President on the 1st of May and published at the Government Printing Office, I had the honor, in brief outline, to set forth the jurisdiction of the several courts of the island, including the police, municipal, and district courts, and concluding with a reference to the supreme court, which is the highest judicial tribunal in the island. I will not burden you with a repetition of what was there said on these matters. It will be sufficient to say that the entire judicial system of the island was reorganized by the military authorities while the Government of the United States was in the military possession of the island. How well this work was done is evidenced by the fact that the jurisdiction then conferred upon the several courts has been retained by the legislative assembly, with one minor exception. The judicial capacity vested by military authority in the alcaldes or mayors of the various municipalities in respect of petty infractions of police regulations and municipal ordinances was transferred by the legislative assembly to the police courts then created by it, but otherwise no substantial change in the courts or in their jurisdiction has taken place.

I attach hereto certain schedules showing the activities of the several courts of the island during the past year, from which it will be observed that criminal cases far exceed in number those that are of a civil nature. It is but fair, however, to say that a partial explanation of this is found in the fact that the law of torts is a practically undeveloped branch of civil remedial procedure; there is scanty recognition in the civil code of the principle that the commission of a tort creates an obligation to make recompense to the injured person. The practical result of this is that redress for torts which in the United States is pursued in an action for damages, is usually here pursued by means of a criminal proceeding. In the penal code mere torts are classified among crimes, and in addition to the criminal punishment involved, provision is made not only for fixing the damages to be paid to the aggrieved person, but for the collection of such damages. In a case of murder the sentence of the prisoner to death or to long imprisonment usually involves also a judgment against him for pecuniary damages suffered by the family of the deceased. In almost every criminal sentence will be found an assessment of damages. The practical result of this is that persons guilty of some tort, which in the United States would occasion an action for damages, are here often prosecuted under the penal code, not only to secure their punishment but in order to recover damages for the injury. The practical inconvenience of the system is that a personal wrong is thus redressed and a judgment for damages secured through the efforts of the public prosecutor at the public expense, without cost to the person aggrieved. For this reason complaints which with us take the form of actions for libel, slander, assault, etc., for the recovery of damages, are here usually prosecuted criminally.



But all these matters are in the minds of both the bench and bar of Porto Rico. They are also under consideration by a special code commission, and I doubt not that at the coming meeting of the legislative assembly new legislation will be enacted, in an effort not only to correct some of these defects, but to bring the entire body of law more into harmony with our American system of jurisprudence.

#### THE PENAL CODE.

The penal code established by the Kingdom of Spain in its provinces, and still in force in this island, has been described by a close student of Spanish law as "one of the most ingenious instruments ever devised for reducing judicial discretion in the administration of justice to a minimum." Certain it is that in the assessment of punishment against offenders of the law much of the freedom of action that characterizes the administration of the criminal law in the United States is withdrawn from the court. For this discretion there is substituted an elaborate and scientific schedule of punishments, which permits to the court, in dealing with convicted criminals, very little latitude.

The framework of the system contemplates five grades of criminal responsibility:

1. For the completed crime.
2. For the frustrated crime.
3. For the attempt to commit the crime.
4. For the conspiracy to commit the crime.
5. For the proposal to commit the crime.

There are fourteen grounds of exemption from criminal liability and eight classes of circumstances which extenuate it. In addition to this complexity there are twenty-six classes of fact which, when attending the commission of crime, increase the penalty imposed. And with respect to these grades of responsibility the accused may be guilty, as at common law, either as principal, accomplice, or accessory. For each offense and for each combination of facts surrounding the commission of it penalties are imposed upon a carefully graduated scale. For instance, in a pardon case now before me the sentence for the crime of assassination was twelve years and one day. In a case of passing counterfeit money the term of the sentence was for ten years five months and twenty days. In a case of murder it was for fourteen years eight months and twenty-one days. In nearly all sentences a fraction of a month is necessary to be added in order to comply with the schedule of punishment elaborately set forth in the code.

The punishments are further classified as corporal, correctional, or light. Of the former there are sixteen varieties, running from death through imprisonment for life to imprisonment for years at hard labor with or without chains. Of correctional punishment there are seven kinds, the most severe being imprisonment in the penitentiary from six months to six years and one day.

There are accessory penalties, fractional penalties, and composite penalties. And there are maximum, medium, and minimum degrees in assessing penalties. Summarized, there are nine scales and sixty degrees of penalties. So varied and so multiplied are the combinations of penalties that may be imposed, and so carefully are they set forth

in the penalty tables, that the fixing of the punishment for a crime of which a prisoner is convicted is almost as mechanical as working out a result from a table of logarithms. So exact and refined is the system that in the adjustment of punishment facts enter that are wholly disregarded in the punishment of criminals in the United States except for their general moral effect on judge and jury. For instance, if a highwayman, in effecting a robbery on the highway uses more violence or intimidation than is necessary for the accomplishment of his purpose, this fact is taken into account and the punishment adjusted accordingly.

The penal code is the product of much thought and experience and it does not become me therefore to enter upon a criticism of it. It is thought by Porto Rican and Spanish lawyers who have practiced under it to rank next in excellence to the Spanish mortgage law. It is, I think, plain, however, that in the endeavor to provide for every circumstance which may lessen or enhance the criminality of the act, the real difference between things which are wrong in themselves, because they shock the moral sense, and things which are prohibited on grounds of public policy, is to some extent lost sight of, and the ethical influence of the code lessened. For instance, in a case of assault, the test of jurisdiction between the municipal and the district court is not the malice or the intent of the person committing the injury, but the length of time taken in the healing of the wound. If, for instance, a citizen is assaulted with a deadly weapon attended by every element of passion and malice, and is wounded so lightly that the cure of the wound takes place in eight days or less, the offense is no more than a mere misdemeanor and is cognizable only in the municipal court; if, in another case, the cure takes longer, the gravity of the offense, even though there was no passion or malice, becomes greater, and the case is taken to the district court. An effort to bribe an officer when made by a relative is distinguished in the law from an effort to bribe when made by one not related to the official. In the latter case the punishment is severe, but in the former case the punishment is only a fine equal in amount to the amount of the bribe offered.

Crimes against womankind may be punished by the state only upon the demand of the parents of the victim, and when the offense is condoned by them the criminal responsibility is removed; in fact, the courts can not proceed to punish after such a condonation has been established.

I shall not burden this report with further observations as to the practical working of our criminal law. I have, however, been impressed with the fact that crime is punished with reasonable promptness and certainty and with no undue severity. The whole subject-matter of criminality and the laws for its suppression and punishment is now being exhaustively studied by the code commission with a view to submitting an amended code to the legislature at its next meeting.

#### TRIAL BY JURY IN PORTO RICO.

Although the jury system in criminal cases has been in force in Spain for thirty years or more, the right of a trial by jury was never granted to the province of Porto Rico.

The first act passed by the first legislative assembly that ever sat in this island to represent its people was an act establishing the right of

trial by jury in any criminal case involving capital punishment or confinement for two years or more in a penal institution.

It is not peremptory, but the act confers that privilege upon the accused; he may elect at any time within two days before the case is set for trial whether he shall be tried by a jury or by the court.

The act was approved on January 12, of this year, and according to its provisions became effective on the 1st day of April last. Subsequently the same legislature passed an elaborate jury procedure act, which was approved on the 31st of January, and took effect likewise on the 1st day of April.

Up to the date of this report, however, there has been no trial by jury in a criminal case in the history of the island so far as I am advised. Although the law has been in force now for nearly seven months there have been but ten demands for trial by jury. This is doubtless due to several causes. In the first place there is a natural disinclination on the part of the judges and of the lawyers to enter upon a system so radically new. In the second place the unavoidable delay in the publication in Spanish of the session laws, resulted in keeping the people unadvised as to the jury law for some time. Finally, through some inadvertence, the legislative assembly omitted to make any appropriation for the payment of fees to jurors. Under all these circumstances it was not deemed wise to urge jury trials upon the bar or the courts. Now, however, as the next session of the legislature is approaching, and a deficiency appropriation may be had, I have deemed it wise to urge an apparently reluctant bar and bench to make a serious trial of the system. There will shortly be held in the capitol, under the direction of this department, a conference of the presiding judges of the district courts of the island, at which a careful explanation and study of the jury-procedure act will be made. Within a few weeks, therefore, it is hoped that the law will be in full operation.

Varying opinions have been expressed as to the outcome of the experiment. Some of the wisest lawyers and most experienced judges are looking forward with some apprehension to the result. It has been said to me by prominent citizens of the island that the people are not educated enough in the practice of self-government to understand and appreciate the dignity of participating in this way in the administration of justice. It has even been said to me that there is among some of the people a lack of appreciation of the sanctity of an oath, and that some jurors will not be bound by an oath. But although the records of this department demonstrate a low standard of veracity in some quarters in connection with criminal cases, I am strongly of the opinion that a people who have enjoyed for so many generations the education and refinement that characterizes this community will respond well to this new duty.

#### PENAL INSTITUTIONS OF THE ISLAND.

In the presidio or insular penitentiary situated at the capital are 591 inmates. Of these, 180 are under sentence for various forms of homicide; 20 for assault; 258 for robbery, either in its simple form or in combination with other offenses; 56 for larceny, fraud, or embezzlement; 9 for counterfeiting or forgery; 17 for arson or attempted arson; 7 for rape or attempted rape; 25 for "atentados," a term which comprises resistance to officers of the law; and 19 for miscellaneous offenses.

In the San Juan jail are 113 prisoners under sentence; 84 in the Ponce jail; 38 in that of Mayaguez; and 40 in the jail at Humacao. In the very small jail of the Arecibo district are 6 prisoners awaiting trial. In Humacao there are 14, and in Mayaguez 14 such prisoners. In Ponce and San Juan are 109 prisoners in the aggregate, charged with offenses for which they have not been tried.

It is a rather notable fact that of the 1,010 prisoners convicted or awaiting trial throughout the island there are but 9 women.

There are no institutions in the island for the separate confinement of the juvenile offenders; nor has any provision been made for the separate confinement of insane criminals.

Since the American occupation industries have been established for the prisoners in the insular penitentiary. There are now in operation shops for shoemaking, tailoring, cabinetmaking, and for blacksmith work; factories for the manufacture of hats, baskets, and tobacco in various forms; a photograph gallery, and a bakery. The products of these industries are almost entirely utilized in the maintenance of penal institutions. Good work is being done in these shops and factories, which are in reality schools where the inmates are taught trades. A school for elementary instruction in reading, writing, and arithmetic is also maintained within the penitentiary walls.

Besides the insular penitentiary, there are five district jails. The penitentiary was constructed about fifty years ago, and has no modern sanitary fittings. It is too small for the number of its inmates, and has no space or park around it where proper exercise may be had. There are no separate cells for the prisoners, who are kept at night in one large dormitory; but the climate seems to indicate that this system is more conducive to health than separate cells. The five district jails are inadequate for present purposes, and that of the Ponce district is in a scarcely habitable condition. The efforts of an intelligent director of prisons have done much, however, to mitigate these conditions, and, as the financial resources of the island increase, improvements will doubtless be entered upon on a large scale, so as to bring the prisons of the island into a condition consistent with modern thought in such matters.

#### THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

It is my duty to bring to your official attention the fact that, by the organic act of Porto Rico, the salary list and expenses of the United States district court are made a charge upon the insular treasury.

This tribunal in that act was assimilated in its functions and jurisdiction to the other district courts of the United States. It is in every sense a Federal rather than an insular institution. On the criminal side its activities are limited to the punishment of offenses against the laws of the United States. Much of its time is taken up in the trial of smuggling and counterfeiting cases, violations of the postal laws, and crimes committed in the military reservations of the United States. In other words, the United States is now punishing those that offend its own laws in this island at the expense of the insular treasury.

On the civil side, as I am informed, there are very few cases involving the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States between citizens of Porto Rico. Diversity of citizenship, on the contrary, is the usual ground of jurisdiction. In other words, citizens of the

States and Territories of the United States are having their rights adjusted here in the Federal court, but at the expense of the people of Porto Rico.

Under these circumstances there would seem to be no stronger reason for charging upon this government the budget of that court and of the United States district attorney and the United States commissioner than there would be in charging the disbursements of the United States courts and officials in Illinois upon the treasury of that State.

I respectfully urge this matter upon your attention, in the hope that the propriety of recommending to the Congress that these expenses be borne in the future by the Federal Government and that the insular government be reimbursed for its disbursements in the past may have your consideration.

#### ADMINISTRATION OF LAW AND LAW REVISION.

I can not bring this report to a close without expressing to you the opinion that the conditions actually existing well warrant a hopeful outlook in the administration of justice in this island. The courts are performing their duties with a fair degree of satisfaction to litigants and to the public at large. Property rights are respected and protected by them. Offenses against vested interests and against personal security are promptly punished. There is doubtless room for improvement both in the law itself and in the administration of the law, but the reform in both respects has already begun. Pioneer work in the way of improvement was done by the United States military governors. Additional reforms are doubtless necessary, but, in my judgment, they may well be left to the insular legislature and to the code commission created by it, and now in the midst of its labors, preparatory to presenting the results to the legislature at its approaching session.

The work of revision will doubtless be conducted, as it should be, with conservatism and without sudden or radical changes. The body politic of Porto Rico is one over which Spanish civilization has predominated for four centuries; and it must not be forgotten that that civilization is not devoid of jurisprudence of high character, adapted, to some extent at least, to the needs of the people of this its former province. Much in the jurisprudence of Porto Rico in force to-day is too useful and too thoroughly embedded in the daily life of the people to be discarded. Reform and revision, in my judgment, should start, therefore, from what is old, and should proceed by the elimination of that which has ceased to be useful or is manifestly out of harmony with our American institutions. The community is supporting organized government in all of its phases under laws with which they are thoroughly familiar. A high degree of intellectual and commercial activity is beginning to respond to the new conditions and to the new opportunities that have been opened to them. A manifest prosperity and a resulting condition of contentment, peace, and order seem to have come to us. All this is taking place under a system of laws of Spanish origin. To interrupt this advancement by any abrupt substitution of a new system or any seriously radical amendment of the old system would be a harsh and unnecessary change. The development of the community will proceed best under the laws with which the social and business life of the island is familiar.

At the same time the necessity of bringing the institutions of this island into closer harmony with our own institutions may be pursued with less difficulty than has been imagined. The intervention of a jury in a criminal case, for the decision of questions of fact under laws that clearly throw the burden of proof upon the State and give to the defendant the benefit of reasonable doubts, requires no violent change in the present law. In many other respects the principles of personal liberty which distinguish the Anglo-Saxon jurisprudence may be easily engrafted upon this system, without detriment to the general body of our laws.

The organic act which serves as our constitution seems in a notable degree to be adapted for all the exigencies of government which have arisen during the past year. While it is sufficiently rigid in respect to the great essential principles of a free government, it is sufficiently elastic in the details of administration to make it readily adaptable to a jurisprudence of another origin. It is a successful piece of legislation, which, in my judgment, needs no essential modification.

I have the honor, sir, to be, your obedient servant,

JAMES S. HARLAN,  
*Attorney-General.*

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL,  
*Washington, D. C.*

#### DISTRICT COURTS OF PORTO RICO.

*Statement of proceedings of the district courts from October 1, 1900, to September 30, 1901.*

Courts.	Pending Oct. 1, 1900.		Added during year.		Total.	
	Civil.	Crimi- nal.	Civil.	Crimi- nal.	Civil.	Crimi- nal.
San Juan.....	619	252	341	695	960	947
Ponce.....	2,378	578	436	539	2,814	1,117
Mayaguez.....	1,442	514	385	636	1,827	1,150
Humacao.....	260	271	258	631	518	902
Arecibo.....	851	260	230	509	1,081	759
Total.....	5,550	1,865	1,650	3,010	7,200	4,875

Courts.	Decided during year.		Pending Oct. 1, 1901.		Appeals.	
	Civil.	Crimi- nal.	Civil.	Crimi- nal.	Civil.	Crimi- nal.
San Juan.....	310	529	650	418	17	18
Ponce.....	1,041	599	1,773	518	13	30
Mayaguez.....	473	709	1,354	441	30	23
Humacao.....	197	514	321	388	7	4
Arecibo.....	214	534	867	225	8	38
Total.....	2,235	2,885	4,965	1,990	75	113

## THE SUPREME COURT OF PORTO RICO.

*Statement of the activities of the supreme court from October 1, 1900, to October 1, 1901.*

	Pending Oct. 1, 1900.	Added during year.	Total.	Disposed of during year.	Pending Oct. 1, 1901.
Civil cases.....	20	107	127	77	50
Criminal cases.....	29	155	184	142	42
Total.....	49	262	311	219	92

## POLICE COURT.

*Statement of causes heard and fines imposed from April 1, 1901, to September 30, 1901.*

Month.	Number of hear- ings	Amount of fines im- posed.	Amount of fines served in jail.
April.....	1,072	\$2,317.02	\$276.50
May.....	1,137	2,406.72	68.00
June.....	1,062	2,174.81	143.81
July.....	922	1,901.25	164.00
August.....	884	1,276.63	103.50
September.....	943	1,292.77	105.15
Total.....	6,020	11,369.20	860.96

EXHIBIT W.—*Summary of the laws of the United States and of the States concerning the reduction of the terms of imprisonment of convicts for good behavior, and concerning the parole of convicts.*

## UNITED STATES.

The act of March 3, 1875, provides that United States prisoners confined in any prison or penitentiary of any State or Territory which has no system of commutation for its own prisoners "shall have a deduction from their several terms of sentence of five days in each and every calendar month during which no charge of misconduct shall have been sustained against each severally, who shall be discharged at the expiration of his term of sentence, less the time so deducted."

## ALABAMA.

The governor may, in his discretion, upon report to him that a prisoner's conduct has been good, "order a portion of the sentence of such convict to be deducted for each year of good conduct, as follows: From each of the first two years, two months; from each of the next two years, three months; from each of the next two years, four months; from each of the next two years, five months; and from each remaining year after eight years, six months."

Convicts are entitled to a pro rata deduction upon any term of imprisonment not less than six months.

*Parole.*—The governor may, without granting a pardon, discharge a convict upon parole, and prescribe the terms upon which a convict so paroled shall have his sentence suspended.

## ARIZONA.

Every prisoner whose conduct is good "shall be allowed from his term a deduction of two months in each of the first two years, four months in each of the next two years, and five months in each of the remaining years of his term."

## ARKANSAS.

A prisoner whose conduct has been good for one whole year together may receive deduction "to the extent of one month for the first year; and for the second year to the extent of two months; and for the third year three months; and for each succeeding year to the extent of three months until the tenth year, and for each succeeding year thereafter the commutation shall be six months."

## CALIFORNIA.

A convict whose conduct is good "shall be allowed from his term \* \* \* a deduction of two months in each of the first two years, four months in each of the next two years, and five months in each of the remaining years of said term."

*Parole.*—The act of March 23, 1893, allows parole, and prescribes conditions upon which prisoners may be paroled.

## COLORADO.

Every convict whose conduct is good "shall be entitled to a deduction from the time of his or her sentence for the respective years thereof, and proportionally for any part of a year when there shall be a fractional part of a year in a sentence, to wit, for the first year, one month; for the second year, two months; for the third year, three months; for the fourth year, four months; for the fifth year, five months; for the sixth and each succeeding year, six months."

## CONNECTICUT.

Whenever a prisoner's conduct is good, "for each calendar month of actual confinement in the prison during which time it appears by such record that said person has rendered prompt and cheerful obedience to the rules of the prison, five days shall be deducted from his term."

This law does not apply to prisoners sentenced to confinement for less than one year.

## DELAWARE.

Every prisoner whose conduct is good may earn a reduction of his sentence, as follows: For each month of the first year, five days; for each month after the convict has passed one full year, seven days; for each month after he has passed two full years, nine days; for each month after he has passed three or more full years, ten days.

## FLORIDA.

Every prisoner whose conduct is good may earn a deduction of two days per month from the term of his sentence; and, in addition thereto,



every person who properly performs the labor allotted to him may earn a deduction of three days for each month of the term of his sentence, being a commutation of five days per month.

#### GEORGIA.

A prisoner whose conduct is good "shall have deducted from the time for which he may have been sentenced, two months for the first year; three months for each subsequent year until the tenth, inclusive; and four months for each remaining year of the time of imprisonment."

#### IDAHO.

Every convict whose conduct is good "must be allowed as commutation of his sentence a deduction of one month for the first year; two months for the second year; three months for the third year; four months for the fourth year; and six months in each remaining year of said term."

*Parole.*—By the act of March 12, 1897, parole is allowed, and the conditions are prescribed under which prisoners may be paroled.

#### ILLINOIS.

Every convict whose conduct is good "shall be entitled to the diminution of time from his sentence as appears in the following table for the respective years of his sentence, and pro rata for any part of a year where the sentence is for more or less than one year." The table shows the commutation to be as follows: For the first year, one month; for the second year, two months; for the third year, three months; for the fourth year, four months; for the fifth year, five months; for the sixth year, and for all subsequent years, six months.

*Parole.*—The act of April 21, 1899, provides that all prisoners convicted of any felony, with certain exceptions named in the statute, shall receive an indeterminate sentence and may be paroled.

#### INDIANA.

Every convict whose conduct is good "shall be entitled to the diminution of time from his sentence as appears in the following table for the respective years of his sentence—pro rata for any part of a year when the sentence is for more or less than a year." The table shows the deduction to be as follows: For the first year, one month; for the second year, two months; for the third year, three months; for the fourth year, four months; for the fifth, and for each subsequent year thereafter, five months.

*Parole.*—The indeterminate sentence and parole law, whereby prisoners may be paroled, probably entirely supersedes the law allowing reduction of sentence for good conduct.

#### IOWA.

Each prisoner whose conduct is good "shall be entitled to the diminution of time from his sentence as appears in the following table for the respective years of the sentence; and if the sentence be for less than a year, then a pro rata part thereof." The table shows the diminution of sentence to be as follows: For the first year, one month; for

the second year, two months; for the third year, three months; for the fourth year, four months; for the fifth year, five months; for the sixth and each subsequent year, six months.

## KANSAS.

Each convict whose conduct is good "shall be entitled to a deduction from his sentence of three days per month for the first year or fraction of a year; \* \* \* during the second year, \* \* \* six days per month; \* \* \* for the remainder of his sentence after the expiration of two years, \* \* \* eight days per month until his sentence shall expire."

*Parole.*—The governor may release convicts upon parole under conditions laid down by the statute.

## KENTUCKY.

Each prisoner whose conduct is good "shall be allowed a commutation of seven days in each calendar month for good behavior."

## LOUISIANA.

Every convict, by good conduct, may earn a commutation or diminution of sentence, as follows: Two months each for the first and second years; three months each for the third and fourth years; and four months for each subsequent year.

## MAINE.

Each convict may earn by good conduct a deduction of seven days from each month of the term of his sentence.

## MARYLAND.

A prisoner may earn by good conduct a deduction of five days from each month of his sentence.

## MASSACHUSETTS.

Every prisoner whose conduct is good "shall be entitled to a deduction from his term of imprisonment, to be estimated as follows: Upon a sentence of not less than four months, and less than one, one day for each month; upon a sentence of not less than one year, and less than three years, three days for each month; upon a sentence of not less than three years, and less than five years, four days for each month; upon a sentence of not less than five years, and less than ten years, five days for each month; upon a sentence of ten years or more, five days for each month."

## MICHIGAN.

A prisoner for good conduct may earn a reduction from his sentence, as follows: During the first two years, five days for each month; during the third and fourth years, six days for each month; during the fifth and sixth years, seven days for each month; during the seventh, eighth,

## ARTICLE 10. THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Section 1. The Board shall, from the tenth to the fourteenth day of each month, from the fifteenth to the twentieth day of each month, from the twenty-first to the twenty-fifth day of each month, from the twenty-sixth to the thirtieth day of each month, and including the period fixed by the Board, fix the number of days for each month.

### Section 2.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

### Section 3.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month. The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month. The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

### Section 4.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month. The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

### Section 5.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month. The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

### Section 6.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month. The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

### Section 7.

The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month. The Board shall, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, award a reduction of his sentence of not more than five days; after the expiration of the period of his sentence, the Board shall award a month of his sentence, and the days from each month.

day from each month; for more than two and not more than three years, two days from each month; for four years, three days from each month; for five years, four days from each month; more than five and not exceeding seven years, five days from each month; more than seven and less than ten years, six days from each month; ten years and less than fifteen years, seven days from each month; for fifteen and less than twenty years, eight days from each month; and ten days from each month for any other term, except for life.

## NEW JERSEY.

A convict whose conduct is good may earn a commutation of two days from each month, and a convict who faithfully performs the labor assigned may earn an additional commutation of two days per month, and a convict who makes a manifest effort at intellectual improvement may earn commutation of one additional day from each month, being a total commutation of five days per month. After imprisonment for one year, a convict may earn additional commutation progressively for each year under the following section of the law: "11. That on the recommendation of the keeper and moral instructor it shall be lawful for the inspectors to remit an additional day per month to every convict who for twelve months preceding shall have merited the same by his continuous good conduct in the particulars above mentioned; and for each succeeding year of uninterrupted good conduct, progressively to increase the remission one day per month for that year."

*Parole.*—The statute permits the parole of prisoners sentenced to imprisonment for any crime except those specified, and provides the conditions under which prisoners may be paroled.

## NEW MEXICO.

A convict whose conduct is good may earn a deduction from the time of his sentence for the respective years thereof, and proportionally for any part of the year, as follows: For the first year, one month; for the second year, two months; for the third year, three months; for the fourth year, four months; for the fifth year, five months; for the sixth and each succeeding year, six months.

## NEW YORK.

The governor may, upon report to him that a convict's conduct has been good, allow a deduction from his term of imprisonment, as follows: Two months for the first and two months for the second year; four months each for the third and fourth years, and five months for each subsequent year.

*Parole.*—Prisoners may be paroled upon conditions prescribed by the statute.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

A convict whose conduct is good may earn a "diminution of five days from each month for the term of his or her sentence during the first three years or less of imprisonment; four days during the fourth and fifth years; and five days per month for each subsequent month of his term of imprisonment."

## NORTH DAKOTA.

"Every person committed to the penitentiary under sentence other than for life who shall at the end of the first month of his imprisonment have no infraction of the rules and regulations thereof recorded against him shall be entitled to a diminution of two days from the term of his sentence; and if at the end of the second month no infraction of said rules and regulations is recorded against him, a diminution from that month of four days from the term of his sentence; and if he shall continue to have no such record against him for the third month, a diminution of six days from the term of his sentence; and thereafter he shall be entitled to six days' diminution from the term of his sentence for each month in which he shall have no such record against him. . . .

"Whenever any inmate of a penitentiary, by continued good behavior, diligence in labor or study, or otherwise, shall surpass the general average of the inmates he may be compensated therefor, at the discretion of the governor, in addition to the diminution of the term of his sentence hereinbefore provided for, upon the recommendation in writing of the board of trustees, either by the further diminution of the term of his sentence or by the payment of money, or by both."

*Parole.*—Prisoners, with the exception of those convicted of certain crimes named in the statute, may be paroled by the board of trustees under conditions prescribed by the statute.

## OHIO.

Any prisoner whose conduct has been good may diminish his period of imprisonment as follows: On a one-year sentence, five days per month; on a two-year sentence, six days per month; on a three-year sentence, eight days per month; on a four-year sentence, nine days per month; on a five-year sentence, ten days per month; on a sentence of six years or longer, eleven days from each month. A prisoner sentenced for a fraction of a year or years "shall be allowed the same time per month as is provided for the year next higher than his maximum sentence."

## OREGON.

Every prisoner's sentence shall be divided into periods of six months each, and for good conduct he may earn diminution of his sentence as follows: For the first six months, six days; for the second six months, twelve days; for the third six months, eighteen days; for the fourth six months, twenty-four days; for the fifth six months, thirty days; for the sixth, and every subsequent six months, thirty days.

In addition to the time allowance earned, each convict shall receive the sum of fifty cents for each and every merit mark for which he stands credited in the merit book.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

The governor may, in his discretion, allow for good conduct a commutation of sentence of any convict as follows: Two months for the first year; three months for the second; four months each for the third and fourth years; and five months for each subsequent year.

## PORTO RICO.

Each prisoner whose conduct is good may earn a deduction of five days from each month of his term of imprisonment.

## RHODE ISLAND.

If a convict's conduct is good there shall "be deducted from the term or terms of sentence of such convict the same number of days" (from each month) "that there are years in the said term of his sentence, provided that when the sentence is for a longer term than five years only five days shall be deducted for one month's good behavior."

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

There is no statute which fixes commutation or diminution of sentence, but under the statute which authorizes the board of directors of the State penitentiary to make such general rules and regulations for the government and discipline of the prisoners as they may deem expedient, the said board of directors permits a diminution of one-twelfth of the sentence for good conduct.

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

Every convict whose conduct is good may earn a deduction from his sentence for each year, and pro rata for any part of a year when the sentence is for more or less than a year, as follows: Two months from the first year; two months from the second year; three months from the third year; four months from the fourth to the ninth, inclusive; five months from each year from the tenth to the nineteenth, inclusive; six months from the twentieth, and each subsequent year.

## TENNESSEE.

Every prisoner may earn by good conduct a deduction from the time of his sentence, as follows: One month for the first year; two months for the second year; three for each subsequent year until the tenth year, inclusive; and four months from each remaining year of his sentence.

## TEXAS.

Every convict whose conduct is good may earn a deduction from his sentence, as follows: Two days per month from the first year; three days per month from the second year; four days per month from the third year; five days per month from the fourth year; six days per month from the fifth year; seven days per month from the sixth year; eight days per month from the seventh year; nine days per month from the eighth year; ten days per month from the ninth year; fifteen days per month from the tenth year and from all subsequent years.

## UTAH.

The board of pardons may extend to each convict whose conduct has been good a reduction of the period of sentence, as follows: From a

term of three months, fifteen days; from six months, thirty days; from one year, two months; from the second year, three months; from the fourth year, five months; from the fifth year six months; from the sixth and from all subsequent years, six months.

*Parole.*—The board of pardons may, under certain conditions, release upon parole any prisoner who is imprisoned for any crime other than murder in the first or second degree.

#### VERMONT.

A prisoner whose conduct is good shall have a deduction of five days from each month of the term of his sentence, and if poor and destitute shall be entitled to receive \$1 for each such month when finally discharged.

#### VIRGINIA.

A convict whose conduct is good may, with the consent of the governor, earn a commutation of four days from each month of the term of his sentence.

#### WASHINGTON.

Every convict whose conduct is good may earn a deduction from his sentence as follows: Two months in each of the first two years; four months in each of the next two years; five months in each of the remaining years of his term, and pro rata for any part of the year, whether sentence is for more or less than a year.

#### WEST VIRGINIA.

Every convict sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of two years or more, and not for life, whose conduct is good, shall be entitled to a diminution of five days per month from his or her term of imprisonment.

#### WISCONSIN.

Every convict whose conduct is good shall be entitled to a diminution of time from the term of sentence as follows: From the first year, one month; from the second year, two months; third year, three months; fourth year, four months; fifth year, five months; sixth year, six months; from the seventh and for each subsequent year, six months. And the prisoner will be entitled to a pro rata reduction for any part of a year when sentence is for more than a year.

#### WYOMING.

Any prisoner whose conduct is good shall have a deduction of five days from each month of sentence.

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The exhibits are a part of this report.

P. C. KNOX,  
*Attorney-General.*

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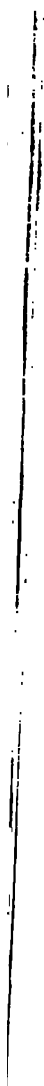
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1. The first part of the document is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the meeting.

2. The second part of the document is a list of the names of the persons who were absent from the meeting.







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